COST ALLOCATION PLAN

Fiscal Year 2014-15



City of Guadalupe

TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTRODUCTION		Indirect Cost Allocations	
		City Council (Table 6.1)	13
Overview: Purpose of the Cost Allocation Plan	1	Administration Table 6.2)	
Determining Direct and Indirect Costs	1	General Administration	14
Allocating Indirect Costs	1	Program Supervision	15
Uses of the Cost Allocation Plan	2	Human Resources	16
Plan Preparation	3	City Attorney (Table 6.3)	17
Summary	3	Finance (Table 6.4)	
		General Finance & Accounting	18
		Payroll	19
INDIRECT COST ALLOCATIONS		Utility Billing	20
		Business License Tax	21
		Building Maintenance (Table 6.5)	22
Summary Schedules		City Hall Use Allowance (Table 6.6)	23
Summary of Direct and Indirect Costs (Table 1)	4		
Excluded Costs and Other Adjustments (Table 2)	5	GENERAL FUND REIMBURSEMENTS	
Basis of Indirect Cost Allocations (Table 3)	6		
Indirect Program Costs			
City Administration Program Costs (Table 4.1)	7	General Fund Reimbursement Transfers By Fund (Table 7)	24
Finance Program Costs (Table 4.2)	8		
Summary of Indirect Cost Allocations			
Summary by Fund Type (Table 5.1)	9	ALLOCATION BASES	
General Fund (Table 5.2)	10		
Special Revenue Funds (Table 5.3)	11		
Enterprise Funds (Table 5.4)	12	Full Time Staffing (Table 8.1)	25
		Assigned Space (Table 8.2)	26

INTRODUCTION

OVERVIEW

Purpose of the Plan

The purpose of the City's Cost Allocation Plan is to identify the total costs of providing specific City services. Why is a separate cost accounting analysis required to do this? Because in almost all organizations—whether in the private or the public sector—the cost of producing goods or delivering services can be classified into two basic categories: direct and indirect costs.

"Direct costs" by their nature are usually easy to identify and relate to a specific service. However, this is not the case for "indirect costs." As such, if we want to know the "total cost" of providing a specific service, then we need to develop an approach—a plan—for reasonably allocating indirect costs to direct cost programs.

What Are Direct and Indirect Costs?

Direct costs are those that can be specifically identified with a particular cost objective, such as street maintenance, police protection and water service. Indirect costs are not readily identifiable with a direct operating program, but rather, are incurred for a joint purpose that benefits more than one cost objective.

Common examples of indirect costs include accounting, legal services, human resources and building maintenance. Although indirect costs are generally not readily identifiable with direct cost programs, their cost should be included if we want to know the total cost of delivering specific services.

Budgeting and Accounting for Indirect Costs

Theoretically, all indirect costs could be directly charged to specific cost objectives; however, practical difficulties generally preclude such an approach for organizational and accounting reasons. As such, almost all organizations in both the private and public sector separately budget and account for direct and indirect costs at some level depending on their

financial reporting needs and the level of sophistication and complexity of their operations.

Distributing Indirect Costs

However, in order to determine the total cost of delivering specific services, some methodology for determining and distributing indirect costs must be developed, and that is the purpose of cost allocation plans: to identify indirect costs and to allocate them to benefiting direct cost programs in a logical, consistent and reasonable manner.

Plan Goal: Reasonable Allocation of Costs. It is important to stress that the goal of the Cost Allocation Plan is a reasonable allocation of indirect costs, not a "perfect" one. By their very nature, indirect costs are difficult to link with direct costs. As such, in developing an allocation approach, it is important to keep this goal in mind balancing the cost and of effort of complicated allocation methods with the likely benefits from the end results.

DETERMINING DIRECT AND INDIRECT COSTS

The first step in preparing the City's Cost Allocation Plan is determining direct and indirect costs. Program costs that primarily provide service to the public are identified as direct costs, whereas the cost of programs that primarily provide services to the organization are identified as indirect costs.

Additionally, use allowance costs for City Hall have also been developed. In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, only operating costs are considered in preparing the cost allocation plan. As such, capital outlay, debt service, interfund transfers and "pass-through" costs (such as solid waste billing for the Valley Refuse and Garbage Company) are excluded from the calculations.

