

MAGIC Cambridge Test Site

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20 September 2018

Outline

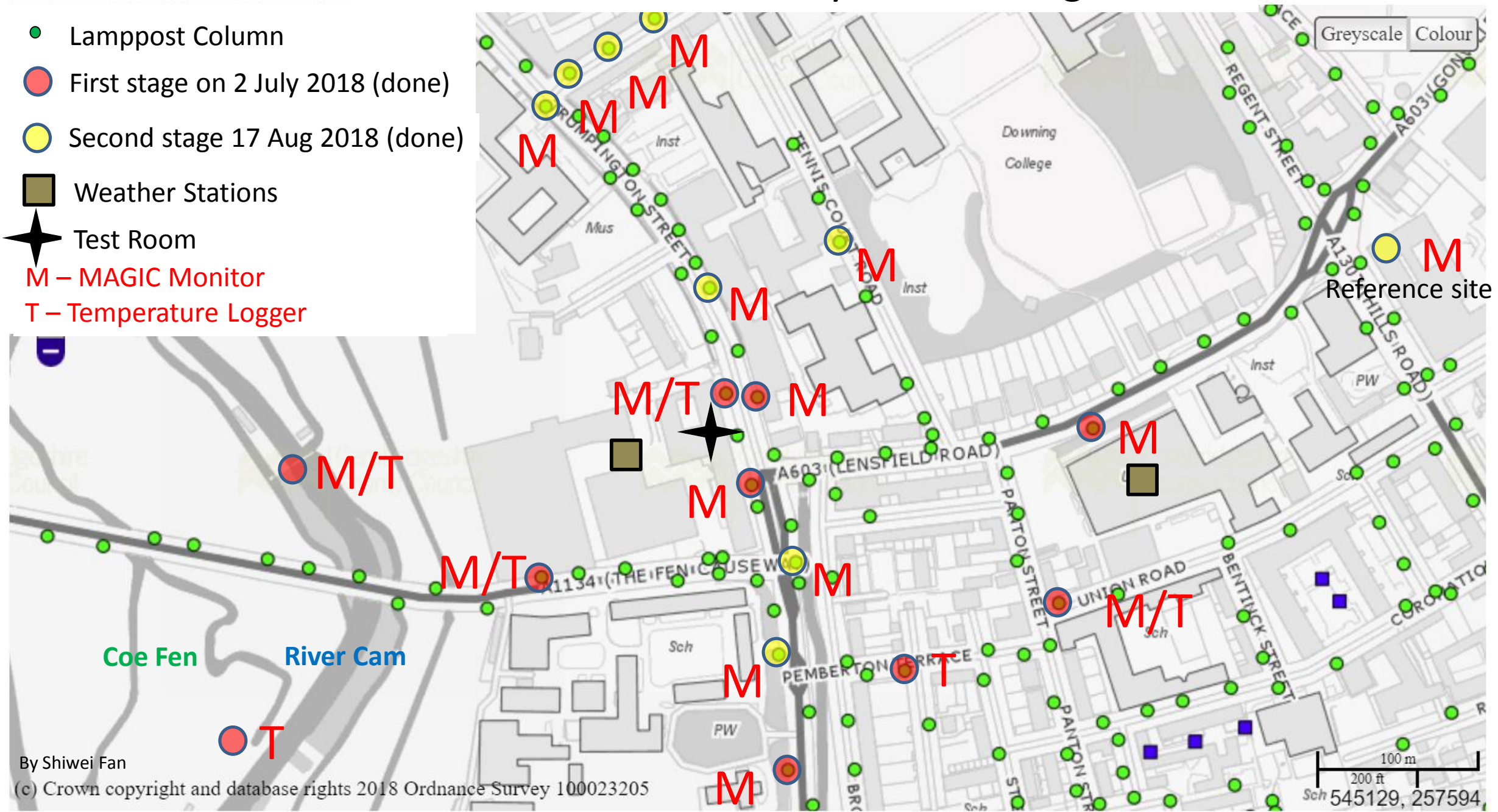
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- Monitoring
 - Deployment map
 - Monitors
 - ✓ New MAGIC monitors
 - ✓ Outdoor temperature sensors
 - ✓ Weather station and pyranometer
- Results
 - Weather data
 - Outdoor temperatures
 - Outdoor pollutants
 - Indoor CO₂
 - Controlled test
- Summary

MAGIC Field Study at Cambridge

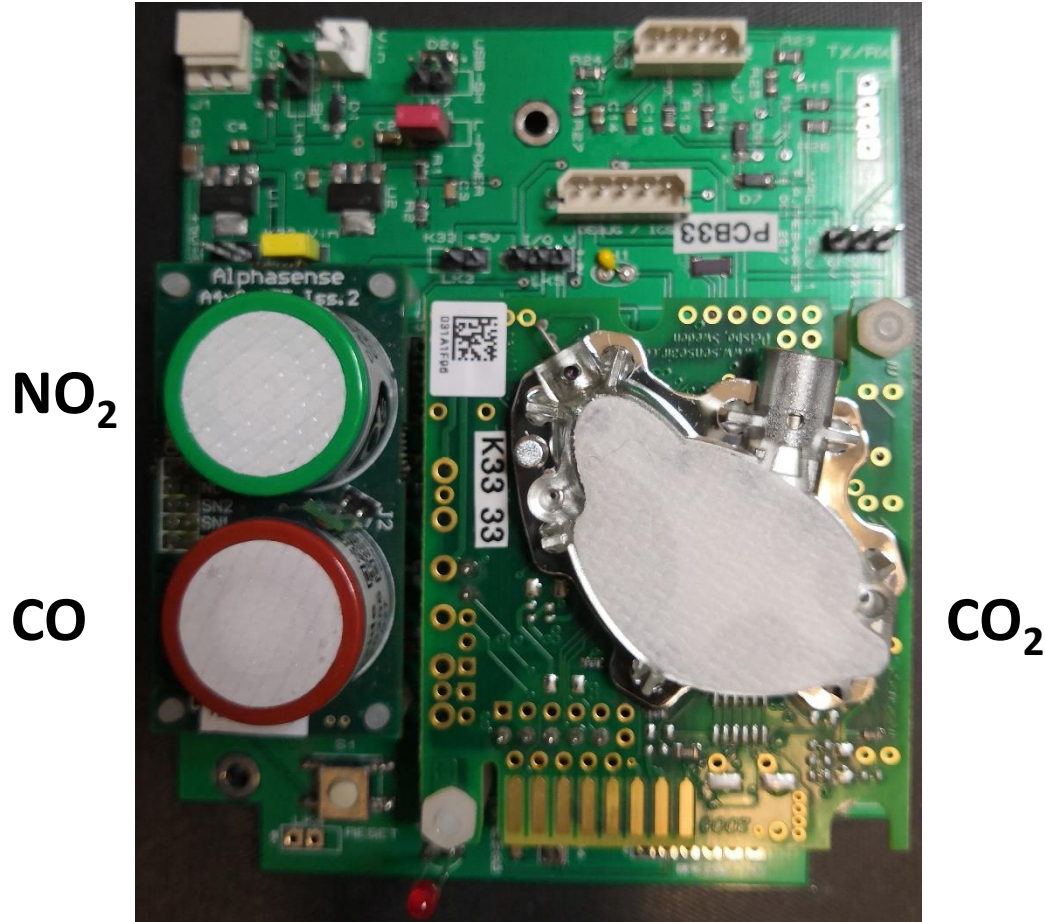
- Lamppost Column
- First stage on 2 July 2018 (done)
- Second stage 17 Aug 2018 (done)
- Weather Stations
- ★ Test Room
- M – MAGIC Monitor
- T – Temperature Logger



New MAGIC Monitors

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- Doubled the memory size, 3 months@30 seconds and 6 months@1minute
- Improved signal to noise ratio with new firmware
- Improved reliability by removing onboard serial to USB chip
- Features: low-power, battery powered, and portable

