



Test Report

Series of U-value measurements of a PIR insulated roof section to evaluate the thermal performance of Gaptape.

This test report is issued in accordance with the laboratory accreditation requirements of the United Kingdom Accreditation Service. It provides traceability of measurement to the SI system of units and/or to units of measurement realised at the National Physical Laboratory or other recognised national metrology institutes. This test report may not be reproduced other than in full, except with the prior written approval of the issuing laboratory.

FOR Gapogroup Ltd
79 Main Street
Castlewellan
Northern Ireland
BT31 9DQ

For the attention of Edward Ward

IDENTIFICATION NPL quotation number 2014020306 dated 19th March 2014. NPL specimen number R162 was assigned to the roof section incorporating the Gapogroup Ltd, Gaptape GT10/100 product.

BASIS OF TEST The NPL Rotatable Wall Guarded Hot Box whose calibration is traceable to National Standards and using the measurement procedures defined in the standard BS EN ISO 8990.

UNCERTAINTY The overall measurement uncertainty is estimated to be within $\pm 5.5\%$ based on a standard uncertainty multiplied by a coverage factor $k = 2$ providing a level of confidence of approximately 95 %.

Reference: PP31/2014020306/1

Page 1 of 11

Date of issue: 18 November 2014

Signed:

(Authorised Signatory)

Checked by:

Name:

Ray Williams

for Managing Director

NATIONAL PHYSICAL LABORATORY

Continuation Sheet


1 DESCRIPTION OF THE SPECIMEN

Table 1: Test element details

NPL Identity Number	R162
Service Number	PP31/2014020306/1
Basic roof structure	A cross section drawing of the basic roof structure is shown in Figure 1 and a front elevation drawing in Figure 2. The 150 mm deep x 50 mm thick rafters were on 400 mm centres. Half width rafters are used at the sides to produce the correct ratio of rafter to roof areas. Tyvek Supro roof tile underlay was fixed beneath the Rozadais natural roofing slates. The insulation was 100 mm thick Kingspan Thermapitch PIR rigid foam board.
Gapotape GT10/100 product	This product comprises a latex foam sheet covered with a FSD7140 Aluminium / Tri-way scrim / adhesive tape. It is designed to firmly fixed around the perimeter of the rigid PIR boards to ensure a good air seal between the Gapotape and the rafters. The method of installation is shown in Figure 3.
R162A	This test element comprised the basic roof structure with the plasterboard. The rigid PIR board was installed between the rafters in a manner approved by BBA. The Gapotape product was NOT installed around the primeter of the PIR insulation.
R162B	This test element comprised the basic roof structure but with the plasterboard removed. The rigid PIR board was installed between the rafters in a manner approved by BBA. The Gapotape product was NOT installed around the primeter of the PIR insulation.
R162C	This test element comprised the basic roof structure with the plasterboard as shown in Figure 1. The rigid PIR board was installed between the rafters in a manner approved by BBA but with the Gapotape product fixed to the edges of the perimeter of the PIR boards.
R162D	This test element comprised the basic roof structure but with the plasterboard removed. The rigid PIR board was installed between the rafters in a manner approved by BBA but with the Gapotape product fixed to the edges of the perimeter of the PIR boards.
Dimensions of test element	1.488 m high x 1.211 m wide by approximately 210 mm thick

Reference: PP31/2014020306/1

Page 2 of 11

Checked by: 

NATIONAL PHYSICAL LABORATORY

Continuation Sheet

2 THE APPARATUS

Thermal transmittance measurements are made in the NPL Rotatable wall Guarded Hot Box, described in NPL Report CBTLM 25. Where relevant, the equipment and measurement procedures are in accordance with the requirements of BS EN ISO 8990. The main features of the equipment are

- The interior dimensions of the hot box are 2.4 m x 2.4 m.
- All surfaces "seen" by the test element are matt black.
- There are twenty five air temperature sensors, 75 mm from the holder panel face, positioned at the centres of squares of equal areas in front of the test element in both the hot and cold boxes.
- The net heat flow direction is horizontal

3 MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES

The measurement procedure used was essentially an air-to-air method. Thermocouples were also mounted on the hot and cold surfaces of the specimen to facilitate calculation of the environmental temperatures, as specified in BS EN ISO 8990

The test element was mounted in an expanded polystyrene surround panel. The heat flow through this surround panel was calculated from its thermal conductivity and the surface temperature difference across it. The thermal conductivity of the EPS material was measured in the NPL guarded hot plate

The measurements were carried out with the test element installed vertically - that is with horizontal heat flow.

