Name:

Score: 0 / 23 points (0%) [2 open-ended questions not graded]

Chapter 13 Practice Exam

Multi	ple	Ch	oice

Identify the choice that best completes the statement or answers the question.



- 1. The process of solute particles being surrounded by solvent particles is known as
 - a. salutation
 - b. agglomeration
 - c. solvation
 - d. agglutination
 - e. dehydration

ANSWER: C





- 2. The solubility of oxygen gas in water at 25°C and 1.0 atm pressure of oxygen is 0.041 g/L. The solubility of oxygen in water at 3.0 atm and 25°C is _____ g/L.
 - a. 0.041
 - b. 0.014
 - c. 0.31
 - d. 0.12
 - e. 3.0

ANSWER: D

POINTS: 0/1

nar001-1.jpg
 3. A sample of potassium nitrate (49.0 g) is dissolved in 101 g of water at 100°C, with precautions taken to avoid evaporation of any water. The solution is cooled to 30.0°C and no precipitate is observed. This solution is a. hydrated b. placated c. saturated d. unsaturated e. supersaturated
ANSWER: E
POINTS: 0/1
4. The solubility of MnSO ₄ monohydrate in water at 20°C is 70.0 g per 100.0 mL of water. A solution at that is 4.22 <i>M</i> in MnSO ₄ monohydrate is best described as a(n) solution. The formula weight of MnSO ₄ monohydrate is 168.97 g/mol. a. hydrated b. solvated c. saturated d. unsaturated e. supersaturated
ANSWER: E
POINTS: 0/1
5. A solution is prepared by dissolving 23.7 g of CaCl ₂ in 375 g of water. The density of the resulting solution is 1.05 g/mL. The concentration of CaCl ₂ is% by mass. a. 5.94 b. 6.32 c. 0.0632

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	d. 0.0594 e. 6.24
	ANSWER: A POINTS: 0/1
'	6. The concentration of nitrate ion in a solution that contains 0.900 M aluminum nitrate is M. a. 0.900 b. 0.450 c. 0.300 d. 2.70 e. 1.80
	ANSWER: D POINTS: 0/1
_	7. The concentration of lead nitrate (Pb(NO ₃) ₂) in a 0.726 M solution is molal. The density of the solution is 1.202 g/mL. a. 0.476 b. 1.928 c. 0.755 d. 0.819 e. 0.650
	ANSWER: C POINTS: 0/1
:	8. A solution is prepared by dissolving 15.0 g of NH ₃ in 250.0 g of water. The density of the resulting solution is 0.974 g/mL. The mole fraction of NH ₃ in the solution is a. 0.0640 b. 0.0597 c. 0.940 d. 0.922 e. 16.8
	ANSWER: B POINTS: 0/1
_	9. The concentration (M) of HCl in a solution prepared by dissolving 5.5 g of HCl in 200 g of

 C_2H_6O is _____ M. The density of the solution is 0.79 g/mL.

- a. 21
- b. 0.93
- c. 0.58
- d. 6.0×10^{-4}
- e. 1.72

ANSWER:	C		
POINTS:	0	/	1

<u></u>	10. The vapor pressure of pure ethanol at 60 °C is 0.459 atm. Raoult's Law predicts that a
	solution prepared by dissolving 10.0 mmol naphthalene (nonvolatile) in 90.0 mmol ethanol
	will have a vapor pressure of atm.

- a. 0.498
- b. 0.413
- c. 0.790
- d. 0.367
- e. 0.0918

ANSWER: B POINTS: 0 / 1

11. The freezing point of ethanol (C₂H₅OH) is -114.6 °C. The molal freezing point depression constant for ethanol is 2.00 °C/m. What is the freezing point (°C) of a solution prepared by dissolving 50.0 g of glycerin mc011 a nonelectrolyte) in 200.0 g of ethanol?

- a. -115
- b. -5.42
- c. -132.3
- d. -120.0
- e. -114.6

ANSWER: D POINTS: 0/1

12. A solution containing 10.0 g of an unknown liquid and 90.0 g water has a freezing point of -3.33°C. Given mc012- for water, the molar mass of the unknown liquid is

a. 69.0

- b. 333
- c. 619
- 0. 017
- d. 161
- e. 62.1

ANSWER: E POINTS: 0/1

- 13. A solution is prepared by dissolving 0.60 g of nicotine (a nonelectrolyte) in water to make 12 mL of solution. The osmotic pressure of the solution is mc0 at 25°C. The molecular weight of nicotine is mc013-2.ing
 - a. 28
 - b. 43
 - c. 50
 - d. 160
 - e. 0.60