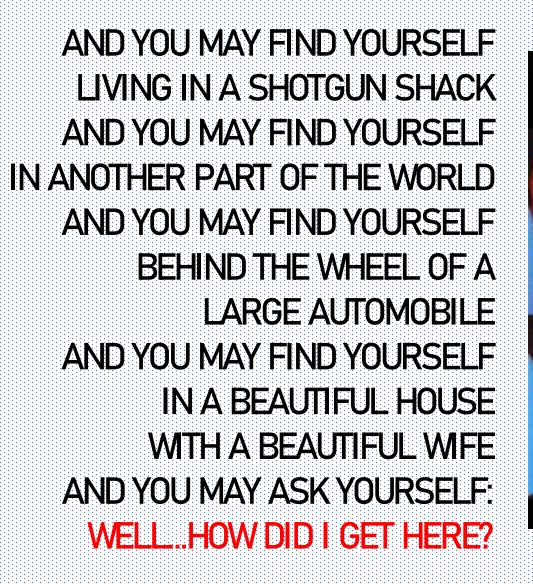
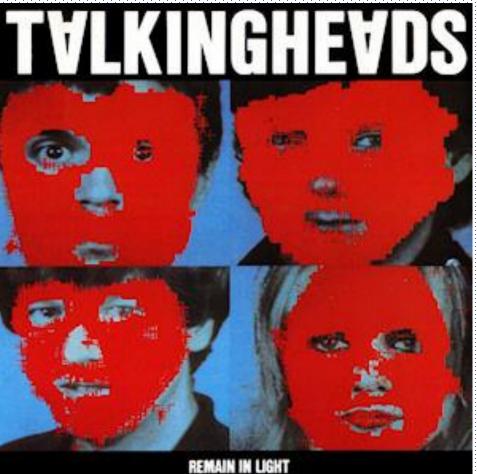
Emotional Labor: Smile Like You Mean It

Emotional Impact of Stressors on Workers' Compensation Practitioners

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"The world breaks everyone and afterward many are strong at the broken places. But those that will not break it kills. It kills the very good and the very gentle and the very brave impartially. If you are none of these you can be sure it will kill you too but there will be no special hurry."

Ernest Hemingway, A Farewell to Arms, 1929.



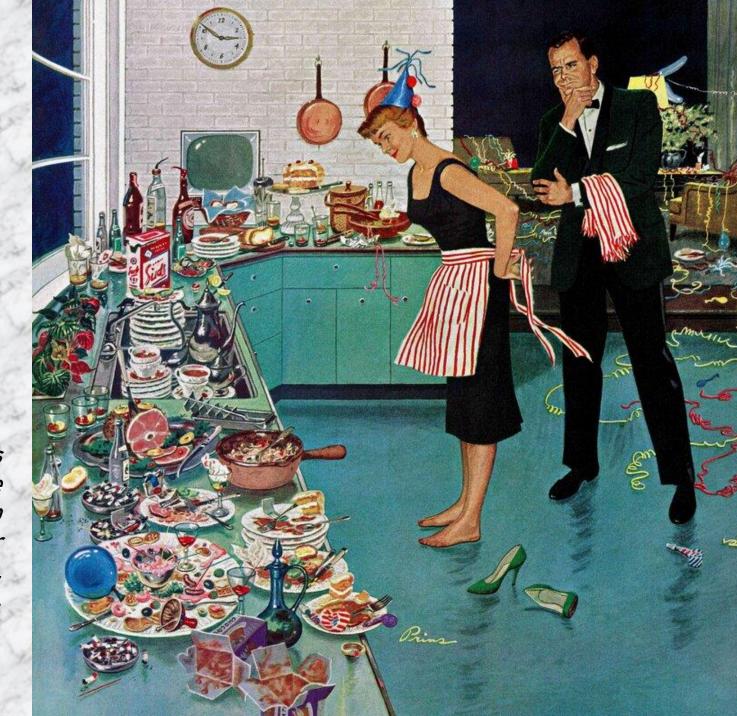
Roy Lichtenstein, Drowning Girl, 1963. MoMA

Emotional Labor:

Regulating or managing emotional expressions with others as part of one's professional work role

Emotional labor affects everyone differently.

If a man does not keep pace with his companions, perhaps it is because he hears a different drummer. Let him step to the music which he hears, however measured or far away. Henry David Thoreau, *Walden; or, Life in the Woods,* 1854.



Come, join the legal profession! A thriving field where you will...

- Provide legal support and guidance to clients!
- Find ethical solutions to legal matters!
- Communicate with clients!
- Strategize on how to resolve cases in a favorable and costeffective manner!
- Develop arguments!
- Represent clients in civil and criminal matters!
- Stay informed about current legislation!
- Prepare legal documents!

And for intermediaries, you will...

