

N

21 Morton Meadows 978-249-4848

Housing Choice Voucher (HCV) Program (Section 8) pcaranfa@atholorangehousing.com





**CHANGE OF OWNERSHIP Request** for ASSIGNMENT OF HAP CONTRACT

The owner may not assign the HAP contract to a new owner without the prior written consent of the Athol Housing Authority (AHA). In order for our office to process your Change of Ownership request and change the Housing Assistance Payments (HAP) to your name, the attached forms must be completed. All Housing Assistance Payments (HAP) are made via direct deposit.

## **PROPERTY ADDRESS:**

I hereby request Assignment of the HAP Contract for the above-named property address, to the anticipated new .....

Owner			•		
	Printed Name New Owner		Ad	dress of New Owner	
		effective as of:		•	
City, State, Zip Code					
Current Owner:					
	Printed Name				
	Signature			Date	

I hereby agree to be bound by and comply with the Housing Assistance Payment (HAP) Contract. I understand I must provide a copy of this executed agreement to the Athol Housing Authority, along with other documents notated below, before payments are made to me. Furthermore, I understand payments are made by "direct payment" via Automated Clearing Housing (ACH).

ew Owner:			
	Printed Name (print clearly)	Phone #	
	Signature	Date	
	Email address (print clearly)		

If the new owner does not agree to an assignment of the HAP contract, or fails to provide the necessary documents, the AHA will terminate the HAP contract with the old owner. If the new owner wants to offer the family a new lease, and the family elects to stay with continued assistance, the AHA will process the leasing in accordance with our policies (complete RTA packet will be needed.)

## Please submit all of the following required forms necessary to process this request.

- Copy of this form, signed by all parties.
- Proof of ownership: (copy of one of the following: deed or HUD-1 settlement statement)
- Copy of business entity summary page for all: LLC, C or S Corp, Partnership, Trust/estate, etc.
- MA license or Government Photo ID of owner.
- Statement of Security Deposit and Last Month's Rent transferred to new owner
- IRS Form W-9 for new owner
- IRS Form W-9 for agent, if applicable
- Letter of Compliance-Lead inspection for those units with children per Massachusetts law, if applicable.
- Voided check, if applicable

Change of Ownership Form—DATES on forms should reflect date of purchase/transfer. **This Packet Contains:** (Form titles abbreviated): SD/LMR, Relatives, Drug, VAWA, Lead, Fraud, Things, O/A Cert, Appt Agent, W-9, & HAP Contract

NOTE: Processing time for a transfer request to be reflected is estimated between 15-60 days from the date all completed forms are received by the AHA office. Failure to notify AHA in a timely manner may forfeit any past payments that have already generated. AHA does not prorate HAPs between two Owners. For example, if the property was purchased on the 8th of the month, AHA will pay the entire month to the previous Owner and the following month to the new Owner. It is imperative to the expedient processing of your Change of Ownership/Agent request that you submit all the necessary documents timely, failure to return all the required documents, could delay processing your paperwork.

Under 24 CFR § 982.306(c)(3), AHA may deny approval of an assisted tenancy if "the owner has engaged in any drugrelated criminal activity or any violent criminal activity".

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## Security Deposit Agreement

Received from:

The Amount of: \$\_\_\_\_\_

LAST MONTH'S RENT

Athol, MA 01331-2123

FAX 978-249-9604

Received from:

The Amount of: \$\_\_\_\_\_

# The Security Deposit is subject to Massachusetts laws regarding escrow & notification of bank account information.

Deposit(s) are for *unit address*:

Return of the security deposit or any portion thereof is subject to the following provisions:

- 1. The full term of the rental agreement has expired.
- 2. A 30-day written notice given prior to vacating unit unless rental agreement provides otherwise.
- 3. No damage to premises beyond fair wear and tear. No scratches or unsightly holes on walls.
- 4. Cleaning the entire apartment includes the following:
  - range/stove and oven, exhaust fans
  - refrigerator and freezer defrosted, turned off and the door(s) left OPEN
  - all floors swept, all carpets vacuumed
  - closets, walls, cabinets, drawers emptied
  - replace burnt out light bulbs and clean fixture globes
- 5. All debris and rubbish placed in the proper rubbish containers.
- 6. No unpaid late charges or delinquent rents.
- 7. All keys, including mailbox keys are returned.
- 8. Forwarding address left with owner/agent.

The costs for labor and materials for cleaning and repairs can be deducted from the Security Deposit if the above eight provisions are not complied with. The Security Deposit will be refunded by a check mailed to the forwarding address provided, made payable to all persons signing the Agreement.

## KNOW THE LAW and YOUR RIGHTS—Massachusetts has strict laws pertaining to security deposit and last month's rent—We encourage both Owners/Agents and Tenants to go to the following website to get that information:

https://www.mass.gov/security-deposits

Signature OWNER / AGENT

DATE

Signature HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD

DATE





21 Morton Meadows 978-249-4848

Housing Choice Voucher (HCV) Program (Section 8) pcaranfa@atholorangehousing.com

## Form HUD 52641 HAP Contract ADDENDUM

## **Restrictions of Leasing to Relatives**

Housing Choice Voucher Program (Section 8)

Effective June 17, 1998, the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) issued regulations that prohibit housing authorities from approving a unit for lease if the OWNER of the unit is the **parent, child, grandparent, grandchild, sister or brother** of any member of the family. Under Section 982.306 of the Final Rule, **"owner" includes a principal, agent or other interested party.** 

The Athol Housing Authority can approve the unit for lease if it is determined that approving the unit would provide a reasonable accommodation for a family member who is a person with disabilities (verification of disability is required).

Admin: 13-I.D. OWNER QUALIFICATIONS Leasing to Relatives [24 CFR 982.306(d), HCV GB p. 11-2]

Athol, MA 01331-2123

FAX 978-249-9604

## **OWNER**:

I,	and/o	r	, as owner/agent of
I, Print name <b>authorized person f</b> Or <b>Single OWNER'S</b> na		Print AGENT'S name	
the property located at			,
the property located at			
do hereby certify that I am not a pare	nt, child, grandp	parent, grandchild, sister or b	prother of any member
of	's (v	voucher holder's) household	family members.
of Print HEAD OF HOUSEHO	LD'S name	,	5
OWNER'S Signature		Date	
AGENT'S Signature		Date	
ARTICIPANT: Housing Choice Vouc	cher HCV Progr	am (SECTION 8)	
I, Print HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD'S na	, as a Ho ame	ousing Choice Voucher hold	ler do hereby certify t
I am not, nor are any members of	my household:	a parent, child, grandparent,	sister or brother of an
member of Print name <b>authorized perso</b>		and/or	, families.
Print name <b>authorized perso</b> Or <b>Single OWNE</b>		t Print AGENT'S r	name
HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD'S Sig	anature	Date	_



21 Morton Meadows 978-249-4848

Housing Choice Voucher (HCV) Program (Section 8)

ATHOL HOUSING AUTHORITY

pcaranfa@atholorangehousing.com



Athol, MA 01331-2123

FAX 978-249-9604

## Lease Addendum for Drug Free Housing

In consideration of the execution or renewal of a lease of the dwelling unit identified in the lease, Owner / Agent and Tenant agree as follows:

- 1. Tenant, any members of the tenant's household, or a guest or other person under the tenant's control shall not engage in criminal activity, including drug related criminal activity, on or near project premises. "Drug related criminal activity" means the illegal manufacture, sale, distribution, use, or possession with intent to manufacture, sell, distribute, or use of a controlled substance (as defined in Section 102 of the Controlled Substance Act, 21 USC 802).
- 2. Tenant, any member of the tenant's household, or a guest or other person under the tenant's control <u>shall not engage</u> <u>in any act intended to facilitate criminal activity</u>, including drug related criminal activity, on or near project premises.
- 3. Tenant or members of the household <u>will not permit the dwelling unit to be used for, or to facilitate, criminal activity,</u> including drug related criminal activity, regardless of whether the individual engaging in such activity is a member of the household or a guest.
- 4. Tenant or members of the household will not engage in the manufacture, sale, or distribution or illegal drugs at any location, whether on or near project premises or otherwise.
- 5. Tenant, any member of the tenant's household, or a guest or other person under the tenant's control <u>shall not engage</u> <u>in acts of violence or threats of violence</u>, including, but not limited to, the unlawful discharge of firearms, on or near project premises.
- 6. VIOLATION OF THE ABOVE PROVISIONS SHALL BE A MATERIAL VIOLATION OF THE LEASE AND GOOD CAUSE FOR TERMINATION OF TENANCY. A single violation of any of the provision of this added addendum shall be deemed a serious violation and a material non-compliance with the lease. It is understood and agreed that a single violation shall be good cause for termination of the lease. Unless otherwise provide by law, proof of violation shall not require criminal conviction, but shall be by a preponderance of the evidence.
- 7. In case of conflict between the provisions of this addendum and any other provisions of the lease, the provisions of the addendum shall govern.
- 8. This Lease Addendum is incorporated into the lease executed or renewed this day between Owner / Agent and Tenant.

Signature Owner / Agent		Date	
Signature HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD	Date	Signature SPOUSE / CO-HEAD / OTH	ER ADULT Date
Signature OTHER ADULT	Date	Signature OTHER ADULT	Date

This is an important document, please contact the Athol Housing Authority at 978-249-4848 for language assistance. You have the right to an interpreter free of charge.

If you or anyone in your family is a person with disabilities or encounter a barrier that prevents you from full participation and you require a specific accommodation in order to fully utilize our programs and services, please letus know.

The Violence Against Women Act (VAWA) assists the AHA in providing rights under the Violence Against Women Act ("VAWA") to its applicant and participant households. Family members wishing to claim protection under VAWA must notify the AHA within 14 business days. 7/22

## LEASE ADDENDUM

## VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN AND JUSTICE DEPARTMENT REAUTHORIZATION ACT OF 2005

TENANT	LANDLORD	UNIT NO. & ADDRESS

This lease addendum adds the following paragraphs to the Lease between the above referenced Tenant and Landlord.

## **Purpose of the Addendum**

The lease for the above referenced unit is being amended to include the provisions of the Violence Against Women and Justice Department Reauthorization Act of 2005 (VAWA).

## **Conflicts with Other Provisions of the Lease**

In case of any conflict between the provisions of this Addendum and other sections of the Lease, the provisions of this Addendum shall prevail.

## Term of the Lease Addendum

The effective date of this Lease Addendum is \_\_\_\_\_. This Lease Addendum shall continue to be in effect until the Lease is terminated.

## **VAWA Protections**

- 1. The Landlord may not consider incidents of domestic violence, dating violence or stalking as serious or repeated violations of the lease or other "good cause" for termination of assistance, tenancy or occupancy rights of the victim of abuse.
- 2. The Landlord may not consider criminal activity directly relating to abuse, engaged in by a member of a tenant's household or any guest or other person under the tenant's control, cause for termination of assistance, tenancy, or occupancy rights if the tenant or an immediate member of the tenant's family is the victim or threatened victim of that abuse.
- 3. The Landlord may request in writing that the victim, or a family member on the victim's behalf, certify that the individual is a victim of abuse and that the Certification of Domestic Violence, Dating Violence or Stalking, Form HUD-91066, or other documentation as noted on the certification form, be completed and submitted within 14 business days, or an agreed upon extension date, to receive protection under the VAWA. Failure to provide the certification or other supporting documentation within the specified timeframe may result in eviction.

Signature OWNER / AGENT

DATE

Signature HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD

DATE

Form HUD-91067 (9/2008)



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## NOTICE: WATCH OUT FOR LEAD POISONING!

There is a possibility that housing constructed before 1978 may contain lead-based paint. Children get lead poisoning when they eat bits of paint that contain lead. If a child eats enough lead paint, his brain will be damaged. The child may become mentally retarded or even die.

- If your child is under six years of age and you live in a house built prior to 1978, we strongly recommend that you contact a doctor or local health clinic to have your child screened for lead in the blood.
- If your child is under six and had been found to have an elevated lead blood level, you should notify your local board of health at once, so your unit may be tested for lead-based paint.
- If the unit you live in or want to live in was built before 1978, ask the landlord if it has been tested for lead-based paint.

