2014085587
ELECTRONICALLY RECORDED
Official Public Records
8/8/2014 1:00 PM



Dianne Wilson, County Clerk Fort Bend County Texas

Pages: 25

Fee: \$105.00

SUPPLEMENTAL NOTICE OF DEDICATORY INSTRUMENTS for TEALBRIAR COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION, INC.

THE STATE OF TEXAS

§

COUNTY OF FORT BEND

§ 8

The undersigned, being the Managing Agent for Tealbriar Community Association, Inc. (the "Association"), a property owners' association as defined in Section 202.001 of the Texas Property Code, hereby amends and supplements that certain instrument entitled "Notice of Dedicatory Instruments for Tealbriar Community Association, Inc." filed of record in the Official Public Records of Real Property of Fort Bend County, Texas under County Clerk's File No. 2011129957 (the "Notice") was filed of record for the purpose of complying with Section 202.006 of the Texas Property Code.

<u>Additional Dedicatory Instrument</u>. In addition to the Dedicatory Instruments identified in the Notice, the following document is a Dedicatory Instrument governing the Association.

Tealbriar Community Association, Inc. Architectural Control Committee Guidelines.

A true and correct copy of such Dedicatory Instrument is attached to this Supplemental Notice.

This Supplemental Notice is being recorded in the Official Public Records of Real Property of Fort Bend County, Texas for the purpose of complying with Section 202.006 of the Texas Property Code. I hereby certify that the information set forth in this Supplemental Notice is true and correct and that the copy of the Dedicatory Instrument attached to this Supplemental Notice is a true and correct copy of the original.

Executed on this 24th day of February,

TEALBRIAR COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION, INC.

By:

MASC Austin-Properties, Inc. Managing Agent

Angela Connell, Vice President

2014085587 Page 2 of 25

THE STATE OF TEXAS

COUNTY OF FORT BOARD

BEFORE ME, the undersigned notary public, on this day of January, 2014 personally appeared Angela Connell, Vice President of MASC Austin Properties, Inc., Managing Agent for Tealbriar Community Association, Inc., known to me to be the person whose name is subscribed to the foregoing instrument, and acknowledged to me that she executed the same for the purpose and in the capacity therein expressed.

Notary Public in and for the State of Texas

MICKI L. SEARS MY COMMISSION EXPIRES November 18, 2015

251016

TEALBRIAR COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION, INC. ARCHITECTURAL CONTROL COMMITTEE GUIDELINES

Effective January 25, 2014

INDEX

1.0 - Outbuildings	4
2.0 - Basketball Goals	5
3.0 - Patio Covers	6
4.0 - Decks, Deck Covers & Gazebos	7
5.0 - Room Additions	7
6.0 - Prefabricated Sunrooms and Solariums	8
7.0 - Exterior Painting	8
8.0 - Storm Windows & Storm/Screen Doors	9
9.0 - Swimming Pools, Spa, & Enclosures	9
10.0- Solar Energy Devices, Screens & Film	9
11.0 - Satellite Dish	11
12.0 - Fence & Fence Extensions	11
13.0 - Decorations	12
14.0 - Exterior Lighting	12
15.0 - Wind Turbines	13
16.0 - Outdoor Carpeting	13
17.0 - Burglar Bars	13
18.0 - Birdhouse	13
19.0 - Landscaping	13
20.0 - Antennas	15
21.0 - Swing Sets	15
22.0 - Driveway Extensions & Sidewalks	15
23.0 - Garage Conversions, Carports, Detached Garages	15
24.0 - Window Air Conditioners	15
25.0 - Window Shades/Awnings	16
26.0 - Roofs	16
27.0 - Rainwater Harvesting Systems	17
28.0 - Flags	18
29.0 - Display of Religious items	19
APPENDIX - Definitions	20

2014085587 Page 4 of 25

From time to time the Tealbriar Community Association, Inc. may approve separate policies and guidelines in addition to those set out in the main body of the Architectural Control Committee Guidelines. This usually occurs in response to changes mandated by the Texas Legislature. Those separate policies and guidelines are recorded in the local property records and posted on The Tealbriar Community Association, Inc. website.

ARCHITECTURAL CONTROL COMMITTEE GUIDELINES

The Architectural Control Committee (ACC) was created to enhance property values by requiring conformity to certain standards of construction, visual appeal, uniformity, and design. The Declaration of Covenants, Conditions and Restrictions, Tealbriar (CCR's) provide that no building, fence, wall, structure, improvement, exterior appurtenance, or exterior corporeal hereditament, except landscaping (landscaping defined as "living plants, trees, shrubs, flowers, etc., and utilization of non-living material necessary for growth; i.e., bark, mulch, etc... trellises, window boxes, arbors, and permanent brick borders must have Architectural Control Committee approval. Landscape timbers and bricks without mortar do not need Architectural Control Committee approval unless they exceed a height of two (2) feet, shall be commenced, erected, placed, or altered on any Lot, nor shall any exterior addition to or change or alteration, other than landscaping, be made to the Lot, improvements, appurtenances, or corporeal hereditaments until the construction plans and specifications describing the nature, kind, shape, height, materials and plot plan showing the location of same, have been approved in writing.

It is the general purpose of the ACC to approve or disapprove applications made to it for proposed alterations, additions, or changes to be made to the exterior of the house and/or the lot itself. Landscaping does not require ACC approval unless specifically referenced in the deed restrictions.

Procedure

A "Request for Home Improvement Approval Form" (RFHIA) must be completed in its entirety and mailed to the address indicated at the top of the form. All pertinent information such as plans, specifications, building permits, locations indicated on a copy of the survey, etc. should be included with the application.