ALLOCATING INDIRECT COSTS

For general purposes, the City-wide indirect cost rate can be used as the basis for allocating indirect costs. The indirect cost rate is simply the ratio

INTRODUCTION

between indirect and direct costs, which can be easily computed for the City as a whole once the direct and indirect cost base has been determined.

Citywide Indirect Cost Rate

Provided in Table 1 (page 4) is a summary of direct and indirect costs for the City of Guadalupe based on the approved 2014-15 Budget, along with the resulting citywide indirect cost rate. By applying the overall indirect cost rate to any specific direct cost program, the total cost of the program can be determined. For example, with an overall indirect cost rate of 26.1%, the total cost for a direct program of \$100,000 in Guadalupe would be \$126,100 with this approach.

Bases of Allocation

This method of cost allocation assumes that all indirect costs are incurred proportionately to the direct cost of the program. However, this may not be a reasonable assumption in all cases, as the benefit received from certain types of support service programs may be more closely related to another indicator of activity than cost.

For example, if a program service is primarily delivered through contract and does not have any City staffing directly associated with it, distributing payroll preparation and Human Resources costs to it may result in an inequitable allocation of costs. Because of this, the City's Cost Allocation Plan establishes separate *bases of allocation* for each major indirect cost category. With this approach, indirect costs can be allocated to each direct cost program in a fair, convenient, and most importantly, consistent manner. Provided in Table 2 (page 6) is a summary of the primary methods of allocation used in distributing indirect costs to direct cost programs.

Some of these costs lend themselves to an easily justified, rational approach of distribution. For example, payroll and human resources costs are related to the number of employees serviced. Other costs may appear to be arbitrarily distributed; however, the allocation bases are consistent with generally accepted accounting principles, and recognize the concept that the cost of developing the information necessary to perform the cost allocations should not exceed the benefits likely to be gained.

Summary of Indirect Cost Allocations

A summary of the indirect cost allocations is provided in Tables 5.1 through 5.4 (pages 9 through 12), followed by the detailed allocations for each specific indirect cost program (Tables 6.1 through 6.6, pages 13 to 23).

Simple Method of Allocating Costs

In performing the cost allocations, all indirect costs have been allocated only to direct cost programs rather than using a more complex sequential allocation system. Although there are some conceptual difficulties with this approach, since all indirect costs are ultimately allocated to direct programs, the difference in the end result is insignificant. However, the cost of preparation, review and audit is significantly reduced; and how indirect costs are allocated is much more transparent.

For example, the cost of general administration by the City Administrator's office is allocated solely to direct cost programs based on their operating budget. However, as the general administration program also benefits the other indirect cost programs such as human resources, finance and building maintenance, the cost allocations could appear to be distorted since no allocations are made to them. Similarly, payroll preparation also benefits the general administration program (in fact, it also benefits itself).

Under a more sophisticated, two-step system, the cost of the general administration program would be allocated to the other indirect costs programs, and iterative allocations then made to direct cost programs until all indirect costs are distributed. However, this process is extremely time consuming (and places far more reliance on the underlying significance of the allocation bases than may be appropriate) and results in the same basic cost allocations as the simpler method since all indirect costs are allocated in the final product. Again, as noted above, the plan's goal is a reasonable allocation of costs, not a "perfect" one.

USES OF THE COST ALLOCATION PLAN

By identifying total program costs, the Cost Allocation Plan can be used as an analytical tool in many financial decision-making situations, including:

- **Grant Administration.** Under federal cost accounting policies (Circular A-87), it is permissible to include indirect costs in accounting for grant programs. By establishing indirect cost rates, the cost allocation plan can be used in recovering the total costs (direct and indirect) associated with implementing grant programs.
- **Reimbursement Transfers.** The Cost Allocation Plan identifies the costs incurred by the General Fund in providing administrative support services to the City's other funds such as enterprise operations and special revenue funds.
- For example, although the City's administrative, legal services, finance, human resources and building maintenance programs are budgeted and accounted for in the General Fund, these programs provide support services to other City funds. The Cost Allocation Plan provides a clear methodology for determining this level of support in for the reimbursement of these costs. Recommended reimbursement transfers based on the Cost Allocation Plan compared with budget estimates are provided are provided in Table 7 (page 24).
- General Fund User Charges. Similar to ensuring that enterprise fund revenues fully recover their costs, the Cost Allocation Plan can also be used in determining appropriate user fees for General Fund services, such as planning applications, building permits and recreation activities, in ensuring that full cost of services are considered in setting rates.
- Labor Rates. In preparing the Budget, the City has developed full
 compensation costs for each of its regular employees. Along with
 accounting for paid leave (such as vacation, sick and holidays), "full
 cost" hourly labor rates can be developed that appropriately include
 indirect costs.

