Aim: How did Hammurabi affect life in Ancient Babylon?

I. Fall of Sumer

- Sumer was conquered by Saragon of Akkad.
- Saragon created the world's first major empire
- The empire he created lasted for approximately 200 years.

II. Babylonian Empire

- 1. After the Akkadians, Mesopotamia fell into chaos
- 2. 1792 BCE Hammurabi stabilized Mesopotamia and created the Babylonian Empire.
- 3. Hammurabi created the first law code based on an "eye for an eye"
- 4. The punishment fit the crime and was based on social rank. (A slave's punishment would be worse than a noble's).
- 5. Ex. If a nobleman puts out another nobleman's eye, his eye shall be put out.
- 6. Ex. If a slave put out a nobleman's eye, the slave shall be put to death.
- 7. In Babylon slaves were considered property
- 8. People were innocent until proven guilty

III. Nebuchadnezzar II

- 1. From 1500-610 BCE Mesopotamia was divided and controlled by numerous civilizations
- 2. Nebuchadnezzar II became the new king of Babylon around 610
- 3. He stabilized Mesopotamia and named his people the neo-Babylonians
- 4. He rebuilt Babylon into a great city
- 5. Nebuchadnezzar is portrayed in the Book of Daniel for his conquests of Judah and Jerusalem
- 6. He favored architecture (Tower of Babel)
- 7. He also built the Hanging Gardens of Babylon for his wife
- 8. After Nebuchadnezzar's death Babylon was ruled by weak rulers.
- 9. Babylon fell to Cyrus the Great as the head of the combined armies of Media and Persia.