These forms are available from our management company (Designated Representative). The ACC cannot respond to verbal request for approval - all applications must be made in writing.

The ACC has thirty (30) days from date of receipt of an application in which to respond. If additional information is required by the ACC, the application process will be extended accordingly. But during this time (until approved) the application will be deemed denied due to the provisions of the CCR's. Plans for implementation of the proposed improvement(s) should allow for time required to complete the approval process.

If an application is not approved, the ACC will state in their letter why such approval was denied and what type of application changes, if any, would alter that decision. If an applicant wishes to discuss or appeal a decision made by the ACC, the Designated Representative should be contacted at a specified number.

Guidelines

The following are guidelines adopted by the ACC to specify their standards, requirements, and thought processes used in evaluating an application. These guidelines will be amended from time to time as the circumstances, conditions, or opinions of the ACC dictate. It should be noted that each application is considered on its own merit and that the ACC may grant a variance from these guidelines if an extremely good reason is given. Granting variances is strongly discouraged as it reduces the enforceability of these guidelines and hurts the credibility of the ACC. The ACC cannot allow variances from the CCR's except where specifically stated in the CCR's. The CCR's can only be changed with a majority vote of the homeowners.

It should be also being noted that ACC approval is required prior to the installation or construction of the improvement or change. If an improvement is made without ACC approval, the Board of Directors has the legal right to enforce its removal.

1.0 Outbuildings

1.1 No structures of a temporary character, mobile home, camper, trailer, basement, tent, shack, garage, barn or other outbuilding shall used on any Lot at any time as a residence. Portable buildings used for accessory or storage purposes shall be limited to not more than eight (8) feet in height and one hundred twenty (120) square feet of floor space and shall be subject to approval of the ACC. Temporary structures may be used as building offices and for related purposes suring the construction period. Such structures shall be inconspicuous and sightly and shall be removed immediately after completion of the construction and shall be subject to approval of the Architectural Control Committee. The intention of the Declarant that no variances be available except at the direction of the ACC or if it shall have succeeded to the authority of the Architectural Committee in the manner provided herein, the Board of Directors of the Association. The ACC shall have the Authority to approve any variance except as expressly provided in this Declaration.

1.2 The ACC will consider the following:

a. In order to severely limit an outbuilding's visibility from the front street; it must have a peaked roof no higher than six (6) feet if any part of it extends past the left or right side walls of the house. A maximum height of eight (8) feet is allowed if the outbuilding does not extend past the left or right sides of the house. Visibility from a side street or back street is not to be taken into consideration. The structure must be kept a minimum of three (3) feet off rear and side property lines. Its location must also be far enough away from fence to allow for drainage to occur entirely on the owner's lot.

2014085587 Page 7 of 25

- b. It is preferred that the floor space be 100 square feet or less, however, the ACC will approve up to 120 square feet. Its door cannot be a garage door and cannot exceed six (6) feet in width. There shall be no driveway adjacent to the outbuilding. Where building permits are required, they should be submitted with request form.
- c. The colors should match or blend with the predominant exterior colors of the main residence and must be a muted color.
- d. Materials should match those of the main residence in both size and color; however, the ACC will approve small prefabricated metal storage buildings providing the color blends with the main residence.
- d. A storage building placed on a concrete slab on top of a utility easement will portable.
- e. No storage can be built up against any side or rear wall of home unless its maximum height is less than six (6) feet. It must also comply with all the other requirements for proper construction, size and location.
- g. If a fort has a platform, then the platform can be no higher than four (4) feet off ground and centered in back yard to protect neighbor's privacy.

2.0 Basketball Goals

- 2.1 The basketball backboard, net, and post must be maintained in excellent times.
- 2.2 If the backboard is mounted onto the roof by use of a small, triangular mounting structure, the mounting structure must be painted to match the shingle color.
- 2.3 Rims must be ten (10) feet in height.
- 2.4 Backboard must be regulation size and its color must not clash with the colors of the house. Beige, grey, clear, and white generally acceptable colors. Black is not acceptable.
- 2.5 Must be mounted on garage or placed a pole on the side of driveway.
- 2.6 Written approval of neighbors on both sides must be obtained.
- 2.7 If any complaints are received within six (6) months after installation, the basketball goal will be subject to immediate removal at the request of the ACC.

3.0 Patio Covers

- 3.1 Patio covers are only allowed in back of the house. They cannot extend past the left or right side walls of the house in order to severely limit their visibility from the front street.
- 3.2 Should be constructed of materials which complement the main structure.
- 3.3 Prefab covers made of aluminum may be approved providing they are of a muted color such as grey, brown, or beige. Unfinished aluminum will not receive ACC approval. All metal must be painted and certain structures using fiberglass roofing and wood frame may be allowed to go unpainted provided treated wood is used.
- 3.4 Must be integrated into existing roof line (flush with eaves) and if it is to be shingled, shingles must match roof. Entire patio cover and posts should be trimmed out to match house. Supports must be painted wooden or metal columns. No pipe is allowed. At no time, however shall a shingled roof of a patio cover be allowed with an unpainted frame (this does not apply to deck covers which cover a wooden deck). The frame will have to be painted to match the trim of the house whether treated or untreated wood is used.
- 3.5 Acceptable patio construction materials are as follows:
 - a. Colored or painted aluminum to match the trim of the house.
 - b. Painted wood to match the trim of the house.
 - c. Wood such as cedar, fir, redwood, or pressure treated pine may be used.
 - d. Fiberglass is acceptable and muted colors such as tan, brown, beige, and clear may be used. No green or yellow is allowed. Edges of fiberglass must not be visible from surrounding properties or from the street. General Note: All patio cover material, i.e., fiberglass, corrugated aluminum, metal, wood, lattice, must be completely framed in so that no raw edges of material are visible.
 - e. If canvas is used as roofing material on a patio cover, it must be a muted color and also, the canvas must be kept in quality condition or its removal will be requested by the ACC. No blues or greens allowed for residential use.
- Patio covers may not encroach into any utility easement unless the utility companies involved have granted their written consent to such encroachment.
- 3.7 Patio covers must be situated on the lot to provide drainage solely into the owner's lot. If a proposed patio cover location is less than five (5) feet away from a side lot line, the ACC will require that it be guttered with downspouts if it is to be a solid cover.

