

**Name:****Score:** 0 / 14 points (0%) [1 open-ended question not graded]**C17PE****Multiple Choice***Identify the choice that best completes the statement or answers the question.*

- \_\_\_ 1. The pH of a solution that contains 0.818 M acetic acid ( $K_a = 1.76 \times 10^{-5}$ ) and 0.172 M sodium acetate is \_\_\_\_\_.
- 4.077
  - 5.434
  - 8.571
  - 8.370
  - 9.922

**ANSWER:** A**POINTS:** 0 / 1

- \_\_\_ 2. Consider a solution containing 0.100 M fluoride ions and 0.126 M hydrogen fluoride. The concentration of fluoride ions after the addition of 5.00 mL of 0.0100 M HCl to 25.0 mL of this solution is \_\_\_\_\_ M.
- 0.0850
  - 0.00167
  - 0.0980
  - 0.0817
  - 0.00253

**ANSWER:** D**POINTS:** 0 / 1

- \_\_\_ 3. Calculate the pH of a solution prepared by dissolving 0.750 mol of  $\text{NH}_3$  and 0.250 mol of  $\text{NH}_4\text{Cl}$  in water sufficient to yield 1.00 L of solution. The  $K_b$  of ammonia is  $1.77 \times 10^{-5}$ .
- 5.22
  - 4.27
  - 9.73
  - 8.78
  - 0.89

**ANSWER:** C**POINTS:** 0 / 1

- \_\_\_ 4. A 25.0 mL sample of 0.723 M  $\text{HClO}_4$  is titrated with a 0.273 M KOH solution. What is the  $[\text{H}^+]$  (molarity) before any base is added?







