Evolution of the Surgical Myotomy for Achalasia From laparoscope to endoscope



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State-of-the-Art in Gastrointestinal Endoscopy Course Pacific Northwest Gastroenterology Society February 27, 2016





Disclosures

Educational Grants

- Olympus Corporation of America

- Boston Scientific
- Bard-Davol

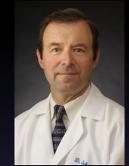


Swedish POEM Team















Objectives

- Review the evolution of the myotomy for achalasia
- Describe the POEM technique
- Discuss a structured training program for training
- Review the outcomes of POEM



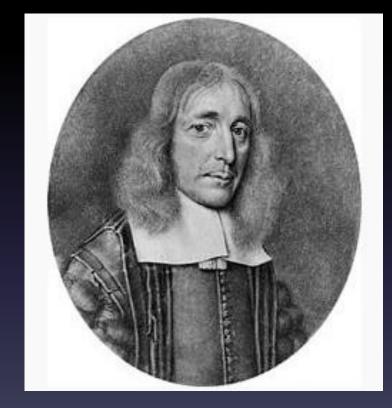
Achalasia

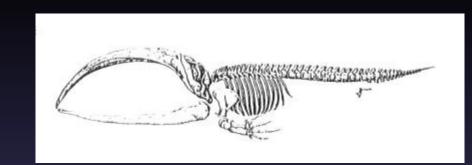
- End stage motor disorder of the esophagus
- Characterized by:
 - Absent peristalsis
 - Defective LES relaxation
 - Symptoms of
 - Dysphagia
 - Regurgitation
 - Aspiration/chest pain