4.0 Decks. Deck Covers, & Gazebos

- 4.1 Decks, deck covers, and gazebos are not prohibited as long as they are not fully enclosed by walls and a roof to resemble an outbuilding or addition.
- 4.2 Deck covers and gazebos are only allowed in the back yard, however deck covers and gazebos cannot extend past the left or right side walls of the house in order to severely limit their visibility from the front street. Decks can extend past the side walls as long as they are not visible from the front street at the front of the home.
- 4.3 Their floors cannot be higher than eighteen (18) inches.
- 4.4 Deck covers generally must comply with the patio cover guidelines however their frames do not have to be painted, even if they have a shingled roof, if the deck is not painted. If they are painted, the paint should match the house.
- 4.5 Decks, deck covers, and gazebos may not encroach into any utility easement unless companies involved have granted their written consent to such encroachment.
- 4.6 They should not be situated on the lot so that they may pose a problem to the effective drainage of the lot or neighboring lot.
- 4.7 Gazebos must also be at least six (6) feet away from house. Their maximum height at the peak is eleven (11) feet and they must be at least three (3) feet off side and back fence.

5.0 Room Additions

- 5.1 Review the CCRs for detailed information of where the main residence (including room additions) cannot be located for the various types of houses. To summarize for a Single Family Detached house, it cannot be located nearer than twenty (20) feet to the front property line, nearer than ten (10) feet from the rear property line, nearer than five (5) feet to an interior side lot line, or nearer than ten (10) feet to an exterior lot line (on a corner lot).
- 5.2 Exterior materials and colors should match the house as much as possible.
- 5.3 Detailed plans must be submitted to the ACC for approval prior to construction, along with any required permits
- Room additions may not encroach into any utility easement unless the utility companies involved have granted their written consent to such encroachment.

2014085587 Page 10 of 25

- On individual basis. Size and shape will depend on architectural style and layout of home, size of lot, and how well room addition integrates with existing home. Addition of a storage area or a greenhouse will not qualify as a bonfire room addition and will not be permitted. Plans for a room addition must show a room internally attached to main structure being of reasonable size which will then constitute a legitimate request for a room addition. Roof of addition must integrate with existing roof line so as to appear to have been part of the original home. Room additions cannot exceed one-third of the remaining back yard.
- Where building permits are required, they must be submitted with the "RFHIA" form. In some instances, the ACC will grant approval with provision that a copy of the permit be received by the ACC within thirty (30) days of the approval letter.

6.0 Prefabricated Sunrooms & Solariums

- Review the CCRs for detailed information of where the main residence (including attached sunrooms and solariums) cannot be located for the various types of houses. To summarize for a Single Family Detached house, it cannot be located nearer than twenty (20) feet to the front property line, nearer than ten (10) feet from the rear property line, nearer than five (5) feet to an interior side lot line, or nearer than ten (10) feet to an exterior lot line (on a comer lot).
- 6.2 It must be attached to the back of the house and it must not extend past the left or right side walls of the house in order to severely limit its visibility from the front street. If it is not attached to the house, then it must be denied.
- 6.3 May not encroach into any utility easement unless the utility companies involved have granted their written consent to such encroachment.
- 6.4 Its height cannot exceed eleven (11) feet.
- 6.5 Exterior materials and colors should match the house as much as possible.
- 6.6 All aluminum should be painted. No mill finish allowed.
- 6.7 Detailed plans must be submitted to the ACC.

7.0 Exterior Painting

- 7.1 All paint colors must be muted (not vivid) grays, browns, or beiges, including grays, browns, or beiges which have slight tints of other colors such as blue, red, yellow, or green.
- 7.2 The applicant's brick color and roof color must be taken into consideration.

8.0 Storm Windows and Storm/Screen Doors

8.1 Providing the frames and screens of these are of a color compatible with the exterior house colors, storm windows and storm or screen doors should receive ACC approval.

9.0 Swimming Pools, Spas, and Enclosures

- 9.1 No pool, spa, or pool enclosure of any type may encroach into any utility easement unless the utility companies involved have granted their written consent to such encroachment. Decking also requires consent agreement. Consents must be received prior to approval.
- 9.2 Ideally, any pool, spa, or pool enclosure should be located at least five (5) feet from a side and rear lot line to maintain proper drainage on lot. However, a minimum of three (3) feet will be allowed in certain instances. They are only allowed in back of the house.
- 9.3 Above ground pools will receive special consideration. An above ground pools are acceptable provided it is not over four (4) feet in height. Decking around pool cannot be over eighteen (18) inches above ground so to ensure privacy of neighbors. If there is a walkway around pool, it cannot be wider than two (2) feet or higher than the wall of the pool. Railings for walkway cannot be visible above the six (6) foot fence. It must be three (3) feet to five (5) feet from the side and rear fences.
- 9.4 Pool and spa enclosures cannot extend past the left or right side walls of the house in order to severely limit their visibility from the front street. Their height cannot exceed eleven (11) feet. Exterior materials and colors should match the house as much as possible. All aluminum should be painted. No mill finish allowed. Detailed plans must be submitted to the ACC.