• Contracting-Out for Services. By identifying total costs, the cost allocation plan can also be helpful in analyzing the costs of contracting for services versus performing services in-house.

PLAN PREPARATION

In a true cost accounting system, indirect costs would be computed and allocated on an ongoing basis throughout the fiscal year based on actual costs. However, frequent updating in municipal finance would not serve any specific purpose—such as unit price control in a manufacturing company—but it would consume significant accounting resources. As such, the City's Cost Allocation Plan is prepared annually based on the budget adopted by the Council.

SUMMARY

The Cost Allocation Plan makes determining total program costs possible by establishing a reasonable methodology for identifying and allocating indirect costs to direct cost programs. Because of this, the Cost Allocation Plan can be a valuable analytical tool in a number of situations, including allocating organizational resources, performing expense analyses, evaluating the costs of performing services in-house versus contract, establishing fees designed for full cost recovery, recovering indirect costs associated with grant programs and reimbursing support service costs provided by the General Fund to other funds.

DIRECT COSTS			
General Fund			
Police	1,303,200		
Fire	354,000		
Parks & Recreation	118,100		
Permits	109,900		
Special Revenue Funds			
Street & Roads Funds	381,800		
Public Safety Funds	179,800		
Lighting and Landscape Maintenance	65,500		
Enterprise Funds			
Water Fund Operating	1,087,400		
Wastewater Fund Operating	603,900		
Transit Fund	355,000		
TOTAL DIRECT COSTS	\$4,558,600		

INDIRECT COSTS				
City Council	9,500			
City Administration	464,200			
City Attorney	51,000			
Finance	379,800			
Building Maintenance	105,500			
City Hall Use Allowance	178,300			
TOTAL INDIRECT COSTS	\$1.188.300			

OVERALL INDIRECT COST RATE	
Indirect Costs Divided by Direct Costs	26.1%

Under generally accepted accounting principles, capital outlay, debt service, interfund transfers and pass-through payments are usually excluded in calculating indirect cost rates; accordingly, only operating costs (less transfers) are considered in the City's cost allocation plan.

RECONCILIATION TO 2014-15 BUDGET

Excluded Costs and Other Reconciling Adjustments	
Less Non-Budget Costs	
City Hall Use Allowance	(178,300)
City Council	(9,500)
Lighting and Landscape Maintenance	(65,500)
Plus Excluded Costs	
General Fund Reimbursement Transfers	
Special Revenue Funds	
Street & Roads Funds	125,000
Public Safety Funds	26,000
Enterprise Funds	
Water Fund Operating	200,000
Wastewater Fund Operating	150,000
Solid Waste Trash Fund	15,000
Transit Fund	35,000
Other Transfers	
Police to Public Safety Funds	52,800
Gas Tax to Solid Waste	28,000
Solid Waste to Affordable Housing	10,000
Capital Outlay	
General Fund	1,500
Special Revenue Funds	
Street & Roads Funds	-
Public Safety Funds	8,000
CDBG - Legion Hall	495,000
Enterprise Funds	
Water Fund	729,000
Wastewater Fund	410,000
Transit Fund	83,900
Debt Service	
Water Fund	65,000
Wastewater Fund	67,000
Pass-Throughs	
Solid Waste Fund	555,300
Total	\$2,803,200

Cost Allocation Plan	
Indirect	1,188,300
Direct	4,558,600
Total	\$5,746,900

Under generally accepted accounting principles, capital outlay, debt service interfund transfers and pass-through payments are usually excluded in calculating indirect cost rates; accordingly, only operating costs (less transfers and pass-throughs) are considered in the City's Cost Allocation Plan.

This schedule identifies these excluded costs, and along with other adjustments ("such as non-budgeted" use allowance costs), reconciles the direct and indirect costs used in the Cost Allocation Plan with the adopted budget.