First therapeutic intervention

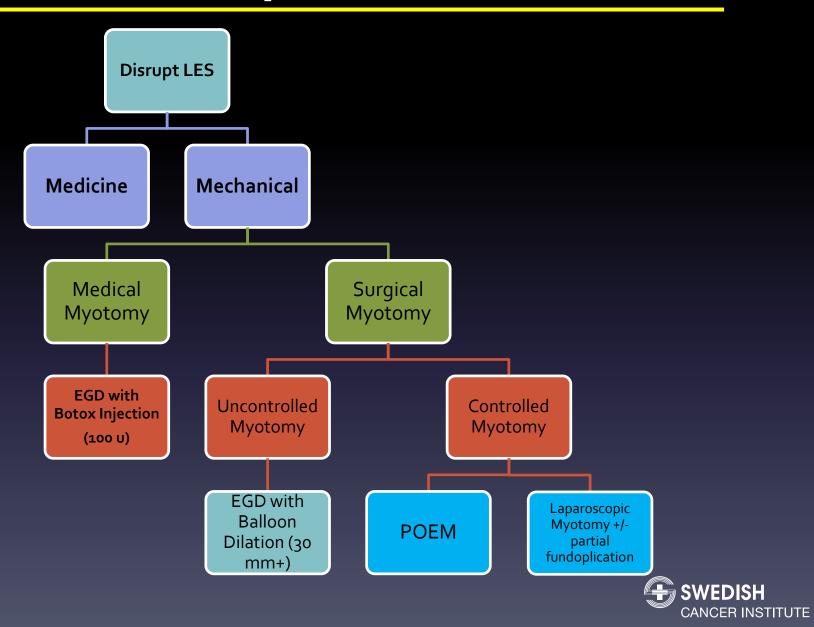




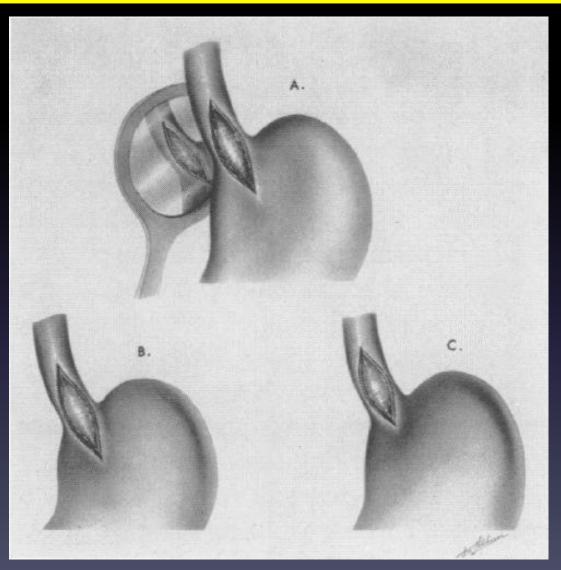
• Thomas Willis 1621 - 167



Modern therapeutic interventions



Heller's Myotomy





Ellis, FH et al, Annals of Surgery 1967;166:640-55

Modification of Heller's Myotomy

CARDIOSPASM IN THE AGED BY J. H. ZAAIJER, M.D. OF LEIDEN, HOLLAND

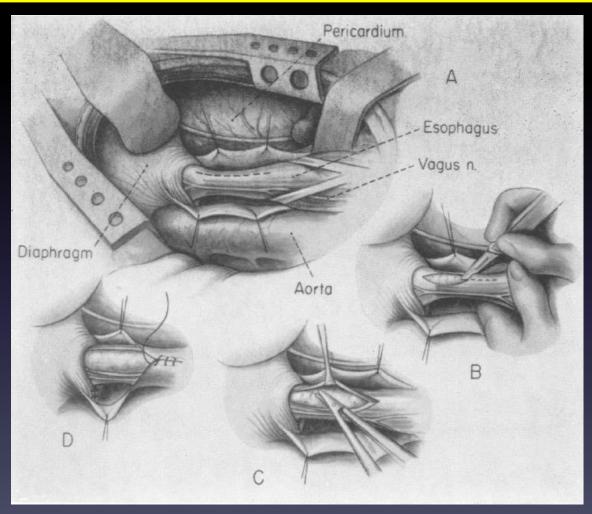
PROFESSOR OF SURGERY IN THE UNIVERSITY OF LEIDEN

The results are very satisfactory, although subsequent radiologic examination show that a condition of restitutio ad integrum has not been effected. It does not appear to make any difference relative to the subsequent findings whether the incision is made on the as Heller 4 did, or one incision only on the anterior side as has been employed by de Bruine, Groeneveldt and myself.

Zaaijer, JH, Annals of Surgery 1923;77(5):615-17



Trans-thoracic Modified Heller's Myotomy





Ellis, FH et al, Annals of Surgery 1967;166:640-55

Towards a minimally invasive myotomy - VATS

Thoracoscopic Esophagomyotomy

Initial Experience With a New Approach for the Treatment of Achalasia

CARLOS PELLEGRINI, M.D.,* L. ALBERT WETTER, M.D.,* M GIL MUSSAN, M.D.,* TOSHIYUKI MORI, M.D.,* GEOFFREY BE

3 ics in front of PAL
5 or 6 ics 2 inch behnd PAL
7 iCS MAL
6 ics AAL
+/- low to depress diaphragm





Pellegrini et al. Annals of Surgery 1992;216(3):291-6)

Towards a minimally invasive myotomy - VATS

- Good relief of dysphagia
- Cumbersome with post op discomfort
- Limited exposure to GEJ
- Lack of fundoplication
- GERD developed in 60%



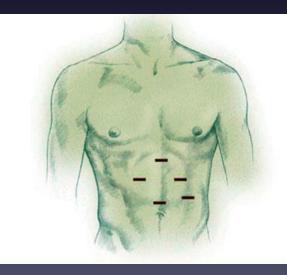
Pellegrini et al. Annals of Surgery 1992;216(3):291-6)