Outdoor Temperature Sensors

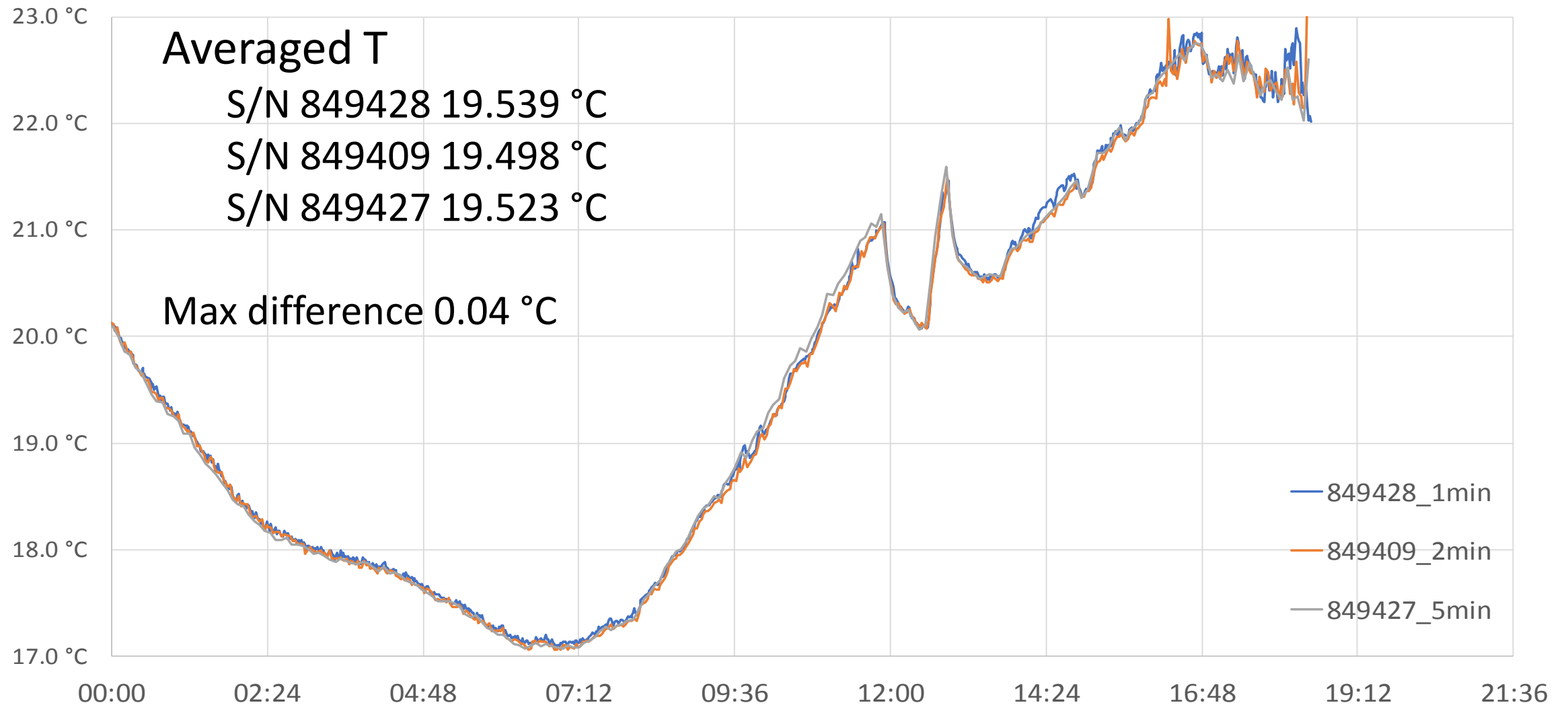
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- Reduce impact from solar radiation with Stevenson screens
- Optimized sensor placement to improve performance

Lab Test Results



Outdoor Deployment

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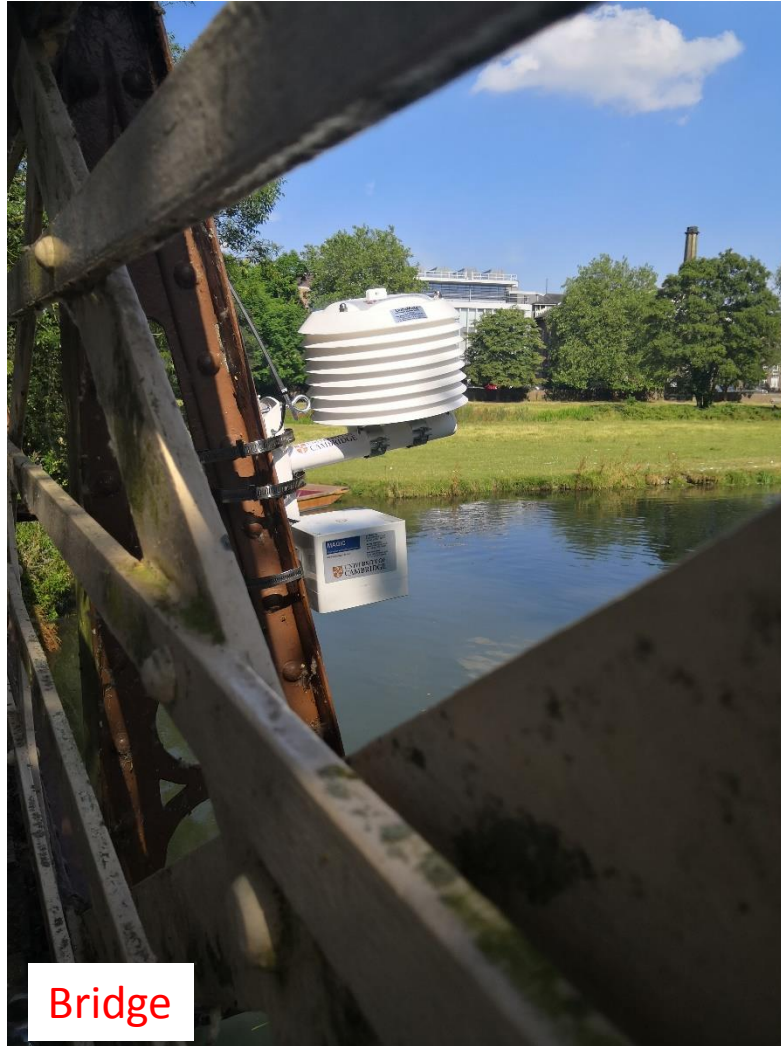
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Union Rd



Park



Bridge

- First stage: 8 MAGIC monitors and 6 temperature monitors on 2 July 2018
- Second stage: 10 MAGIC monitors on 17 August 2018

Weather Stations and Pyranometer

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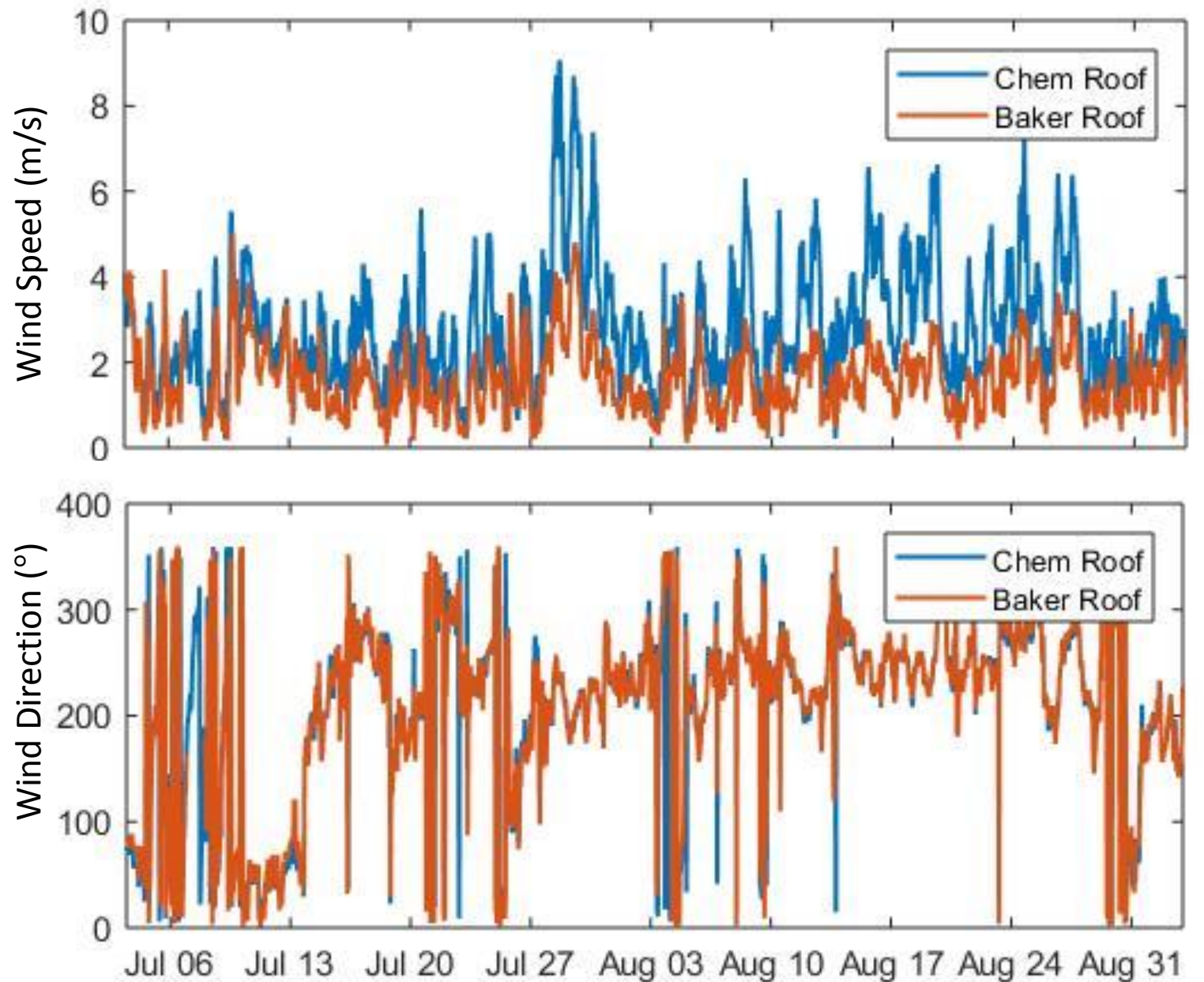


- Weather station and pyranometer
 - Transported back from LSBU
 - Installed on the roof of Baker building
 - Close to the test room
 - Operating from 3 July 2018
- Data access to Chemistry weather data