10.0 Solar Energy Devices, Solar Panels, Screens, & Films

- 10.1 These guidelines apply to solar energy devices ("Devices") as defined in Section 171.107(a) of the Texas Tax Code. A solar energy device means a system or series of mechanisms designed primarily to provide heating or cooling or to produce electrical or mechanical power by collecting and transferring solar-generated energy. The term includes a mechanical or chemical device that has the ability to store solar-generated energy for use in heating or cooling or in the production of power.
- 10.2 Such Devices may only be installed with advance written approval of the ACC subject to these guidelines.
- 10.3 Any such Device must be installed on land or structures owned by the property owner. No portion of the Devices may encroach on adjacent properties or common areas.
- 10.4 Such Devices may only be installed in the following locations:

2014085587 Page 12 of 25

- a. on the roof of the main residential dwelling; or
- b. on the roof of any other approved structure; or
- c. within a fenced yard or patio.
- 10.5 For Devices mounted on a roof, the Device must:
 - a. have no portion of the Device no higher than beyond the roof line section to which it is attached; and have no portion of the Device extend beyond the perimeter boundary of the roof section to which it is attached; and
 - b. conform to the slope of the roof; and
 - c. be aligned so the top edge of the Device is parallel to the roof ridge line for the roof section to which it is attached; and
 - d. have a frame, brackets and visible piping or wiring that is a color to match the roof shingles or a silver, bronze or black tone commonly available in the marketplace; and
 - e. be located in a position on the roof which is least visible from any street or common area, so long as such location does not reduce estimated annual energy production more than 10% over alternative roof locations (as determined by a public ally available modeling tool provided by the National Renewable Energy Laboratory [www.nrel.gov] or equivalent entity).
- 10.6 For Devices located in a fenced yard or patio, no portion of the Device may extend above the top of the fence. If the fence is not a solid fence which blocks view of the Device, the Association may require the Device be placed in a location behind a structure or otherwise require visual screening. The Association may consider installation of Devices on properties without a fenced yard if there is adequate screening from public view from any street or common area.
- 10.7 All Devices must be installed in compliance with manufacturer's instruction and in a manner which does not void material warranties. Licensed craftsmen must be used where required by law. Permits must be obtained where required by law.
- 10.8 Installed Devices may not:
 - a. threaten public health or safety; as adjudicated by a court
 - b. violate any law; as adjudicated by a court
 - c. substantially interfere with the use and enjoyment of land by causing unreasonable discomfort or annoyance to any adjoining property owner.
- 10.9 All Devices must be maintained in good repair. Unused or inoperable Devices must be removed.
- 10.10 Parabolic solar collectors which are not mounted so as to be flush with the roof will not be approved.
- 10.11 Solar panel frames should be silver in color in order to best blend in with the shingles.
- 10.12 No solar panel should be mounted so that it extends above the roof line.

2014085587 Page 13 of 25

- 10.13 The ACC would prefer to have solar panels mounted on the front roof of a house rather than mounted on stands to the side or back roof.
- 10.14 Solar screens whose colors blend with the colors of the house are allowed on windows.
- 10.15 Colors and manufacturers must be acceptable to ACC for both screens and panels.
- 10.16 Solar film must be non-reflective type.

11.0 Satellite Dishes

Notwithstanding the provisions in Article II, Section 19 of the CCRs, no exterior antennas, aerials, satellite dishes, or other apparatus for the reception of television, radio, satellite or other signals of any kind shall be placed, allowed, or maintained upon any Lot, which are visible from any street, Common Area or another Lot, unless it is impossible to receive an acceptable quality signal from any other location. In that event, the receiving device may be placed in the least visible location where reception of an acceptable quality signal is possible. The Architectural Control Committee may require painting or screening of the receiving device, which painting or screening does not substantially interfere with an acceptable quality signal. In no event are the following devices permitted: (i) dish antennas designed to receive direct broadcast satellite service, including direct-to-home satellite service, or to receive or transmit fixed wireless signals via satellite, which are larger than one (1) meter in diameter; (ii) antennas larger than one meter designed to receive video programming services via broadband radio service (wireless cable) or to receive or transmit fixed wireless signals other than via satellite; or (iii) masts, which exceed the height of twelve feet (12') above the center ridge of the roofline. No exterior antennas, aerials, satellite dishes, or other apparatus shall be permitted, placed allowed or maintained upon any Lot, which transmit television, radio, satellite or other signals of any kind. This section is intended to be incompliance with the Telecommunication Act of 1996 ("Act") as may be amended from time to time; this section shall be interpreted to be as restrictive as possible, while not violating the Act.

12.0 Fence and Fence Extensions

- 12.1 No side or rear fence, wall, or hedge shall be more than eight (8) feet high. All fences must be constructed of ornamental iron, wood, or masonry at least six (6) feet in height.
- 12.2 The front fence must be six (6) feet tall. The rear or side fence can be no higher than eight (8) feet.
- 12.3 No painting, staining, or varnishing of fence.
- 12.4 Cedar only.
- 12.5 No split rail fences or decorative fencing permitted to front.

2014085587 Page 14 of 25

- 12.6 No fence may extend nearer the front Lot line than the plane of the front exterior wall of the residential structure on such lot.
- 12.7 Consents from all affected neighbors must be submitted in order to be considered for fence extensions, height extensions, or when changing the side of the fence the pickets are on.
- 12.8 If both neighbors do not concur as to a proposed fence extension, the ACC will examine the effect the fence extension will have on both properties. If one party will suffer detrimentally from the extension (i.e., will totally enclose a bay window), the ACC will reject the application.
- 12.9 Replacement or repairs of fence must be made with similar materials and construction details as used in the original fence.
- 12.10 Chain link fences are prohibited in Tealbriar Community Association, Inc.