Older houses and apartments often have layers of lead paint on the walls, ceilings, and woodwork. Outdoors, lead paints and primers may have been used in many places, such as on walls, fences, porches, and fire escapes. When the paint chips off or when the plaster breaks, there is real danger for babies and young children.

If you have seen your child putting pieces of paint or plaster in his mouth, you should take him to a doctor, clinic, or hospital as soon as you can. In the beginning stages of lead poisoning, a child may not seem really sick. Do not wait for signs of poisoning. Of course, a child might eat paint chips or chew on a painted railing or windowsill, while parents aren't around. Has your child been especially cranky? Is he eating very little? Does he throw up or have stomach aches often? These could be signs of lead poisoning. Take him to a doctor's office or to a clinic.

Be sure to tell the rest of your family and people who sit for you about the danger of lead poisoning. Look at your walls and ceilings and woodwork. Are there places where the paint is peeling? If so, notify your local board of health so that an inspection can be scheduled. Do not try to remove the paint from the walls, ceilings, and woodwork.

IF YOUR UNIT WAS BUILT PRIOR TO 1978 AND IS OCCUPIED BY A CHILD UNDER THE AGE OF SIX:

- The Housing Quality Standards Inspector (HQS) must inspect your unit for defective paint surfaces (interior and exterior surfaces which are cracking, scaling, pealing, chipping or loose).
- If any defective areas are found, the owner will be instructed to treat the area.

IF YOUR UNIT WAS BUILT PRIOR TO 1978 AND A CHILDER UNDER THE AGE OF SIX IS CONFIRMED TO HAVE AN ELEVATED BLOOD LEVEL (ebl):

• Your unit must be tested for lead-based paint.

IF THE TEST REVEALS LEAD BASED PAINT IN THE UNIT ABOVE ACCEPTABLE LEVELS

• The owner must comply with the Department of Public Health regulations governing lead paint removal.

Signature OWNER / AGENT

DATE

## As the Head of Household:

I have received a copy of this notice: "Watch Out for Lead Poisoning".

Signature HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD





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## **Examples of FRAUD**

The Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) Office of Inspector General (OIG) investigates cases of fraud by Public Housing Agencies (PHA's), their employees, owners/agents and tenants participating in the Housing Choice Voucher Program.

AHA policy: "the term *error* refers to an unintentional error or omission. *Program abuse or fraud* refers to a single act or pattern of actions that constitute a false statement, omission, or concealment of a substantial fact, made with the intent to deceive or mislead."

In order to provide rental assistance to as many needy families as possible, all participants in HUD sponsored programs must help properly utilize Government funds and follow HUD regulations. Incidents of fraud, willful misrepresentation, or intent to deceive, with regard to participation in HUD sponsored programs, are criminal acts. If you are suspected of committing any fraudulent acts, we are required to refer the matter to the proper authority for investigation and appropriate action. This could lead to an investigation of the allegation and could result in prosecution. As a result, you could also be terminated from the program.

Below are some examples (not all inclusive):

- 1. Owners/agents collecting extra (side) payments more than the family's share of the rent for unauthorized occupants or requiring the family to perform extra ordinary services in lieu of payments. Any and all additional or side payments must be approved by the PHA;
- 2. Owners/agents collecting assistance payments for units not occupied by program participants;
- 3. Bribing PHA employees to certify substandard units as standard and other violations of Housing Quality Standards (HQS) which involve misrepresentation or deceit.
- 4. Applicants/Participants (Tenants) failing to report all income received by family members or changes to income (within 10 days of the change). Many people forgetting: new job, second job, overtime, part-time work, child support, unemployment, bonuses, minor children working, etc. When in doubt, call this office.
- 5. Applicants/Participants (Tenants) failing to report changes in family composition: marriage, birth, adoption, other legal action; absent family members due to illness or moving out; and unauthorized occupants (family, friends, children, etc.) living in the unit without prior written approval from both Owners/agents and AHA.

We urge everyone to report any violations of the Housing Choice Voucher program regulations immediately to this office. All reports will be treated as confidential.

## I have read and understand the statements above:

Signature Owner / Agent		Date	
Signature HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD	Date	Signature SPOUSE / CO-HEAD / OTHER	RADULT Date
Signature OTHER ADULT	Date	Signature OTHER ADULT	Date

November 2004

# Things You Should Know

Don't risl information on your a	k your chances for Federally assisted housing by providing false, incomplete, or inaccurate application forms.
	**
Purpose	This is to inform you that there is certain information you must provide when applying for assisted housing. There are penalties that apply if you knowingly omit information or give false information.
Penalties for Committing Fraud	<ul> <li>The United States Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) places a high priority on preventing fraud. If your application or recertification forms contain false or incomplete information, you may be:</li> <li>Evicted from your apartment or house:</li> <li>Required to repay all overpaid rental assistance you received:</li> <li>Fined up to S 10,000:</li> <li>Imprisoned for up to 5 years; and/or</li> <li>Prohibited from receiving future assistance.</li> <li>Your State and local governments may have other laws and penalties as well.</li> </ul>
Asking Questions	When you meet with the person who is to fill out your application, you should know what is expected of you. If you do not understand something, ask for clarification. That person can answer your question or find out what the answer is.
Completing The Application	When you answer application questions, you must include the following information:
Income	<ul> <li>All sources of money you or any member of your household receive (wages. welfare payments, alimony, social security, pension, etc.):</li> <li>Any money you receive on behalf of your children (child support, social security for children, etc.);</li> <li>Income from assets (interest from a savings account, credit union, or certificate of deposit: dividends from stock, etc.);</li> <li>Earnings from second job or part time job;</li> <li>Any anticipated income (such as a bonus or pay raise you expect to receive)</li> </ul>
Assets	<ul> <li>All bank accounts, savings bonds, certificates of deposit, stocks, real estate, etc that are owned by you and any adult member of your family's household who will be living with you.</li> </ul>

	<ul> <li>Any business or asset you sold in the last 2 years for less than its full value, such as your home to your children.</li> <li>The names of all of the people (adults and children) who will actually be living with you, whether or not they are related to you.</li> </ul>
Signing the Application	<ul> <li>Do not sign any form unless you have read it, understand it, and are sure everything is complete and accurate.</li> <li>When you sign the application and certification forms, you are claiming that they are complete to the best of your knowledge and belief. You are committing fraud if you sign a form knowing that it contains false or misleading information.</li> <li>Information you give on your application will be verified by your housing agency. In addition, HUD may do computer matches of the income you report with various Federal, State, or private agencies to verify that it is correct.</li> </ul>
Recertifications	<ul> <li>You must provide updated information at least once a year. Some programs require that you report any changes in income or family/household composition immediately. Be sure to ask when you must recertify. You must report on recertification forms:</li> <li>All income changes, such as increases of pay and/or benefits, change or loss of job and/or benefits, etc., for all household members.</li> <li>Any move in or out of a household member; and,</li> <li>All assets that you or your household members own and any assets that was sold in the last 2 years for less than its full value.</li> </ul>
Beware of Fraud	<ul> <li>You should be aware of the following fraud schemes:</li> <li>Do not pay any money to file an application;</li> <li>Do not pay any money to move up on the waiting list;</li> <li>Do not pay for anything not covered by your lease;</li> <li>Get a receipt for any money you pay; and,</li> <li>Get a written explanation if you are required to pay for anything other than rent (such as maintenance charges).</li> </ul>
Reporting Abuse	If you are aware of anyone who has falsified an application, or if anyone tries to persuade you to make false statements, report them to the manager of your complex or your PHA. If that is not possible, then call the local HUD office or the HUD Office of Inspector General (OIG) Hotline at (800) 347-3735. You can also write to: HUD-OIG HOTLINE, (GFI) 451 Seventh Street, S.W., Washington, DC. 20410.

HUD- 1140-OIG THIS DOCUMENT MAY BE REPRODUCED WITHOUT PERMISSION





Athol, MA 01331-2123

FAX 978-249-9604

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## **OWNER / AGENT Certification**

Unit Address:		Unit #

## **Ownership of Assisted Unit**

I certify that I am the legal owner or the legally designated agent for the above referenced unit, and that the prospective tenant has no ownership interest in this dwelling unit whatsoever. I further certify that the property subject to this HAP Contract is not currently in foreclosure or receivership.

## **Approved Residents of Assisted Unit**

I understand that the family members listed on the dwelling lease agreement as approved by the Athol Housing Authority are the only individuals permitted to reside in the unit. I also understand that I am not permitted to live in the unit while I am receiving housing assistance payments.

## **Housing Quality Standards**

I understand my obligations in compliance with the Housing Assistance Payments Contract to perform necessary maintenance, so the unit continues to comply with Housing Quality Standards.

## Security Deposit and Tenant Rent Payments

I understand that the amount of the tenant's portion of the contract rent are determined by the Housing Authority, and that it is illegal to charge any additional amounts for rent which have not been specifically approved by the Housing Authority. I understand that it is my responsibility to collect the tenant's portion of the rent and that failure to collect the tenant's portion of the rent on a timely basis will be construed as a program violation. The security deposit cannot exceed one month's total rent for the unit.

## **Reporting Vacancies to the Housing Authority**

I understand that should the assisted unit become vacant; I am responsible to notify the Housing Authority immediately in writing. Death of an assisted tenant terminates the HAP Contract; notification of such must be made immediately to Athol Housing Authority. Owner acknowledges that any Housing Assistance Payments (HAP) made after the death are required to be returned to the housing authority.

## **Unauthorized Persons**

I understand it is a program violation to allow anyone not approved by AHA to reside in the assisted unit.

## Administrative and Criminal Actions for Intentional Violations

I understand that failure to comply with the terms and responsibilities of the Housing Assistance Payments contract is grounds for termination of participation in the Section 8 Program. I understand that knowingly falsifying material facts is a violation of State and Federal criminal law.

## **Tenant/Applicant/Participant Screening**

I understand that the Athol Housing Authority does not screen applicants / participants regarding family behavior or tenant suitability, as this is my responsibility.

Acknowledge receipt of the following forms: Things You Should Know

Signature OWNER / AGENT

DATE

WARNING: Title 18, US Code, Section 1001 state that a person is guilty of a felony for knowingly and willingly making a false or fraudulent statement to any Department or Agency of the United States. State law may also provide penalties for false or fraudulent statements.





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Athol, MA 01331-2123 FAX 978-249-9604

#3)

## **Appointment of Agent**

If an Owner has appointed someone to act on the Owner's behalf, this Appointment of Agent must be completed and returned to the Athol Housing Authority.

## Note: If the property is owned by two or more individuals, such as by a husband and wife, this Appointment of Agent form must be completed in order for one Owner to act on behalf of the others.

1. The unit address of the property is: \_\_\_\_\_ Unit # \_\_\_\_

2. The name of all Owners as they appear on the Deed are: #1)\_\_\_\_\_ #2)\_\_\_\_\_

- 3. **Provide** the following **documents** (these can be downloaded from mass.gov):
  - □ **Proof of ownership**: Copy of deed.

978-249-4848

- □ Copy of business entity summary page for all: LLC, C / S Corp, Partnership, Trust/estate, etc.
- □ MA license or Government **Photo ID** of owner.