Pyranometer @ Jiyun Song

Results - Weather Data

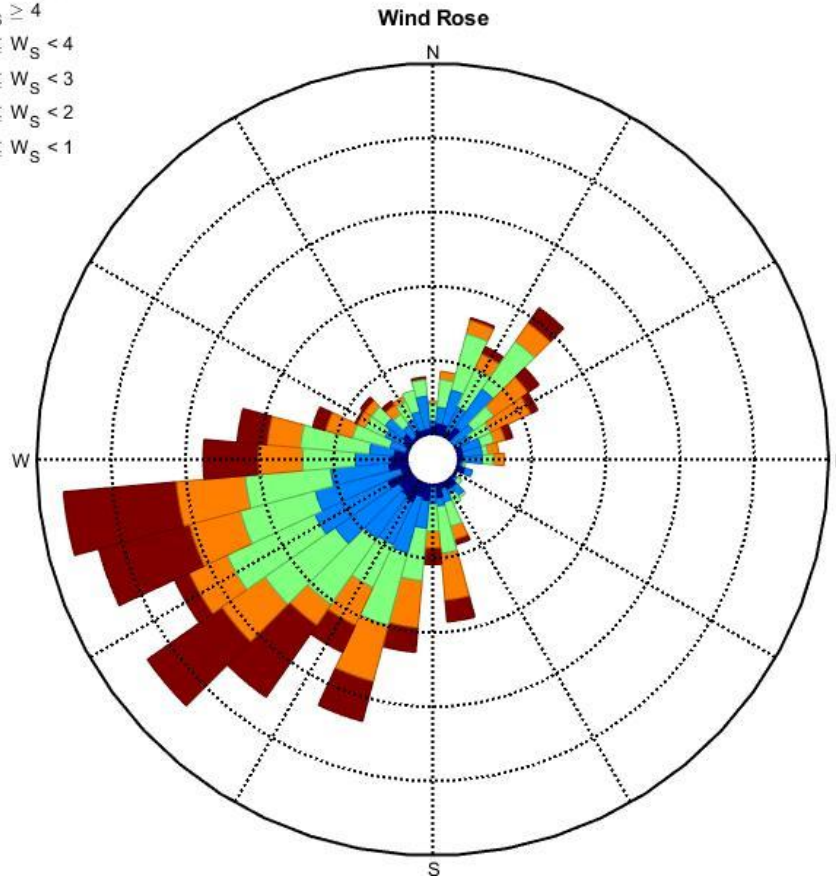
- Wind speed at Baker building roof is lower than that at Chemistry building roof
- Wind direction is almost identical at Baker and Chemistry building roofs



Results - Weather Data

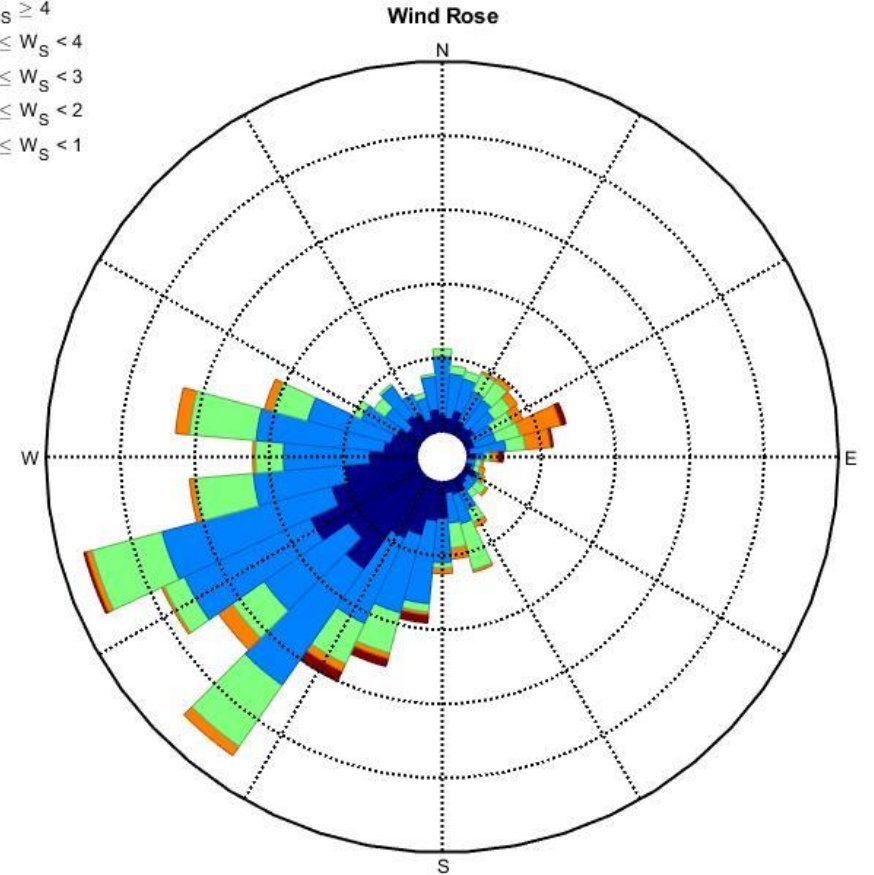
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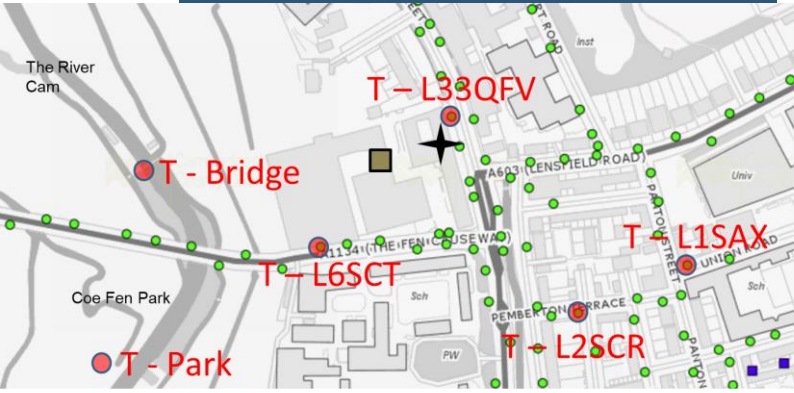
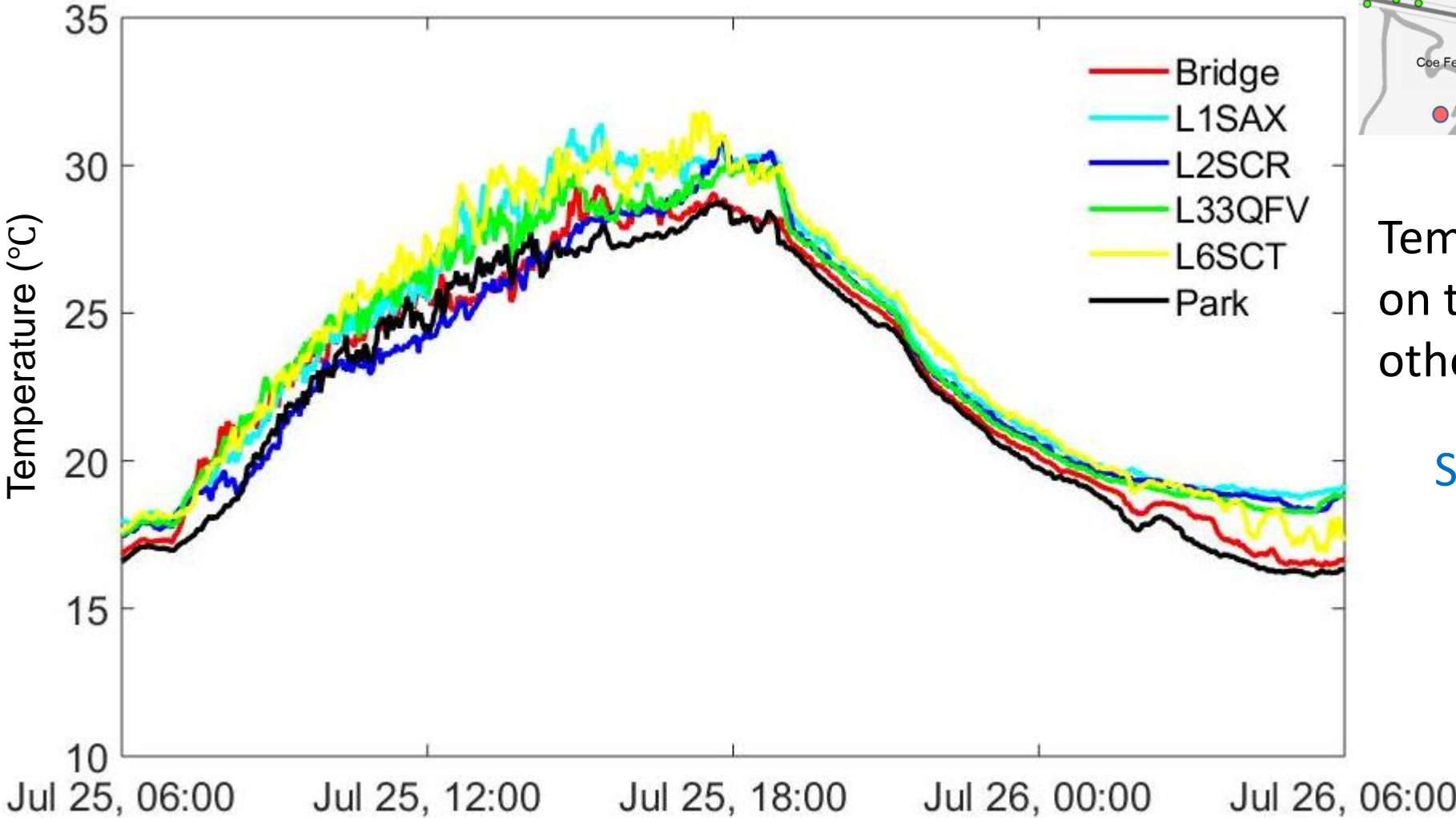
Prevailing wind direction is southwest