13.0 Decorations

- On front lawns of lots and on any portion of a lot visible from any street, there shall be no decorative appurtenances placed, such as sculptures, birdbaths, birdhouses, fountains, or other decorative embellishments, unless such items have been approved in writing by the ACC.
- 13.2 Benches and gates will be reviewed on an individual basis.
- 13.3 House numbers may be placed on the house or mailbox, but not on any type of freestanding structure in the front yard.

14.0 Exterior Lighting

- 14.1 Additional exterior lighting should not be of a wattage or lumen count which will affect neighboring homes.
- 14.2 Directional lights or floodlights must be aimed so as not to shine in the windows of neighboring homes.
- 14.3 Low voltage landscape lighting should receive ACC approval.
- 14.4 Security, mercury vapor, or fluorescent lights must be attached to the front of the house, preferably garage. Mercury vapor, fluorescent, and sodium halite lights are not permitted in the back or side yard.
- 14.5 Yard lights may be gas or electric. Single lamp lights, with a maximum height of six (6) feet may be located in the front or back yard. Gas or electric lights must be black,

2014085587 Page 15 of 25

- brown, or white, depending on color of the house and determination of suitable color will be the decision of the ACC.
- 14.6 Flags may be illuminated only in compliance with the provisions listed in 29.0. Flags.

15.0 Wind Turbines

- 15.1 Wind turbines should be mounted in the rear portion of the roof so that they are not visible from the front or above the roof line.
- 15.2 The wind turbines preferably should either be a color which will blend with the shingle color instead of unfinished aluminum or be painted to match the shingle color.

16.0 Outdoor Carpeting

- 16.1 Can only be installed on porch area no walkways, etc.
- 16.2 Muted colors such as grey, brown, and beige are acceptable even if slightly tinted otherwise.
- 16.3 Specifically no green or blue carpet.
- 16.4 Visibility from street will be considered.

17.0 Burglar Bars

- 17.1 Acceptable provided in harmony with the house.
- 17.2 Painted to match exterior trim or black.

18.0 Birdhouses

- 18.1 Maximum height twelve (12) feet.
- 18.2 Mounted on two-inch diameter metal pipe painted white of black.
- 18.3 Should be placed towards the middle of the back yard.

19.0 Landscaping

- 19.1 Trellises, window boxes, arbors, and permanent brick borders [i.e. with mortar] must have ACC approval.
- 19.2 Landscape timbers and bricks without mortar do not need ACC approval unless they exceed 2' in height.

2014085587 Page 16 of 25

- 19.3 Must complement style and architecture of home and conform to color scheme of immediate neighborhood to be approved.
- 19.4 Living plants, trees, shrubs, flowers, etc., and utilization of non-living material necessary for growth; i.e. bark mulch, etc. Do not need ACC approval
- 19.5 No hedge in excess of three (3) feet in height shall be erected or maintained nearer to the front Lot line than the plane of the front exterior wall of the residential structure on such Lot. No side or rear fence, wall, or hedge shall be more than eight (8) feet high. ACC approval is needed on a hedge over three (3) feet.
- 19.6 No object or thing [including landscaping and plants] which obstructs site [sight] lines at elevations between two (2) feet and eight (8) feet above the roadways within the triangular area formed by the intersecting street property lines and a line connecting them at points ten (10) feet from the intersection of the street property lines or extension thereof shall be placed, planted or permitted to remain on any corner lots.

19.7 Xeriscape Landscaping:

- a. The installation of Xeriscape Landscaping requires the prior written approval of the ACC.
- b. A proposed installation of Xeriscape Landscaping shall be reviewed by the ACC to ensure, to the extent practicable, maximum aesthetic compatibility with other landscaping in Tealbriar.
- c. As a general rule, full lawns composed of naturally green turf are required in the front yard space and the space along the side of the residential dwelling on a Lot not enclosed by a fence. If a deviation from this general rule is allowed, non-turf areas must be decomposed granite, hardwood mulch, crushed limestone, flagstone, or loose stone material as approved by the ACC. Concrete surface are limited to driveways and sidewalks. Non-turf materials may not be used in an area between a sidewalk and an adjacent street as the material is likely to wash out onto the street. The area within a particular Lot that may be non-turf shall be determined by the ACC; the non-turf area may vary from Lot-to-Lot depending upon the size and configuration of the Lot and the objective of preserving maximum aesthetic compatibility with other landscaping in Tealbriar.
- d. Xeriscape Landscaping is subject to the same requirements as other landscaping and must be maintained at all times to ensure an attractive appearance. Plants must be trimmed, beds must be kept weed-free and borders must be edged. Leaves and other debris must be cut back to remove dead materials during winter. This includes most ornamental grasses and other flowering perennials, which go dormant to the ground in winter.

20.0 Antennas

- 20.1 Back side of house, lower than roof line and must not be visible from the front side of the lot.
- 20.2 If a lot backs onto vacant property and can be seen from entrance to subdivision or adjacent road, screening will be required. Trees can be used as an effective screen.

21.0 Swing Sets

- 21.1 In order to severely limit a swing set's visibility from the front street, it must be no higher than six (6) feet if any part of it extends past the left or right side walls of the house. A maximum height of eight (8) feet is allowed if the swing set does not extend past the left or right sides of the house. Visibility from a side street or back street is not to be taken into consideration.
- 21.2 Location will be considered for neighbors' privacy.

