## Place Value and

 Money March 17, 2023

MA+:

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## Say hello.

What are your spring break plans?

November 2022

Early Numeracy

- Counting principles
- Connecting number
- Comparison of numbers
- Addition and subtraction concepts


## January 2023

Addition and Subtraction

- Addition computation
- Subtraction computation
- Addition and subtraction fluency
- Addition and subtraction word problems


## April 2023

Geometry

- Identification of shapes
- Composing and decomposing shapes
- Representing thousands, hundreds, tens, and ones
- Money




## Instructional Platform

INSTRUCTIONAL DELIVERY


INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES
Fluency building
Problem solving
instruction

## MODELING

Step-by-step explanation

## PRACTICE

## Guided practice

Independent practice

Planned examples

## SUPPORTS

Ask high-level and low-level questions
Eliciting frequent responses
Providing affirmative and corrective feedback

## What math content do you model? <br> How do you engage students in guided practice?

## Use formal math language

Use terms precisely

What's one way you support the math vocabulary of students?





## How do you support students with fact fluency?

## Total

## Difference

## Change

## Equal Groups

## Comparison

## Ratios/Proportions



## Place Value:

The value of a digit based on its position in a number.





## Tens and Ones

Count sets with
$0-19$ items in the set using a ten frame.


Determine how many sets of ten. Determine how many ones.

Read as:
14 is 1 ten and 4 ones.

"Ten, Eleven, Twelve,
Thirteen,


## Model:

Show 16.
Show 4.
Show 11.

Tens and Ones

Count sets with $0-19$ items in the set using items that can be linked or connected.

Determine how many sets of ten. Determine how many ones.

Read as:
14 is 1 ten and 4 ones.


## Model:

## Show 12. <br> Show 7. <br> Show 19.

## Numerals



Connect numerals to numbers.
Connect numbers to place value.

## Tens and Ones

Use a double ten frame for numbers 0-29.



## Tens and Ones

> Use a hundred chart to identify patterns with tens and ones.

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 |
| 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 |
| 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 | 37 | 38 | 39 | 40 |
| 41 | 42 | 43 | 44 | 45 | 46 | 47 | 48 | 49 | 50 |
| 51 | 52 | 53 | 54 | 55 | 56 | 57 | 58 | 59 | 60 |
| 61 | 62 | 63 | 64 | 65 | 66 | 67 | 68 | 69 | 70 |
| 71 | 72 | 73 | 74 | 75 | 76 | 77 | 78 | 79 | 80 |
| 81 | 82 | 83 | 84 | 85 | 86 | 87 | 88 | 89 | 90 |
| 91 | 92 | 93 | 94 | 95 | 96 | 97 | 98 | 99 | 100 |

## Tens and Ones

> Use a hundred chart to identify patterns with tens and ones.

| 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 |
| 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 |
| 30 | 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 | 37 | 38 | 39 |
| 40 | 41 | 42 | 43 | 44 | 45 | 46 | 47 | 48 | 49 |
| 50 | 51 | 52 | 53 | 54 | 55 | 56 | 57 | 58 | 59 |
| 60 | 61 | 62 | 63 | 64 | 65 | 66 | 67 | 68 | 69 |
| 70 | 71 | 72 | 73 | 74 | 75 | 76 | 77 | 78 | 79 |
| 80 | 81 | 82 | 83 | 84 | 85 | 86 | 87 | 88 | 89 |
| 90 | 91 | 92 | 93 | 94 | 95 | 96 | 97 | 98 | 99 |

## Tens and Ones

Model:
Show 21.
Show 34.

## Standard Form and

 Expanded Notation
## Connect

standard form of a number (58) to the expanded notation $(50+8$ or 5 tens and 8 ones).

| 58 | 99 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 83 | 76 |
| 60 | 52 |
| 41 | 39 |
| 27 | 12 |


| 5 tens and 8 ones | 9 tens and 9 ones |
| :---: | :---: |
| 8 tens and 3 ones | 7 tens and 6 ones |
| 6 tens and 0 ones | 5 tens and 2 ones |
| 4 tens and 1 one | 3 tens and 9 ones |
| 2 tens and 7 ones | 1 ten and 2 ones |

Standard Form and
Expanded Notation
Roll dice to
create numbers
with tens and
ones.
Write in
standard form
and expanded
form.


| 1. | $\square$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2. | $\square$ |
| 3. | $\square$ |
| 4. | $\square$ |
| 5. | $\square$ |
| 6. | $\square$ |
| 7. | $\square$ |
| 8. | $\square$ |
| 9. | $\square$ |
| 10. | $\square$ |
| 11. | $\square$ |
| 12. | $\square$ |
| 13. | $\square$ |
| 14. | $\square$ |
| 15. | $\square$ |
| 16. | $\square$ |
| 17. | $\square$ |
| 18. | $\square$ |
| 19. | $\square$ |
| 20. |  |

## Standard Form

Expanded Notation

What are activities you use to help students connect standard form to expanded notation?