Chemistry Building Roof



Baker Building Roof

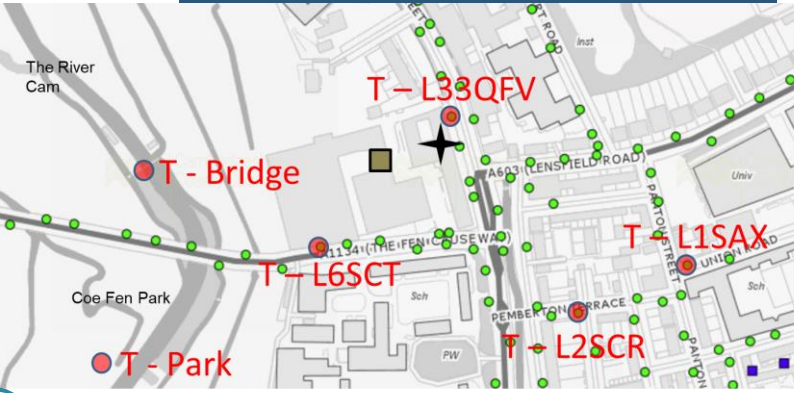
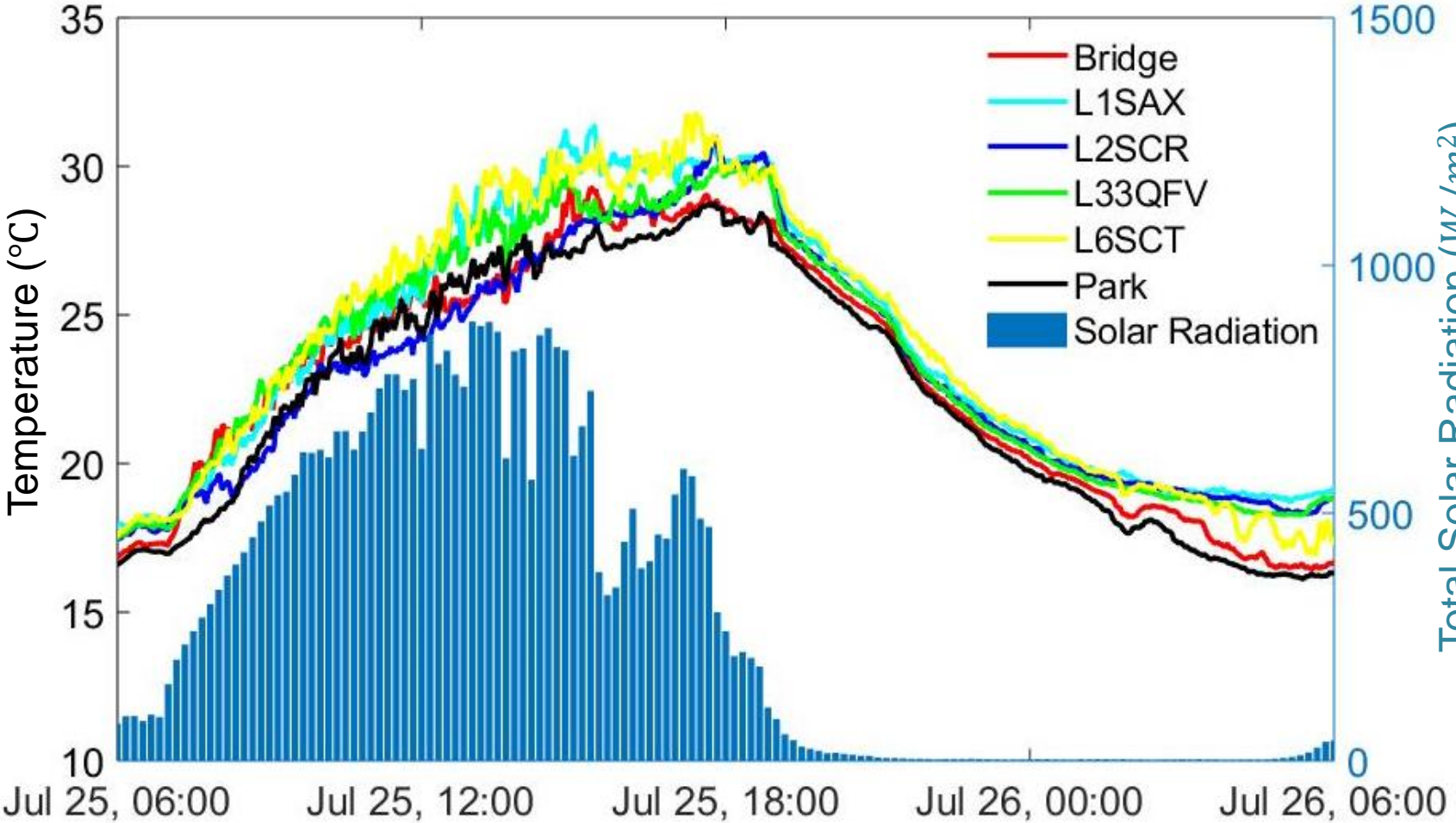
Outdoor Temperatures



Temperatures in the park and on the bridge are lower than others

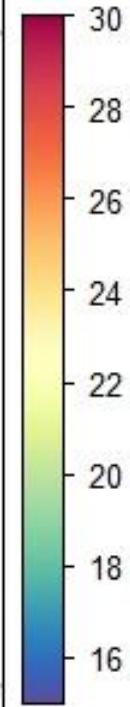
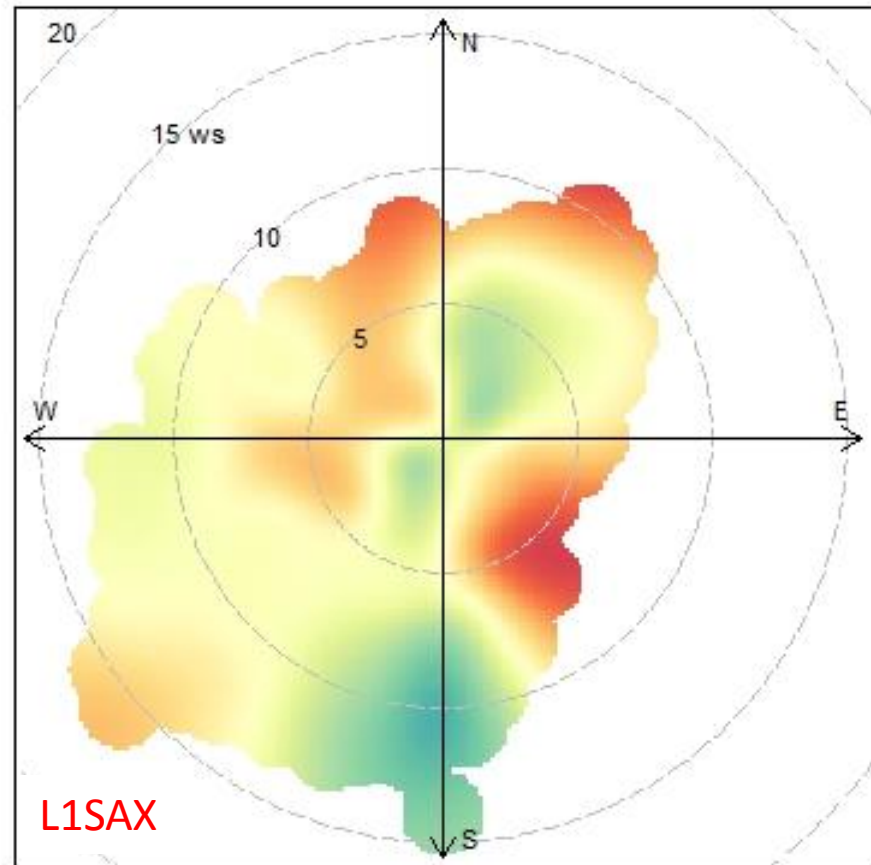
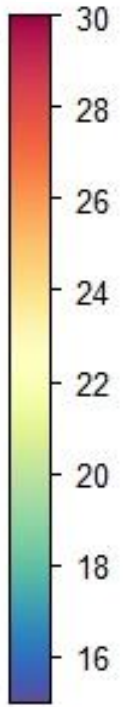
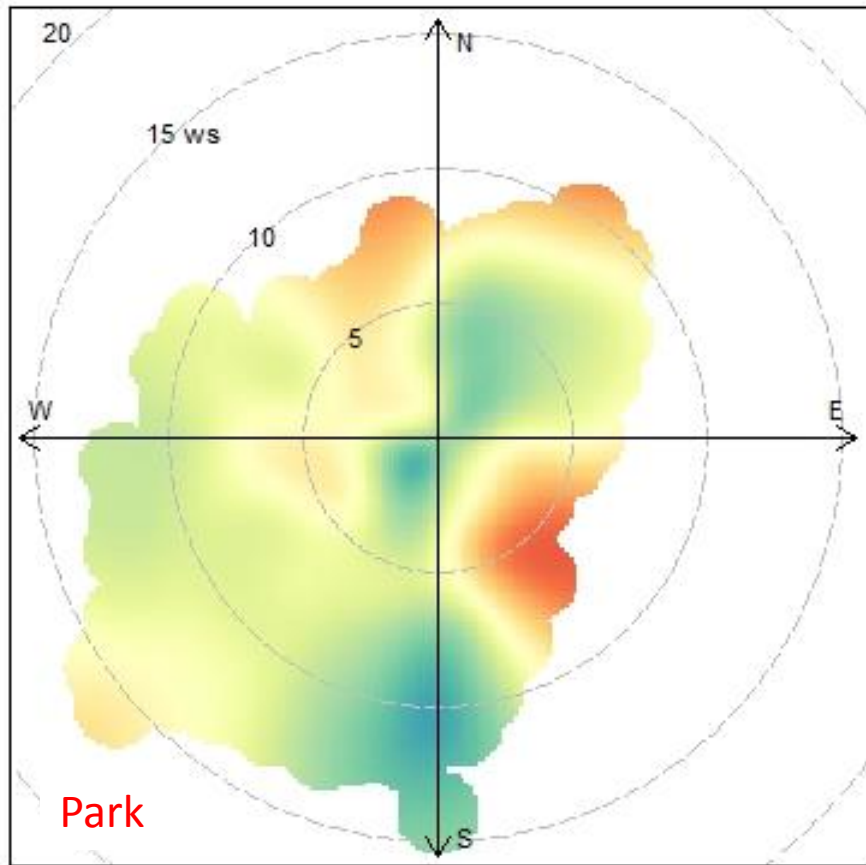
Sky view factor?