Towards a minimally invasive myotomy - Laparoscopy

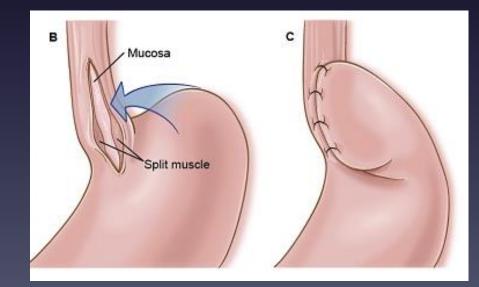
Minimally Invasive Surgery for Achalasia An 8-Year Experience With 168 Patients

Marco G. Patti, MD,* Carlos A. Pellegrini, MD,† Santiago Horgan, MD,† Massimo Arcerito, MD,* Pablo Omelanczuk, MD,† Andrea Tamburini, MD,* Urs Diener, MD,* Thomas R. Eubanks, MD,† and Lawrence W. Way, MD*

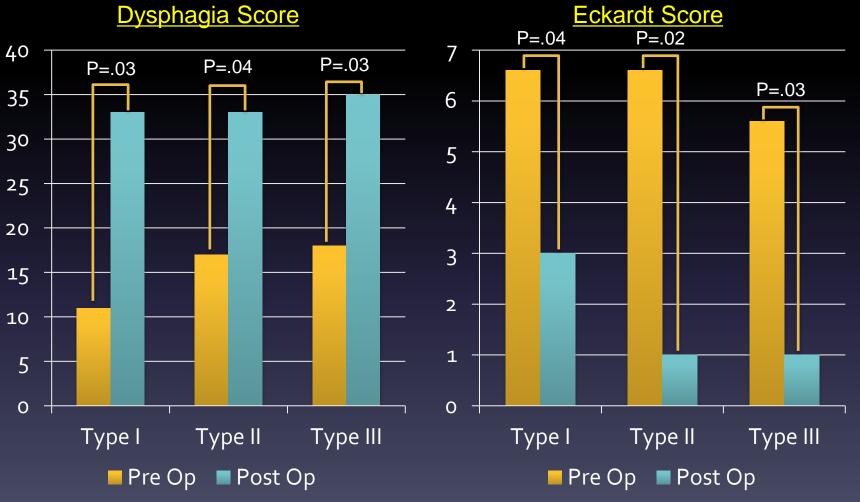
From the Departments of Surgery at the *University of California, San Francisco, California, and the †University of Washington, Seattle, Washington



Patti et al, Annals of Surgery 1999;230(4):587-93



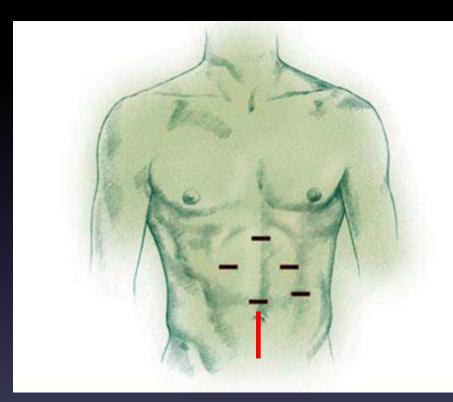
Outcomes of Lap Myotomy/Fundo



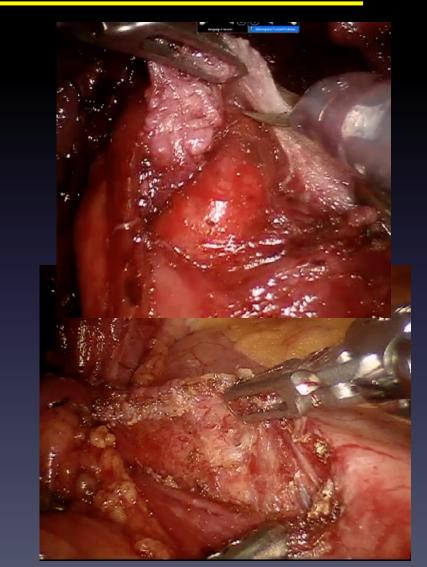


Bharadwaj, Louie et al. ISDE 2012

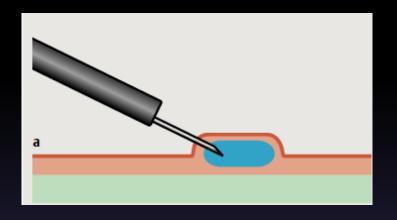
Trend to even less invasive approaches?