2014-15	
Total: All City Funds	\$8,550,100

INDIRECT COST PROGRAM	BASIS OF ALLOCATION
City Council	Operating Budget
City Administration	
General Administration	Operating Budget
Program Supervision	Assigned Program
Human Resources	Full-Time Equivalent Staffing
City Attorney	Operating Budget
Finance	
General Finance	Operating Budget
Payroll	Full-Time Equivalent Staffing
Utility Billing	Water and Wastewater Funds
Business License Tax	General Fund Operating Budget
Building Maintenance	Assigned Space/Operating Budget
City Hall Use Allowance	Assigned Space/Operating Budget

	General	Program	Human			
	Administration	Supervision	Resources	Total		
Staffing		Percent				
City Administrator	0.20	0.75	0.05	1.00		
Administrative Assistant	0.20	0.75	0.05	1.00		
Human Resources Coordinator			1.00	1.00		
	Allocated Cost					
City Administrator	29,300	109,600	7,300	146,200		
Administrative Assistant	17,300	65,100	4,300	86,700		
Human Resources Coordinator	-	-	53,000	53,000		
Total Staffing	46,600	174,700	64,600	285,900		
Percent	16.3%	61.1%	22.6%	100.0%		
Other Operating Costs	14,100	53,100	19,600	86,800		
Total Allocated	60,700	227,800	84,200	372,700		
Direct Allocations						
Planning (Permits)				26,500		
Animal Regulation (Police)				65,000		
TOTAL				\$464,200		

FINANCE PROGRAM COSTS Table 4.2

	General		Utility	Business		
	Finance	Payroll	Billing	License Tax	Total	
Staffing		Percent				
Finance Director	75.0%	5.0%	15.0%	5.0%	100.0%	
Business Manager	10.0%	62.5%	25.0%	2.5%	100.0%	
Account Clerk	67.5%		30.0%	2.5%	100.0%	
Account Clerk: Part-Time	15.0%		75.0%	10.0%	100.0%	
Allocated Cost						
Finance Director	90,507	6,034	18,101	6,034	120,676	
Business Manager	10,579	66,120	26,448	2,645	105,792	
Account Clerk	54,626	-	24,278	2,023	80,928	
Account Clerk: Part-Time	5,760	-	28,800	3,840	38,400	
Total Staffing	161,500	72,200	97,600	14,500	345,800	
Percent	46.7%	20.9%	28.2%	4.2%	100.0%	
Other Operating Costs	15,900	7,100	9,600	1,400	34,000	
TOTAL	\$177,400	\$79,300	\$107,200	\$15,900	\$379,800	

	DIRECT COST PROGRAM SUMMARY			
		Special		
	General	Revenue	Enterprise	
	Fund	Funds	Funds	Total
City Council	3,900	1,300	4,300	9,500
City Administration				
General Administration	25,100	8,400	27,200	60,700
Program Supervision	169,800	24,900	124,600	319,300
Human Resources	52,000	18,200	14,000	84,200
City Attorney	21,000	7,000	23,000	51,000
Finance				
General Finance	73,400	24,400	79,600	177,400
Payroll	49,000	17,100	13,200	79,300
Utility Billing			107,200	107,200
Business License Tax	15,900			15,900
Building Maintenance	82,600	7,600	15,300	105,500
City Hall Use Allowance	139,700	12,700	25,900	178,300
TOTAL INDIRECT COSTS	\$632,400	\$121,600	\$434,300	\$1,188,300

Total Direct Costs	1,885,200	627,100	2,046,300	4,558,600
Total Costs	\$2,517,600	\$748,700	\$2,480,600	\$5,746,900
Indirect Cost Rate	33.5%	19.4%	21.2%	26.1%

		GENERA	L FUND		
			Parks &		
	Police	Fire	Recreation	Permits	Total
City Council	2,800	700	200	200	3,900
City Administration					
General Administration	17,300	4,700	1,600	1,500	25,100
Program Supervision	73,900	8,900	7,100	79,900	169,800
Human Resources	36,900	9,800	1,900	3,400	52,000
City Attorney	14,500	4,000	1,300	1,200	21,000
Finance					
General Finance	50,700	13,800	4,600	4,300	73,400
Payroll	34,700	9,300	1,800	3,200	49,000
Utility Billing					
Business License Tax	11,000	3,000	1,000	900	15,900
Building Maintenance	26,900	12,500	35,300	7,900	82,600
City Hall Use Allowance	45,400	21,300	59,600	13,400	139,700
			·	·	
TOTAL INDIRECT COSTS	\$314,100	\$88,000	\$114,400	\$115,900	\$632,400