Outdoor Temperatures



Temperature is obviously related to solar radiation – it rises from sunrise, peaks at sunset and then gradually decreases overnight

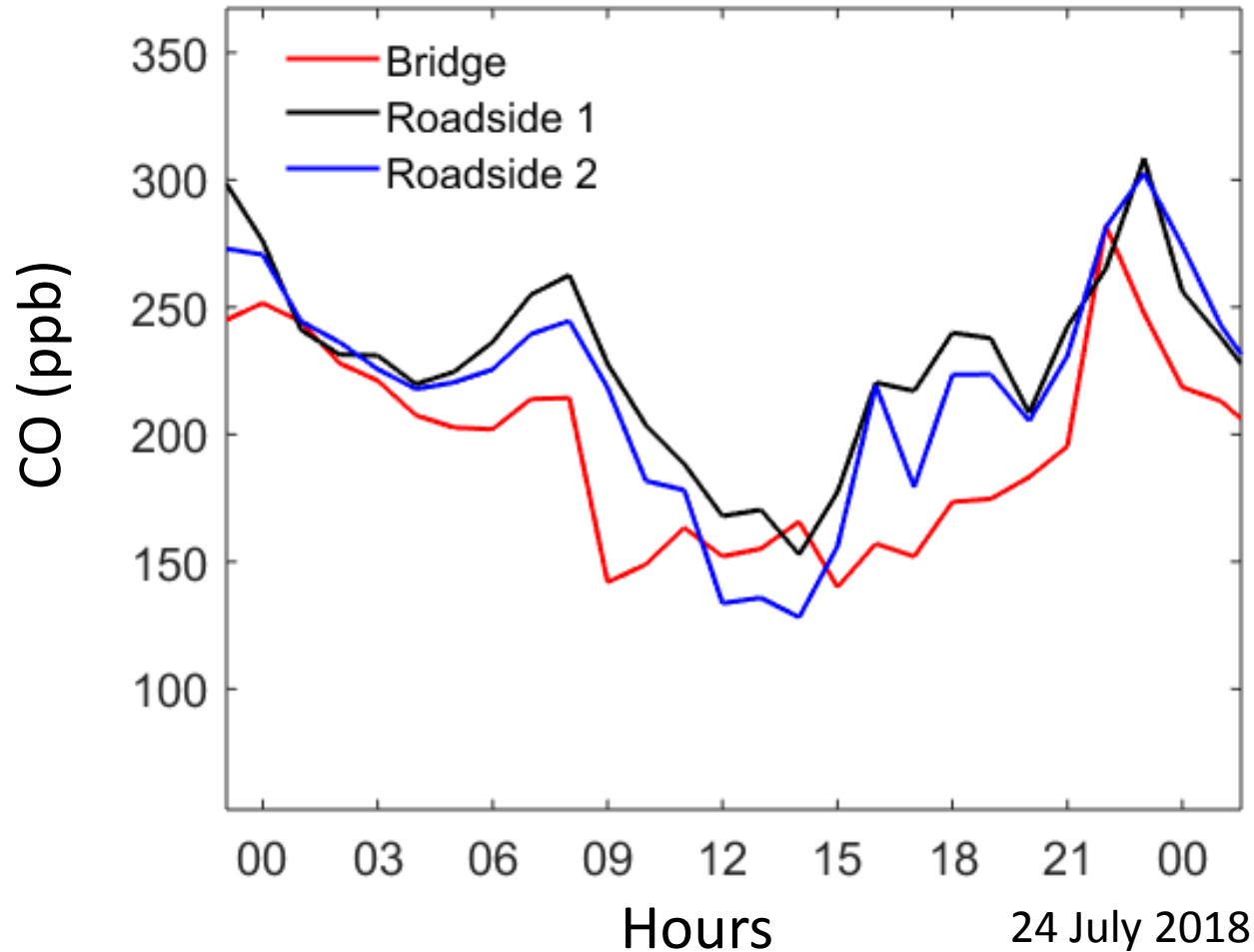
Outdoor Temperatures



Outdoor Hourly Averaged CO

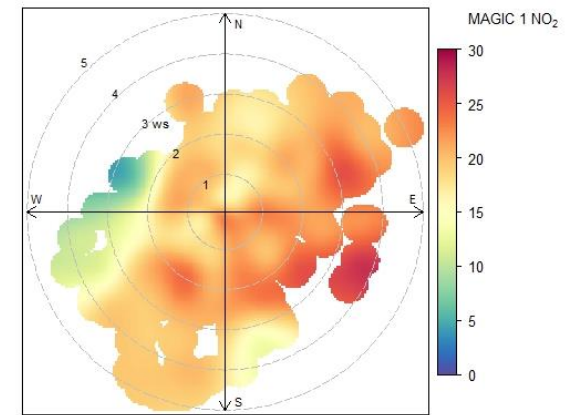
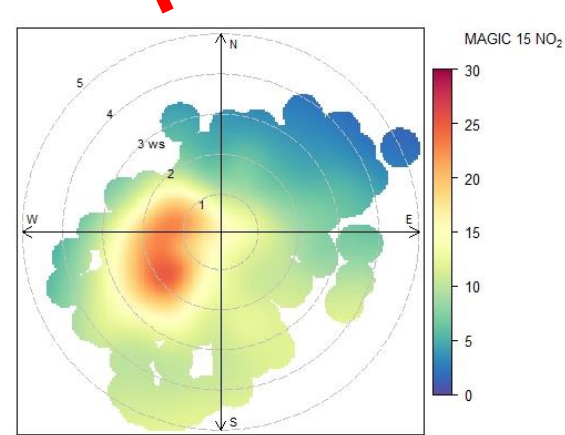
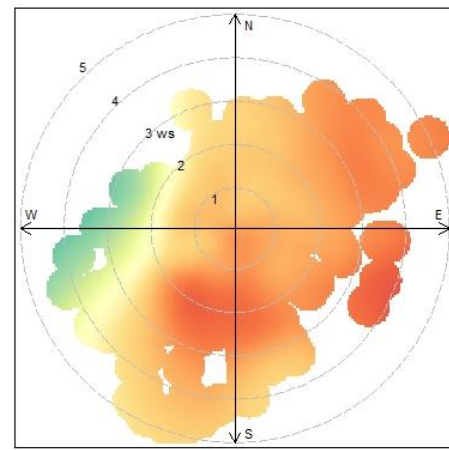
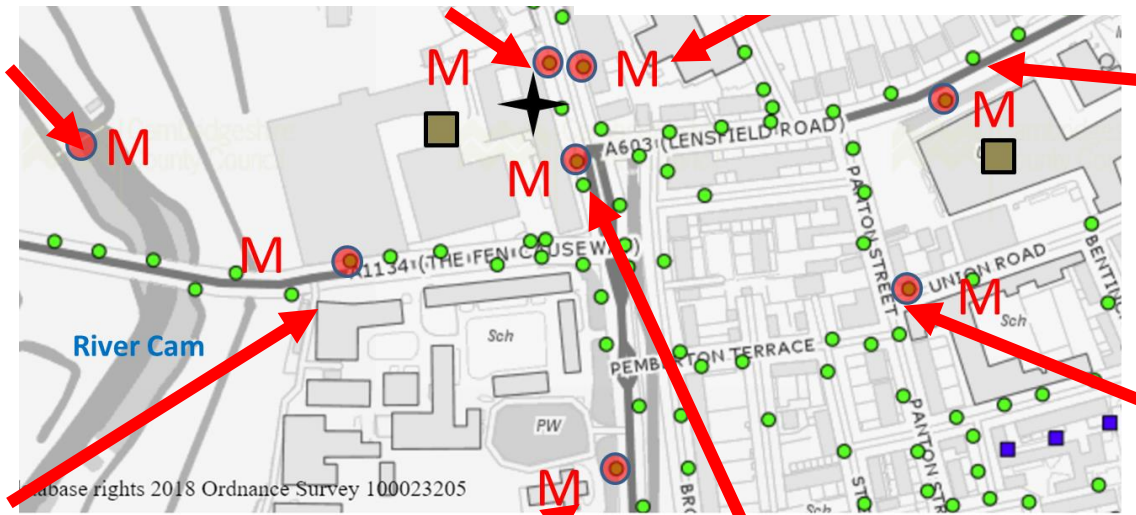
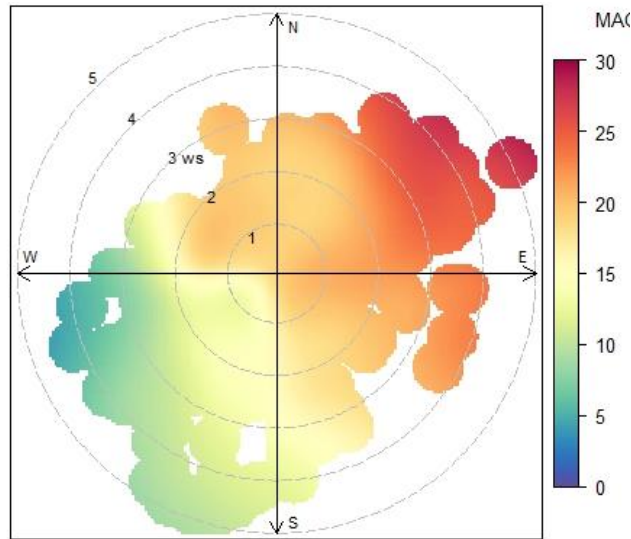
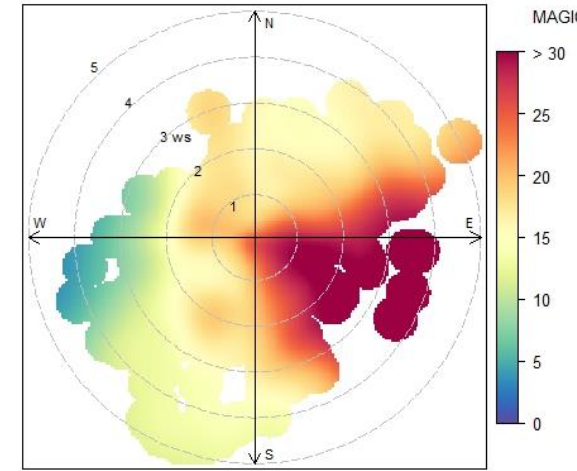
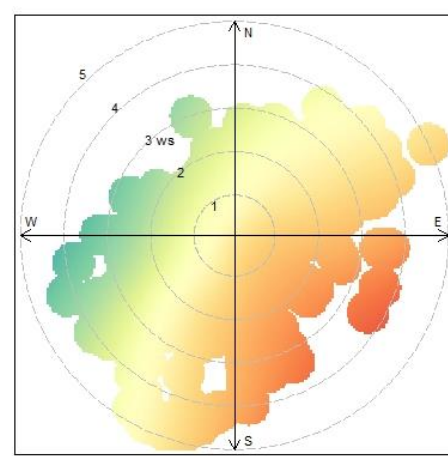
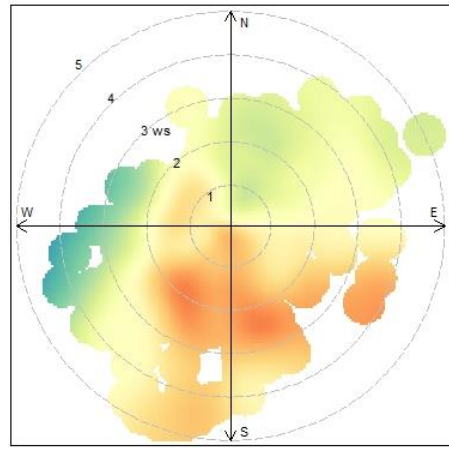
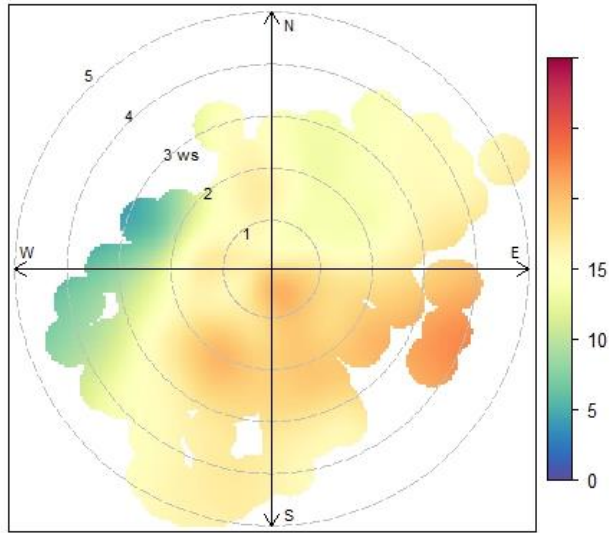
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- CO at different locations have similar trends
- CO looks lower in the park/river however this may be due to sensor calibration
- CO peaks at morning and evening rush hours are observed; the maximum CO occurs in late evening
- Boundary layer height may contribute to low concentration at noon
- Meteorological conditions