## 4. CHECK THE ONE THAT APPLIES:

- □ An Individual: If there is only one person that owns the property, you do not need to complete this form.
- □ A Partnership: If two (husband and wife) or more individuals own the property, all Owners must sign this Appointment in order to appoint an agent. -You must appoint one person for AHA to communicate with.
- □ A Corporation: If a corporation owns the property, the authorized signatory of the corporation must sign this Appointment in order to appoint an agent, except when evidence (clerk's certificate of vote, or copy of by-laws) that another individual has been so authorized.
- □ A General Partnership: If a general Partnership owns the property, all General Partners must sign this Appointment in order to appoint an agent, unless documentation is attached authorizing a Managing or other General Partner to sign.
- □ A Limited Partnership: If a limited partnership owns the property, all General Partners must sign this Appointment in order to appoint an agent, unless documentation is attached authorizing a Managing or other General Partner to sign.
- □ A Trust: If a trust owns the property, all Trustees must sign this Appointment in order to appoint an agent, unless documentation is provided (a copy of the Declaration of Trust) that one Trustee has been authorized to sign. Please note that the Rental Assistance Programs cannot pay subsidy where the owner of record is a trust and the tenant is a beneficiary of the trust.
- □ A Limited Liability Company: If a limited liability company owns the property, all Members must sign this Appointment in order to appoint an agent, unless documentation is provided (a copy of the Certificate of Organization or Operating Agreement) that one Member has been authorized to sign.





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- 5. To act as Owner(s)' agent in relation to the above property, with all the powers and duties indicated below (check <u>only</u> those that apply):
  - □ To <u>sign on its behalf of all</u> Requests for Tenancy Approval, leases, Housing Assistance Payments Contracts, and any amendments or extensions thereto.
  - □ To <u>receive Housing Assistance Payment (HAP)</u> from the Athol Housing Authority Check only if <u>Agent</u> is to receive the HAP deposited into <u>their</u> account—<u>W-9 required for Agent</u>.
  - □ To receive from Tenant and receipt for all rents, security deposits, and key deposits
  - $\hfill\square$  To receive any and all notices and communication.
  - $\hfill\square$  To cause to make all necessary repairs.
  - $\Box$  To issue in its name notices to quit to institute summary process proceedings.
  - □ To act on its behalf on all other matters germane to management and other issues needing attention for this unit.
- 6. This Appointment of Agent is effective as of \_\_\_\_\_\_. The Athol Housing Authority will rely on this Appointment until such time as it received signed notification of modification or termination.

## **Owner Signature(s): See #4 above for who must sign.**

Signature OWNER #1:         Printed Name:         Title:         Address:	Date: Phone:	Cell / Land
Signature OWNER #2:         Printed Name:         Title:         Address:	Date: Phone:	Cell / Land
Signature OWNER #3:         Printed Name:         Title:         Address:	Date: Phone:	Cell / Land
Signature AGENT: Printed Name: DBA Name Address:	Date: Phone:	Cell / Land

► Go to www.irs.gov/FormW9 for instructions and the latest information.

	2 Business name/disregarded entity name, if different from above	
on page 3.	<ul> <li>3 Check appropriate box for federal tax classification of the person whose name is entered on line 1. Check only one of following seven boxes.</li> <li>Individual/sole proprietor or C Corporation S Corporation Partnership Trust/esta single-member LLC</li> </ul>	certain entities, not individuals; see instructions on page 3): e
rint or type. Instructions	Limited liability company. Enter the tax classification (C=C corporation, S=S corporation, P=Partnership) ▶	is code (if any)
р Specific	is disregarded from the owner should check the appropriate box for the tax classification of its owner. ○ Other (see instructions) ►	(Applies to accounts maintained outside the U.S.)
See <b>Sp</b>	5 Address (number, street, and apt. or suite no.) See instructions. Requester's na	me and address (optional)
S	6 City, state, and ZIP code	
	7 List account number(s) here (optional)	
Par	t Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)	

	· · · ·		
Enter your TIN in the appropriate box. Th	ne TIN provided must match the name given	on line 1 to avoid	Social security number
resident alien, sole proprietor, or disrega	is generally your social security number (SS rded entity, see the instructions for Part I, la number (EIN). If you do not have a number,	ter. For other	
TIN, later.		-	or
Note: If the account is in more than one	name, see the instructions for line 1. Also se	ee What Name and	Employer identification number
Number To Give the Requester for guide	lines on whose number to enter.		

#### Certification Part II

Under penalties of perjury, I certify that:

- 1. The number shown on this form is my correct taxpayer identification number (or I am waiting for a number to be issued to me); and
- 2. I am not subject to backup withholding because: (a) I am exempt from backup withholding, or (b) I have not been notified by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) that I am subject to backup withholding as a result of a failure to report all interest or dividends, or (c) the IRS has notified me that I am no longer subject to backup withholding; and
- 3. I am a U.S. citizen or other U.S. person (defined below); and
- 4. The FATCA code(s) entered on this form (if any) indicating that I am exempt from FATCA reporting is correct.

Certification instructions. You must cross out item 2 above if you have been notified by the IRS that you are currently subject to backup withholding because you have failed to report all interest and dividends on your tax return. For real estate transactions, item 2 does not apply. For mortgage interest paid, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, contributions to an individual retirement arrangement (IRA), and generally, payments other than interest and dividends, you are not required to sign the certification, but you must provide your correct TIN. See the instructions for Part II, later.

Sign	Signature of
Here	U.S. person >

## **General Instructions**

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted.

Future developments. For the latest information about developments related to Form W-9 and its instructions, such as legislation enacted after they were published, go to www.irs.gov/FormW9.

## **Purpose of Form**

An individual or entity (Form W-9 requester) who is required to file an information return with the IRS must obtain your correct taxpayer identification number (TIN) which may be your social security number (SSN), individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN), adoption taxpayer identification number (ATIN), or employer identification number (EIN), to report on an information return the amount paid to you, or other amount reportable on an information return. Examples of information returns include, but are not limited to, the following.

• Form 1099-INT (interest earned or paid)

- Form 1099-DIV (dividends, including those from stocks or mutual funds)
- Form 1099-MISC (various types of income, prizes, awards, or gross proceeds)
- Form 1099-B (stock or mutual fund sales and certain other transactions by brokers)
- Form 1099-S (proceeds from real estate transactions)

Date 🕨

- Form 1099-K (merchant card and third party network transactions)
- Form 1098 (home mortgage interest), 1098-E (student loan interest),
- 1098-T (tuition)
- Form 1099-C (canceled debt)
- Form 1099-A (acquisition or abandonment of secured property)
- Use Form W-9 only if you are a U.S. person (including a resident alien), to provide your correct TIN.

If you do not return Form W-9 to the requester with a TIN, you might be subject to backup withholding. See What is backup withholding, later.

By signing the filled-out form, you:

1. Certify that the TIN you are giving is correct (or you are waiting for a number to be issued),

2. Certify that you are not subject to backup withholding, or

3. Claim exemption from backup withholding if you are a U.S. exempt payee. If applicable, you are also certifying that as a U.S. person, your allocable share of any partnership income from a U.S. trade or business is not subject to the withholding tax on foreign partners' share of effectively connected income, and

4. Certify that FATCA code(s) entered on this form (if any) indicating that you are exempt from the FATCA reporting, is correct. See *What is FATCA reporting*, later, for further information.

**Note:** If you are a U.S. person and a requester gives you a form other than Form W-9 to request your TIN, you must use the requester's form if it is substantially similar to this Form W-9.

**Definition of a U.S. person.** For federal tax purposes, you are considered a U.S. person if you are:

• An individual who is a U.S. citizen or U.S. resident alien;

• A partnership, corporation, company, or association created or organized in the United States or under the laws of the United States;

An estate (other than a foreign estate); or

• A domestic trust (as defined in Regulations section 301.7701-7).

**Special rules for partnerships.** Partnerships that conduct a trade or business in the United States are generally required to pay a withholding tax under section 1446 on any foreign partners' share of effectively connected taxable income from such business. Further, in certain cases where a Form W-9 has not been received, the rules under section 1446 require a partnership to presume that a partner is a foreign person, and pay the section 1446 withholding tax. Therefore, if you are a U.S. person that is a partner in a partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States, provide Form W-9 to the partnership to establish your U.S. status and avoid section 1446 withholding on your share of partnership income.

In the cases below, the following person must give Form W-9 to the partnership for purposes of establishing its U.S. status and avoiding withholding on its allocable share of net income from the partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States.

 In the case of a disregarded entity with a U.S. owner, the U.S. owner of the disregarded entity and not the entity;

• In the case of a grantor trust with a U.S. grantor or other U.S. owner, generally, the U.S. grantor or other U.S. owner of the grantor trust and not the trust; and

• In the case of a U.S. trust (other than a grantor trust), the U.S. trust (other than a grantor trust) and not the beneficiaries of the trust.

**Foreign person.** If you are a foreign person or the U.S. branch of a foreign bank that has elected to be treated as a U.S. person, do not use Form W-9. Instead, use the appropriate Form W-8 or Form 8233 (see Pub. 515, Withholding of Tax on Nonresident Aliens and Foreign Entities).

Nonresident alien who becomes a resident alien. Generally, only a nonresident alien individual may use the terms of a tax treaty to reduce or eliminate U.S. tax on certain types of income. However, most tax treaties contain a provision known as a "saving clause." Exceptions specified in the saving clause may permit an exemption from tax to continue for certain types of income even after the payee has otherwise become a U.S. resident alien for tax purposes.

If you are a U.S. resident alien who is relying on an exception contained in the saving clause of a tax treaty to claim an exemption from U.S. tax on certain types of income, you must attach a statement to Form W-9 that specifies the following five items.

1. The treaty country. Generally, this must be the same treaty under which you claimed exemption from tax as a nonresident alien.

2. The treaty article addressing the income.

3. The article number (or location) in the tax treaty that contains the saving clause and its exceptions.

4. The type and amount of income that qualifies for the exemption from tax.

5. Sufficient facts to justify the exemption from tax under the terms of the treaty article.

**Example.** Article 20 of the U.S.-China income tax treaty allows an exemption from tax for scholarship income received by a Chinese student temporarily present in the United States. Under U.S. law, this student will become a resident alien for tax purposes if his or her stay in the United States exceeds 5 calendar years. However, paragraph 2 of the first Protocol to the U.S.-China treaty (dated April 30, 1984) allows the provisions of Article 20 to continue to apply even after the Chinese student becomes a resident alien of the United States. A Chinese student who qualifies for this exception (under paragraph 2 of the first protocol) and is relying on this exception to claim an exemption from tax on his or her scholarship or fellowship income would attach to Form W-9 a statement that includes the information described above to support that exemption.

If you are a nonresident alien or a foreign entity, give the requester the appropriate completed Form W-8 or Form 8233.

### **Backup Withholding**

What is backup withholding? Persons making certain payments to you must under certain conditions withhold and pay to the IRS 24% of such payments. This is called "backup withholding." Payments that may be subject to backup withholding include interest, tax-exempt interest, dividends, broker and barter exchange transactions, rents, royalties, nonemployee pay, payments made in settlement of payment card and third party network transactions, and certain payments from fishing boat operators. Real estate transactions are not subject to backup withholding.

You will not be subject to backup withholding on payments you receive if you give the requester your correct TIN, make the proper certifications, and report all your taxable interest and dividends on your tax return.

#### Payments you receive will be subject to backup withholding if:

1. You do not furnish your TIN to the requester,

2. You do not certify your TIN when required (see the instructions for Part II for details),

3. The IRS tells the requester that you furnished an incorrect TIN,

4. The IRS tells you that you are subject to backup withholding because you did not report all your interest and dividends on your tax return (for reportable interest and dividends only), or

5. You do not certify to the requester that you are not subject to backup withholding under 4 above (for reportable interest and dividend accounts opened after 1983 only).

Certain payees and payments are exempt from backup withholding. See *Exempt payee code*, later, and the separate Instructions for the Requester of Form W-9 for more information.

Also see Special rules for partnerships, earlier.

## What is FATCA Reporting?

The Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (FATCA) requires a participating foreign financial institution to report all United States account holders that are specified United States persons. Certain payees are exempt from FATCA reporting. See *Exemption from FATCA reporting code*, later, and the Instructions for the Requester of Form W-9 for more information.

## **Updating Your Information**

You must provide updated information to any person to whom you claimed to be an exempt payee if you are no longer an exempt payee and anticipate receiving reportable payments in the future from this person. For example, you may need to provide updated information if you are a C corporation that elects to be an S corporation, or if you no longer are tax exempt. In addition, you must furnish a new Form W-9 if the name or TIN changes for the account; for example, if the grantor of a grantor trust dies.