22.0 Driveway Extensions & Sidewalks

- 22.1 Case by case.
- 22.2 No closer than three (3) feet to property line and sometimes up to five (5) feet. Driveway extensions can extend no nearer to side property line than three (3) feet and five (5) feet in certain instances.
- All sidewalks in the side yard must be no greater than thirty-six (36) inches wide. Thirty (30) inches wide is the recommended width for the standard five (5) foot side yard.

23.0 Garage Conversions, Carports, Detached Garages

- 23.1 Conversions of attached garages are permitted provided there are no exterior changes to the garage (i.e. the converted garage must still look like a garage and have a garage door).
- 23.2 Detached garages, other than existing structures built by General Homes, are not permitted.
- 23.3 Driveways can never be removed from the front yard.

24.0 Window Air Conditioners

24.1 Must not be visible from any street and must be below the fence line.

25.0 Window Shades/Awnings

- 25.1 Canvas awnings will not be permitted to be installed on windows to reduce solar exposure unless they are on the back side of the house on an interior lot and not visible at all from the street. On a corner lot or a lot that backs onto a street, canvas awnings will not be permitted at all. When allowed, they must be muted colors, no blues, greens, etc., and must be kept in excellent condition at all times or will be subject to immediate removal upon notification by the ACC of their unacceptable condition.
- Awnings will still be allowed for use on playhouses and patio covers, provided they also comply with the above mentioned requirements for proper location and color.
- 25.3 Metal and wooden slat-type shades may be allowed by the ACC, if they are deemed necessary in reduction of solar exposure and installation on appropriate windows will be determined by the ACC. At no time, however, will they be allowed on windows on the fronts of homes.

26.0 Roofs

- All buildings shall be roofed with composition shingles unless otherwise approved in writing by the ACC. Wood shingles are specifically prohibited for safety reasons.
- 26.2 Composition shingles must weigh at least 230 pounds per square and have a stated warranty of at least 25 years. Shingles must have a laminated design. Three-tab shingles are specifically prohibited except for use as a starter and cap rows.
- 26.3 Roof shingles must be dark brown or dark gray tones or light brown or light gray. Blue, green, red and white colors are not allowed.
- 26.4 Roof overlays are not allowed. Prior to roofing, all existing materials must be removed down to clean decking. Any damaged or deteriorated decking must be replaced.
- 26.5 Ridge vent are encouraged, to improve ventilation, reduce attic temperature and reduce cooling costs, but are not required.
- 26.6 All roof protrusions, such as vents, roof jacks, must be painted to match the shingles.
- 26.7 Subject to Section 26.8 below and with advance written approval from the ACC, an owner may install shingles ("Alternative Shingles") which are designed primarily to:
 - a. be wind and hail resistant; or
 - b. provide heating or cooling efficiencies greater than traditional composition shingles; or
 - c. provide solar energy capture capabilities.
- 26.8 Once installed, any such Alternative Shingles must:
 - a. resemble the shingles used or authorized to be used on other structures within the Association; and
 - b. be more durable than and of equal or superior quality to the shingles used or authorized to be used on other structures within the Association; and
 - c. match the aesthetics of properties surrounding the owner's property.
- 26.9 All roof colors must be muted (not vivid) greys, browns, or beiges, or black.

2014085587 Page 19 of 25

- 26.10 The roof color must blend or accent the applicant's brick color and paint color.
- 26.11 Roofing materials other than composite asphalt shingles may be used, such as aluminum, however, these must have the appearance of composite shingles in order to remain consistent with the neighborhood.

27.0 Rainwater Harvesting Systems

- 27.1 In order to confirm the proposed rain barrel or rain harvesting device is in compliance with these guidelines, Owners are encouraged to apply to the ACC for prior approval. The Association may require the owner to remove a rain barrel or rain harvesting device that does not comply with requirements of these Guidelines.
- 27.2 All such Systems must be installed on land owned by the property owner. No portion of the Systems may encroach on adjacent properties or common areas.
- 27.3 Other than gutters and downspouts conventionally attached to a dwelling or appurtenant structure, all components of the Systems, such as tanks, barrels, filters, pumps, motors, pressure tanks, pipes and hoses, must be substantially screened from public view from any street or common area. Screening may be accomplished by:
 - a. placement behind a solid fence, a structure or vegetation; or
 - b. by burying the tanks or barrels; or
 - c. by placing equipment in an outbuilding otherwise approved by the ACC.
- 27.4 A rain barrel may be placed in a location visible from public view from any street or common area only if the configuration of the guttering system on the structure precludes screening as described above with the following restrictions:
 - a. the barrel must not exceed 55 gallons; and the barrel must be installed in close proximity to the structure on a level base with the guttering downspout leading directly to the barrel inlet at a substantially vertical angle; and
 - b. the barrel must be fully painted in a single color to blend with the adjacent home or vegetation; and
 - c. any hose attached to the barrel discharge must be neatly coiled and stored behind or beside the rain barrel in the least visible position when not in use.
- 27.5 Overflow lines from the Systems must not be directed onto or adversely affect adjacent properties or common areas.
- 27.6 Inlets, ports, vents and other openings must be sealed or protected with mesh to prevent children, animals and debris from entering the barrels, tanks or other storage devices. Open top storage containers are not allowed, however, where space allows and where appropriate, ACC approved ponds may be used for water storage.
- 27.7 Harvested water must be used and not allowed to become stagnant or a threat to health.
- All Systems must be maintained in good repair. Unused Systems should be drained and disconnected from the gutters. Any unused Systems in public view must be removed from public view from any street or common area.
- 27.9 Provided, however, the regulations in this Section 27 shall be applicable only to the

2014085587 Page 20 of 25

extent that they do not prohibit the economic installation of the rain barrel or rain harvesting system on the Lot and there is a reasonably sufficient area on the Lot in which to install the rain barrel or rain harvesting system.