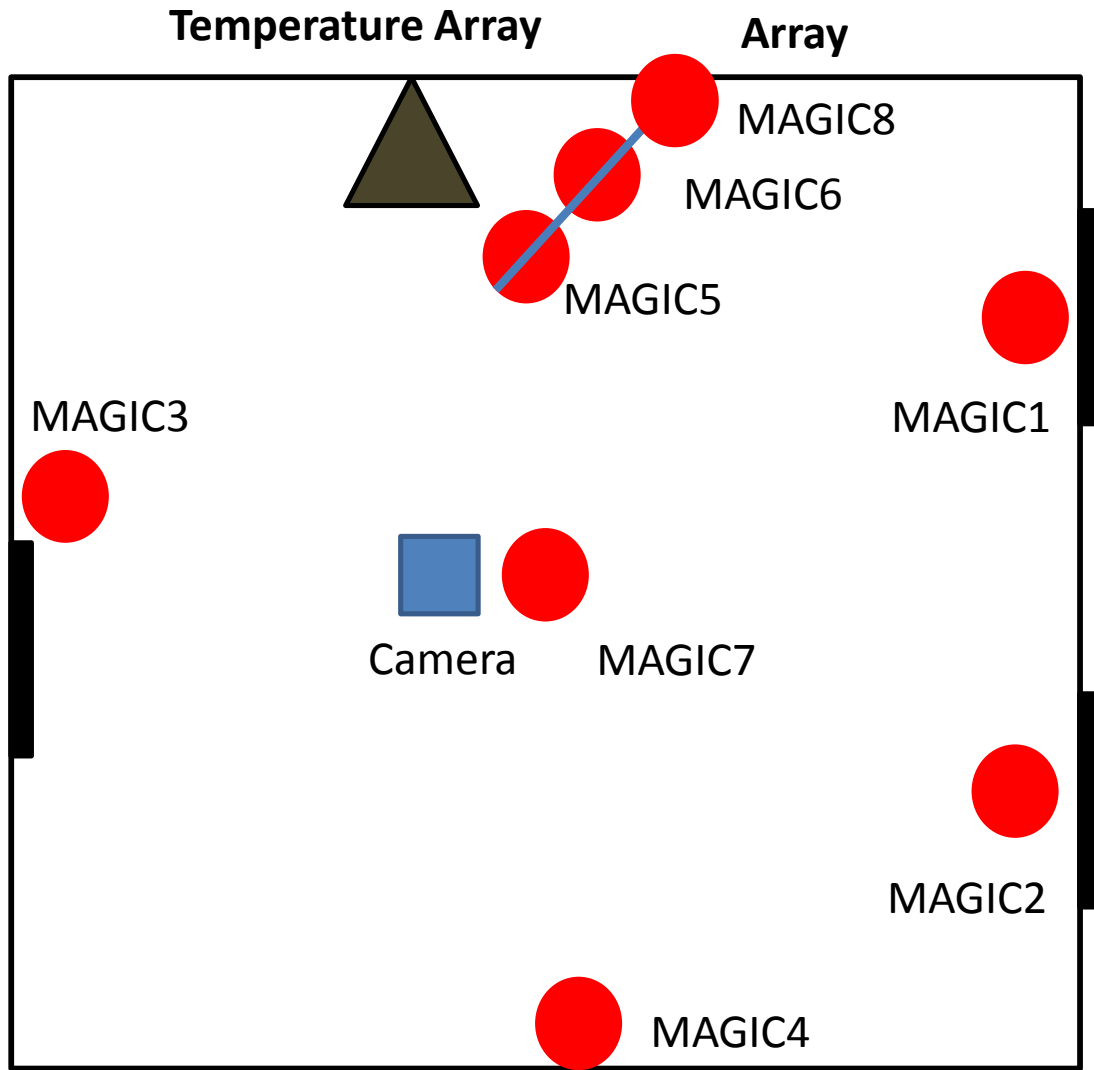
Outdoor NO₂



Indoor Deployment at Architecture Cambridge

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Trumpington Street



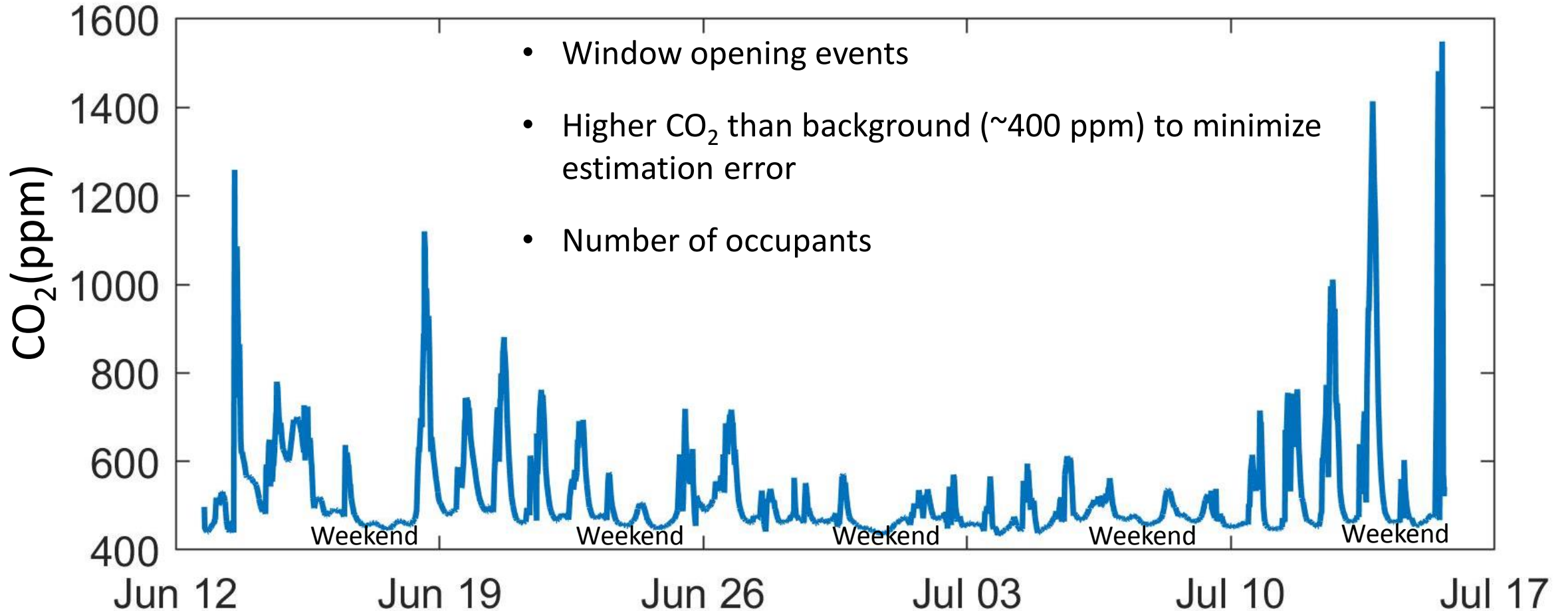
- Multiple sensors to account for non-homogeneous CO₂ distribution
- Camera to monitor people number and window positions

Temperature Array
@ Megan Davies Wykes

Indoor CO₂

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Controlled Test