### **Penalties**

Failure to furnish TIN. If you fail to furnish your correct TIN to a requester, you are subject to a penalty of \$50 for each such failure unless your failure is due to reasonable cause and not to willful neglect.

**Civil penalty for false information with respect to withholding.** If you make a false statement with no reasonable basis that results in no backup withholding, you are subject to a \$500 penalty.

**Criminal penalty for falsifying information.** Willfully falsifying certifications or affirmations may subject you to criminal penalties including fines and/or imprisonment.

**Misuse of TINs.** If the requester discloses or uses TINs in violation of federal law, the requester may be subject to civil and criminal penalties.

## **Specific Instructions**

#### Line 1

You must enter one of the following on this line; **do not** leave this line blank. The name should match the name on your tax return.

If this Form W-9 is for a joint account (other than an account maintained by a foreign financial institution (FFI)), list first, and then circle, the name of the person or entity whose number you entered in Part I of Form W-9. If you are providing Form W-9 to an FFI to document a joint account, each holder of the account that is a U.S. person must provide a Form W-9.

a. **Individual.** Generally, enter the name shown on your tax return. If you have changed your last name without informing the Social Security Administration (SSA) of the name change, enter your first name, the last name as shown on your social security card, and your new last name.

**Note: ITIN applicant:** Enter your individual name as it was entered on your Form W-7 application, line 1a. This should also be the same as the name you entered on the Form 1040/1040A/1040EZ you filed with your application.

b. **Sole proprietor or single-member LLC.** Enter your individual name as shown on your 1040/1040A/1040EZ on line 1. You may enter your business, trade, or "doing business as" (DBA) name on line 2.

c. Partnership, LLC that is not a single-member LLC, C corporation, or S corporation. Enter the entity's name as shown on the entity's tax return on line 1 and any business, trade, or DBA name on line 2.

d. **Other entities.** Enter your name as shown on required U.S. federal tax documents on line 1. This name should match the name shown on the charter or other legal document creating the entity. You may enter any business, trade, or DBA name on line 2.

e. **Disregarded entity.** For U.S. federal tax purposes, an entity that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner is treated as a "disregarded entity." See Regulations section 301.7701-2(c)(2)(iii). Enter the owner's name on line 1. The name of the entity entered on line 1 should never be a disregarded entity. The name on line 1 should be the name shown on the income tax return on which the income should be reported. For example, if a foreign LLC that is treated as a disregarded entity for U.S. federal tax purposes has a single owner that is a U.S. person, the U.S. owner's name is required to be provided on line 1. If the direct owner of the entity is also a disregarded entity, enter the first owner that is not disregarded for federal tax purposes. Enter the disregarded entity's name on line 2, "Business name/disregarded entity name." If the owner of the disregarded entity is a foreign person, the owner must complete an appropriate Form W-8 instead of a Form W-9. This is the case even if the foreign person has a U.S. TIN.

#### Line 2

If you have a business name, trade name, DBA name, or disregarded entity name, you may enter it on line 2.

#### Line 3

Check the appropriate box on line 3 for the U.S. federal tax classification of the person whose name is entered on line 1. Check only one box on line 3.

IF the entity/person on line 1 is a(n)	THEN check the box for
Corporation	Corporation
<ul> <li>Individual</li> <li>Sole proprietorship, or</li> <li>Single-member limited liability company (LLC) owned by an individual and disregarded for U.S. federal tax purposes.</li> </ul>	Individual/sole proprietor or single- member LLC
<ul> <li>LLC treated as a partnership for U.S. federal tax purposes,</li> <li>LLC that has filed Form 8832 or 2553 to be taxed as a corporation, or</li> <li>LLC that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner but the owner is another LLC that is not disregarded for U.S. federal tax purposes.</li> </ul>	Limited liability company and enter the appropriate tax classification. (P= Partnership; C= C corporation; or S= S corporation)
Partnership	Partnership
Trust/estate	Trust/estate

#### Line 4, Exemptions

If you are exempt from backup withholding and/or FATCA reporting, enter in the appropriate space on line 4 any code(s) that may apply to you.

#### Exempt payee code.

• Generally, individuals (including sole proprietors) are not exempt from backup withholding.

• Except as provided below, corporations are exempt from backup withholding for certain payments, including interest and dividends.

• Corporations are not exempt from backup withholding for payments made in settlement of payment card or third party network transactions.

• Corporations are not exempt from backup withholding with respect to attorneys' fees or gross proceeds paid to attorneys, and corporations that provide medical or health care services are not exempt with respect to payments reportable on Form 1099-MISC.

The following codes identify payees that are exempt from backup withholding. Enter the appropriate code in the space in line 4.

1 - An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a), any IRA, or a custodial account under section 403(b)(7) if the account satisfies the requirements of section 401(f)(2)

2-The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities

3-A state, the District of Columbia, a U.S. commonwealth or possession, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities

4-A foreign government or any of its political subdivisions, agencies, or instrumentalities

#### 5-A corporation

6—A dealer in securities or commodities required to register in the United States, the District of Columbia, or a U.S. commonwealth or possession

 $7-\!\mathrm{A}$  futures commission merchant registered with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission

8-A real estate investment trust

9—An entity registered at all times during the tax year under the Investment Company Act of 1940

10-A common trust fund operated by a bank under section 584(a)

11-A financial institution

 $12\!-\!A$  middleman known in the investment community as a nominee or custodian

13—A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947

The following chart shows types of payments that may be exempt from backup withholding. The chart applies to the exempt payees listed above, 1 through 13.

IF the payment is for	THEN the payment is exempt
	for
Interest and dividend payments	All exempt payees except for 7
Broker transactions	Exempt payees 1 through 4 and 6 through 11 and all C corporations. S corporations must not enter an exempt payee code because they are exempt only for sales of noncovered securities acquired prior to 2012.
Barter exchange transactions and patronage dividends	Exempt payees 1 through 4
Payments over \$600 required to be reported and direct sales over \$5,000 <sup>1</sup>	Generally, exempt payees 1 through 5 <sup>2</sup>
Payments made in settlement of payment card or third party network transactions	Exempt payees 1 through 4

<sup>1</sup> See Form 1099-MISC, Miscellaneous Income, and its instructions.

<sup>2</sup> However, the following payments made to a corporation and reportable on Form 1099-MISC are not exempt from backup withholding: medical and health care payments, attorneys' fees, gross proceeds paid to an attorney reportable under section 6045(f), and payments for services paid by a federal executive agency.

**Exemption from FATCA reporting code.** The following codes identify payees that are exempt from reporting under FATCA. These codes apply to persons submitting this form for accounts maintained outside of the United States by certain foreign financial institutions. Therefore, if you are only submitting this form for an account you hold in the United States, you may leave this field blank. Consult with the person requesting this form if you are uncertain if the financial institution is subject to these requirements. A requester may indicate that a code is not required by providing you with a Form W-9 with "Not Applicable" (or any similar indication) written or printed on the line for a FATCA exemption code.

A—An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a) or any individual retirement plan as defined in section 7701(a)(37)

B-The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities

C-A state, the District of Columbia, a U.S. commonwealth or possession, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities

D-A corporation the stock of which is regularly traded on one or more established securities markets, as described in Regulations section 1.1472-1(c)(1)(i)

E-A corporation that is a member of the same expanded affiliated group as a corporation described in Regulations section 1.1472-1(c)(1)(i)

F-A dealer in securities, commodities, or derivative financial instruments (including notional principal contracts, futures, forwards, and options) that is registered as such under the laws of the United States or any state

G-A real estate investment trust

H-A regulated investment company as defined in section 851 or an entity registered at all times during the tax year under the Investment Company Act of 1940

I-A common trust fund as defined in section 584(a)

J—A bank as defined in section 581

K–A broker

L-A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947(a)(1)

M-A tax exempt trust under a section 403(b) plan or section 457(g) plan

**Note:** You may wish to consult with the financial institution requesting this form to determine whether the FATCA code and/or exempt payee code should be completed.

#### Line 5

Enter your address (number, street, and apartment or suite number). This is where the requester of this Form W-9 will mail your information returns. If this address differs from the one the requester already has on file, write NEW at the top. If a new address is provided, there is still a chance the old address will be used until the payor changes your address in their records.

#### Line 6

Enter your city, state, and ZIP code.

### Part I. Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)

Enter your TIN in the appropriate box. If you are a resident alien and you do not have and are not eligible to get an SSN, your TIN is your IRS individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN). Enter it in the social security number box. If you do not have an ITIN, see *How to get a TIN* below.

If you are a sole proprietor and you have an EIN, you may enter either your SSN or EIN.

If you are a single-member LLC that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner, enter the owner's SSN (or EIN, if the owner has one). Do not enter the disregarded entity's EIN. If the LLC is classified as a corporation or partnership, enter the entity's EIN.

**Note:** See *What Name and Number To Give the Requester,* later, for further clarification of name and TIN combinations.

**How to get a TIN.** If you do not have a TIN, apply for one immediately. To apply for an SSN, get Form SS-5, Application for a Social Security Card, from your local SSA office or get this form online at *www.SSA.gov.* You may also get this form by calling 1-800-772-1213. Use Form W-7, Application for IRS Individual Taxpayer Identification Number, to apply for an ITIN, or Form SS-4, Application for Employer Identification Number, to apply for an EIN. You can apply for an EIN online by accessing the IRS website at *www.irs.gov/Businesses* and clicking on Employer Identification Number (EIN) under Starting a Business. Go to *www.irs.gov/Forms* to view, download, or print Form W-7 and/or Form SS-4. Or, you can go to *www.irs.gov/OrderForms* to place an order and have Form W-7 and/or SS-4 mailed to you within 10 business days.

If you are asked to complete Form W-9 but do not have a TIN, apply for a TIN and write "Applied For" in the space for the TIN, sign and date the form, and give it to the requester. For interest and dividend payments, and certain payments made with respect to readily tradable instruments, generally you will have 60 days to get a TIN and give it to the requester before you are subject to backup withholding on payments. The 60-day rule does not apply to other types of payments. You will be subject to backup withholding on all such payments until you provide your TIN to the requester.

**Note:** Entering "Applied For" means that you have already applied for a TIN or that you intend to apply for one soon.

**Caution:** A disregarded U.S. entity that has a foreign owner must use the appropriate Form W-8.

## Part II. Certification

To establish to the withholding agent that you are a U.S. person, or resident alien, sign Form W-9. You may be requested to sign by the withholding agent even if item 1, 4, or 5 below indicates otherwise.

For a joint account, only the person whose TIN is shown in Part I should sign (when required). In the case of a disregarded entity, the person identified on line 1 must sign. Exempt payees, see *Exempt payee code*, earlier.

**Signature requirements.** Complete the certification as indicated in items 1 through 5 below.

1. Interest, dividend, and barter exchange accounts opened before 1984 and broker accounts considered active during 1983. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.

2. Interest, dividend, broker, and barter exchange accounts opened after 1983 and broker accounts considered inactive during 1983. You must sign the certification or backup withholding will apply. If you are subject to backup withholding and you are merely providing your correct TIN to the requester, you must cross out item 2 in the certification before signing the form.

**3. Real estate transactions.** You must sign the certification. You may cross out item 2 of the certification.

4. Other payments. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification unless you have been notified that you have previously given an incorrect TIN. "Other payments" include payments made in the course of the requester's trade or business for rents, royalties, goods (other than bills for merchandise), medical and health care services (including payments to corporations), payments to a nonemployee for services, payments made in settlement of payment card and third party network transactions, payments to certain fishing boat crew members and fishermen, and gross proceeds paid to attorneys (including payments to corporations).

5. Mortgage interest paid by you, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, qualified tuition program payments (under section 529), ABLE accounts (under section 529A), IRA, Coverdell ESA, Archer MSA or HSA contributions or distributions, and pension distributions. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.

