

ACHILLES TENDON REPAIR REHAB GUIDELINES

DISCLAIMER: The intent of this protocol is to provide therapists with guidelines for rehabilitation based on a review of the best available scientific literature for this type of surgical procedure performed by Dr. Avallone using his operative technique. It is not intended to serve as a substitute for sound clinical decision making. Therapists should consult with Dr. Avallone if they require assistance in the progression of post-operative patients.

Post-Op Weeks 1 through 3

Contraindications: NO passive dorsiflexion stretching past initial tendon tension
NO active plantarflexion
NO weightbearing for 2 weeks

Bracing/Assistive Device/Weightbearing

- Non-weightbearing with bilateral crutches for 2 weeks
- Ankle/foot immobilized in splint/hinged brace with 1-1½ heel lift (angle, time and heel lift height determined by Dr. Avallone)
- Brace/splint is worn at all times including sitting, standing, walking, and sleeping. It may be removed for bathing (NWB) and exercise as described below.

Patient Education

- Gait, transfer, stair training

Exercises

- Seated active dorsiflexion within available ROM (**NO** stretching beyond initial Achilles tendon tension) with eccentric lowering into a plantarflexed position (**passive** plantarflex-ion). Have the foot off of the ground to allow movement.
- Proximal kinetic chain strengthening program
 - SLRs (hip abd/add/flex/ext) and prone hamstring curls in boot
 - Stationary bike in boot
 - Intrinsic strengthening ex's (towel curls, marbles, etc) with heel resting on towel roll
- Upper body conditioning program

Manual Therapy

- Gentle scar mobs along Achilles tendon (healed incision)

Modalities

- Moist heat allowed after 2 weeks post-op
- Edema control (Hi-volt, interferential, cryocuff)

Goals:

- Protect the repair
- Minimize scar tissue formation
- Decrease swelling

Post-Op Weeks 4 through 6

Contraindications: No passive dorsiflexion stretching beyond initial tissue tension

Bracing/Assistive Device/Weightbearing

- As the patient prepares for weightbearing, he/she must have a shoe for the contralateral foot with a heel height equal to the boot and heel lift.
 - Week 4: Initiate weight acceptance/weight shifting in boot/heel lift in standing – feet side by side.
-

- Week 5: Progress to weight acceptance in boot/heel lift in staggered stance with weight shifting (walking progression)
- Week 6: Progress to ambulation in boot without crutches; the heel height on the contra-lateral shoe should equal the height of the boot and heel lift

Patient Education

- Reinforce repair protection and the necessity of wearing the boot/lift as directed by Dr. Avallone at **ALL** times including sleeping and weightbearing. The patient may now sit without the boot on for comfort.

Exercises

- Continue previous exercises
- Initiate sub-maximal isotonic ankle dorsiflexion, plantarflexion and eversion
- Initial active plantarflexion **in prone** with the knee flexed
- Seated BAPS board for dorsiflexion, plantarflexion and eversion

Manual Therapy – continue previous scar mobilization

Modalities – continue edema control

Goals:

- Continue to protect repair
- Increase plantarflexion strength
- Do not over stretch healing tendon

Post-op Weeks 6 through 8

Contraindications: NO passive dorsiflexion stretching

- Initiate ankle strengthening (Stress plantarflexion end range strengthening (0°-30°))
 - T-band all planes
 - End range isometrics
 - Leg press calf raise (week 8) with heel supported on ¾" lift
 - Step-ups 4-6 inches (step back down lowering with the **non-involved**)

Post-Op Weeks 7 through 9

Contraindications: NO passive dorsiflexion stretching

Bracing/Assistive Device/Weightbearing

- Dr. Avallone with lower heel lifts 25%
- Week 7
 - At PT: full weightbearing with sneakers and heel lifts
 - At Home: ambulate in boot
- Week 8
 - At PT: ambulate with sneakers and heel lifts
 - At Home: ambulate with sneakers and heel lifts
 - Outside: ambulate in boot
- Week 9:
 - D/C boot: ambulate with sneakers and heel lifts
 - Do not ambulate without supportive shoes

Patient Education

- Gait training on level surfaces and stairs (see below)

Exercises

- Continue/progress previous exercises
- AROM in all planes (dorsiflexion, plantarflexion, inversion, eversion)
- Initiate (B/L) balance activities
- Initiate swimming without fins (if available)

Manual Therapy – continue previous scar mobilization pmn

Modalities – continue edema control

Goals:

- Improve fitness



Orthopaedic Specialists

- Moderate gastroc/soleus muscle control
- Ambulate with good gait pattern without boot

Post-Op Weeks 9 through 12

Contraindications: No passive dorsiflexion stretching beyond initial tissue tension

Normalize Gait

- Gait training: patient will likely ambulate with decreased push off
 - Treadmill (forward and retro)
 - Marching
 - Lateral walking
- Dr. Avallone will lower heel lifts another 25% (50% of total)

Exercises (stress plantarflexion end range strengthening (0°-30°))

- Stairmaster (pushing through forefoot)
- Calf raises and eccentric calf lowering
 - Progress from supine position (on leg press with bilateral to unilateral support) to standing (bilateral to unilateral)
- Progress balance to single leg activities
 - BAPS
 - Decline board
- Steps
 - Lateral step-ups 6-8"
 - CAUTIOUSLY initiate step down leading the involved lower extremity - 4" step
- Isokinetics (if available)
 - Concentric (0°-30°) plantarflexion
 - Eccentric (0°-30°) plantarflexion
- End range strengthening
 - Bilateral decline board calf raise (NOT off the edge of a step)
 - Prone isometrics, isotonic
 - Leg press calf raises; begin with foot on plate at neutral

Goals:

- Restore normal gait
- Full active plantarflexion ROM
- Continue to progress gastro/soleus strength

Post-op Weeks 13 through 20

Gait

- Dr. Avallone will lower heel lifts another 25%
- Initiate treadmill jogging/retro jogging

Exercises (stress plantarflexion end range strengthening (0°-30°))

- Continue/progress previous exercises
- **Initiate passive Achilles stretching**
- End range plantarflexion strengthening
 - Progress calf raises: increase resistance on leg press or add hand weights in standing as able
 - Single limb decline board calf raise (initially may only be an isometric)
- Jump progression
 - Leg press single limb leg press hopping; landing on forefoot
 - Bilateral mini hops
 - Unilateral mini hops (week 20)
- Trampoline bouncing progressing to hopping
- Forward, lateral stepovers (on box)
- Submaximal agility training (figure 8's, kareokees, shuffles)
- Resume regular biking
- Progress stepdowns



Orthopaedic Specialists

GOALS:

- Cross-over stair descent
- Jogging
- Full ROM

WEEK 20 TO 1 YEAR

Gait: Dr. Avallone will discharge heel lifts

Exercise:

- Progress strengthening through the full ROM
- Initiate plyometrics
- Initiate running, agility drills
- Return to sports with Dr. Avallone's permission