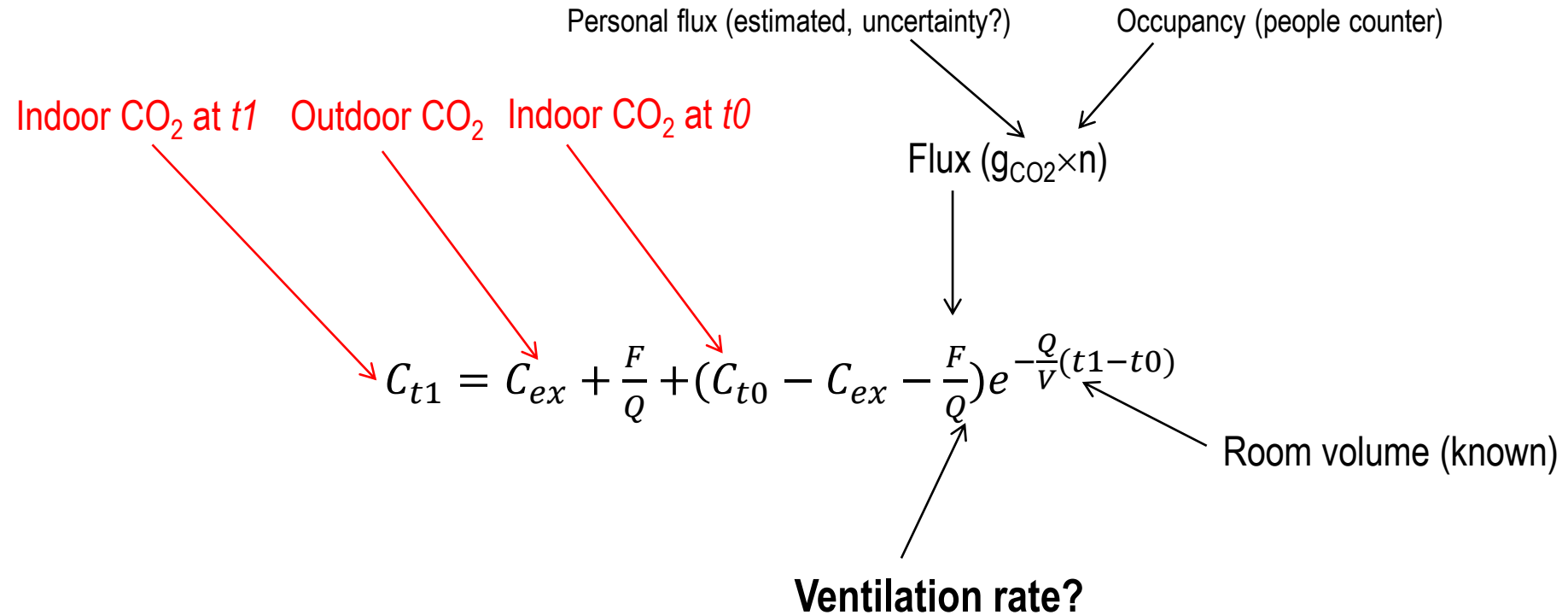


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- Controlled tests on single-sided ventilation only
- Ultrasonic anemometer for wind speed/direction (4Hz)
- Decay method to estimate ventilation rates

Ventilation Rate from CO₂

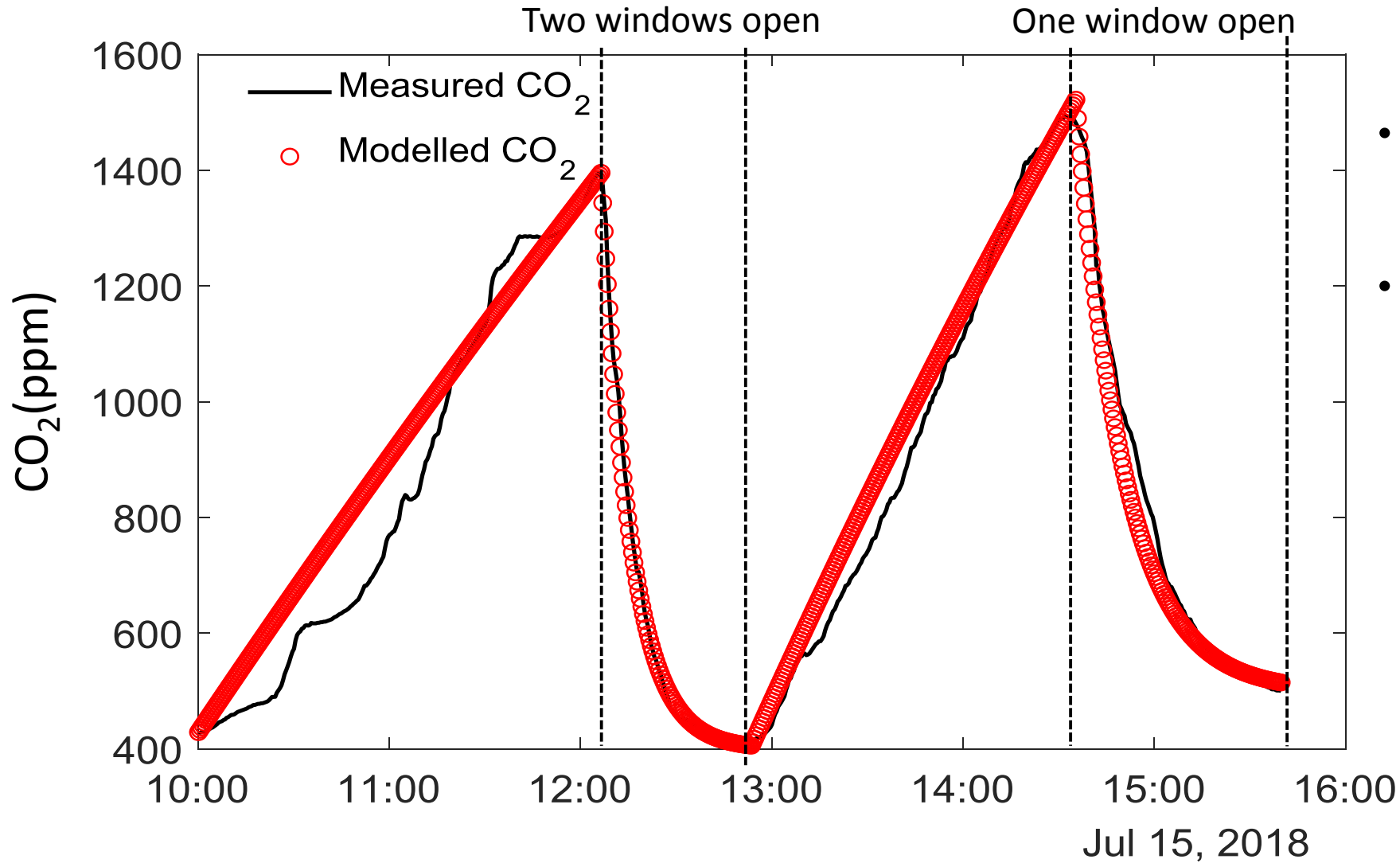


CO₂ generation rate depends on metabolic rate or level of physical activity and skin area