### What Name and Number To Give the Requester

For this type of account:	Give name and SSN of:			
1. Individual	The individual			
<ol> <li>Two or more individuals (joint account) other than an account maintained by an FFI</li> </ol>	The actual owner of the account or, if combined funds, the first individual on the account <sup>1</sup>			
3. Two or more U.S. persons (joint account maintained by an FFI)	Each holder of the account			
4. Custodial account of a minor (Uniform Gift to Minors Act)	The minor <sup>2</sup>			
5. a. The usual revocable savings trust (grantor is also trustee)	The grantor-trustee <sup>1</sup>			
b. So-called trust account that is not a legal or valid trust under state law	The actual owner <sup>1</sup>			
6. Sole proprietorship or disregarded entity owned by an individual	The owner <sup>3</sup>			
<ol> <li>Grantor trust filing under Optional Form 1099 Filing Method 1 (see Regulations section 1.671-4(b)(2)(i) (A))</li> </ol>	The grantor*			
For this type of account:	Give name and EIN of:			
8. Disregarded entity not owned by an individual	The owner			
9. A valid trust, estate, or pension trust	Legal entity <sup>4</sup>			
10. Corporation or LLC electing corporate status on Form 8832 or Form 2553	The corporation			
11. Association, club, religious, charitable, educational, or other tax- exempt organization	The organization			
12. Partnership or multi-member LLC	The partnership			
13. A broker or registered nominee	The broker or nominee			

For this type of account:	Give name and EIN of:		
14. Account with the Department of Agriculture in the name of a public entity (such as a state or local government, school district, or prison) that receives agricultural program payments	The public entity		
<ol> <li>Grantor trust filing under the Form 1041 Filing Method or the Optional Form 1099 Filing Method 2 (see Regulations section 1.671-4(b)(2)(i)(B))</li> </ol>	The trust		

<sup>1</sup> List first and circle the name of the person whose number you furnish. If only one person on a joint account has an SSN, that person's number must be furnished.

<sup>2</sup> Circle the minor's name and furnish the minor's SSN.

<sup>3</sup> You must show your individual name and you may also enter your business or DBA name on the "Business name/disregarded entity" name line. You may use either your SSN or EIN (if you have one), but the IRS encourages you to use your SSN.

<sup>4</sup> List first and circle the name of the trust, estate, or pension trust. (Do not furnish the TIN of the personal representative or trustee unless the legal entity itself is not designated in the account title.) Also see *Special rules for partnerships*, earlier.

\*Note: The grantor also must provide a Form W-9 to trustee of trust.

**Note:** If no name is circled when more than one name is listed, the number will be considered to be that of the first name listed.

## Secure Your Tax Records From Identity Theft

Identity theft occurs when someone uses your personal information such as your name, SSN, or other identifying information, without your permission, to commit fraud or other crimes. An identity thief may use your SSN to get a job or may file a tax return using your SSN to receive a refund.

To reduce your risk:

- Protect your SSN,
- · Ensure your employer is protecting your SSN, and
- Be careful when choosing a tax preparer.

If your tax records are affected by identity theft and you receive a notice from the IRS, respond right away to the name and phone number printed on the IRS notice or letter.

If your tax records are not currently affected by identity theft but you think you are at risk due to a lost or stolen purse or wallet, questionable credit card activity or credit report, contact the IRS Identity Theft Hotline at 1-800-908-4490 or submit Form 14039.

For more information, see Pub. 5027, Identity Theft Information for Taxpayers.

Victims of identity theft who are experiencing economic harm or a systemic problem, or are seeking help in resolving tax problems that have not been resolved through normal channels, may be eligible for Taxpayer Advocate Service (TAS) assistance. You can reach TAS by calling the TAS toll-free case intake line at 1-877-777-4778 or TTY/TDD 1-800-829-4059.

**Protect yourself from suspicious emails or phishing schemes.** Phishing is the creation and use of email and websites designed to mimic legitimate business emails and websites. The most common act is sending an email to a user falsely claiming to be an established legitimate enterprise in an attempt to scam the user into surrendering private information that will be used for identity theft. The IRS does not initiate contacts with taxpayers via emails. Also, the IRS does not request personal detailed information through email or ask taxpayers for the PIN numbers, passwords, or similar secret access information for their credit card, bank, or other financial accounts.

If you receive an unsolicited email claiming to be from the IRS, forward this message to *phishing@irs.gov*. You may also report misuse of the IRS name, logo, or other IRS property to the Treasury Inspector General for Tax Administration (TIGTA) at 1-800-366-4484. You can forward suspicious emails to the Federal Trade Commission at *spam@uce.gov* or report them at *www.ftc.gov/complaint*. You can contact the FTC at *www.ftc.gov/idtheft* or 877-IDTHEFT (877-438-4338). If you have been the victim of identity theft, see *www.ldentityTheft.gov* and Pub. 5027.

Visit *www.irs.gov/IdentityTheft* to learn more about identity theft and how to reduce your risk.

## **Privacy Act Notice**

Section 6109 of the Internal Revenue Code requires you to provide your correct TIN to persons (including federal agencies) who are required to file information returns with the IRS to report interest, dividends, or certain other income paid to you; mortgage interest you paid; the acquisition or abandonment of secured property; the cancellation of debt; or contributions you made to an IRA, Archer MSA, or HSA. The person collecting this form uses the information on the form to file information returns with the IRS, reporting the above information. Routine uses of this information include giving it to the Department of Justice for civil and criminal litigation and to cities, states, the District of Columbia, and U.S. commonwealths and possessions for use in administering their laws. The information also may be disclosed to other countries under a treaty, to federal and state agencies to enforce civil and criminal laws, or to federal law enforcement and intelligence agencies to combat terrorism. You must provide your TIN whether or not you are required to file a tax return. Under section 3406, payers must generally withhold a percentage of taxable interest, dividend, and certain other payments to a payee who does not give a TIN to the payer. Certain penalties may also apply for providing false or fraudulent information.

#### Housing Assistance Payments Contract (HAP Contract) Section 8 Tenant-Based Assistance Housing Choice Voucher Program

U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Office of Public and Indian Housing OMB Approval 2577-0169 (Exp. 04/30/2018)

**Privacy Act Statement.** The Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) is authorized to collect the information required on this form by Section 8 of the U.S. Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437f). Collection of family members' names and unit address, and owner's name and payment address is mandatory. The information is used to provide Section 8 tenant-based assistance under the Housing Choice Voucher program in the form of housing assistance payments. The information also specifies what utilities and appliances are to be supplied by the tenant. HUD may disclose this information to Federal, State and local agencies when relevant to civil, criminal, or regulatory investigations and prosecutions. It will not be otherwise disclosed or released outside of HUD, except as permitted or required by law. Failure to provide any of the information may result in delay or rejection of family or owner participation in the program.

#### Instructions for use of HAP Contract

This form of Housing Assistance Payments Contract (HAP contract) is used to provide Section 8 tenant-based assistance under the housing choice voucher program (voucher program) of the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). The main regulation for this program is 24 Code of Federal Regulations Part 982.

The local voucher program is administered by a public housing agency (PHA). The HAP contract is an agreement between the PHA and the owner of a unit occupied by an assisted family. The HAP contract has three parts:

Part A Contract information (fill-ins). See section by section instructions. Part B Body of contract Part C Tenancy addendum

#### Use of this form

Use of this HAP contract is required by HUD. Modification of the HAP contract is not permitted. The HAP contract must be word-forword in the form prescribed by HUD.

However, the PHA may choose to add the following:

Language that prohibits the owner from collecting a security deposit in excess of private market practice, or in excess of amounts charged by the owner to unassisted tenants. Such a prohibition must be added to Part A of the HAP contract.

Language that defines when the housing assistance payment by the PHA is deemed received by the owner (e.g., upon mailing by the PHA or actual receipt by the owner). Such language must be added to Part A of the HAP contract.

To prepare the HAP contract, fill in all contract information in Part A of the contract. Part A must then be executed by the owner and the PHA.

#### Use for special housing types

In addition to use for the basic Section 8 voucher program, this form must also be used for the following "special housing types" which are voucher program variants for special needs (see 24 CFR Part 982, Subpart M): (1) single room occupancy (SRO) housing; (2) congregate housing; (3) group home; (4) shared housing; and (5) manufactured home rental by a family that leases the manufactured home and space. When this form is used for a special housing type, the special housing type shall be specified in Part A of the HAP contract, as follows: "This HAP contract is used for the following special housing type under HUD regulations for the Section 8 voucher program: (Insert Name of Special Housing type)." However, this form may not be used for the following special housing types: (1) manufactured home space rental by a family that owns the manufactured home and leases only the space; (2) cooperative housing; and (3) the homeownership option under Section 8(y) of the United States Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437f(y)).

#### How to fill in Part A

Section by Section Instructions

Section 2: **Tenant** Enter full name of tenant.

## Section 3. Contract Unit

Enter address of unit, including apartment number, if any.

#### Section 4. Household Members

Enter full names of all PHA-approved household members. Specify if any such person is a live-in aide, which is a person approved by the PHA to reside in the unit to provide supportive services for a family member who is a person with disabilities.

#### Section 5. Initial Lease Term

Enter first date and last date of initial lease term.

The initial lease term must be for at least one year. However, the PHA may approve a shorter initial lease term if the PHA determines that:

Such shorter term would improve housing

opportunities for the tenant, and

Such shorter term is the prevailing local market practice.

Section 6. Initial Rent to Owner

Enter the amount of the monthly rent to owner during the initial lease term. The PHA must determine that the rent to owner is reasonable in comparison to rent for other comparable unassisted units. During the initial lease term, the owner may not raise the rent to owner.

#### Section 7. Housing Assistance Payment

Enter the initial amount of the monthly housing assistance payment.

#### Section 8. Utilities and Appliances.

The lease and the HAP contract must specify what utilities and appliances are to be supplied by the owner, and what utilities and appliances are to be supplied by the tenant. Fill in section 8 to show who is responsible to provide or pay for utilities and appliances.

#### Housing Assistance Payments Contract

#### (HAP Contract) Section 8 Tenant-Based Assistance Housing Choice Voucher Program

#### Part A of the HAP Contract: Contract Information

(To prepare the contract, fill out all contract information in Part A.)

1. Contents of Contract This HAP contract has three parts: Part A: Contract Information Part B: Body of Contract Part C: Tenancy Addendum

2. Tenant

#### Contract Unit 3.

#### Household 4.

The following persons may reside in the unit. Other persons may not be added to the household without prior written approval of the owner and the PHA.

#### 5. Initial Lease Term

**DO NOT COMPLETE** The initial lease term begins on (mm/dd/yyyy):

The initial lease term ends on (mm/dd/yyyy):

#### 6. Initial Rent to Owner

During the initial lease term, the owner may not raise the rent to owner.

#### 7. Initial Housing Assistance Payment

The HAP contract term commences on the first day of the initial lease term. At the beginning of the HAP contract term, the amount \_ per month. of the housing assistance payment by the PHA to the owner is \$ The amount of the monthly housing assistance payment by the PHA to the owner is subject to change during the HAP contract term in accordance with HUD requirements.

**ONLY FOR** 

8. Utilities and Appl The owner shall provide o below by a "T". Unless of	liances or pay for the utilities and appli herwise specified below, the c	ances indicated below b wher shall pay for all u	by an " <b>O</b> ". The tenant shall putilities and appliances provide	rovide or pay for the utiliti d by the owner.	es and appliances in	dicated
Item		Specify fuel type		2	Provided by	Paid by
Heating	Natural gas	Bottle gas	Oil or Electric	Coal or Other		
Cooking	Natural gas	Bottle gas	Oil or Electric	Coal or Other		
Water Heating	Natural gas	Bottle gas	Oil or Electric	Coal or Other		
Other Electric		-		•		
Water						
Sewer						
Trash Collection						
Air Conditioning						
Refrigerator						
Range/Microwave						
Other (specify)						
Signatures:		_	_			
Public Housing Ager	ncy		Owner <b>D</b>	O NOT	COM	PLET
Print or Type Name of PHA			Print or Type Name of	Owner <b>ON</b>	LY FC	DR
Signature			Signature	REF	EREN	CE
Print or Type Name and Title of	of Signatory		Print or Type Name ar	nd Title of Signatory		
Date (mm/dd/yyyy)			Date (mm/dd/yyyy)			

Mail Payments to:

Name

Address (street, city, State, Zip)

Previous editions are obsolete

## Part B of HAP Contract: Body of Contract

#### 1. Purpose

- This is a HAP contract between the PHA and the owner. The HAP contract is entered to provide assistance for the family under the Section 8 voucher program (see HUD program regulations at 24 Code of Federal Regulations Part 982).
- b. The HAP contract only applies to the household and contract unit specified in Part A of the HAP contract.
- c. During the HAP contract term, the PHA will pay housing assistance payments to the owner in accordance with the HAP contract.
- d. The family will reside in the contract unit with assistance under the Section 8 voucher program. The housing assistance payments by the PHA assist the tenant to lease the contract unit from the owner for occupancy by the family.