- Provide employees and employers the opportunity to resolve disputes over workers' compensation claims!
- Review signed medical reports, statements from witnesses, company reports, and any other written documents relating to the issue to be decided!
- Remain neutral and impartial!
- Consider testimony presented at hearing!
- Issue written decisions!



Norman Rockwell, *Law Student (Young Lawyer),* 1927. *Saturday Evening Post* cover.

But don't forget to read the fine print! You might...

- Act as an counselor/therapist
- Provide a soothing presence in the face of frustration and pain
- Deflect inappropriate passes and remarks
- Become a sounding board for negative comments
- Act as a financial adviser
- Be a friend
- Be a "toxin handler'
- Worry that, if we forego any of the aforementioned responsibilities, that we'll be fired, given a bad review online, or have a legally baseless grievance filed against us

Chuck Close, Self-Portrait II, 2010. The Merchant House.

Two types of emotional labor • Surface acting • Deep acting

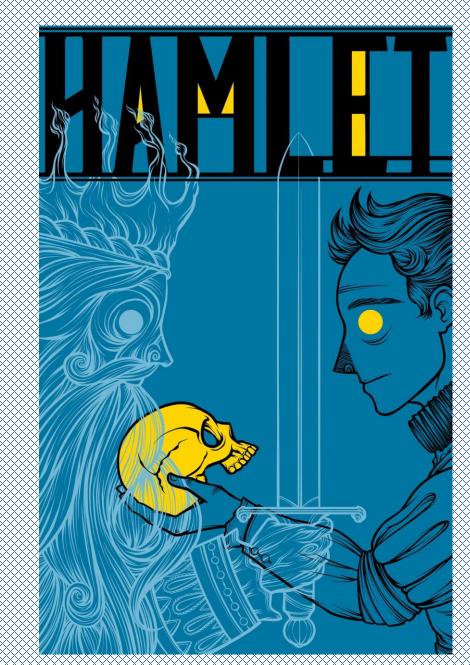


Samantha French, Through the waterline, 2021. Oil on canvas.

Surface Acting

- Surface acting involves "faking" the appropriate emotions for the situation
 - When people engage in surface acting, they do not actually try to feel the emotions they wish to portray
 - They may put on "fake smiles" or other required emotional displays that do not reflect their true feelings

See Arlie Russell Hochschild, The Managed Heart: Commercialization of Human Feeling, 1985.



David Habben, Artwork for Children's Production of Hamlet, 2015.



René Magritte, The amants, 1928.



- Deep acting involves putting effort into actually feeling and expressing the appropriate emotions
 - Individuals will attempt to modify feelings to match the required display rules
 - Requires more attention

.

 Leads to a stronger physiological response, e.g., rise in heart rate, "butterflies" in stomach

See Arlie Russell Hochschild, *The Managed Heart: Commercialization of Human Feeling*, 1985.

Emotion as a Commodity

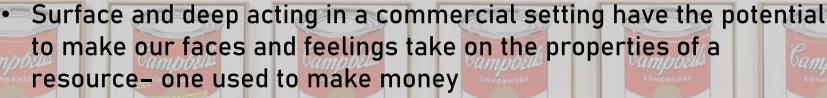




BLACK REAL

SOUP





- This is not to say that the act cannot be subjectively satisfying and part of our work! But for <u>some</u>, it can be distressing
- This, in turn, can estrange us from our emotional products and
- production. Remember the laborer using his arm to operate a machine?
- We know that resources are limited in nature there is never an unending supply of post-it notes, paper, money, or time
 As such, the resources that we must tap into when performing emotional labor are limited as well



BURMOUT

- A disease of disengagement... a chronic process of unplugging and disconnecting from work, friends, family, and health
- Burnout arises slowly, like a frog in a slowly boiling pot who does not realize he is getting cooked
- Generally, comes as a result of the mismatch between <u>demands</u> and <u>resources</u>
 - Develops when someone is dealing with a high level of stress but doesn't have access to adequate resources, such as social support, helpful advice, feedback from friends of colleagues, or control over how they spend their time.

"Symptoms" include...

- Fatigue, no matter how much someone rests or sleeps. An exhaustion that runs deeper than sleep deprivation
- Cynicism about life, or a feeling that nothing a person does really matters
- A sense of inefficacy. We exert significant effort, but do not make progress or gain recognition
- Inability to control attention
- Drop in productivity
- Increased desire to be alone

See lawyerist.com/blog/recognize-prevent-lawyer-burnout



• First option: nothing!

or....

- Remind ourselves of why we chose our job
- Explore "want to" versus "have to" mentalities
- Do job crafting
- Let go of perfection (you can pry it out of my cold, dead hands)
- Build awareness of our stress, our feelings, and our triggers
- Manage our energy
- Meet with colleagues and staff on a regular basis to discuss the demands of the work place, and how, as attorneys and employers, we can reduce the amount of emotional labor, or, the stress that it may cause



Henri Matisse, Icarus, 1946.