Total Direct Costs	1,303,200	354,000	118,100	109,900	1,885,200
Total Costs	\$1,617,300	\$442,000	\$232,500	\$225,800	\$2,517,600
Indirect Cost Rate	24.1%	24.9%	96.9%	105.5%	33.5%

	SPEC	IAL REVENUE FU	INDS	
	Streets &	Public	Lighting &	
	Roads	Safety	Landscape	Total
City Council	800	400	100	1,300
City Administration				
General Administration	5,100	2,400	900	8,400
Program Supervision	17,800		7,100	24,900
Human Resources	6,800	11,400		18,200
City Attorney	4,300	2,000	700	7,000
Finance				
General Finance	14,900	7,000	2,500	24,400
Payroll	6,400	10,700		17,100
Utility Billing				
Business License Tax				
Building Maintenance	6,200	1,000	400	7,600
City Hall Use Allowance	10,400	1,700	600	12,700
TOTAL INDIRECT COSTS	\$72,700	\$36,600	\$12,300	\$121,600

Total Direct Costs	381,800	179,800	65,500	627,100
Total Costs	\$454,500	\$216,400	\$77,800	\$748,700
Indirect Cost Rate	19.0%	20.4%	18.8%	19.4%

ENTERPRISE FUNDS			
Water	Wastewater	Transit	Total
2,300	1,300	700	4,300
			-
14,500	8,000	4,700	27,200
53,400	53,400	17,800	124,600
4,500	9,500		14,000
12,200	6,800	4,000	23,000
			-
42,300	23,500	13,800	79,600
4,300	8,900		13,200
71,800	35,400		107,200
			-
10,100	3,300	1,900	15,300
17,000	5,600	3,300	25,900
\$232.400	\$155.700	\$46.200	\$434,300
	Water 2,300 14,500 53,400 4,500 12,200 42,300 4,300 71,800 10,100	Water Wastewater 2,300 1,300 14,500 8,000 53,400 53,400 4,500 9,500 12,200 6,800 42,300 23,500 4,300 8,900 71,800 35,400 10,100 3,300 17,000 5,600	Water Wastewater Transit 2,300 1,300 700 14,500 8,000 4,700 53,400 53,400 17,800 4,500 9,500 12,200 6,800 4,000 42,300 23,500 13,800 4,300 8,900 71,800 35,400 1,900 17,000 5,600 3,300

Total Direct Costs	1,087,400	603,900	355,000	2,046,300
Total Costs	\$1,319,800	\$759,600	\$401,200	\$2,480,600
Indirect Cost Rate	21.4%	25.8%	13.0%	21.2%

Indirect Cost Program Budget City Council \$9,500

Base of Allocation Operating Budget

	Base of	Percent	Cost
Direct Cost Program	Allocation	of Total	Allocation
General Fund			
Police	1,303,200	28.6%	2,800
Fire	354,000	7.8%	700
Parks & Recreation	118,100	2.6%	200
Permits	109,900	2.4%	200
Special Revenue Funds			
Street & Roads Funds	381,800	8.4%	800
Public Safety Funds	179,800	3.9%	400
Lighting and Landscape Maintenance	65,500	1.4%	100
Enterprise Funds			
Water Fund Operating	1,087,400	23.9%	2,300
Wastewater Fund Operating	603,900	13.2%	1,300
Transit Fund	355,000	7.8%	700
Total Direct Cost Programs	4,558,600	100.0%	\$9,500

City Administration: General Administration

Budget \$60,700

Base of Allocation Operating Budget

	Base of	Percent	Cost
Direct Cost Program	Allocation	of Total	Allocation
General Fund			
Police	1,303,200	28.6%	17,300
Fire	354,000	7.8%	4,700
Parks & Recreation	118,100	2.6%	1,600
Permits	109,900	2.4%	1,500
Special Revenue Funds			
Street & Roads Funds	381,800	8.4%	5,100
Public Safety Funds	179,800	3.9%	2,400
Lighting and Landscape Maintenance	65,500	1.4%	900
Enterprise Funds			
Water Fund Operating	1,087,400	23.9%	14,500
Wastewater Fund Operating	603,900	13.2%	8,000
Transit Fund	355,000	7.8%	4,700
Total Direct Cost Programs	4,558,600	100.0%	\$60,700

