**Questions for Chapters 12**

1. What was the Romantic impulse?
2. What were the two opposing forces of reform?
3. What new kind of painting became popular in the 1940s?
4. What kind of new Literature was created during this period (James Cooper, Walt Whitman, Herman Melville, Edgar Allen Poe)
5. What kinds of books were very popular in southern literature?
6. What is transcendentalism and who were its two main literary proponents?
7. What was Henry Thoreau saying in Walden and his essay “Resistance to Civil Government”?
8. Describe Brook Farm, New Harmony, the Oneida Community, and the Shakers? Who started them? What were they all about? Where are they today?
9. What is the story of the Mormons and who was Joseph Smith and the Mormons?
10. What was temperance and how was it part of a “Nativist Plot”
11. What were some of the most popular forms of “Healthy Living” in the 1830s and 40s?
12. Describe some of the advances in Medical science in the 1840s.
13. Describe some of the advances in education between 1830 and 1860.
14. Who was important in bringing attention to the idea of universal public schools?
15. Who advocated prison reform? What kind of reform?
16. How did the woman’s rights movement begin?
17. What were the influencing factors that led to the growth of the woman’s rights movement?
18. What were the main demands of the women’s rights movement?
19. What was the Seneca Falls Declaration?
20. What was the American Colonization society?
21. Describe the actions of William Lloyd Garrison
22. What was Garrison’s position on slavery outlined in the Liberator? **(doc 6.2)**
23. Identify and describe the actions of the black abolitionists
24. What was the famous and popular book in the north that described the conditions of slavery?
25. What is happening in the section provided from Uncle Tom’s Cabin? **(doc 6.4)**
26. What was Theodore D Weld’s position outlined in Slavery As It Is? **(doc 6.3)**