#### 2. Lease of Contract Unit

- a The owner has leased the contract unit to the tenant for occupancy by the family with assistance under the Section 8 voucher program.
- b The PHA has approved leasing of the unit in accordance with requirements of the Section 8 voucher program.
- c The lease for the contract unit must include wordfor-word all provisions of the tenancy addendum required by HUD (Part C of the HAP contract).
- d The owner certifies that:
  - The owner and the tenant have entered into a lease of the contract unit that includes all provisions of the tenancy addendum.
  - (2) The lease is in a standard form that is used in the locality by the owner and that is generally used for other unassisted tenants in the premises.
  - (3) The lease is consistent with State and local law.
- e The owner is responsible for screening the family's behavior or suitability for tenancy. The PHA is not responsible for such screening. The PHA has no liability or responsibility to the owner or other persons for the family's behavior or the family's conduct in tenancy.

#### 3. Maintenance, Utilities, and Other Services

- The owner must maintain the contract unit and premises in accordance with the housing quality standards (HQS).
- b. The owner must provide all utilities needed to comply with the HQS.
- c. If the owner does not maintain the contract unit in accordance with the HQS, or fails to provide all utilities needed to comply with the HQS, the PHA may exercise any available remedies. PHA remedies

for such breach include recovery of overpayments, suspension of housing assistance payments, abatement or other reduction of housing assistance payments, termination of housing assistance payments, and termination of the HAP contract. The PHA may not exercise such remedies against the owner because of an HQS breach for which the family is responsible, and that is not caused by the owner.

- d. The PHA shall not make any housing assistance payments if the contract unit does not meet the HQS, unless the owner corrects the defect within the period specified by the PHA and the PHA verifies the correction. If a defect is life threatening, the owner must correct the defect within no more than 24 hours. For other defects, the owner must correct the defect within the period specified by the PHA.
- e. The PHA may inspect the contract unit and premises at such times as the PHA determines necessary, to ensure that the unit is in accordance with the HQS.
- f. The PHA must notify the owner of any HQS defects shown by the inspection.
- g. The owner must provide all housing services as agreed to in the lease.

#### 4. Term of HAP Contract

- a. Relation to lease term. The term of the HAP contract begins on the first day of the initial term of the lease, and terminates on the last day of the term of the lease (including the initial lease term and any extensions).
- b. When HAP contract terminates.
  - The HAP contract terminates automatically if the lease is terminated by the owner or the tenant.
  - (2) The PHA may terminate program assistance for the family for any grounds authorized in accordance with HUD requirements. If the PHA terminates program assistance for the family, the HAP contract terminates automatically.
  - (3) If the family moves from the contract unit, the HAP contract terminates automatically.
  - (4) The HAP contract terminates automatically 180 calendar days after the last housing assistance payment to the owner.
  - (5) The PHA may terminate the HAP contract if the PHA determines, in accordance with HUD requirements, that available program funding is not sufficient to support continued assistance for families in the program.
  - (6) The HAP contract terminates automatically upon the death of a single member household, including single member households with a live-in aide.

- (7) The PHA may terminate the HAP contract if the PHA determines that the contract unit does not provide adequate space in accordance with the HQS because of an increase in family size or a change in family composition.
- (8) If the family breaks up, the PHA may terminate the HAP contract, or may continue housing assistance payments on behalf of family members who remain in the contract unit.
- (9) The PHA may terminate the HAP contract if the PHA determines that the unit does not meet all requirements of the HQS, or determines that the owner has otherwise breached the HAP contract.

#### 5. Provision and Payment for Utilities and Appliances

- a. The lease must specify what utilities are to be provided or paid by the owner or the tenant.
- b. The lease must specify what appliances are to be provided or paid by the owner or the tenant.
- c. Part A of the HAP contract specifies what utilities and appliances are to be provided or paid by the owner or the tenant. The lease shall be consistent with the HAP contract.

#### 6. Rent to Owner: Reasonable Rent

- a During the HAP contract term, the rent to owner may at no time exceed the reasonable rent for the contract unit as most recently determined or redetermined by the PHA in accordance with HUD requirements.
- b. The PHA must determine whether the rent to owner is reasonable in comparison to rent for other comparable unassisted units. To make this determination, the PHA must consider:
  - (1) The location, quality, size, unit type, and age of the contract unit; and
  - (2) Any amenities, housing services, maintenance and utilities provided and paid by the owner.
- c. The PHA must redetermine the reasonable rent when required in accordance with HUD requirements. The PHA may redetermine the reasonable rent at any time.
- d. During the HAP contract term, the rent to owner may not exceed rent charged by the owner for comparable unassisted units in the premises. The owner must give the PHA any information requested by the PHA on rents charged by the owner for other units in the premises or elsewhere.

#### 7. PHA Payment to Owner

#### a. When paid

- (1) During the term of the HAP contract, the PHA must make monthly housing assistance payments to the owner on behalf of the family at the beginning of each month.
- (2) The PHA must pay housing assistance payments promptly when due to the owner.
- (3) If housing assistance payments are not paid promptly when due after the first two calendar months of the HAP contract term, the PHA shall pay the owner penalties if all of the following circumstances apply: (i) Such penalties are in accordance with generally accepted practices and law, as applicable in the local housing market,
  - governing penalties for late payment of rent by a

tenant; (ii) It is the owner's practice to charge such penalties for assisted and unassisted tenants; and (iii) The owner also charges such penalties against the tenant for late payment of family rent to owner. However, the PHA shall not be obligated to pay any late payment penalty if HUD determines that late payment by the PHA is due to factors beyond the PHA's control. Moreover, the PHA shall not be obligated to pay any late payment penalty if housing assistance payments by the PHA are delayed or denied as a remedy for owner breach of the HAP contract (including any of the following PHA remedies: recovery of overpayments, suspension of housing assistance payments, abatement or reduction of housing assistance payments, termination of housing assistance payments and termination of the contract).

- (4) Housing assistance payments shall only be paid to the owner while the family is residing in the contract unit during the term of the HAP contract. The PHA shall not pay a housing assistance payment to the owner for any month after the month when the family moves out.
- b. **Owner compliance with HAP contract**. Unless the owner has complied with all provisions of the HAP contract, the owner does not have a right to receive housing assistance payments under the HAP contract.

#### c. Amount of PHA payment to owner

- (1) The amount of the monthly PHA housing assistance payment to the owner shall be determined by the PHA in accordance with HUD requirements for a tenancy under the voucher program.
- (2) The amount of the PHA housing assistance payment is subject to change during the HAP contract term in accordance with HUD requirements. The PHA must notify the family and the owner of any changes in the amount of the housing assistance payment.
- (3) The housing assistance payment for the first month of the HAP contract term shall be prorated for a partial month.
- d. **Application of payment**. The monthly housing assistance payment shall be credited against the monthly rent to owner for the contract unit.
- e Limit of PHA responsibility.
  - The PHA is only responsible for making housing assistance payments to the owner in accordance with the HAP contract and HUD requirements for a tenancy under the voucher program.
  - (2) The PHA shall not pay any portion of the rent to owner in excess of the housing assistance payment. The PHA shall not pay any other claim by the owner against the family.
- f **Overpayment to owner**. If the PHA determines that the owner is not entitled to the housing assistance payment or any part of it, the PHA, in addition to other remedies, may deduct the amount of the overpayment from any amounts due the owner (including amounts due under any other Section 8 assistance contract).

## 8. Owner Certification

During the term of this contract, the owner certifies that:

- a. The owner is maintaining the contract unit and premises in accordance with the HQS.
- b. The contract unit is leased to the tenant. The lease includes the tenancy addendum (Part C of the HAP contract), and is in accordance with the HAP contract and program requirements. The owner has provided the lease to the PHA, including any revisions of the lease.
- c. The rent to owner does not exceed rents charged by the owner for rental of comparable unassisted units in the premises.
- d. Except for the rent to owner, the owner has not received and will not receive any payments or other consideration (from the family, the PHA, HUD, or any other public or private source) for rental of the contract unit during the HAP contract term.
- e. The family does not own or have any interest in the contract unit.
- f. To the best of the owner's knowledge, the members of the family reside in the contract unit, and the unit is the family's only residence.
- g. The owner (including a principal or other interested party) is not the parent, child, grandparent, grandchild, sister, or brother of any member of the family, unless the PHA has determined (and has notified the owner and the family of such determination) that approving rental of the unit, notwithstanding such relationship, would provide reasonable accommodation for a family member who is a person with disabilities.

9. **Prohibition of Discrimination**. In accordance with applicable equal opportunity statutes, Executive Orders, and regulations:

- a. The owner must not discriminate against any person because of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age, familial status, or disability in connection with the HAP contract.
- b. The owner must cooperate with the PHA and HUD in conducting equal opportunity compliance reviews and complaint investigations in connection with the HAP contract.

#### 10. Owner's Breach of HAP Contract

- a Any of the following actions by the owner (including a principal or other interested party) is a breach of the HAP contract by the owner:
  - (1) If the owner has violated any obligation under the HAP contract, including the owner's obligation to maintain the unit in accordance with the HQS.
  - (2) If the owner has violated any obligation under any other housing assistance payments contract under Section 8.
  - (3) If the owner has committed fraud, bribery or any other corrupt or criminal act in connection with any Federal housing assistance program.
  - (4) For projects with mortgages insured by HUD or loans made by HUD, if the owner has failed to comply with the regulations for the applicable mortgage insurance or loan program, with the mortgage or mortgage note, or with the regulatory agreement; or if the owner has committed fraud, bribery or any other corrupt or criminal act in connection with the mortgage or loan.
  - (5) If the owner has engaged in any drug-related

criminal activity or any violent criminal activity.

- b. If the PHA determines that a breach has occurred, the PHA may exercise any of its rights and remedies under the HAP contract, or any other available rights and remedies for such breach. The PHA shall notify the owner of such determination, including a brief statement of the reasons for the determination. The notice by the PHA to the owner may require the owner to take corrective action, as verified or determined by the PHA, by a deadline prescribed in the notice.
- c. The PHA's rights and remedies for owner breach of the HAP contract include recovery of overpayments, suspension of housing assistance payments, abatement or other reduction of housing assistance payments, termination of housing assistance payments, and termination of the HAP contract.
- d. The PHA may seek and obtain additional relief by judicial order or action, including specific performance, other injunctive relief or order for damages.
- e. Even if the family continues to live in the contract unit, the PHA may exercise any rights and remedies for owner breach of the HAP contract.
- f. The PHA's exercise or non-exercise of any right or remedy for owner breach of the HAP contract is not a waiver of the right to exercise that or any other right or remedy at any time.

#### 11. PHA and HUD Access to Premises and Owner's Records

- a. The owner must provide any information pertinent to the HAP contract that the PHA or HUD may reasonably require.
- b. The PHA, HUD and the Comptroller General of the United States shall have full and free access to the contract unit and the premises, and to all accounts and other records of the owner that are relevant to the HAP contract, including the right to examine or audit the records and to make copies.
- c. The owner must grant such access to computerized or other electronic records, and to any computers, equipment or facilities containing such records, and must provide any information or assistance needed to access the records.