City Administration: Program Supervision

Budget

Base of Allocation

\$319,300 Assigned Program

	Percent	Cost	Animal	Staff	
Direct Cost Program	of Total	Allocation	Regulation	Planner	Total
General Fund					
Police	4%	8,900	65,000		73,900
Fire	4%	8,900			8,900
Parks & Recreation	3%	7,100			7,100
Permits	23%	53,400		26,500	79,900
Special Revenue Funds					
Street & Roads Funds	8%	17,800			17,800
Public Safety Funds					
Lighting and Landscape Maintenance	3%	7,100			7,100
Enterprise Funds					
Water Fund Operating	23%	53,400			53,400
Wastewater Fund Operating	23%	53,400			53,400
Transit Fund	8%	17,800			17,800
Total Direct Cost Programs	100%	\$227,800	\$65,000	\$26,500	\$319,300

Indirect Cost Program Budget City Administration: Human Resources

\$84,200

Base of Allocation Full-Time Equivalent Employees

	Base of	Percent	Cost
Direct Cost Program	Allocation	of Total	Allocation
General Fund			
Police	9.75	43.8%	36,900
Fire	2.60	11.7%	9,800
Parks & Recreation	0.50	2.2%	1,900
Permits	0.90	4.0%	3,400
Special Revenue Funds			
Street & Roads Funds	1.80	8.1%	6,800
Public Safety Funds	3.00	13.5%	11,400
Lighting and Landscape Maintenance			
Enterprise Funds			
Water Fund Operating	1.20	5.4%	4,500
Wastewater Fund Operating	2.50	11.2%	9,500
Transit Fund			
Total Direct Cost Programs	22.25	100.0%	\$84,200

Indirect Cost Program Budget City Attorney \$51,000

Base of Allocation

Operating Budget

	Base of	Percent	Cost
Direct Cost Program	Allocation	of Total	Allocation
General Fund			
Police	1,303,200	28.6%	14,500
Fire	354,000	7.8%	4,000
Parks & Recreation	118,100	2.6%	1,300
Permits	109,900	2.4%	1,200
Special Revenue Funds			
Street & Roads Funds	381,800	8.4%	4,300
Public Safety Funds	179,800	3.9%	2,000
Lighting and Landscape Maintenance	65,500	1.4%	700
Enterprise Funds			
Water Fund Operating	1,087,400	23.9%	12,200
Wastewater Fund Operating	603,900	13.2%	6,800
Transit Fund	355,000	7.8%	4,000
Total Direct Cost Programs	4,558,600	100.0%	\$51,000

Finance: General Finance

Budget

Base of Allocation

\$177,400 Operating Budget

	Base of	Percent	Cost
Direct Cost Program	Allocation	of Total	Allocation
General Fund			
Police	1,303,200	28.6%	50,700
Fire	354,000	7.8%	13,800
Parks & Recreation	118,100	2.6%	4,600
Permits	109,900	2.4%	4,300
Special Revenue Funds			
Street & Roads Funds	381,800	8.4%	14,900
Public Safety Funds	179,800	3.9%	7,000
Lighting and Landscape Maintenance	65,500	1.4%	2,500
Enterprise Funds			
Water Fund Operating	1,087,400	23.9%	42,300
Wastewater Fund Operating	603,900	13.2%	23,500
Transit Fund	355,000	7.8%	13,800
Total Direct Cost Programs	4,558,600	100.0%	\$177,400

Finance: Payroll

Budget \$79,300

Base of Allocation Full-Time Equivalent Staffing

	Base of	Percent	Cost
Direct Cost Program	Allocation	of Total	Allocation
General Fund			
Police	9.75	43.8%	34,700
Fire	2.60	11.7%	9,300
Parks & Recreation	0.50	2.2%	1,800
Permits	0.90	4.0%	3,200
Special Revenue Funds			
Street & Roads Funds	1.80	8.1%	6,400
Public Safety Funds	3.00	13.5%	10,700
Lighting and Landscape Maintenance			
Enterprise Funds			
Water Fund Operating	1.20	5.4%	4,300
Wastewater Fund Operating	2.50	11.2%	8,900
Transit Fund			
Total Direct Cost Programs	22.25	100.0%	\$79,300