The 1.48 m x 1.2 m x approximately 0.21 m thick, roof structure was mounted in a 300 mm thick expanded polystyrene (EPS) surround panel. In order to ensure air from the cold chamber could circulate through the roof cavity just underneath the roofing membrane and over the surface of the insulation, the test element was mounted proud of the cold face of the surround panel, leaving a 10 mm slot all along the bottom and top edges through which air could pass.

This evaluation comprised four separate measurements as specified in Table 1.

Thermal transmittance values quoted are the mean of five sets of readings taken at two-hourly intervals. Equilibrium is assumed when the maximum difference between the five thermal transmittance values is less than approximately 1.0%.

NATIONAL PHYSICAL LABORATORY

Continuation Sheet

4 RESULTS

The four sets of measurements were taken on the following days:

R162A	28-Sep-14
R162B	02-Oct-14
R162C	10-Oct-14
R162D	14-Oct-14

The measured thermal transmittance values for R162A, R162B, R162C & R162D are given in Table 2 and a summary of the main experimental parameters for each test given in Tables 3, 4, 5 and 6.

Table 2: Standardised Thermal Transmittance (U)

NPL Number Customer Identity	Specimen description	Environmental Temperature Mean °C	As measured Thermal Transmittance W/(m ² ·K)
R162A	Roof + Plasterboard & No Gapotape	11.88	0.65
R162B ^[1]	Roof & NO Plasterboard & No Gapotape	12.06	1.51
R162C	Roof + Plasterboard + Gapotape	11.98	0.31
R162D ^[1]	Roof & NO Plasterboard + Gapotape	11.97	0.31

Note [1] The low emissivity surface of the insulation product is exposed as the main component of the warm exterior surface for these test elements. This will have the effect of lowering the U-value (by producing a slightly higher surface resistance value).

NATIONAL PHYSICAL LABORATORY

Continuation Sheet

Table 3: Measurement data for test element R162A

R162A		
Insulated roof section - with plasterboard but no Gapotape		
Panel dimensions		
Height		1.488 m
Width		1.211 m
Thickness		0.210 m
Measured values		
Mean warm air temperature		22.13 °C
Mean warm baffle temperature		21.66 °C
Mean cold air temperature		1.89 °C
Mean cold baffle temperature		1.94 °C
Power to hot box		32.923 W
Air flow rate in the cold box		4.45 m/s
Air flow rate in the hot box		0.10 m/s
Calculated values		
Heat flux density through test element		12.891 W/m ²
Warm side environmental temperature		21.86 °C
Cold side environmental temperature		1.89 °C
Environmental temperature difference		19.98 °C
Environmental temperature mean		11.88 °C
Measured thermal transmittance (U)		0.645 W/(m²·K)
Total surface resistance		0.116 (m ² ·K)/W

NATIONAL PHYSICAL LABORATORY

Continuation Sheet

Table 4: Measurement data for test element R162B

R162B		
Insulated roof section - No plasterboard and no Gapotape		
Panel dimensions		
Height	1.488	m
Width	1.211	m
Thickness	0.210	m
Measured values		
Mean warm air temperature	22.27	°C
Mean warm baffle temperature	21.77	°C
Mean cold air temperature	1.88	°C
Mean cold baffle temperature	1.93	°C
Power to hot box	66.208	W
Air flow rate in the cold box	4.35	m/s
Air flow rate in the hot box	0.08	m/s
Calculated values		
Heat flux density through test element	30.788	W/m ²
Warm side environmental temperature	22.24	°C
Cold side environmental temperature	1.88	°C
Environmental temperature difference	20.37	°C
Environmental temperature mean	12.06	°C
Measured thermal transmittance (U)	1.512	W/(m²·K)
Total surface resistance	0.045	(m ² ·K)/W

NATIONAL PHYSICAL LABORATORY

Continuation Sheet

Table 5: Measurement data for test element R162C

R162C		
Insulated roof section - Plasterboard and Gapotape		
Panel dimensions		
Height	1.488	m
Width	1.211	m
Thickness	0.210	m
Measured values		
Mean warm air temperature	22.12	°C
Mean warm baffle temperature	21.84	°C
Mean cold air temperature	1.88	°C
Mean cold baffle temperature	1.95	°C
Power to hot box	20.990	W
Air flow rate in the cold box	4.24	m/s
Air flow rate in the hot box	0.10	m/s
Calculated values		
Heat flux density through test element	6.193	W/m ²
Warm side environmental temperature	22.08	°C
Cold side environmental temperature	1.88	°C
Environmental temperature difference	20.20	°C
Environmental temperature mean	11.98	°C
Measured thermal transmittance (U)	0.307	W/(m²·K)
Total surface resistance	0.119	(m ² ·K)/W