#### 12. Exclusion of Third Party Rights

- a. The family is not a party to or third party beneficiary of Part B of the HAP contract. The family may not enforce any provision of Part B, and may not exercise any right or remedy against the owner or PHA under Part B.
- b. The tenant or the PHA may enforce the tenancy addendum (Part C of the HAP contract) against the owner, and may exercise any right or remedy against the owner under the tenancy addendum.
- c. The PHA does not assume any responsibility for injury to, or any liability to, any person injured as a result of the owner's action or failure to act in connection with management of the contract unit or the premises or with implementation of the HAP contract, or as a result of any other action or failure to act by the owner.
- d. The owner is not the agent of the PHA, and the HAP contract does not create or affect any relationship between the PHA and any lender to the owner or any suppliers, employees, contractors or subcontractors used by the owner in connection with management of

the contract unit or the premises or with implementation of the HAP contract.

#### 13. Conflict of Interest

a.

- "Covered individual" means a person or entity who is a member of any of the following classes:
  - Any present or former member or officer of the PHA (except a PHA commissioner who is a participant in the program);
  - (2) Any employee of the PHA, or any contractor, sub-contractor or agent of the PHA, who formulates policy or who influences decisions with respect to the program;
  - (3) Any public official, member of a governing body, or State or local legislator, who exercises functions or responsibilities with respect to the program; or
  - (4) Any member of the Congress of the United States.
- b. A covered individual may not have any direct or indirect interest in the HAP contract or in any benefits or payments under the contract (including the interest of an immediate family member of such covered individual) while such person is a covered individual or during one year thereafter.
- c. "Immediate family member" means the spouse, parent (including a stepparent), child (including a stepchild), grandparent, grandchild, sister or brother (including a stepsister or stepbrother) of any covered individual.
- d. The owner certifies and is responsible for assuring that no person or entity has or will have a prohibited interest, at execution of the HAP contract, or at any time during the HAP contract term.
- e. If a prohibited interest occurs, the owner shall promptly and fully disclose such interest to the PHA and HUD.
- f. The conflict of interest prohibition under this section may be waived by the HUD field office for good cause.
- g. No member of or delegate to the Congress of the United States or resident commissioner shall be admitted to any share or part of the HAP contract or to any benefits which may arise from it.

#### 14. Assignment of the HAP Contract

- a. The owner may not assign the HAP contract to a new owner without the prior written consent of the PHA.
- b. If the owner requests PHA consent to assign the HAP contract to a new owner, the owner shall supply any information as required by the PHA pertinent to the proposed assignment.
- c. The HAP contract may not be assigned to a new owner that is debarred, suspended or subject to a limited denial of participation under HUD regulations (see 24 Code of Federal Regulations Part 24).
- d. The HAP contract may not be assigned to a new owner if HUD has prohibited such assignment because:
  - (1) The Federal government has instituted an administrative or judicial action against the owner or proposed new owner for violation of the Fair Housing Act or other Federal equal opportunity requirements, and such action is pending; or
  - (2) A court or administrative agency has determined that the owner or proposed new owner violated

the Fair Housing Act or other Federal equal opportunity requirements.

- e. The HAP contract may not be assigned to a new owner if the new owner (including a principal or other interested party) is the parent, child, grandparent, grandchild, sister or brother of any member of the family, unless the PHA has determined (and has notified the family of such determination) that approving the assignment, notwithstanding such relationship, would provide reasonable accommodation for a family member who is a person with disabilities.
- f. The PHA may deny approval to assign the HAP contract if the owner or proposed new owner (including a principal or other interested party):
  - (1) Has violated obligations under a housing assistance payments contract under Section 8;
  - (2) Has committed fraud, bribery or any other corrupt or criminal act in connection with any Federal housing program;
  - (3) Has engaged in any drug-related criminal activity or any violent criminal activity;
  - (4) Has a history or practice of non-compliance with the HQS for units leased under the Section 8 tenant-based programs, or non-compliance with applicable housing standards for units leased with project-based Section 8 assistance or for units leased under any other Federal housing program;
  - (5) Has a history or practice of failing to terminate tenancy of tenants assisted under any Federally assisted housing program for activity engaged in by the tenant, any member of the household, a guest or another person under the control of any member of the household that:

(a) Threatens the right to peaceful enjoyment of the premises by other residents;

(b) Threatens the health or safety of other residents, of employees of the PHA, or of owner employees or other persons engaged in management of the housing;

(c) Threatens the health or safety of, or the right to peaceful enjoyment of their residents by, persons residing in the immediate vicinity of the premises; or

(d) Is drug-related criminal activity or violent criminal activity;

(6) Has a history or practice of renting units that fail to meet State or local housing codes; or

(7) Has not paid State or local real estate taxes, fines or assessments.

g. The new owner must agree to be bound by and comply with the HAP contract. The agreement must be in writing, and in a form acceptable to the PHA. The new owner must give the PHA a copy of the executed agreement.

15. Foreclosure. In the case of any foreclosure, the immediate successor in interest in the property pursuant to the foreclosure shall assume such interest subject to the lease between the prior owner and the tenant and to the HAP contract between the prior owner and the PHA for the occupied unit. This provision does not affect any State or local law that provides longer time periods or other additional protections for tenants. This provision will sunset on December 31, 2012 unless extended by law.

**16.** Written Notices. Any notice by the PHA or the owner in connection with this contract must be in writing.

#### 17. Entire Agreement: Interpretation

- a. The HAP contract contains the entire agreement between the owner and the PHA.
- b The HAP contract shall be interpreted and implemented in accordance with all statutory requirements, and with all HUD requirements, including the HUD program regulations at 24 Code of Federal Regulations Part 982.

## Housing Assistance Payments Contract U.S. Department of Housing (HAP Contract) and Urban Development Section 8 Tenant-Based Assistance Office of Public and Indian Housing Housing Choice Voucher Program

### Part C of HAP Contract: Tenancy Addendum

#### 1. Section 8 Voucher Program

- a. The owner is leasing the contract unit to the tenant for occupancy by the tenant's family with assistance for a tenancy under the Section 8 housing choice voucher program (voucher program) of the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD).
- b. The owner has entered into a Housing Assistance Payments Contract (HAP contract) with the PHA under the voucher program. Under the HAP contract, the PHA will make housing assistance payments to the owner to assist the tenant in leasing the unit from the owner.

#### 2. Lease

- a. The owner has given the PHA a copy of the lease, including any revisions agreed by the owner and the tenant. The owner certifies that the terms of the lease are in accordance with all provisions of the HAP contract and that the lease includes the tenancy addendum.
- b. The tenant shall have the right to enforce the tenancy addendum against the owner. If there is any conflict between the tenancy addendum and any other provisions of the lease, the language of the tenancy addendum shall control.

#### 3. Use of Contract Unit

- a. During the lease term, the family will reside in the contract unit with assistance under the voucher program.
- b. The composition of the household must be approved by the PHA. The family must promptly inform the PHA of the birth, adoption or court-awarded custody of a child. Other persons may not be added to the household without prior written approval of the owner and the PHA.
- c. The contract unit may only be used for residence by the PHA-approved household members. The unit must be the family's only residence. Members of the household may engage in legal profit making activities incidental to primary use of the unit for residence by members of the family.
- d. The tenant may not sublease or let the unit.
- e. The tenant may not assign the lease or transfer the unit.

#### 4. Rent to Owner

- a. The initial rent to owner may not exceed the amount approved by the PHA in accordance with HUD requirements.
- b. Changes in the rent to owner shall be determined by the provisions of the lease. However, the owner may not raise the rent during the initial term of the lease.
- c. During the term of the lease (including the initial

term of the lease and any extension term), the rent to owner may at no time exceed:

- The reasonable rent for the unit as most recently determined or redetermined by the PHA in accordance with HUD requirements, or
- (2) Rent charged by the owner for comparable unassisted units in the premises.

#### 5. Family Payment to Owner

- a. The family is responsible for paying the owner any portion of the rent to owner that is not covered by the PHA housing assistance payment.
- b. Each month, the PHA will make a housing assistance payment to the owner on behalf of the family in accordance with the HAP contract. The amount of the monthly housing assistance payment will be determined by the PHA in accordance with HUD requirements for a tenancy under the Section 8 voucher program.
- c. The monthly housing assistance payment shall be credited against the monthly rent to owner for the contract unit.
- d. The tenant is not responsible for paying the portion of rent to owner covered by the PHA housing assistance payment under the HAP contract between the owner and the PHA. A PHA failure to pay the housing assistance payment to the owner is not a violation of the lease. The owner may not terminate the tenancy for nonpayment of the PHA housing assistance payment.
- e. The owner may not charge or accept, from the family or from any other source, any payment for rent of the unit in addition to the rent to owner. Rent to owner includes all housing services, maintenance, utilities and appliances to be provided and paid by the owner in accordance with the lease.
- f. The owner must immediately return any excess rent payment to the tenant.

## 6. Other Fees and Charges

- a. Rent to owner does not include cost of any meals or supportive services or furniture which may be provided by the owner.
- b. The owner may not require the tenant or family members to pay charges for any meals or supportive services or furniture which may be provided by the owner. Nonpayment of any such charges is not grounds for termination of tenancy.
- c. The owner may not charge the tenant extra amounts for items customarily included in rent to owner in the locality, or provided at no additional cost to unsubsidized tenants in the premises.

#### 7. Maintenance, Utilities, and Other Services

a Maintenance

- (1) The owner must maintain the unit and premises in accordance with the HQS.
- (2) Maintenance and replacement (including redecoration) must be in accordance with the standard practice for the building concerned as established by the owner.

#### b Utilities and appliances

- (1) The owner must provide all utilities needed to comply with the HQS.
- (2) The owner is not responsible for a breach of the HQS caused by the tenant's failure to:
  - (a) Pay for any utilities that are to be paid by the tenant.
  - (b) Provide and maintain any appliances that are to be provided by the tenant.
- c. **Family damage**. The owner is not responsible for a breach of the HQS because of damages beyond normal wear and tear caused by any member of the household or by a guest.
- d **Housing services**. The owner must provide all housing services as agreed to in the lease.

### 8. Termination of Tenancy by Owner

- a. **Requirements**. The owner may only terminate the tenancy in accordance with the lease and HUD requirements.
- b **Grounds**. During the term of the lease (the initial term of the lease or any extension term), the owner may only terminate the tenancy because of:
  - (1) Serious or repeated violation of the lease;
  - (2) Violation of Federal, State, or local law that imposes obligations on the tenant in connection with the occupancy or use of the unit and the premises;
  - (3) Criminal activity or alcohol abuse (as provided in paragraph c); or
  - (4) Other good cause (as provided in paragraph d).

#### c Criminal activity or alcohol abuse.

- (1) The owner may terminate the tenancy during the term of the lease if any member of the household, a guest or another person under a resident's control commits any of the following types of criminal activity:
  - (a) Any criminal activity that threatens the health or safety of, or the right to peaceful enjoyment of the premises by, other residents (including property management staff residing on the premises);
  - (b) Any criminal activity that threatens the health or safety of, or the right to peaceful enjoyment of their residences by, persons residing in the immediate vicinity of the premises;
  - (c) Any violent criminal activity on or near the premises; or
  - (d) Any drug-related criminal activity on or near the premises.

- (2) The owner may terminate the tenancy during the term of the lease if any member of the household is:
  - (a) Fleeing to avoid prosecution, or custody or confinement after conviction, for a crime, or attempt to commit a crime, that is a felony under the laws of the place from which the individual flees, or that, in the case of the State of New Jersey, is a high misdemeanor; or
  - (b) Violating a condition of probation or parole under Federal or State law.
- (3) The owner may terminate the tenancy for criminal activity by a household member in accordance with this section if the owner determines that the household member has committed the criminal activity, regardless of whether the household member has been arrested or convicted for such activity.
- (4) The owner may terminate the tenancy during the term of the lease if any member of the household has engaged in abuse of alcohol that threatens the health, safety or right to peaceful enjoyment of the premises by other residents.