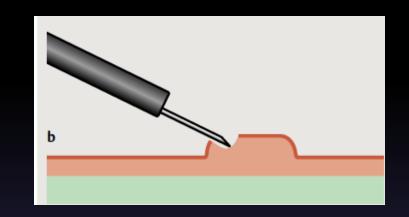


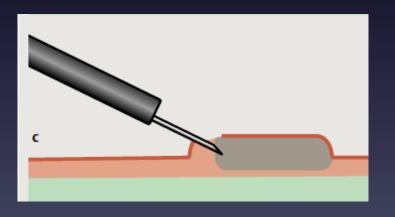
Barry et al. Surgical Endoscopy 2011, 25:1766 Horgan et al. J Gastrointestinal Surgery 2005, 9(8):1020 Huffman et al. Surgery 2007, 142(4):613

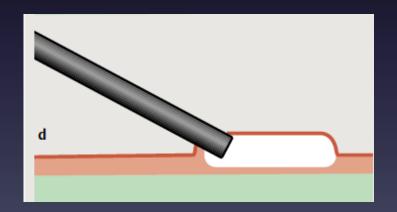


Submucosal endoscopic myotomy





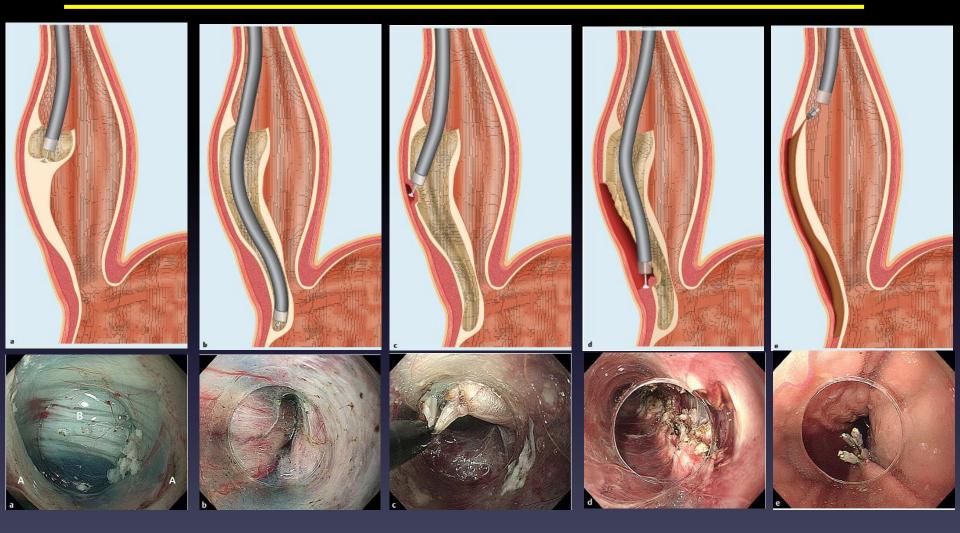






Pasricha et al. Endoscopy 2007;39:761-4

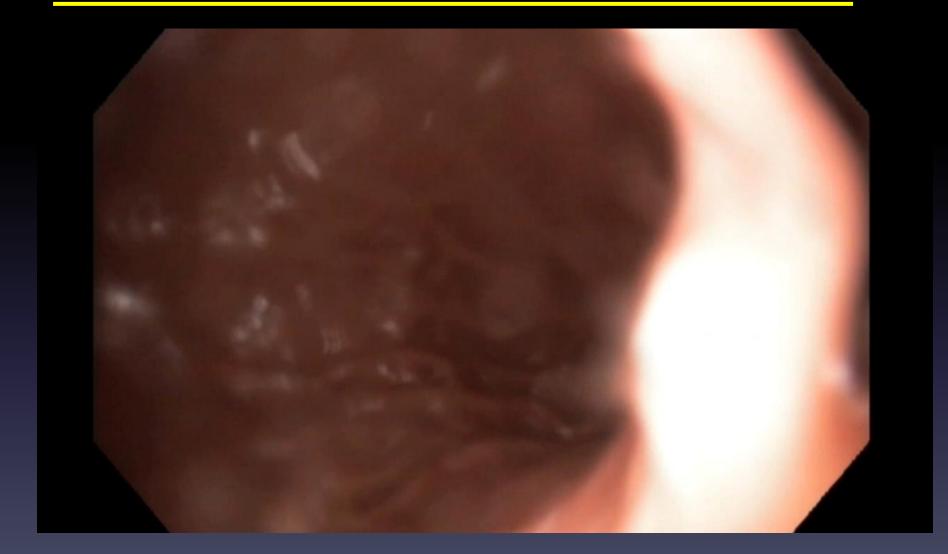
POEM Procedure





Inoue et al. Endoscopy 2010

POEM Procedure





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Hands-On Training Course

- Didactic lectures
- Porcine model (4)
- Live porcine model (4)
- Varied techniques/tools
- Case observation (3)







POEM Team

- Thoracic surgery (2)
- Interventional GI (1)
- Foregut fellows (2)
- Operating Room
 - Scrub techs (2)
 - Thoracic RN director (1)











