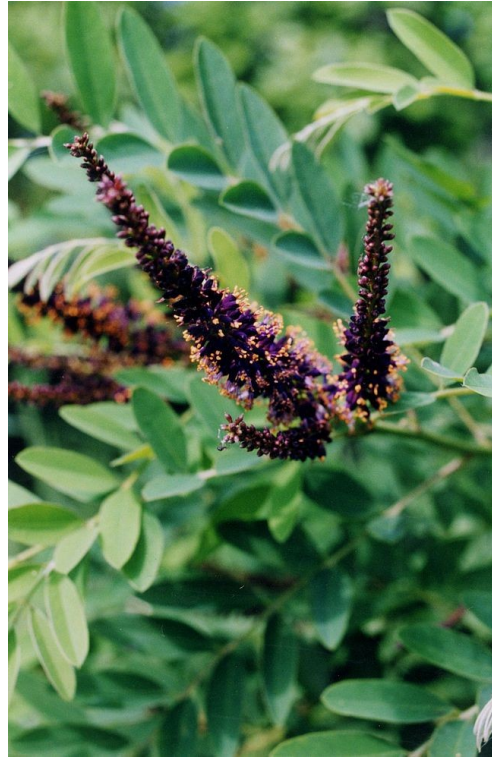


False Indigo

This medium to large native shrub has a variety of uses. It creates good cover for quail. It is an important nectar source for butterflies, native bees and insects.

False Indigo is a host plant for California and Southern Dogfaces, Silver-Spotted Skipper, Gray Hairstreak, and Hoary Edge Skipper. It is known to be deer resistant, salt and wind tolerant. The flowers are fragrant as well. This plant fixes atmospheric Nitrogen which makes it beneficial to other plants around it. The leaves contain insecticidal compounds. False Indigo can also be utilized to create a blue dye, hence the name.

**NATIVE TO EASTERN
UNITED STATES**



Amorpha fruticosa

- Hardiness: Zone 4-9
- Size: 10-15'
- Habit: Upright deciduous shrub, leggy
- Flower: Purplish blue with orange. 3-6" long spikes
- Culture: Full sun to partial shade. Does well in poor soils, moist to dry
- Uses: Naturalizing, Windbreak, Screen, Rain Garden, Erosion Control, Poor Soils, Bees, Butterflies, insects, wildlife, edible, insect repellent, nitrogen fixer