West Region Tournament Seeding and **Tie-Breaker Criteria**

Basketball

Seeding: The seeds for the West Region Tournament shall be determined based on each team's overall regular-season conference finish. The regular season champion shall earn the top seed in the tournament. The remaining seeds are then deter-mined based on their conference winning percentage. Once all seeds are determined, the top 8 seeds will advance to the tournament and be placed accordingly into the bracket. In the event of a tie for a particular seed, the seed will be determined as follows:

1. Most wins in head to head meetings.

If still tied 2. Won-Loss record among tied teams.

If still tied. 3. Point differential among the tied teams with a maxi-

mum of 10 points allowed. If still tied.

4. Point differential among all teams with a maximum of 10 points allowed. If still tied.

5. Coin flip

Notes

*Determining seeds must start with No. 1 and then No. 2..No. 3.. No. 4 and so forth until all seeds are determined. *For all ties involving three or more teams, once the tie is broken

and the highest-seeded team is determined, the remaining tied teams will revert back to the beginning of the applicable tiebreaker.

Tie-Break Scenarios

A. Two Teams Team A and Team B each finished 14-4 in the conference regular season standings. Therefore, a tie-breaker is necessary to prop-erly seed the teams into the region tournament.

Tie-Break Criteria No. 1 Most wins in head to head meetings

Team A has 1 win Team B has 1 win

Since Team A and B remained tied after Tie-Break Criteria No. 1, they move on to Tie-Break Criteria No. 2.

Tie-Break Criteria No. 2

Won-Loss record among tied teams Team A was 1-1 against Team B Team B was 1-1 against Team A

Since Team A and B remained tied after Tie-Break Criteria No. 2, they move on to Tie-Break Criteria No. 3.

Tie-Break Criteria No. 3

Point Differential Among Tied Teams Team A defeated Team B 75-69 Team B defeated Team A 70-69

Team A's point differential is plus 5 (+6 in the win: -1 in the loss) Team B's point differential is minus 5 (+1 in the win; -6 in the loss)

Therefore, Team A wins the tie-breaker since its point differential is higher.

Note: If Team A and Team B have the same point differential against each other, they move to Tie-Break Criteria No. 4 which is Point Differential Among All WDA Teams.

<u>B. Three or more teams</u> Team A, Team B and Team C all finished 12-6 in the conference regular season standings. Therefore, a tie-breaker is necessary to properly seed the teams into the region tournament.

Tie-Break Criteria No. 1

Most wins in head to head meetings Team A has 3 wins Team B has 1 win Team C has 2 wins

Team A has more wins than Team B and C in head to head meetings. Therefore, Team A wins tie-breaker

Now we have to break tie between Teams B and C. Again, we revert back to Tie-Break Critieria No. 1

Tie-Break Criteria No. 1 Most wins in head to head meetings Team B has 1 win against Team C Team C has 1 win against Team B Since Team B and C each have 1 win in head to head meetings, they move to Tie-Break Criteria No 2

Tie Break Criteria No. 2

Won-Loss record among tied teams. Team B posted a 1-1 record Team C posted a 1-1 record

Since Team B and C each have a 1-1 record, they move on to Tie-Break Criteria No. 3.

Tie-Break Criteria No. 3 Point differential among tied teams with a maximum of 10 points

Team B defeated Team C 85-75 Team B lost to Team C 67-66 Team B's point differential is plus 9 (+10 in the win; -1 in the loss)

Team C defeated Team B. 67-66

Team C lost to Team B, 85-75 Team C's point differential is minus 9 (+1 in the win; -10 in the loss) Team B wins tie-break over Team C

<u>C. Three or more teams (Example 2)</u> Team A, Team B and Team C all finished 10-4 in the conference regular season standings. Therefore, a tie-breaker is necessary to properly seed the teams into the region tournament.

Tie-Break Criteria No. 1

Most wins in head to head meetings Team A has 2 wins Team B has 2 wins Team C has 2 wins

Since Teams A B and C remained tied after Tie-Break Criteria No. 1, they all proceed to Tie-Break Criteria No. 2.

Tie Break Criteria No. 2

Won-Loss Record among tied teams. Team A posted a 2-2 record, collectively, against Teams B and С

Team B posted a 2-2 record, collectively, against Teams A and C Team C posted a 2-2 record, collectively, against Teams A and B

Since Teams A, B and C remained tied after Tie-Break Criteria No. 2, they proceed to Tie-Break Criteria No. 3.

Tie-Break Criteria No. 3

Point Differential Among Tied Teams (Maximum of Plus 10) Team A defeated Team B, 75-70 Team A lost to Team B, 63-70 Team A's point differential against Team B is minus 2 (+5 in the win: -7 in the loss)

Team A defeated Team C, 80-75 Team A lost to Team C, 70-74 Team A's point differential against Team C is plus 1 (+5 in the win: -4 in the loss). Team A's collective point differential is minus 1

Team B defeated Team A, 70-63 Team B lost to Team A, 70-75 Team B's point differential against Team A is plus 2 (+7 in the win; -5 in the loss)

Team B defeated Team C. 90-60 Team B lost to Team C, 65-66 Team B's point differential against Team C is plus 9 (+10 in the win: -1 in the loss) Team B's collective point differential is plus 11

Team C defeated Team B 66-65 Team C lost to Team B, 60-90 Team C's point differential against Team B is minus 9 (+1 in the win: -10 in the loss)

Team C defeated Team A, 74-70

Team C lost to Team A. 75-80 Team C's point differential against Team A is minus 1 (+4 in the win; -5 in the loss) Team C's collective point differential is **minus 11**

Team B wins tie-break over Teams A and C. Now, we have to resolve the tie between A and C. Again, we revert back to Tie-Break Criteria No. 1.

Tie-Break Criteria No. 1 Most wins in head to head meetings Team A has 1 win Team B has 1 win

Since Teams A and C remained tied after Tie-Break Criteria No. 1, they both move on to Tie-Break Criteria No. 2.

Tie Break Criteria No. 2

Won-Loss record among tied teams. Team A posted a 1-1 record against Team C Team C posted a 1-1 record against Team B

Since Teams A and B remained tied after Tie-Break Criteria No. 2. they both move on to Tie-Break Criteria No. 3.

Tie-Break Criteria No. 3 Point Differential Among Tied Teams (Maximum of Plus 10) Team A defeated Team C, 80-75 Team A lost to Team C, 70-74 Team A's point differential against Team C is plus 1 (+5 in the win; -4 in the loss).

Team C defeated Team A. 74-70 Team C lost to Team A, 75-80 Team C's point differential against Team A is minus 1 (+4 in the win: -5 in the loss)

Therefore, Team A wins tie-break over Team C.

In Review. Team B is seeded ahead of A and C

And Team A is seeded ahead of C