

Relationships and Sex Education Policy

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1. Aims

The aim for RSE is to provide children with age appropriate information, explore attitudes and values and develop skills in order to empower them to make positive decisions about their health related behaviour and enable them to show understanding of and acceptance of all areas within the equalities act.

In addition, RSE will promote self-esteem and emotional health and well-being and help children form and maintain worthwhile and satisfying relationships, based on respect for themselves and for others, at home, school, work and in the community.

The aims of relationships and sex education (RSE) at our school are to:

- > Provide a framework in which sensitive discussions can take place
- > Prepare pupils for puberty, and give them an understanding of sexual development and the importance of health and hygiene
- > Help pupils develop feelings of self-respect, confidence and empathy
- > Create a positive culture around issues of sexuality and relationships
- > Teach pupils the correct vocabulary to describe themselves and their bodies

2. Statutory requirements

As a maintained primary school we must provide relationships education to all pupils as per section 34 of the <u>Children and Social work act 2017</u>.

However, we are not required to provide sex education but we do need to teach the elements of sex education contained in the science curriculum.

In teaching RSE, we must have regard to <u>guidance</u> issued by the secretary of state as outlined in section 403 of the <u>Education Act 1996</u>.

At Newton Leys Primary School we teach RSE as set out in this policy.

3. Policy development

This policy has been developed in consultation with staff, pupils, parents and governors. The consultation and policy development process will involve the following steps:

- 1. Review a member of staff pulled together all relevant information including relevant national and local guidance
- 2. Staff consultation all school staff will be given the opportunity to look at the policy and make recommendations
- 3. Parent/stakeholder consultation parents will be given the opportunity to read and make comments on the policy
- 4. Ratification once amendments have been made, the policy will be shared with governors and ratified

4. Definition

RSE is about the emotional, social and cultural development of pupils, and involves learning about relationships, sexual health, sexuality, healthy lifestyles, diversity and personal identity.

RSE involves a combination of sharing information, and exploring issues and values.

RSE is not about the promotion of sexual activity.

5. Curriculum

Our curriculum is set out as per Appendix 1 but we may need to adapt it as and when necessary.

At Newton Leys we use a spiral curriculum from Coram Life Education called SCARF: Safety, Caring, Achievement, Resilience, Friendship. SCARF provides a whole-school approach to building these essential foundations which are crucial for children to achieve their best, academically and socially. It is taught in weekly discreet lessons, during circle time in assemblies and collective worship. We provide our children with opportunities to learn about rights and responsibilities and promote random acts of kindness, which we include in our celebration assemblies. SCARF units of work link closely with safeguarding, the school ethos, British values, rights and responsibilities, and growth mind-sets so that the children have depth and breadth within this area of the curriculum.

We will continue to develop our curriculum in consultation with parents, pupils and staff, taking into account the age, needs and feelings of pupils. If pupils ask questions outside the scope of this policy, teachers will respond in an appropriate manner so they are fully informed and don't seek answers online.

Primary sex education will focus on:

- > Preparing boys and girls for the changes that adolescence brings
- > How a baby is conceived and born

For more information about our curriculum, see our curriculum map in Appendix 1.

6. Delivery of RSE

RSE is delivered within the personal, social, health and economic (PSHE) education curriculum. Biological aspects of RSE are taught within the Science curriculum, and other aspects are included in Religious Education (RE).

A range of teaching methods which involve children's participation are used to deliver RSE. These include use of video, discussion, circle time, looking at case studies, drama and role play.

RSE will usually be delivered in mixed gender groups. However there may be occasions where single gender groups are more appropriate and relevant.

Year 6 pupils may also receive stand-alone sex education sessions delivered by the school nursing team.

Relationships education focuses on teaching the fundamental building blocks and characteristics of positive relationships including:

> Families and people who care for me

- > Caring friendships
- > Respectful relationships
- > Online relationships
- > Being safe

For more information about our RSE curriculum, see Appendices 1 and 2.

These areas of learning are taught within the context of family life, taking care to ensure that there is no stigmatisation of children based on their home circumstances (families can include single parent families, LGBT parents, families headed by grandparents, adoptive parents, foster parents/carers amongst other structures) along with reflecting sensitively that some children may have a different structure of support around them (for example: looked after children or young carers).

7. Roles and responsibilities

7.1 The governing board

The governing board will approve the RSE policy, and hold the Head teacher to account for its implementation.

7.2 The Head teacher

The Head teacher is responsible for ensuring that RSE is taught consistently across the school, and for managing requests to withdraw pupils from [non-statutory/non-science] components of RSE (see section 8).

7.3 Staff

Staff are responsible for:

- > Delivering RSE in a sensitive way
- > Modelling positive attitudes to RSE
- > Monitoring progress
- > Responding to the needs of individual pupils
- > Sharing content and resources with Y6 parents before teaching Sex Education
- Responding appropriately to pupils whose parents wish them to be withdrawn from the nonstatutory/non-science components of RSE

Staff do not have the right to opt out of teaching RSE. Staff who have concerns about teaching RSE are encouraged to discuss this with the Head teacher. It is each teacher's responsibility to tailor the lessons to the children in their class. Teaching and resources will be differentiated as appropriate to address the needs of children, including SEND or SEMH, in order for them to have full access to the RSE curriculum.

