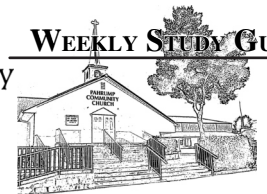


- How do the dangers listed in this study (See Study Guide, part II.) apply to these groups?



Going On to Maturity

Part I: Interpretation

Introduction: HEBREWS 5:12-6:3.

I. The _____ identified.

A. _____ from _____.

HEBREWS 6:1; PSALM 34:14; MATTHEW 3:1-2; 4:17; EZEKIEL 18:20

B. _____ in _____.

HEBREWS 6:1; GENESIS 15:6; HABAKKUK 2:4; JOHN 14:1; HEBREWS 1:1-2

C. _____ to God.

HEBREWS 6:2; MARK 7:3-4; DEUTERONOMY 12:15, 28

D. _____ gestures.

HEBREWS 6:2; LEVITICUS 1:2-5; JOHN 1:29

E. The _____. HEBREWS 6:2; JOHN 11:24; 5:28-29

F. _____.

HEBREWS 6:2; ECCLESIASTES 12:14; JOHN 5:28-29; HEBREWS 6:1-2

5. Are there other “Christian” groups today that appear to be minimizing Jesus? Explain.

- What Biblical counsel might you offer to someone involved in one of these groups?

PERSONAL APPLICATION

How have the principles of this study personally impacted you?

If you have never been *born again*, contact Pastor Keith or a trusted Christian friend this week to find out how.

II. The _____ of _____.

A. Missing _____. GALATIANS 2:16

B. _____ Jesus. JAMES 2:19

C. Promoting _____. GALATIANS 2:16

D. Emphasizing _____ over _____.
HEBREWS 10:4; 10:29

E. Misplaced _____. ACTS 17:31

F. _____ the Gospel. 1 PETER 1:17–19

Conclusion: _____ requires _____
and the _____ of _____!

ACTS 17:11; EPHESIANS 4:13–14

STUDY & DISCUSSION QUESTIONS

1. The term *Judeo-Christian* is common today.

a. What does that term mean?

b. What similarities do Judaism and Christianity share?

2. What are the most significant differences between Judaism and Christianity?

3. For a 1st century individual with Hebrew roots, what broad factors might have contributed to that one considering returning to Old Testament Judaism?

4. What “Christian” groups today seem most aligned with Old Testament Judaism? Explain.