Team Training

- Grant funding
- Two live porcine models (8)
- 10 days prior to first cases
- Planned OR set up
- Fire drill plan
- Skills acquisition
 - Needle decompression
 - Clipping





IRB Protocol

PER ORAL ENDOSCOPIC MYOTOMY REGISTRY

Principal Investigator: -

Brian Louie, MD

Swedish Cancer Institute - Thoracic and Esophageal Surgery

Director of Research and Education

Co-director, MIS Thoracic Surgery Program



Initial POEM Procedures

- 16 animal POEMs prior
- Proctored cases (4)
 Required
- Credentials for proctor?
- Avoid complex patient
 - Dilated esophagus
 - Prior treatments

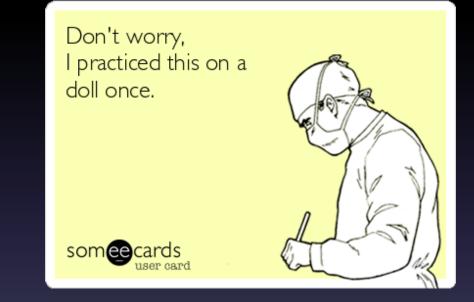




See one, Do one, Teach one?

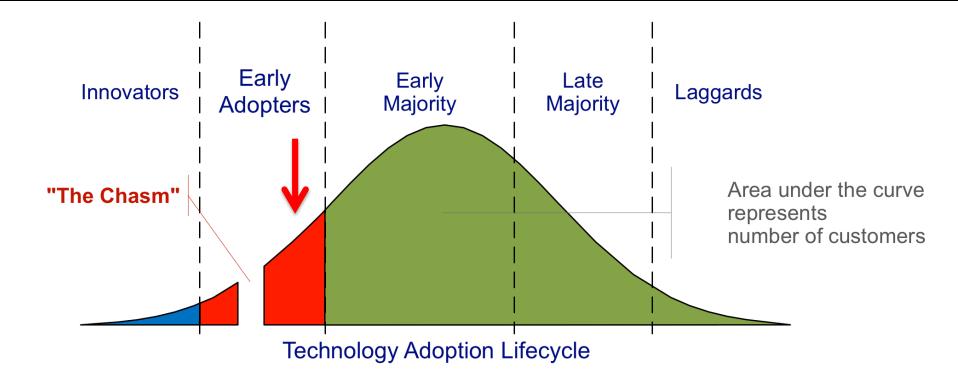


"None of you guys are students, right? 'Cause I'm not gonna sit here and play Guinea pig for some schmuck in training."