Finance: Utility Billing \$107,200

Budget Base of Allocation

Water and Wastewater

Direct Cost Program	Percent of Total	Cost Allocation
General Fund		
Police		
Fire		
Parks & Recreation		
Permits		
Special Revenue Funds		
Street & Roads Funds		
Public Safety Funds		
Lighting and Landscape Maintenance		
Enterprise Funds		
Water Fund Operating	67.0%	71,800
Wastewater Fund Operating	33.0%	35,400
Transit Fund		
Total Direct Cost Programs	100.0%	\$107,200

Finance: Business License Tax

Budget \$15,900

Base of Allocation General Fund Operating Budget

	Base of	Percent	Cost
Direct Cost Program	Allocation	of Total	Allocation
General Fund			
Police	1,303,200	69.1%	11,000
Fire	354,000	18.8%	3,000
Parks & Recreation	118,100	6.3%	1,000
Permits	109,900	5.8%	900
Special Revenue Funds			
Street & Roads Funds			
Public Safety Funds			
Lighting and Landscape Maintenance			
Enterprise Funds			
Water Fund Operating			
Wastewater Fund Operating			
Transit Fund			
Total Direct Cost Programs	1,885,200	100.0%	\$15,900

Indirect Cost ProgramBuilding MaintenanceDirectIndirectTotalBudget\$105,500\$80,500\$25,000\$105,500Base of AllocationAssigned Space/Operating Budget12,9604,01716,977

	Direct	t Cost Progran	ns	Indire	ct Cost Progra	nms	Total
	Base of	Percent	Cost	Base of	Percent	Operating	Cost
Direct Cost Program	Allocation	of Total	Allocation	Allocation	of Total	Allocation	Allocation
General Fund							
Police	3,178	24.5%	19,700	1,303,200	28.6%	7,200	26,900
Fire	1,713	13.2%	10,600	354,000	7.8%	1,900	12,500
Parks & Recreation	5,583	43.1%	34,700	118,100	2.6%	600	35,300
Permits	1,178	9.1%	7,300	109,900	2.4%	600	7,900
Special Revenue Funds	-						
Street & Roads Funds	654	5.0%	4,100	381,800	8.4%	2,100	6,200
Public Safety Funds	-			179,800	3.9%	1,000	1,000
Lighting and Landscape Maintenance				65,500	1.4%	400	400
Enterprise Funds	-						
Water Fund Operating	654	5.0%	4,100	1,087,400	23.9%	6,000	10,100
Wastewater Fund Operating	-			603,900	13.2%	3,300	3,300
Transit Fund	-			355,000	7.8%	1,900	1,900
Total Direct Cost Programs	12,960	100.0%	\$80,500	4,558,600	100.0%	\$25,000	\$105,500

Indirect Cost ProgramCity Hall Use AllowanceDirectIndirectTotalBudget\$178,300\$136,100\$42,200\$178,300Base of AllocationAssigned Space/Operating Budget12,9604,01716,977

	Direc	t Cost Program	ns	Indire	ct Cost Progra	ams	Total
	Base of	Percent	Cost	Base of	Percent	Operating	Cost
Direct Cost Program	Allocation	of Total	Allocation	Allocation	of Total	Allocation	Allocation
General Fund							
Police	3,178	24.5%	33,400	1,303,200	28.6%	12,000	45,400
Fire	1,713	13.2%	18,000	354,000	7.8%	3,300	21,300
Parks & Recreation	5,583	43.1%	58,500	118,100	2.6%	1,100	59,600
Permits	1,178	9.1%	12,400	109,900	2.4%	1,000	13,400
Special Revenue Funds				-			
Street & Roads Funds	654	5.0%	6,900	381,800	8.4%	3,500	10,400
Public Safety Funds				179,800	3.9%	1,700	1,700
Lighting and Landscape Maintenance				65,500	1.4%	600	600
Enterprise Funds				-			
Water Fund Operating	654	5.0%	6,900	1,087,400	23.9%	10,100	17,000
Wastewater Fund Operating				603,900	13.2%	5,600	5,600
Transit Fund				355,000	7.8%	3,300	3,300
Total Direct Cost Programs	12,960	100.0%	\$136,100	4,558,600	100.0%	\$42,200	\$178,300

Rental rates are conservatively based on a market rental rate of 87.5 cents per month per square feet based on three factors:

- 1. A recent appraisal for Successor Agency property shows market rents in the City ranging from 60 cents to \$1.20 per square foot per month for commercial uses. 87.5 cents is slightly below the middle of this range.
- 2. Commercial space is currently on the market for \$1.00 per square foot per month.
- 3. This market rate use allowance is made even more conservative based its application to "net" square footage (net of circulation, bathrooms, storage and other common areas), whereas commercial rates are typically based on "gross area."

