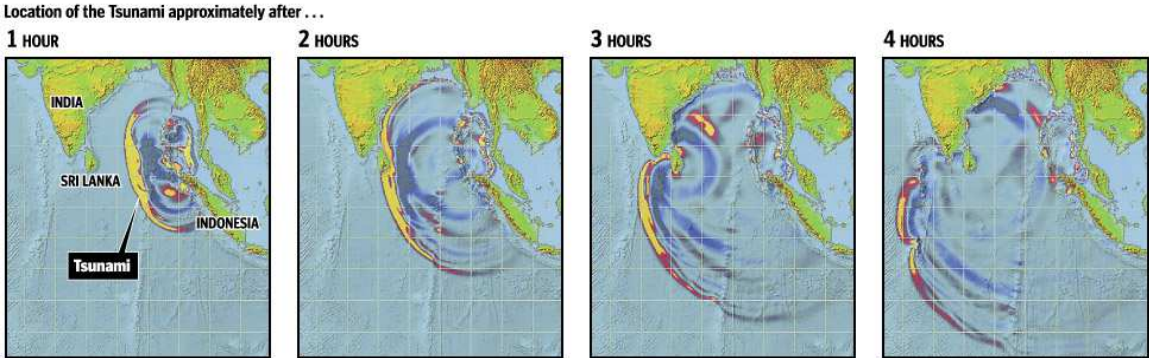
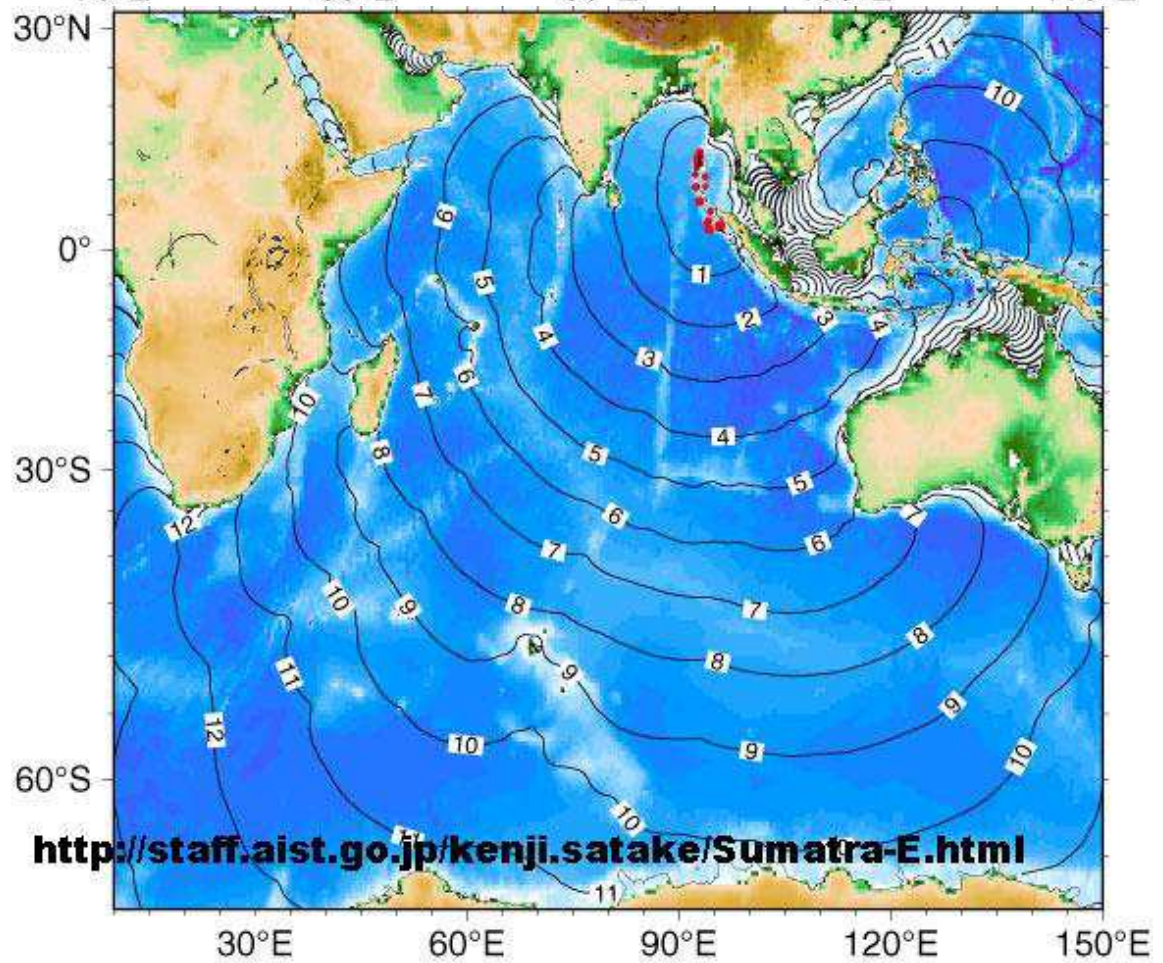
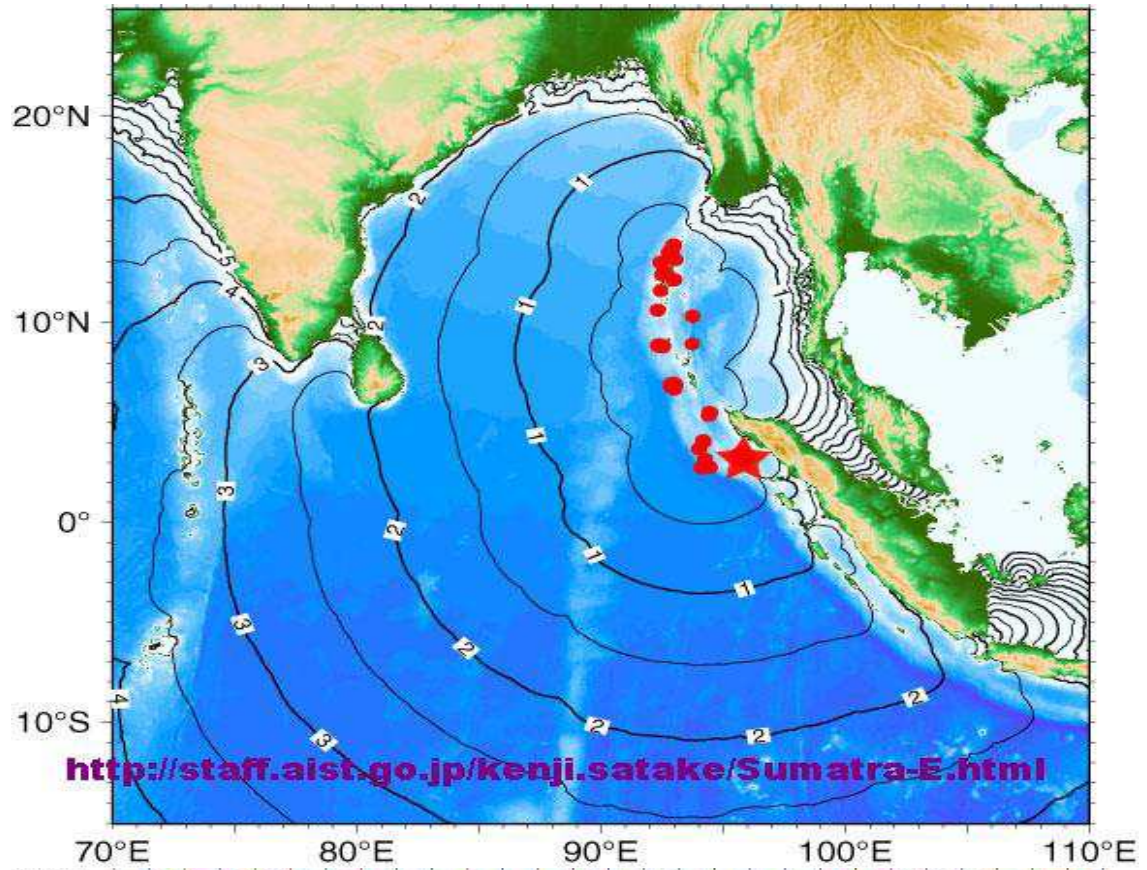