28.0 Flags

- 28.1 These Guidelines apply to the display of ("Permitted Flags"):
 - a. the flag of the United States; and
 - b. the flag of the State of Texas; and
 - c. the official flag of any branch of the United States Armed Forces.
- 28.2 These Guidelines do <u>not</u> apply to any flags other than the Permitted Flags listed in Section 1 above including, but not limited to:
 - a. flags for schools, sports teams, businesses or foreign countries; or
 - b. flags with marketing, seasonal, historical, commemorative, nautical, political or religious themes; or
 - c. historical versions of flags permitted in section 1 above.
- 28.3 Permitted Flags may be displayed subject to these guidelines. Advance written approval of the ACC is required for any free-standing flagpole and any additional illumination associated with the display of Permitted Flags.
- 28.4 Permitted Flags must be displayed in a respectful manner in accordance with the current relevant federal, state or military code.
- 28.5 Permitted Flags must be displayed from a pole attached to a structure or to a free-standing pole. Permitted Flags may not be draped over or directly attached to structures. For example, a Permitted Flag may not be laid across a fence or stapled to a garage door.
- 28.6 Permitted Flags shall be no larger than three foot (3') by five foot (5') in size.
- Only one Permitted Flag may be displayed on a flagpole attached to a structure. Up to two Permitted Flags may be displayed on an approved free-standing flagpole that is at least fourteen feet (14') tall.
- 28.8 Flagpoles must be constructed of permanent, long-lasting materials with an appropriate finish that is harmonious with the dwelling.
- 28.9 A flagpole attached to a structure may be up to six feet (6') long and must be securely attached with a bracket with an angle of 30 to 45 degrees down from vertical. The flagpole must be attached in such a manner as to not damage the structure. One attached flagpole is allowed on any portion of a structure facing a street and one attached flagpole is allowed on the rear or backyard portion of a structure. Brackets which accommodate multiple flagpoles are not allowed.
- 28.10 Free-standing flagpoles may be up to twenty feet (20') tall, including any ornamental caps. Free-standing flagpoles must be permanently installed in the ground according to manufacturer's instructions. One free-standing flagpole is allowed in the portion of the owner's property between the main residential dwelling and any street and one free-standing flagpole is allowed in the rear or backyard portion of a property.
- 28.11 Free-standing flagpoles may <u>not</u> be installed in any location described below:
 - a. in any location other than the Owner's property; or

2014085587 Page 21 of 25

- b. within a ground utility easement or encroaching into an aerial easement; or
- c. beyond the side or rear setback lines (for example, on a lot with a 10' side setback line, a flagpole may not be installed closer than 10' from the side property line); or
- d. beyond half the distance of the front setback line (for example, on a lot with a 30' front setback line, a flagpole may not be installed closer than 15' from the front property line); or
- e. closer to a dwelling on an adjacent lot than the height of the flagpole (for example, a 20' flagpole cannot be installed closer than 20' from an adjacent house).
- 28.12 Lighting may be installed to illuminate Permitted Flags if they will be displayed at night and if existing ambient lighting does not provide proper illumination. Flag lighting must:
 - a. be ground mounted in the vicinity of the flag; and
 - b. utilize a fixture that screens the bulb and directs light in the intended direction with minimal spillover; and
 - c. point towards the flag and face the main structure on the property or to the center of the property if there is no structure; and
 - d. provide illumination not to exceed the equivalent of a 60 watt incandescent bulb.
- 28.13 Flagpoles must not generate unreasonable noise levels which would disturb the quiet enjoyment of other residents. Each flagpole owner should take steps to reduce noise levels by using vinyl or plastic snap hooks, installing snap hook covers or securing a loose halyard (rope) around the flagpole with a flagpole clasp.
- 28.14 Flagpoles are allowed solely for the purpose of displaying Permitted Flags. If a flagpole is no longer used on a daily basis, it must be removed.
- 28.15 All flags and flagpoles must be maintained in good condition. Deteriorated flags must be removed and promptly replaced. Deteriorated or structurally unsafe flagpoles must be promptly repaired, replaced or removed.

29.0 Display of Religious Items

- 29.1 A property owner or resident may display or attach one or more religious items to each or any entry to their dwelling. Such items may include anything related to any faith that is motivated by the resident's sincere religious belief or tradition.
- 29.2 Individually or in combination with each other, the items at any entry may not exceed 25 square inches total in size.
- 29.3 The items may only be displayed on or attached to the entry door or frame and may not extend beyond the outside edge of the door frame.
- 29.4 To the extent allowed by the Texas state constitution and the United States constitution,

2014085587 Page 22 of 25

any such displayed or affixed religious items may not:

- a. threaten public health or safety; or
- b. violate any law; or
- c. contain language, graphics or any display that is patently offensive to a passerby.
- 29.5 Approval from the ACC is not required for displaying religious items in compliance with these guidelines.
- 29.6 The Association may remove any items displayed in violation of these guidelines.

Appendix - Definitions

Explanation

No structure of a temporary character, whether trailer, basement, tent, shack, garage, barn or other outbuilding shall be maintained or used on any Lot at any time as a residence, or for any other purpose, with the exception of lawn storage or children's playhouses which have received ACC approval; ... Since this statement has a large impact on what is and is not allowed in Tealbriar Community Association, its definition has been recorded here to make sure the ACC fully understands and enforces it.