			Police Adn	ninistration	
		Cost	Allocated		
	2014-15	Allocation	Cost	Police Grant	
	Budget	Plan	(See Below)	Limitation*	Variance
Special Revenue Funds					
Street & Roads Funds	125,000	72,700			(52,300)
Public Safety Funds*	26,000	36,600	63,400	(74,000)	-
Lighting and Landscape Maintenance		12,300			12,300
CDBG - Microenterprise	15,000				(15,000)
Enterprise Funds					
Water Fund Operating	200,000	232,400			32,400
Wastewater Fund Operating	150,000	155,700			5,700
Transit Fund	35,000	46,200			11,200
Total	\$551,000	\$555,900	\$63,400	(\$74,000)	(\$5,700)

^{*}Assumes reimbursements are limited to the budget amount and reflects downward adjustment from the Preliminary Budget of \$60,000 due to discontinuing involvement in the countywide SBRNT program (drug task force).

Allocation of Police Administration Costs

Police Cost Summary	
Police Administration	
Staffing	
Police Chief	95,900
Office Manager	84,500
Records Technician	57,600
Supplies and Services	
Dispatch and Lab Services	55,000
Communications	5,600
Vehicle Maintenance & Fuel	39,500
Liability Insurance	15,000
Contract Services	15,000
Other Operating Costs	18,600
Total Police Administration	386,700
Direct Costs	
General Fund	916,500
Public Safety Grants	179,800
Total Police Costs	\$1,483,000

Allocation of Police Administration					
	Operating				
	Budget	Percent	Allocation		
General Fund	916,500	83.6%	323,300		
Public Safety Grants	179,800	16.4%	63,400		
Total	\$1,096,300	100.0%	\$386,700		

DIRECT COST PROGRAMS	
General Fund	
Police	9.75
Fire	2.60
Parks & Recreation	0.50
Permits	0.90
Special Revenue Funds	
Street & Roads Funds	1.80
Public Safety Funds	3.00
Lighting and Landscape Maintenance	-
Enterprise Funds	
Water Fund Operating	1.20
Wastewater Fund Operating	2.50
Transit Fund	-
TOTAL DIRECT COST PROGRAMS	22.25

INDIRECT COST PROGRAMS	
City Council	-
Administration	2.50
City Attorney	-
Finance	3.70
Building Maintenance	0.50
City Hall Use Allowance	-
TOTAL INDIRECT COST PROGRAMS	6.70

TOTAL 28.95

\$42,200

DIRECT COST PROGRAMS	
General Fund	
Police	3,178
Fire	1,713
Parks & Recreation	5,583
Permits	1,178
Special Revenue Funds	
Street & Roads Funds	654
Public Safety Funds	
Lighting and Landscape Maintenance	
Enterprise Funds	
Water Fund Operating	654
Wastewater Fund Operating	
Transit Fund	
TOTAL DIRECT COST PROGRAMS	12,960

per square foot per month **

INDIRECT COST PROGRAMS	
City Council	1,523
Administration	1,377
City Attorney	-
Finance	1,117
Building Maintenance	-
TOTAL INDIRECT COST PROGRAMS	4,017

Total Cost \$178,300 Total Sq Ft 16,977

	Direct	Indirect
Percent of Total Square Feet	76.3%	23.7%

^{*} Rental rates are conservatively based on a market rental rate of 87.5 cents per month per square feet based on three factors:

- 1. A recent appraisal for Successor Agency property shows market rents in the City ranging from 60 cents to \$1.20 per square foot per month for commercial uses. 87.5 cents is slightly below the middle of this range.
- 2. Commercial space is currently on the market for \$1.00 per square foot per month.
- 3. This market rate use allowance is made even more conservative based its application to "net" square footage (net of circulation, bathrooms, storage and other common areas), whereas commercial rates are typically based on "gross area."

\$136,100

\$0.875

Cost* @

^{**} Excludes circulation, storage, restrooms and other common areas