# West Region Tournament Seeding and Tie-Breaker Criteria 

## Basketball

Seeding: The seeds for the West Region Tournament shall be determined based on each team's overall regular-season conference finish. The regular season champion shall earn the top seed in the tournament. The remaining seeds are then determined based on their conference winning percentage. Once all seeds are determined, the top 8 seeds will advance to the tournament and be placed accordingly into the bracket.
In the event of a tie for a particular seed, the seed will be determined as follows:

1. Most wins in head to head meetings.

If still tied..
2. Won-Loss record among tied teams.

If still tied.
3. Point differential among the tied teams with a maxi-
mum of 10 points allowed.
If still tied...
4. Point differential among all teams with a maximum of

10 points allowed.
If still tied.
5. Coin flip

## Notes

*Determining seeds must start with No. 1 and then No. 2..No. 3..No. 4 and so forth until all seeds are determined.
*For all ties involving three or more teams, once the tie is broken and the highest-seeded team is determined, the remaining tied teams will revert back to the beginning of the applicable tiebreaker.

## Tie-Break Scenarios

## A. Two Teams

Team A and Team B each finished 14-4 in the conference regular season standings. Therefore, a tie-breaker is necessary to properly seed the teams into the region tournament

## Tie-Break Criteria No. 1

Most wins in head to head meetings
Team $A$ has 1 win
Team B has 1 win
Since Team A and B remained tied after Tie-Break Criteria No. 1, they move on to Tie-Break Criteria No. 2.

## Tie-Break Criteria No. 2

Won-Loss record among tied teams
Team A was 1-1 against Team B
Team B was 1-1 against Team A
Since Team A and B remained tied after Tie-Break Criteria No. 2, they move on to Tie-Break Criteria No. 3.

## Tie-Break Criteria No. 3

Point Differential Among Tied Teams
Team A defeated Team B 75-69
Team B defeated Team A 70-69
Team A's point differential is plus 5 (+6 in the win; -1 in the loss) Team B's point differential is minus 5 (+1 in the win; -6 in the loss).

Therefore, Team A wins the tie-breaker since its point differential is higher.

Note: If Team A and Team B have the same point differential against each other, they move to Tie-Break Criteria No. 4 which is Point Differential Among All WDA Teams.

## B. Three or more teams

Team A, Team B and Team C all finished 12-6 in the conference regular season standings. Therefore, a tie-breaker is necessary to properly seed the teams into the region tournament.

## Tie-Break Criteria No. 1

Most wins in head to head meetings
Team A has 3 wins
Team B has 1 win
Team C has 2 wins
Team A has more wins than Team B and C in head to head meetings. Therefore, Team A wins tie-breaker.

Now we have to break tie between Teams B and C. Again, we revert back to Tie-Break Critieria No. 1

## Tie-Break Criteria No. 1

Most wins in head to head meetings
Team B has 1 win against Team C
Team C has 1 win against Team B
Since Team B and C each have 1 win in head to head meetings,
they move to Tie-Break Criteria No. 2
Tie Break Criteria No. 2
Won-Loss record among tied teams.
Team B posted a 1-1 record
Team C posted a 1-1 record
Since Team B and C each have a 1-1 record, they move on to Tie-Break Criteria No. 3.

Tie-Break Criteria No. 3
Point differential among tied teams with a maximum of 10 points
Team B defeated Team C 85-75
Team B lost to Team C 67-66
Team B's point differential is plus $9(+10$ in the win; -1 in the loss)

Team C defeated Team B, 67-66
Team C lost to Team B, 85-75
Team C's point differential is minus 9 (+1 in the win; -10 in the loss)
Team B wins tie-break over Team C.

## C. Three or more teams (Example 2)

Team A, Team B and Team C all finished 10-4 in the conference regular season standings. Therefore, a tie-breaker is necessary to properly seed the teams into the region tournament.

## Tie-Break Criteria No. 1

Most wins in head to head meetings
Team A has 2 wins
Team B has 2 wins
Team C has 2 wins
Since Teams A, B and C remained tied after Tie-Break Criteria No. 1, they all proceed to Tie-Break Criteria No. 2.

Tie Break Criteria No. 2
Won-Loss Record among tied teams.
Team A posted a 2-2 record, collectively, against Teams B and C.

Team B posted a 2-2 record, collectively, against Teams A and C Team C posted a 2-2 record, collectively, against Teams A and B

Since Teams A, B and C remained tied after Tie-Break Criteria No. 2, they proceed to Tie-Break Criteria No. 3.

Tie-Break Criteria No. 3
Point Differential Among Tied Teams (Maximum of Plus 10)
Team A defeated Team B, 75-70
Team A lost to Team B, 63-70
Team A's point differential against Team $B$ is minus 2 ( +5 in the win; -7 in the loss)

Team A defeated Team C, 80-75
Team A lost to Team C, 70-74
Team A's point differential against Team $C$ is plus 1 ( +5 in the win; -4 in the loss).
Team A's collective point differential is minus 1
Team B defeated Team A, 70-63
Team B lost to Team A, 70-75
Team B's point differential against Team A is plus $2(+7$ in the win; -5 in the loss)
Team B defeated Team C, 90-60
Team B lost to Team C, 65-66
Team B's point differential against Team C is plus 9 (+10 in the win; -1 in the loss)
Team B's collective point differential is plus 11
Team C defeated Team B, 66-65
Team C lost to Team B, 60-90
Team C's point differential against Team B is minus 9 (+1 in the win; -10 in the loss)

Team C defeated Team A, 74-70
Team C lost to Team A, 75-80
Team C's point differential against Team A is minus 1 (+4 in the win; -5 in the loss)
Team C's collective point differential is minus 11
Team B wins tie-break over Teams A and C. Now, we have to resolve the tie between A and C. Again, we revert back to TieBreak Criteria No. 1.

Tie-Break Criteria No. 1
Most wins in head to head meetings
Team A has 1 win
Team B has 1 win

Since Teams A and C remained tied after Tie-Break Criteria No. 1, they both move on to Tie-Break Criteria No. 2.

## Tie Break Criteria No. 2

Won-Loss record among tied teams.
Team A posted a 1-1 record against Team C
Team C posted a 1-1 record against Team B
Since Teams A and B remained tied after Tie-Break Criteria No. 2, they both move on to Tie-Break Criteria No. 3.

## Tie-Break Criteria No. 3

Point Differential Among Tied Teams (Maximum of Plus 10) Team A defeated Team C, 80-75
Team A lost to Team C, 70-74
Team A's point differential against Team C is plus 1 ( +5 in the win; -4 in the loss).

Team C defeated Team A, 74-70
Team C lost to Team A, 75-80
Team C's point differential against Team $A$ is minus 1 ( +4 in the win; -5 in the loss)

Therefore, Team A wins tie-break over Team C.

In Review, Team B is seeded ahead of $A$ and $C$
And Team A is seeded ahead of C

