

Civil Rights
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Name _____

On July 4, 1776 the Continental Congress adopted the 1. _____.

In the last part of the twentieth century many groups struggled for equal rights, but they were led by the 2. _____ civil rights movement.

Jim Crow laws were passed to maintain 3. _____ supremacy after the Civil War.

Inadequate 4. _____ and poor conditions made black public schools inferior.

White schools got the benefit of 5. _____.

In 1954 legal segregation in 6. _____ was outlawed with Brown v Board of Education.

In Montgomery 7. _____ blacks refused to ride the busses.

In 1957 black ministers met in Atlanta and founded the Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC) and elected 8. _____ as their president.

King wanted to gain civil rights through non-violent protest and 9. _____.

President Eisenhower had to use federal troops to integrate the public schools in 10. _____.

One of the first sit-ins by students was at a lunch counter in 11. _____.

On May 4, 1961 black and white protesters tried to take 12. _____ from Washington, DC to New Orleans.

The Freedom Riders wanted to integrate 13. _____.

What happened to the first Freedom Riders only served to 14. _____ more.

In 1963 Dr. King was arrested in Birmingham and wrote his famous Letter from the Birmingham Jail saying he has heard wait which almost always meant 15. _____.

On May 2, 1963 students met for a peaceful demonstration in 16. _____ to protest segregation.

Within three hours almost 17. _____ children were jailed.

To disperse the children the police ordered the use of fire hoses and 18. _____.

The reaction to the Birmingham Children's March was President 19. _____ announcement that he would send to Congress a sweeping civil rights bill since the Civil War.

To push Congress into taking action a group of Civil Rights leaders announced a 20. _____.

Before Kennedy's civil rights bill could be passed by Congress he was 21. _____ in November 1963.

The Civil Rights Act of 1964 outlawed discrimination in public accommodations and in the workplace and was supported by President 22. _____.

The summer of 1964 became known as Mississippi 23. _____ Summer.

In the summer of 1964 a diverse group of civil rights advocates tried to 24. _____ in Mississippi.

On Sunday March 7, 1965 became known as 25. _____ Sunday because of the force Alabama used to put down the marchers.

The Voting Rights Act of 1965 was designed to fight the persistent 26. _____ in Southern states.

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By 1969 27. _____ % of eligible black voters were registered.

In some parts of the black community wanted more 28. _____ measures to obtain change.

“By any means necessary” was the slogan of 29. _____

The Nation of Islam opposed the concept of racial 30. _____

On February 21, 1965 Malcolm X was assassinated by rival members of the 31. _____

The Black Panthers started in 32. _____, CA.

The Black Panthers saw themselves as one of the revolutionary groups in the US who wanted to challenge the 33. _____ structure of the country.

Because the Black Panthers carried their weapons openly they presented an image of 34. _____ to the American public.

From 1965 to 1967 the frustration felt by blacks expressed itself in 35. _____ riots.

On April 4, 1968 Dr. Martin Luther King was assassinated which sparked riots in more than 36. _____ cities.

On Jun 5, 1968, presidential candidate 37. _____ was assassinated after winning the California primary.

In the 1960s many Latinos on the west coasts were 38. _____ workers.

Like King, Chavez used 39. _____ to achieve his goals.

In 1965 the United Farm Workers started a strike against 40. _____ growers.

Young native Americans, inspired by black groups, formed the 41. _____

In 1969 the Native Americans seized 42. _____ Island a former federal prison.

Wounded Knee on the 43. _____ Reservation was occupied by AIM which had been the site of a massacre.

Hawaii became a state in 44. _____.

During WW II many Japanese Americans were forced to live in 45. _____ camps and in 1988 the US government formally apologized and provided compensation.

During WW II women joined the 46. _____ workforce.

In 1963 Betty Friedan’s book The Feminine Mystique pointed out the plight of the 47. _____

Title 48 _____ of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 prohibited employment based on gender among other things.

NOWs aim was to bring about equality for all 49. _____

NOW pointed out that for every dollar a man made a women made 50. _____ cents for the same job.

In 1973 the Supreme Court ruled that anti-abortion laws were unconstitutional in 51. _____

The ERA amendment failed to get the 52. _____ of the state legislatures needed to get approval.

The 53. _____ Americans With Disabilities Act represented the single most important civil rights legislation since the Voting Rights Act of 1965.

In 1965 the federal government introduced 54. _____ to make up for past discrimination.