In order to understand this statement, the key words must first be understood. Webster's Third International Dictionary defines these as follows:

Structure-something constructed or built; esp: a building of imposing size: edifice.

Temporary - existing or continuing for a limited time.

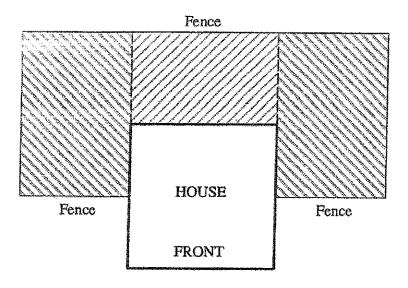
Out-building - a detached building, subordinate and accessory to a main building.

Building - a constructed edifice designed to stand more or less permanently, covering a space of land, usually covered by a roof and more or less completely enclosed by walls, and serving as a dwelling, storehouse, factory, shelter for animals, or other useful structure - distinguished from structures not designed for occupancy (as fences or monuments) and from structures not intended for use in one place (as boats or trailers) even though subject to occupancy.

So according to Webster's, the word 'structure' could mean anything built, or it could mean only a 'building'. If the former definition is used, then it would be prohibiting any temporary thing built and used for any purpose which would include decks, patio covers, fences, outdoor grills, pools, antennas, satellite dishes, and even automobiles! It then becomes obvious that the latter definition is meant (i.e. a 'building'). Therefore, a "structure of a temporary character" means any 'building' other than the permanent main residence, which is actually the same definition as 'outbuilding' (i.e. something covered by a roof and completely enclosed by walls which is detached from the main residence). This definition also agrees with the list other 'outbuildings' such as a "trailer [trailerhome], tent, shack, garage, barn or other outbuilding". Therefore, the only 'outbuildings' allowed in Tealbriar Community Association are lawn storage sheds and children's playhouses, which could include forts. All other 'outbuildings' are prohibited such as workshops, barns, and greenhouses. This definition does not prohibit decks, deck covers, patio covers, gazebos, and the like since these are not 'buildings' as long as they are not enclosed by walls and a roof.

Side Walls of the House

When an improvement's guidelines talks about extending past the left or right side walls or the house, it means the following:



Extends Past The Left or Right Side Walls of the House.

Does Not Extend Past the Left Or Right Side Walls of the House.

The main purpose is to severely limit the improvement's visibility from the front street, thus keeping the uncluttered appearance of our neighborhood. The consequences of not following these guidelines are severe, because if the ACC allows something normal in

2014085587 Page 24 of 25

the backyard, like a storage shed, to be visible from the front street, then it could be forced to allow something 'abnormal', like an eight (8) foot glow-in-the-dark statue of Adolf Hitler, to also be visible. (The ACC would be hard pressed to convince the statue owner that someone else's old storage shed looks better his piece of 'artwork'.) This would lead to a serious question of what is normal and what is not. So, by following these location guidelines, the ACC severely limits the visibility from the front street of all improvements, and therefore, eliminates this problem.

In general, an acceptable location is defined as anywhere in the backyard for anything that is six (6) feet tall or less (i.e. hidden by the fence), subject to all the other rules for that type tall, they must be placed behind the main house and must not extend past the side walls of the house.

The ACC uses this side-wall-of-the-house rule, instead of just stating that the improvement must not be visible from the front street, because of its simplicity of approval and enforcement. Visibility from the front street depends on many factors such as distance to the neighboring houses, depth of the back yard, relative height of the fence to the street and of the backyard to the fence, as well as the height of the improvements and its location on the survey. The only way to assure that an improvement would not be visible would be to build it and move it until it is not visible, which of course would be a disaster for many improvements. It would also bring up the issue of visible to whom, a six foot person or a five foot person? The side-wall rule only requires the height of the improvement and its location on the survey to determine if the improvement is acceptable. So the end result of using the side-wall rule is slightly increased visibility from the street, but a much simpler rule to use.

CERTIFICATE OF SECRETARY of TEALBRIAR COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION, INC. adopting ARCHITECTURAL CONTROL COMMITTEE GUIDELINES

THE STATE OF TEXAS §	
COUNTY OF FORT BEND §	
I, Colin Robinson	, Secretary of Tealbriar
Community Association, Inc. (the "Association of the Board of Directors of the Association of the Associatio	A Secretary of Tealbrian ation"), do hereby certify that at a meeting on (the "Board") duly called and held on the, 2014, with at least a quorum of the aroughout, and being duly authorized to ar Community Association, Inc. Architectural adopted and approved by a majority vote of the Architectural Control Committee) in
	TEALBRIAR COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION, INC.
	Colon Kolon
	Ву:
	Printed: COLIN KOBINSON
	Its: Secretary
THE STATE OF TEXAS §	Its: Secretary
THE STATE OF TEXAS S S S S S S S S S S S S	Its: Secretary
COUNTY OF FORTEND \$	
BEFORE ME, the undersigned nota 2014 personally appeared Community Association, Inc., known to me	ary public, on this day of corrections, Secretary of Tealbriar to be the person whose name is subscribed aged to me that he/she executed the same expressed.
BEFORE ME, the undersigned nota 2014 personally appeared Community Association, Inc., known to me to the foregoing instrument, and acknowled	ary public, on this day of <u>Libruan</u> , Secretary of Tealbriar to be the person whose name is subscribed aged to me that he/she executed the same
BEFORE ME, the undersigned note 2014 personally appeared Community Association, Inc., known to me to the foregoing instrument, and acknowled for the purpose and in the capacity therein	ary public, on this day of corrections, Secretary of Tealbriar to be the person whose name is subscribed aged to me that he/she executed the same expressed.