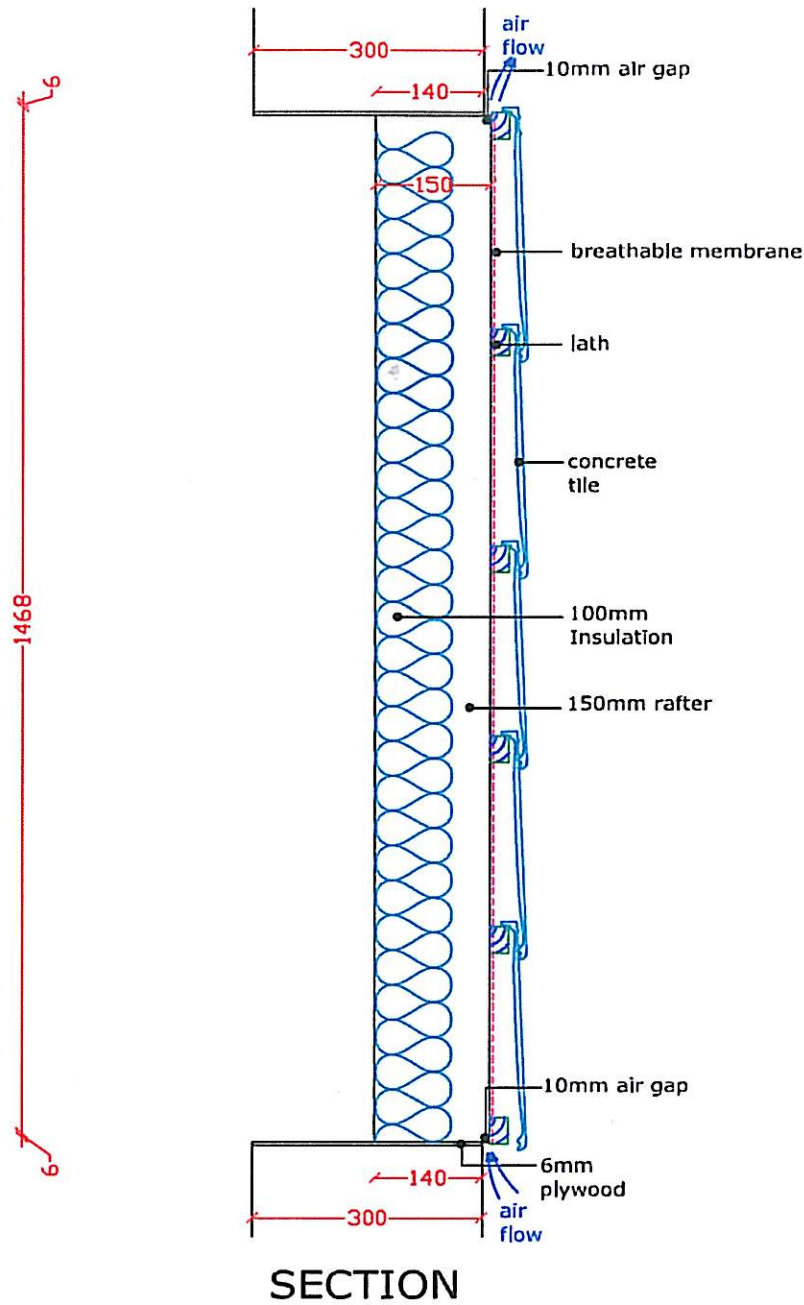
NATIONAL PHYSICAL LABORATORY

Continuation Sheet

Table 6 Measurement data for test element R162D

R162D		
Insulated roof section -No plasterboard but with Gapotape		
Panel dimensions		
Height	1.488	m
Width	1.211	m
Thickness	0.210	m
Measured values		
Mean warm air temperature	22.13	°C
Mean warm baffle temperature	21.92	°C
Mean cold air temperature	1.86	°C
Mean cold baffle temperature	1.93	°C
Power to hot box	21.169	W
Air flow rate in the cold box	4.26	m/s
Air flow rate in the hot box	0.08	m/s
Calculated values		
Heat flux density through test element	6.253	W/m ²
Warm side environmental temperature	22.08	°C
Cold side environmental temperature	1.86	°C
Environmental temperature difference	20.22	°C
Environmental temperature mean	11.97	°C
Measured thermal transmittance (U)	0.309	W/(m²·K)
Total surface resistance	0.225	(m ² ·K)/W