Technology Adoption Lifecycle



Pashricha Stavropoulos Inoue Swanstrom



Essential Components

- Recruiting collaborators
 - ➢ GI − endoscopic techniques

Surgery – preparation, surgical anatomy, complications

- Proper clinical training
- Institutional support
- Institutional review board approval
- Technical/engineering/nursing support

SWEDISH Extraordinary care. Extraordinary caring.[™]

Desilets et al. Techniques in Gastrointestinal Endoscopy 2013 Eleftheriadis et al. Therapeutics and Clinical Risk Management 2012

Technology Adoption Guidelines

Familiarization with the device or procedure before introduction.	\checkmark
Cognitive training in new device or procedure. (e.g. indications, patient selection, etc)	\checkmark
Hands-on practice on appropriate training models before use in patients	\checkmark
Assessment of surgeon ability to perform safely prior to introduction.	\checkmark
Full disclosure to patient.	\checkmark
Proctoring/preceptorship of initial cases	\checkmark
Meticulous recording and monitoring of surgeon outcomes with device or procedure.	\checkmark
Regional/national monitoring of outcomes (e.g., with the use of a database).	?



SAGES: Guidelines for Introduction of New Technology and Techniques Surgical Endoscopy 2014

Guidelines for Innovation in GI

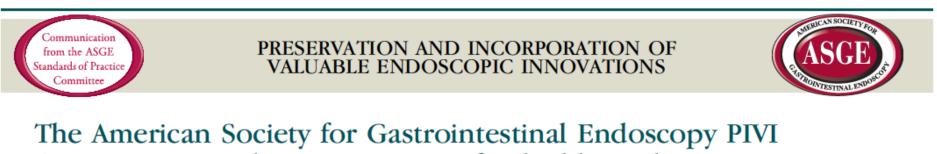


A little bit like the wild west?





Guidelines for Innovation in GI



(Preservation and Incorporation of Valuable Endoscopic Innovations) on peroral endoscopic myotomy



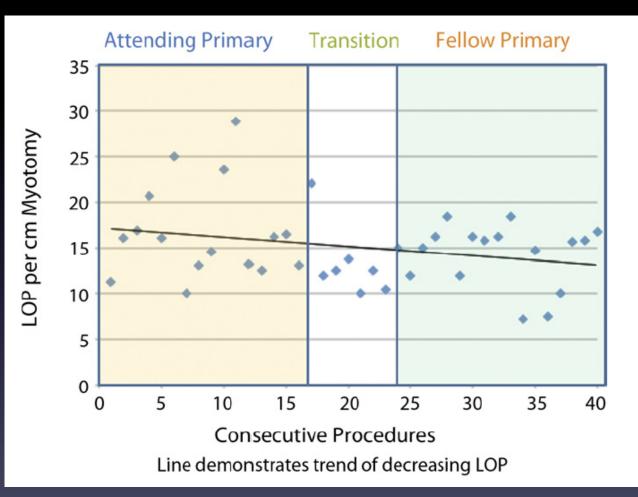
ASGE – Gastrointestinal Endoscopy May 2015

Learning Curve for POEM

N = 20

At training = 16

Proctor = 4





Kurian, Swanstrom et al. GIE 2013

Issues of Credentialing

Level 1

Certifies that the learner attended a lecture or completed a lecture format course (no verification of skills).

Level 2

Certifies the learner completed a course and was assessed via a test or other evaluation of training and was provided feedback regarding their assessment score (a better model incorporates a minimum pass rate).

Level 3

Certifies the instructor observed the learner perform a skill and verified completion of task. Alternatively, the learner completed a course and participated in a lecture and skills lab, allowing assessment of the skills on a synthetic or tissue-based model.

Level 4

Certifies the learner performed the procedure in a patient in a clinical setting with supervision (proctor or preceptor).

