

Youth Protection Guidelines Quiz for Adult Leaders and Parents

Prerequisites: View the DVD, "Youth Protection Training for Adult Leaders and Parents"

Please select the best response to each of the following 25 questions.

1. Child abuse causes negative impacts on youth-serving organizations and communities.
 - A. True
 - B. False

2. All abuse can be prevented with rigorous criminal background checks.
 - A. True
 - B. False

3. Most child abusers are ordinary-looking people.
 - A. True
 - B. False

4. Enforcing the BSA's Youth Protection Guidelines is a key to preventing abuse in the Scouting program.
 - A. True
 - B. False

5. Where can you find the Boy Scouts of America's Youth Protection Guidelines?
 - A. Guide to Safe Scouting
 - B. Scouting magazine
 - C. Boys' Life magazine
 - D. All of the above

6. According to the Youth Protection Guidelines, what constitutes minimum "adequate supervision"?
 - A. Two registered adult leaders or one registered leader and a parent of a participant, one of whom must be 21 years of age or older, are required on all trips and outings. Additional adult leaders may be required depending upon the nature of the activities and the number of participating Scouts
 - B. At least one adult over 18 on all Scouting trips and outings
 - C. At least one BSA registered youth member on all Scouting trips and outings
 - D. All of the above combined

7. "Adequate supervision" is also known as what?
- A. Constructive discipline
 - B. Two-deep leadership
 - C. No one-on-one contact
 - D. All of the above
8. The "no one-on-one contact" guideline applies only on Scouting trips and outings.
- A. True
 - B. False
9. A homesick Scout wants to hang out with just you. What should you do?
- A. Let him stay in your tent until he feels better.
 - B. Step outside in view of others and visit until he feels better.
 - C. Take a walk with him.
 - D. Any of the above.
10. Who primarily should monitor Scouts' behavior toward one another, step in to stop inappropriate actions, and then inform parents of the issue?
- A. Scout executive
 - B. Chartered organization representative
 - C. Unit leaders
 - D. All of the above
11. If serious or repetitive youth behavior incidents occur, who should review the situation?
- A. Adult leaders
 - B. Scoutmaster
 - C. Unit committee
 - D. Any of the above
12. Who should be informed by the unit of any incidents involving physical injury or allegations of sexual misconduct by a youth member with another youth member?
- A. Chartered organization representative
 - B. Scoutmaster
 - C. Unit committee
 - D. Scout executive
13. Under what circumstances should the privacy guideline be suspended?
- A. Primitive camping
 - B. At the adult leaders' discretion
 - C. For health or safety issues
 - D. None of the above

14. As an adult leader, when should you intervene?
- A. Any questionable behavior
 - B. Bullying
 - C. Hazing
 - D. All of the above
15. Which of the following is a Youth Protection Guideline?
- A. Separate sleeping facilities for youth and adults when camping
 - B. Proper attire for all activities
 - C. No secret organizations
 - D. All of the above
16. Constructive discipline should reflect Scouting's values and never include corporal punishment.
- A. True
 - B. False
17. A scout tells highly improbable story of abuse. What should you do?
- A. Be sympathetic and then talk to the accused Scout later to get the real story
 - B. Report the incident to the Scout executive, expressing your concerns about the veracity of the story
 - C. Launch a full-scale investigation to determine what happened
 - D. Do nothing since the allegations are obviously false
18. If an adult leader is not immediately present, youth leaders should administer discipline.
- A. True
 - B. False
19. Activities with elements of risk should usually be done with proper preparation, equipment, clothing, supervision, and safety measures.
- A. True
 - B. False
20. What is the most reliable indicator a child has been abused?
- A. Child is withdrawn
 - B. Child tells you
 - C. Bruises
 - D. All of the above

21. Within the Scouting program, if you suspect a child has been abused, or the child tells you they have been abused, what should you do?
- A. Report it to police, depending on the state.
 - B. Immediately report to the Scout executive and seek his or her guidance.
 - C. Report it to child protective services, depending on the state.
 - D. All of the above
22. What happens within the Scouting program to violators of BSA Youth Protection Guidelines?
- A. Expelled from Scouting program
 - B. Nothing
 - C. Suspended from Scouting program until allegations resolved
 - D. Any of the above
23. You see a Scout rock climbing without a helmet, violating which Youth Protection Guideline?
- A. No one-on-one contact
 - B. Proper attire
 - C. Proper preparation and equipment
 - D. None of the above
24. The BSA Youth Protection Guidelines are designed to help deal with which of the following?
- A. Sexual abuse
 - B. Physical and emotional abuse
 - C. Neglect
 - D. All of the above
25. Reporting abuse facilitates getting help for the child.
- A. True
 - B. False



BOY SCOUTS OF AMERICA®