Figure 1 Cross section drawing of the basic roof structure



NATIONAL PHYSICAL LABORATORY

Continuation Sheet

Figure 2 Front elevation of basic roof structure

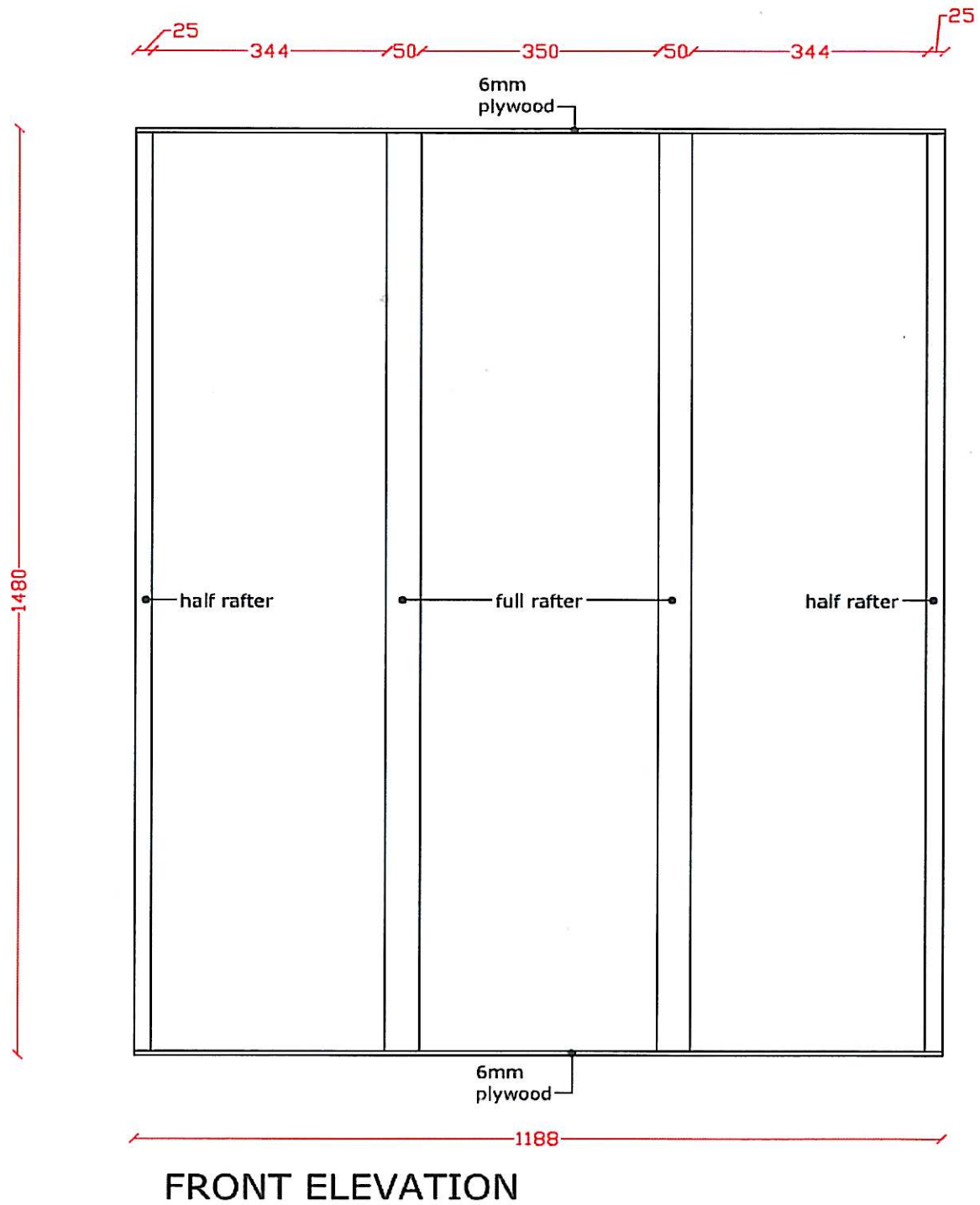


Figure 3 Method of application of the Gapotape product

