LEVEL 5 – YEAR END REVIEW SHEET

There are seven Sacraments:

Baptism, Confirmation, Eucharist, Penance, Anointing of the Sick, Holy Orders and Matrimony

The sacraments give us a share in God's divine life. Grace is God's divine life and love in us.

The Sacraments of Initiation are: Baptism, Confirmation and Eucharist.

- The Sacrament of Baptism makes us children of God and members of the Church.
- Through Baptism, we share in the common priesthood of all the faithful.
- The Sacrament of Confirmation strengthens the graces of Baptism.
- Through the Sacrament of the Eucharist we receive the true Body and Blood of Jesus Christ under the appearance of bread and wine.

The Sacraments of Healing are: Penance and the Anointing of the Sick.

- Christ forgives the sins of those who seek his forgiveness through the Sacrament of Penance.
- A serious offense knowingly and willingly committed against God or our neighbor is mortal sin.
- Before receiving the Sacrament of Penance we should examine our conscience.
- The priest forgives our sins when he gives us absolution.
- In the Sacrament of Penance, we receive God's mercy and love which allows us to forgive ourselves and others.
- The Sacrament of the Anointing of the Sick brings spiritual and healing strength to those who are sick or dying.

The Sacraments at the Service of Communion are: Holy Orders and Matrimony.

- A man is consecrated in the name and person of Jesus Christ to serve God and the people of God in the Sacrament of Holy Orders.
- Bishops receive the fullness of Holy Orders and are successors of the Apostles.
- Bishops are the chief teachers and leaders of dioceses.
- Priests are coworkers of the bishop.
- The stole is a symbol of the priesthood.
- Deacons help bishops and priests.
- Deacons can read the Gospel and preach at Mass.
- A man and a woman who freely enter into a loving covenant in Christ are united in the Sacrament of Matrimony.
- The ministers of the Sacrament of Matrimony are the husband and wife.
- The priest is the official witness at the Sacrament of Matrimony.

Liturgical Life:

- The time of preparation for Easter is Lent.
- The liturgical color, purple, is used to show penance and repentance.
- Holy Thursday, Good Friday, and Holy Saturday are known as the Easter Triduum.
- The Paschal Candle is the symbol of Christ who is the Light of the World.
- The birthday of the Church, celebrated fifty days after Easter, is called Pentecost.
- The Ascension is forty days after Easter and marks the end of Jesus' earthly appearance.
- The Holy Spirit filled the disciples with faith and courage to spread the Good News on Pentecost.
- The liturgical color worn in Ordinary Time is green.
- On the feast day of martyrs, red vestments are worn.
- Christians must be responsible for the poor and needy.