Path of Tsunami
 Scientists at the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration have simulated the path of Sunday's tsunami, which was traveling at about 500 miles per hour, based on preliminary measurements. Here are some snapshots:





This is the fourth largest earthquake in the world since 1900 and is the largest since the 1964 Alaska earthquake. The tsunami caused more casualties than any other in recorded history. In total, more than 157,577 people were killed, 26,763 are still listed as missing and 1,075,350 were displaced in South Asia and East Africa. At least 110,229 people were killed by the earthquake and tsunami in Indonesia. Tsunamis killed at least 30,922 people in Sri Lanka, 10,749 in India, 5,303 in Thailand, 150 in Somalia, 81 in Maldives, 68 in Malaysia, 59 in Myanmar, 10 in Tanzania, 3 in Seychelles, 2 in Bangladesh and 1 in Kenya. Tsunamis caused damage in Madagascar and Mauritius and also occurred in Mozambique, South Africa, Australia and Antarctica. The tsunami crossed into the Pacific and Atlantic Oceans and was recorded in New Zealand and along the west and east coasts of South and North America. The earthquake was felt (VIII) at Banda Aceh and (V) at Medan, Sumatra and (II-IV) in parts of Bangladesh, India, Malaysia, Maldives, Myanmar, Singapore, Sri Lanka and Thailand. Subsidence and landslides were observed in Sumatra.





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