Level 5

Certifies the learner performed a series of clinical cases, the outcomes of which have been reviewed and verified. An example of Level 5 learning may be submitting a series of video-recorded cases with outcomes to a review committee for verification.



STS: Guidelines for Introduction of New Technology and Techniques. - DRAFT

 \checkmark

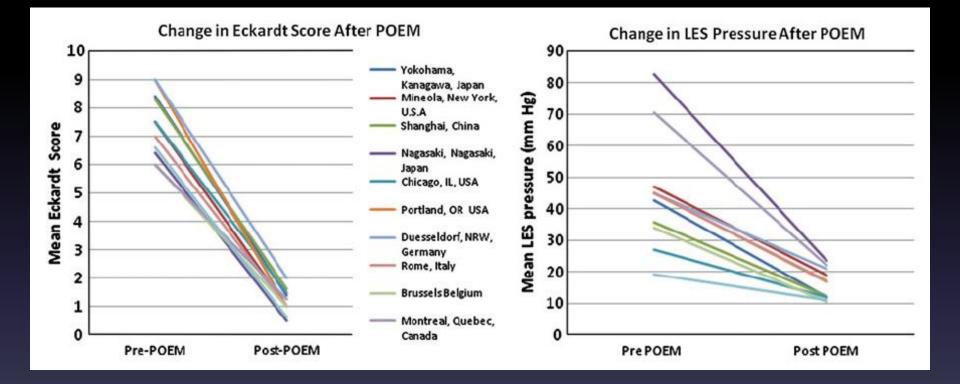
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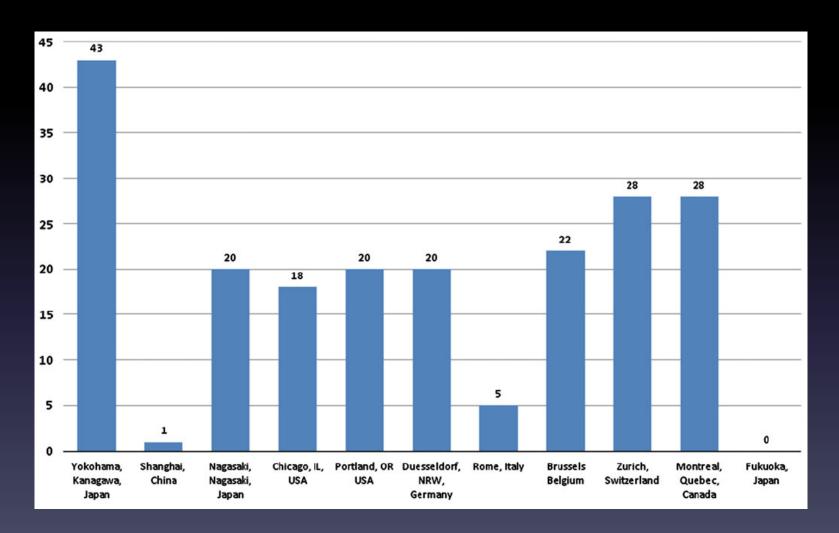
Outcomes of POEM





Stavropoulos et al. iPOEMs Survey. Surgical Endoscopy 2013

The problem of GERD





Stavropoulos et al. iPOEMs Survey. Surgical Endoscopy 2013

Swedish POEM experience

- 37 patients underwent POEM since July 2014
- Indications:
 - Type I = 23%
 - Type II = 50%
 - Type III = 17 %
 - Other motility disorders = 10 %



Comparison to Literature

Series	Ν	Number of Endoscopis ts	Exclusion	Prior Interventio n (N,%)	Prior Myotomy (N,%)	Sigmoidal Esophagus (N,%)	Inadvertent Mucosoto my (N,%)	Mean operative time
Current Series	30	1 Attending with Fellow at case 6	None related to achalasia	11 (39.3%)	2 (7.1%)	6 (21.4%)	6 (21.4%)	141.1 mins +/- 43.3 (Sigmoid Esophagus/ Redo's excluded)
Kurian et al. (2013)	40	1 Attending with Fellow at case 16	Previous esophageal surgery, BMI>40	27 (55%)	0%	N/A	10 (25%)	133 mins +/- 41
Teitelbaum et al. (2014)	36	2 Attendings	No prior intervention s for the first 10 cases	4 (11%)	0%	N/A	3 (8%)	112 mins +/- 36
Patel et al. (2015)	93	1 Attending	"Contraindi cations to POEM"	38 (41%)	N/A	21 (23%)	24 (26%)	149.7 mins +/- 36.7 (Estimated time first 30 cases)
hneider, Louie et al.								

