	Pregnancy Calendar for Miri
Tue 26 Sep 2017	Day 1 Ovulation occurs.
Thu 28 Sep 2017	 Pirst day of mating. Sperm travel searching for mature ripened eggs.
Tue 26 Sep 2017 – Mon 2 Oct 2017	 Week 1 Ovulation and mating. Fertilization occurs. 2 cell embryos are in the oviduct.
Tue 3 Oct 2017 – Mon 9 Oct 2017	 Week 2 Embryos will be 4 cell at start of week and 64 cell by end of week. Embryos enter the uterus. Feeding small amounts of high protein supplements, such as eggs, lean muscle meats (not pork) or liver is a good practice.
Tue 10 Oct 2017 – Mon 16 Oct 2017	 Week 3 Embryos implant along uterus wall. During the next two weeks important organs in the embryos will develop. Mama's nipples begin to turn pink and enlarge. Mama may lose appetite during this week. Morning sickness may occur.
Tue 17 Oct 2017 – Mon 23 Oct 2017	 Week 4 Morning sickness should go away and appetite returns. Fetal development of eyes, spinal cord and faces takes shape. The fur on mama's belly and around the nipples thins.
Tue 24 Oct 2017 - Mon 30 Oct 2017	 Week 5 Palpation of the abdomen may be able to detect pregnancy. Puppies will feel like small bumps in the abdomen. Pregnancy confirmation by ultrasound is possible 30 days after mating or blood test 35 days after. Development of toes, whisker buds, and claws. Eyes now close and gender can be determined. The puppies are now considered fully developed miniature dogs. Mama's abdomen may begin to enlarge. She may also gain weight particularly if she is going to birth more than 1-2 puppies.
Tue 31 Oct 2017 - Mon 6 Nov 2017	Week 6 • During the last several weeks, mama's nutritional needs nearly double. Feed small meals several

times a day. Enlargement of mammary glands as nipples darken and enlarge. Pregnancy blood test November 1. Tue 7 Week 7 Nov 2017 -Mon 13 Mama may shred papers, blankets or bedding in an attempt at "nest building" in the last weeks. Nov 2017 During the last 2 weeks, mama may become irritable and should avoid contact with small children. Moderate exercise is the proper approach. Neither forced rest nor strenuous exercise is a good idea. Short periods of gentle play and short walks are good. You may feel the puppies moving now but amniotic fluid will make counting the number unlikely. Definite abdominal enlargement. Abdomen hair will start shedding. Week 8 Tue 14 Nov 2017 -Mon 20 Mama begins to spend a lot more time self-grooming. Nov 2017 Her breasts may become swollen as her milk forms. Nesting increases as she looks for a place to have her puppies The mama may not have as big an appetite during this period. Her abdomen can be crowded with Mama will spend most of the day stretched out to give puppies room to align for whelping. Puppy movements will be frequent and easy to feel. Set up whelping box and allow mama to explore it. Tue 21 Week 9 Nov 2017 -Mon 27 Nipples and vulva should be gently cleaned with warm water, trim the hairs surrounding the Nov 2017 nipples to allow easier access for the puppies to nurse. Start watching for mama's temperature to drop—temperature drop to below 100 degrees signals that whelping is imminent. She may also become restless and seek seclusion. Nesting and digging in blankets will increase 12-24 hours before the birth. Puppy count xray November 24. Mon 27 **Expected Date of Whelp.** Nov 2017 Expected date of whelp. Average is 63 days from ovulation, but birth may take place from the 58th to the 68th day. Appetite will disappear as whelping approaches. May see a clear discharge from the vulva. At onset of labor may pace, dig, shiver, pant and/or vomit.

First puppy usually will be delivered within 24 hours of the onset of labor.