#### d **Other good cause for termination of tenancy**

- (1) During the initial lease term, other good cause for termination of tenancy must be something the family did or failed to do.
- (2) During the initial lease term or during any extension term, other good cause may include:
  - (a) Disturbance of neighbors,
  - (b) Destruction of property, or
  - (c) Living or housekeeping habits that cause damage to the unit or premises.
- (3) After the initial lease term, such good cause may include:
  - (a) The tenant's failure to accept the owner's offer of a new lease or revision;
  - (b) The owner's desire to use the unit for personal or family use or for a purpose other than use as a residential rental unit; or
  - (c) A business or economic reason for termination of the tenancy (such as sale of the property, renovation of the unit, the owner's desire to rent the unit for a higher rent).
- (5) The examples of other good cause in this paragraph do not preempt any State or local laws to the contrary.
- (6) In the case of an owner who is an immediate successor in interest pursuant to foreclosure during the term of the lease, requiring the tenant to vacate the property prior to sale shall not constitute other good cause, except that the owner may terminate the tenancy effective on the date of transfer of the unit to the owner if the owner: (a) will occupy the unit as a primary residence; and (b) has provided the tenant a notice to vacate at least 90 days before the effective date of such notice. This

provision shall not affect any State or local law that provides for longer time periods or addition protections for tenants. This provision will sunset on December 31, 2012 unless extended by law.

#### e. Protections for Victims of Abuse.

- (1) An incident or incidents of actual or threatened domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking will not be construed as serious or repeated violations of the lease or other "good cause" for termination of the assistance, tenancy, or occupancy rights of such a victim.
- (2) Criminal activity directly relating to abuse, engaged in by a member of a tenant's household or any guest or other person under the tenant's control, shall not be cause for termination of assistance, tenancy, or occupancy rights if the tenant or an immediate member of the tenant's family is the victim or threatened victim of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking.
- (3) Notwithstanding any restrictions on admission, occupancy, or terminations of occupancy or assistance, or any Federal, State or local law to the contrary, a PHA, owner or manager may "bifurcate" a lease, or otherwise remove a household member from a lease, without regard to whether a household member is a signatory to the lease, in order to evict, remove, terminate occupancy rights, or terminate assistance to any individual who is a tenant or lawful occupant and who engages in criminal acts of physical violence against family members or others. This action may be taken without evicting, removing, terminating assistance to, or otherwise penalizing the victim of the violence who is also a tenant or lawful occupant. Such eviction, removal, termination of occupancy rights, or termination of assistance shall be effected in accordance with the procedures prescribed by Federal, State, and local law for the termination of leases or assistance under the housing choice voucher program.
- (4) Nothing in this section may be construed to limit the authority of a public housing agency, owner, or manager, when notified, to honor court orders addressing rights of access or control of the property, including civil protection orders issued to protect the victim and issued to address the distribution or possession of property among the household members in cases where a family breaks up.
- (5) Nothing in this section limits any otherwise available authority of an owner or manager to evict or the public housing agency to terminate assistance to a tenant for any violation of a lease not premised on the act or acts of violence in question against the tenant or a member of the tenant's household, provided that the owner, manager, or public housing agency does not subject an individual who is or has been a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking to a

more demanding standard than other tenants in determining whether to evict or terminate.

- (6) Nothing in this section may be construed to limit the authority of an owner or manager to evict, or the public housing agency to terminate assistance, to any tenant if the owner, manager, or public housing agency can demonstrate an actual and imminent threat to other tenants or those employed at or providing service to the property if the tenant is not evicted or terminated from assistance.
- (7) Nothing in this section shall be construed to supersede any provision of any Federal, State, or local law that provides greater protection than this section for victims of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking.
- **f.** Eviction by court action. The owner may only evict the tenant by a court action.

#### g. Owner notice of grounds

- (1) At or before the beginning of a court action to evict the tenant, the owner must give the tenant a notice that specifies the grounds for termination of tenancy. The notice may be included in or combined with any owner eviction notice.
- (2) The owner must give the PHA a copy of any owner eviction notice at the same time the owner notifies the tenant.
- (3) Eviction notice means a notice to vacate, or a complaint or other initial pleading used to begin an eviction action under State or local law.

#### 9. Lease: Relation to HAP Contract

If the HAP contract terminates for any reason, the lease terminates automatically.

#### **10. PHA Termination of Assistance**

The PHA may terminate program assistance for the family for any grounds authorized in accordance with HUD requirements. If the PHA terminates program assistance for the family, the lease terminates automatically.

#### 11. Family Move Out

The tenant must notify the PHA and the owner before the family moves out of the unit.

#### 12. Security Deposit

- a. The owner may collect a security deposit from the tenant. (However, the PHA may prohibit the owner from collecting a security deposit in excess of private market practice, or in excess of amounts charged by the owner to unassisted tenants. Any such PHA-required restriction must be specified in the HAP contract.)
- b. When the family moves out of the contract unit, the owner, subject to State and local law, may use the security deposit, including any interest on the deposit, as reimbursement for any unpaid rent payable by the tenant, any damages to the unit or any other amounts that the tenant owes under the lease.

- c. The owner must give the tenant a list of all items charged against the security deposit, and the amount of each item. After deducting the amount, if any, used to reimburse the owner, the owner must promptly refund the full amount of the unused balance to the tenant.
- If the security deposit is not sufficient to cover d. amounts the tenant owes under the lease, the owner may collect the balance from the tenant.

#### 13. Prohibition of Discrimination

In accordance with applicable equal opportunity statutes, Executive Orders, and regulations, the owner must not discriminate against any person because of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age, familial status or disability in connection with the lease.

#### 14. Conflict with Other Provisions of Lease

- The terms of the tenancy addendum are prescribed а by HUD in accordance with Federal law and regulation, as a condition for Federal assistance to the tenant and tenant's family under the Section 8 voucher program.
- In case of any conflict between the provisions of the h tenancy addendum as required by HUD, and any other provisions of the lease or any other agreement between the owner and the tenant, the requirements of the HUD-required tenancy addendum shall control.

#### 15. Changes in Lease or Rent

- a. The tenant and the owner may not make any change in the tenancy addendum. However, if the tenant and the owner agree to any other changes in the lease, such changes must be in writing, and the owner must immediately give the PHA a copy of such changes. The lease, including any changes, must be in accordance with the requirements of the tenancy addendum.
- In the following cases, tenant-based assistance shall b. not be continued unless the PHA has approved a new tenancy in accordance with program requirements and has executed a new HAP contract with the owner:
  - If there are any changes in lease requirements (1)governing tenant or owner responsibilities for utilities or appliances;
  - If there are any changes in lease provisions (2)governing the term of the lease;
  - If the family moves to a new unit, even if the (3)unit is in the same building or complex.
- c. PHA approval of the tenancy, and execution of a new HAP contract, are not required for agreed changes in the lease other than as specified in paragraph b.
- d. The owner must notify the PHA of any changes in the amount of the rent to owner at least sixty days before any such changes go into effect, and the amount of the rent to owner following any such agreed change may not exceed the reasonable rent for the unit as most recently determined or redetermined by the PHA in accordance with HUD requirements.

#### 16. Notices

Any notice under the lease by the tenant to the owner or by the owner to the tenant must be in writing.

#### 17. Definitions

Contract unit. The housing unit rented by the tenant with assistance under the program.

Family. The persons who may reside in the unit with assistance under the program.

HAP contract. The housing assistance payments contract between the PHA and the owner. The PHA pays housing assistance payments to the owner in accordance with the HAP contract.

Household. The persons who may reside in the contract unit. The household consists of the family and any PHA-approved live-in aide. (A live-in aide is a person who resides in the unit to provide necessary supportive services for a member of the family who is a person with disabilities.)

Housing quality standards (HQS). The HUD minimum quality standards for housing assisted under the Section 8 tenant-based programs.

HUD. The U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development. HUD requirements. HUD requirements for the Section 8 program. HUD requirements are issued by HUD headquarters, as regulations, Federal Register notices or other binding program directives. Lease. The written agreement between the owner and the tenant for the lease of the contract unit to the tenant. The lease includes the tenancy addendum prescribed by HUD.

PHA. Public Housing Agency. Premises. The building or complex in which the contract unit is located, including common areas and grounds.

Program. The Section 8 housing choice voucher program. Rent to owner. The total monthly rent payable to the owner for the contract unit. The rent to owner is the sum of the portion of rent payable by the tenant plus the PHA housing assistance payment to the owner.

Section 8. Section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937 (42 United States Code 1437f).

Tenant. The family member (or members) who leases the unit from the owner.

Voucher program. The Section 8 housing choice voucher program. Under this program, HUD provides funds to a PHA for rent subsidy on behalf of eligible families. The tenancy under the lease will be assisted with rent subsidy for a tenancy under the voucher program.

## **IMPORTANT DOCUMENT**

- English This is an important document, please contact the Athol Housing Authority at 978-249-4848 for language assistance. You have the right to an interpreter free of charge.
- Armenian Սա կարևոր փաստաթուղթ է, լեզվական օգնության համար խնդրում ենք կապվել Athol Housing Authority-ին 978-249-4848 հեռախոսահամարով։ Դուք անվճար թարգմանչի իրավունք ունեք։

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- Italian Questo è un documento importante, si prega di contattare la Athol Housing Authority al numero 978-249-4848 per assistenza linguistica. Hai diritto a un interprete gratuito.
- Korean 이것은 중요한 문서입니다. 언어 지원을 받으려면 Athol 주택 당국에 978-249-4848로 연락하십시오. 귀하는 무료로 통역사를 이용할 권리가 있습니다.

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- Portuguese Este é um documento importante, entre em contato com a Athol Housing Authority pelo telefone 978-249-4848 para obter assistência linguística. Tem direito a um intérprete gratuito.
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21 Morton Meadows 978-249-4848



Athol, MA 01331-2123

FAX 978-249-9604

## NOTICE OF RIGHTS TO REASONABLE ACCOMMODATION

"If you or anyone in your family is a person with disabilities, and you require a specific accommodation in order to fully utilize our programs and services, please contact the housing authority."

# Applicable federal and state law defines the term 'disability' means, with respect to an individual as:

- (a) a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more of the major life activities of such individual;
- (b) a record of such impairment; or
- (c) being regarded as having such an impairment.

but such term does not include current, illegal drug use or addiction to a controlled substance. Major life activities are defined as functions such as caring for one's self, performing manual tasks, walking, seeing, hearing, speaking, breathing, learning and working.

As an example for the federal Housing Choice Voucher Program (HCV) known as Section 8:

- A change in the rules or policies of how we do things that would make this program accessible to and usable by a person with disabilities or due to reasons beyond the family's control (extenuating circumstances).
- A change in the way we communicate with you or give you information.
- AHA Policy: "A family that requires a reasonable accommodation may request a higher payment standard at the time the Request for Tenancy Approval (RTA) is submitted. The family must document the need for the exception." Certain conditions apply. (AHA Admin Plan pg. 16-7.) Fair Housing Act (FHA) and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973

As an example for the state programs: Chapter 667 elderly and disabled or Chapter 709 family:

- A **reasonable accommodation** is a change, exception, or adjustment to a rule, policy, practice, or service that will allow a person with a disability to have an equal opportunity to use and enjoy a dwelling, including public and common spaces.
- Massachusetts General Law c. 151B §§4 (6) and (7)

You may ask for this kind of change, which is called a **Reasonable Accommodation**. <u>We request that it</u> <u>be in writing using our form</u>. If you need help filling out a Reasonable Accommodation Request Form, or if you want to give us your request in some other way, please contact this office.

You **must** explain <u>what type of accommodation</u> is needed to provide the person with the disability to full access the program(s) we offer. If your request is reasonable (does not pose an "undue financial and administrate burden" or result in a "fundamental alteration" of the program), we will try to make the change you request. <u>In other words, what this legal phrase means</u>: if it is not too expensive or too difficult to arrange or change the program per state or federal laws or rules.

We will let you know if we need more information or verification from you or if possible, make suggestions of other ways that we could meet your needs.