Controlled Test

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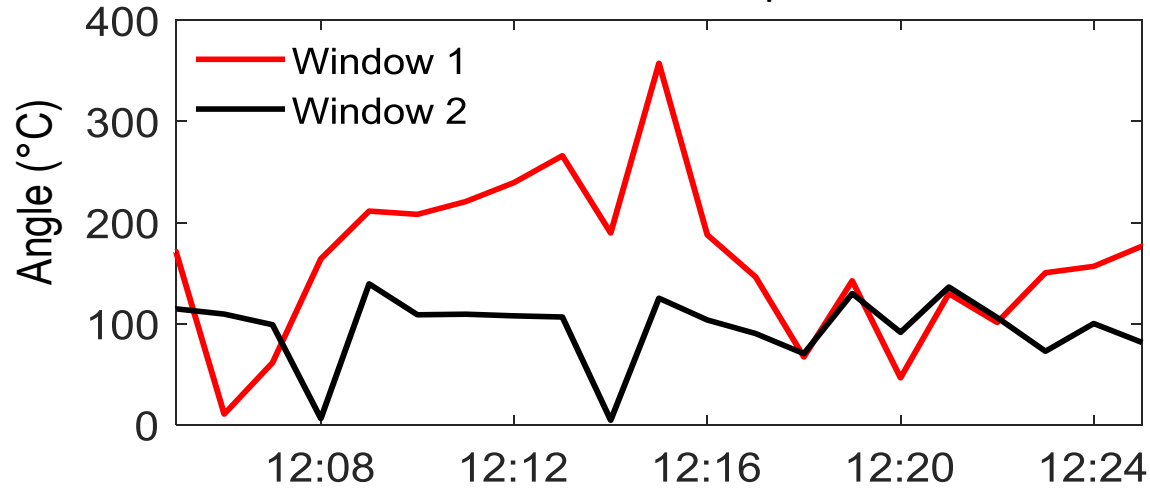
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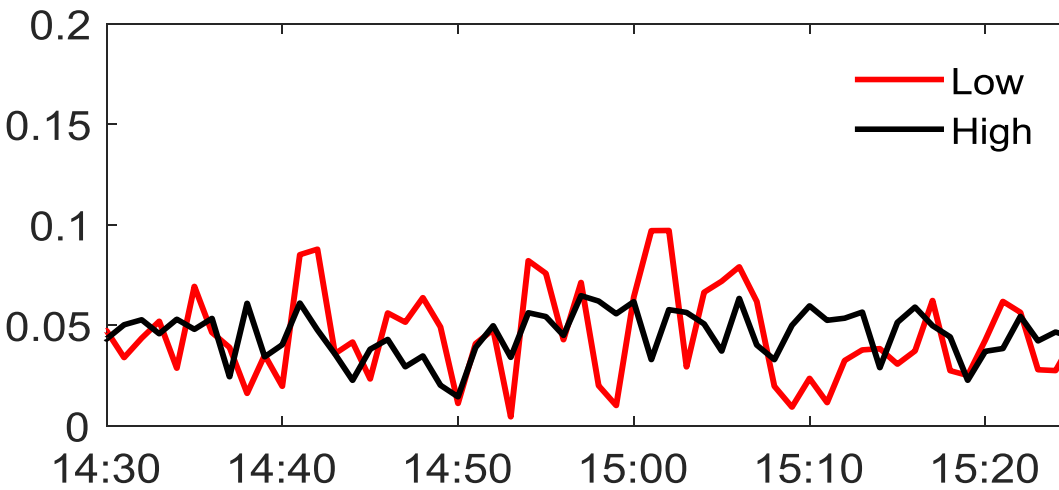
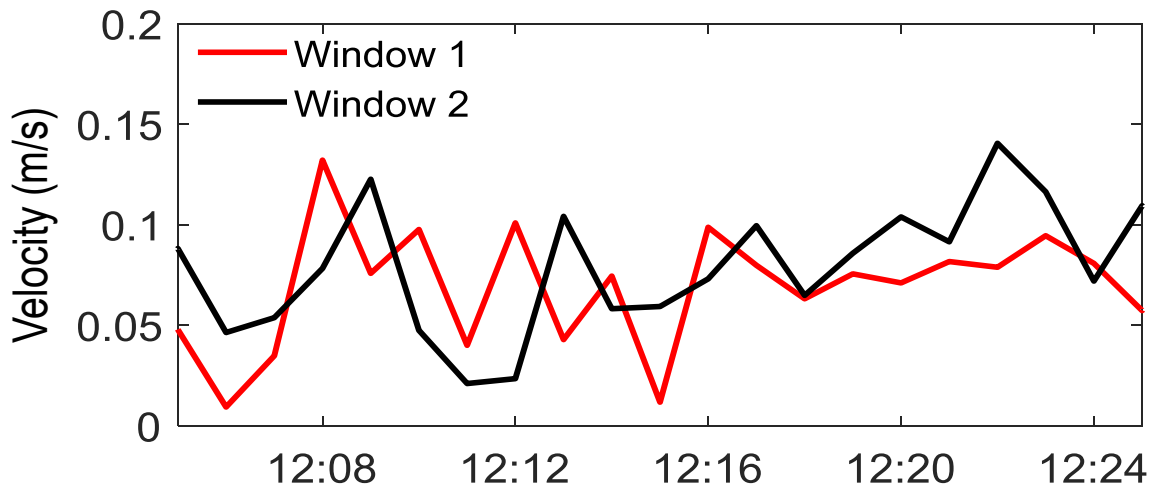
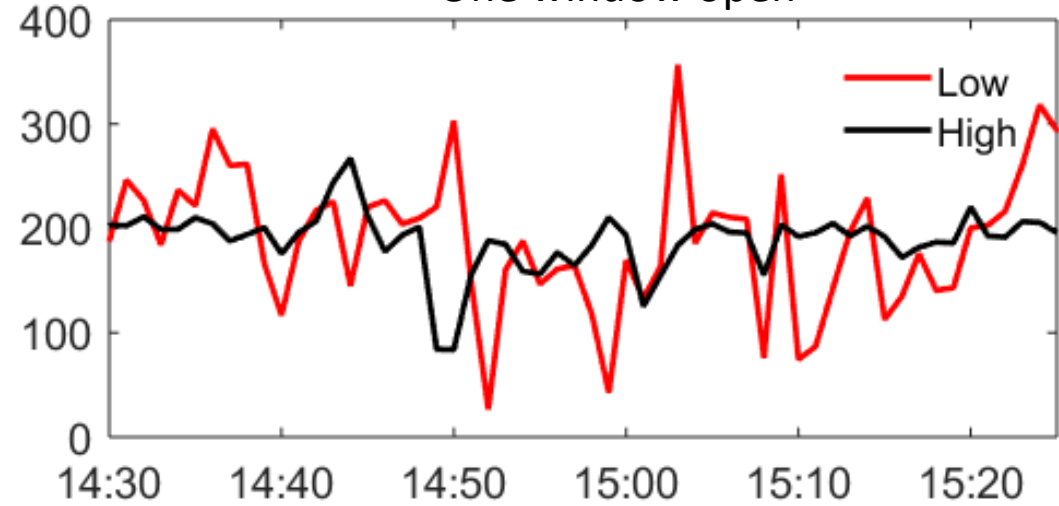
- Two window open: $Q = 185$ L/s
One window open: $Q = 128$ L/s
- Ventilation rate is larger with two windows open than that with one window open

Controlled Test

Two windows open



One window open



Jul 15, 2018

Jul 15, 2018

Summary

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- Completed deployments of indoor and outdoor monitors; interpretation is ongoing
- Significantly lower temperatures are observed at green and blue spaces – sky view factor? meteorology?
- Outdoor pollutant distribution is influenced by street layout; street canyon effect is observed
- A trial controlled test was carried out

Future work

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- More controlled tests with traffic monitoring added are planned
 - Simultaneous indoor and outdoor pollutants monitoring
 - Controlled indoor tests with window openings to estimate ventilation rates
 - Indoor and outdoor exchange during window opening events
 - Collect traffic data for traffic modelling