## Progression of Place Value

What are activities might you use to connect these three phases of place value?


Hundreds, Tens, and Ones

| $g$ |  |
| :--- | :--- |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

$x A+1 \cdot 1$

Hundreds, Tens, and Ones


Proportional materials


Non-proportional materials

## Hundreds, Tens, and Ones

## Show numbers 0-999.

Determine how many hundreds, tens, and ones.

> Read as:
> 342 is 3
> hundreds, 4 tens, and 2 ones.

| hundreds | tens | ones |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

## Hundreds, Tens, and Ones

## Model:

Show 209.
Show 178.

## Hundreds, Tens, and Ones

## Show numbers <br> 0-999.

Determine how many hundreds, tens, and ones.

Read as:
534 is 5
hundreds, 3 tens, and 4 ones.


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Hundreds, Tens, and Ones

## Model:

Show 612.
Show 407.

## Hundreds, Tens, and Ones

Use other
representations
for hundreds,
tens, and ones.
Connect to
standard form.

Write in expanded form.


## Thousands and Beyond



Helpful with
thousands


Very helpful!

## Thousands and Beyond

> Show numbers $0-9,999$.

Determine how many thousands, hundreds, tens, and ones.

Read as:
3,601 is 3
thousands, 6 hundreds, and 1 one.

## Thousands and Beyond

Thousands


## Thousands and Beyond

## Model:

## Show 1,580. <br> Show 3,972.

(1) What are the place value difficulties of your students?
(2) Describe an activity to practice place value on its own.


## Regrouping



## Regrouping


$x A+1 \cdot 1$

## Traditional


$\times A+1 \dot{1}$

## Within Computation

Model:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 19+36 \\
& 227+185
\end{aligned}
$$

## Partial Sums

A.
74
78
$+\quad 80$
+12
+92
-. 725
$\begin{array}{r}765 \\ +\quad 365 \\ \hline\end{array}$
1,0 00
80
$\begin{array}{r}10 \\ +\quad 10 \\ \hline\end{array}$
1,090

## Within Computation

Model:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 19+36 \\
& 227+185
\end{aligned}
$$

## Traditional

$$
\begin{array}{r}
5 \\
62 \\
-\quad 17 \\
\hline 45
\end{array}
$$

8. $\quad 29$
96
$-\quad 909$

## Within Computation

Model:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 61-48 \\
& 232-164
\end{aligned}
$$

## Partial Differences

$$
\text { А. } \begin{array}{rr}
62 & 305 \\
-\quad 17 \\
\hline+50 & -96 \\
-\quad 5 & +300 \\
\hline 45 & -90 \\
\hline 209 \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$

## Within Computation

Model:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 61-48 \\
& 232-164
\end{aligned}
$$

Add Up

## Within Computation

Model:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 61-48 \\
& 232-164
\end{aligned}
$$

(1) Describe how you will emphasize place value within addition or subtraction.
(2) Discuss your favorite place value representations.

Money

## Money



## Money

Consider
using real money.

If real money is not available, use plastic coins and paper bills.

Also, use pictures of money.

## Money



## Identifying Coins and Their Value

| Value | Image | Obverse | Reverse |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Penny <br> $1 \not \subset$ |  | Abraham Lincoln | The Lincoln Memorial |
| Nickel $5 \not \subset$ |  | Thomas Jefferson | Monticello Jefferson first home |
| Dime <br> $10 \not \subset$ | (x) | Franklin Delano Roosevelt | Olive Branch, Torch, Oak Branch |
| Quarter $25 \not \subset$ |  | George Washington | American Bald Eagle |
| Half Dollar $50 \not \subset$ |  | John F. Kennedy | The Presidential Seal |
| Silver Dollar $\$ 1.00$ | , | Susan B. Anthony | Apollo 11 Insignia, Eagle |
| Golden Dollar $\$ 1.00$ |  | Sacagawea | Soaring Eagle and 17 Stars |

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