CANCER INSTITUTE

Schneider, Louie et al. Abstract Submission ISDE 2016

Prior Interventions

 Group 1 – non-sigmoidal, < 6 cm, no interventions

 Group 2 – non-sigmoidal, Botox, balloon dilation < 30 mm, Savary-dilation

 Group 3 – sigmoidal, > 6 cm, prior myotomy, prior surgery, dilation > 30 mm





Early Clinical Outcomes

Eckardt Scores

Eckardt (Mean)	Group 1 (n=11)	Group 2 (n=11)	Group				
Pre	6.4 (1.96)	6.1 (2.42)	7.4 (2.79)				
Post	0.8 (0.75)	1.6 (1.82)	0.5 (0.7)				
P - Value	> 0.005	0.002	0.004				
GERD-HRQL							
HRQL (Mean)	Group 1 (n=11)	Group 2 (n=11)	Group 3 (n=6)				
Pre	16.9 (11.2)	12.7 (6.5)	22.5 (9)				
Post	5 (6.3)	12.6 (13)	0 (0)				

0.99

0.015

Schneider, Louie et al. Podium Presentation SAGES 2016

0.02

P - Value



Operative times

Mean (Std) / Median (25 th /75 th)	Operative Time in mins	Time / cm Myotomy
Group 1	141.09 (54.87) / 130 (118-149)	24.16 (9.43) / 21 (19.7 – 23.5)
Group 2	141.18 (30.49) / 145 (123 – 161)	22.04 (6.29) / 21.9 (19.2 – 25.8)
Group 3	256.67 (74.48) / 247 (203.8 – 306)	41.38 (9.79) / 39.3 (33 -50.1)

P Value = > 0.001

Schneider, Louie et al. Podium Presentation SAGES 2016



Comparative Data

DDW 2016

Table Preview - Table 1

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	ы	D	ie.	

		5	Subjective				
POEM			LAP HELLER MYOTOMY			Post Operative Comparison	
Pre	Post	p-value	Pre	Post	p-value	p-value	
6.38	1.01	<0.001	6.5	1.22	<0.001	0.77	
4.19	6.24	<0.001	3.62	6.55	<0.001	0.36	
16.06	5.95	0.002	20.68	5.62	0.003	0.9	
13.72 30.8 <0.001		12.62	35.29	<0.001	0.27		
Objective							
POEM			LAP HELLER MYOTOMY		Post Operative Comparison		
Post operative			Post Operative			p-value	
23.06			16.07			0.66	
6.18			11.15			0.55	
	6.38 4.19 16.06 13.72	Pre Post 6.38 1.01 4.19 6.24 16.06 5.95 13.72 30.8 POEM Post opera 23.06	POEM Pre Post p-value 6.38 1.01 <0.001	Pre Post p-value Pre 6.38 1.01 <0.001	POEM LAP HELLER MYC Pre Post p-value Pre Post 6.38 1.01 <0.001	POEM LAP HELLER MYOTOMY Pre Post p-value 6.38 1.01 <0.001	

Close Window

Schneider, Louie et al. Podium Presentation at DDW/SSAT 2016



Conclusions

- Myotomy remains the choice of treatment for achalasia and can be performed via the abdomen, left chest and intramural
- But, simplicity favors a laparoscopic approach
- POEM is a promising natural orifice procedure that is rapidly gaining acceptance
- Long term results and incidence of GERD remain key issues

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