AP US Government-- Interest Groups

Chapter 11: Interest Groups Big Picture Questions/Major Concepts

- 1. Compare the goals and activities of interest groups and political parties.
- 2. Why does the United States have so many interest groups?
- 3. Compare the agenda/goals of the following categories of interest groups
 - a. Economic interest groups, including labor unions
 - b. Social action and equality groups
 - c. Public interest groups
- 4. What types of activities do lobbyists and interest groups engage in to influence policymaking?

Key Terms

- 1. AARP
- 2. American Civil Liberties Union
- 3. American-Israel Public Affairs Committee
- 4. AFL-CIO
- 5. Common Cause
- 6. Congressional hearing
- 7. electioneering
- 8. Federalist #10
- 9. Heritage Foundation
- 10. Interest group a.k.a. "lobbies"
- 11. litigate
- 12. Lobbyist
- 13. League of United Latin American Citizens
- 14. NAACP
- 15. National Rifle Association
- 16. National Right to Life Committee
- 17. National Organization for Women
- 18. Policy entrepreneur
- 19. Sierra Club
- 20. 501 (c) group
- 21. 527 group
- 22. Political action committees (PACs)
- 23. Pollster
- 24. Presidential primary
- 25. Press secretary
- 26. Soft money