Aim: How did imperialism affect China?

I. Imperialism in China

- 1. Countries like GB, Germany, Russia, France and Japan wanted China
- 2. China traded things like tea, porcelain and silk for gold and silver
- 3. GB traded opium from India for Chinese tea
- 4. Chinese people became addicted to opium
- 5. Chinese people began to trade silver for the opium which disrupted the economy

II. Opium War

- 1. 1839-1842
- 2. China outlawed opium and asked the British to stop trading it
- 3. The British did not accept this
- 4. Opium War started when Chinese junks attempted to turn back the English
- 5. The Chinese old-style weapons and artillery, were no match for the British gunships
- 6. 1842, the Chinese agreed to an abusive peace under the <u>Treaty of Nanjing</u>

III. Treaty of Nanjing

- 1. Britain demanded "extraterritoriality"
- 2. This means that all British citizens would be subjected to British law in China
- 3. The British gained five open ports and no restrictions for trade
- 4. Opium trade more than doubled in the three decades following the Treaty of Nanjing.
- 5. Britain gained indemnity, which was payment for all losses incurred during the war
- 6. Hong Kong was ceded to the British
- IV. Uprisings in China
- 1. White Lotus Rebellions and Taiping Rebellion: failed attempts to overthrow government
- 2. 30,000,000 died during the Taiping Rebellion
- 3. The Chinese lost the Sino-French and Sino-Japanese Wars
- 4. Germany, France, Russia, Britain and Japan all started spheres of influence in China
- 5. Open Door Policy: US pledged its support of the Chinese government and announced equal trading privileges among all imperial powers.