All staff involved in the delivery of RSE are aware that effective RSE, which brings an understanding of what is and is not acceptable in a relationship may lead to a disclosure of a child protection issue. One of the Designated Safeguarding Leads must be informed should such a situation arise and disclosures will

be dealt with in line with school and local authority procedures relating to child protection. No member of staff can promise confidentiality if there are concerns in these circumstances.

7.4 Pupils

Pupils are expected to engage fully in RSE and, when discussing issues related to RSE, treat others with respect and sensitivity.

8. Parents' right to withdraw

Parents do not have the right to withdraw their children from relationships education.

Parents have the right to withdraw their children from the non-statutory/non-science components of sex education within RSE.

Requests for withdrawal should be put in writing using the form found in Appendix 3 of this policy and addressed to the Head teacher.

Alternative work will be given to pupils who are withdrawn from sex education.

9. Training

Staff are trained on the delivery of RSE as part of their induction and it is included in our continuing professional development calendar.

The Head teacher will also invite visitors from outside the school, such as school nurses or sexual health professionals, to provide support and training to staff teaching RSE.

10. Monitoring arrangements

The delivery of RSE is monitored by the Head teacher, Deputy Head teacher and PSHE co-ordinator.

The school will assess the effectiveness of the aims, content and method of delivery used in promoting children's learning by lesson observation, sampling planning, questionnaires to children and feedback from parents.

The effectiveness of the RSE programme will be evaluated by assessing children's learning and implementing changes to planning and delivery if required.

This policy should be read in conjunction with the following policies:

- Safeguarding and Child Protection Policy
- Equality Policy
- DFE Keeping Children Safe in Education (2019)
- Anti-bullying

This policy will be reviewed by the Senior Leadership Team annually. At every review, the policy will be approved by the Governing Body.

Appendix 1: PSHE curriculum map including Relationships and Sex Education curriculum map



Year/Half-termly unit titles	1 Me and my Relationships (DfE category: Families and people who care for me, Respectful relationships, Caring relationships)	2 Valuing Difference (DfE category: Respectful relationships)	3 Keeping Myself Safe (DfE category: Being safe, Respectful relationships, Online relationships)	4 Rights and Responsibilities (DfE category: Being safe)	5 Being my Best (DfE category: Being safe)	6 Growing and Changing (DfE category: Respectful relationships, Online relationships, Being safe)
EYFS	What makes me special People close to me Getting help	Similarities and difference Celebrating difference Showing kindness	Keeping my body safe Safe secrets and touches People who help to keep us safe	Looking after things: friends, environment, money	Keeping by body healthy – food, exercise, sleep Growth Mindset	Cycles Life stages
Y1	Feelings Getting help Classroom rules	Recognising, valuing and celebrating difference Developing tolerance and respect	How our feelings can keep us safe Keeping healthy Medicine Safety	Taking care of things: Myself My money My environment	Growth Mindset Keeping by body healthy	Getting help Becoming independent My body parts
Y2	Bullying and teasing Our school rules about bullying Being a good friend Feelings/self-regulation	Being kind and helping others Listening Skills	Safe and unsafe secrets Appropriate touch Medicine safety	Cooperation Self-regulation	Growth Mindset Looking after my body	Life cycles Dealing with loss Being supportive
Y3	Cooperation Friendship (including respectful relationships)	Recognising and respecting diversity Being respectful and tolerant	Managing risk Drugs and their risks Staying safe online	Skills we need to develop as we grow up Helping and being helped	Keeping myself healthy Celebrating and developing my skills	Relationships Menstruation Keeping safe
Y4	Recognising feelings Bullying Assertive skills	Recognising and celebrating difference (including religions and cultural difference) Understanding and challenging stereotypes	Managing risk Understanding the norms of drug use (cigarette and alcohol use) Influences	Making a difference (different ways of helping others or the environment) Media influence Decisions about spending money	Having choices and making decisions about my health Taking care of my environment	Body changes during puberty Managing difficult feelings Relationships including marriage
Y5	Feelings Friendship skills, including compromise Assertive skills	Recognising and celebrating difference, including religions and cultural Influence and pressure of social media	Managing risk, including staying safe online Norms around use of legal drugs (tobacco, alcohol)	Rights and responsibilities Rights and responsibilities relating to my health Decisions about lending, borrowing and spending	Growing independence and taking responsibility Media awareness and safety	Managing difficult feelings Managing change Getting help
Y6	Assertiveness Cooperation Safe/unsafe touches	Recognising and reflecting on prejudice-based bullying Understanding Bystander behaviour	Emotional needs Staying safe online Drugs: norms and risks (including the law)	Understanding media bias, including social media Caring: communities and the environment Earning and saving money	Aspirations and goal setting Managing risk	Keeping safe Body Image Self esteem

Appendix 2: Mapping SCARF with the DfE requirements

This document maps the SCARF lesson plans to the DfE statutory requirements for both Relationships and Health Education (RSHE). Lessons that are not part of the DfE's statutory guidance are included because they ensure a comprehensive PSHE programme.

How the mapping works

The left hand column lists the coded DfE topics and end-of-primary statements that are covered in whole or part by the SCARF lesson plans which are listed in the middle column.

You'll find the codes for these topics below. (See pages 2 and 3 to view the 67 DfE end-of-primary statements in full. These have been numbered to enable clear referencing throughout this mapping.*)

Rows with no codes indicate lesson plans that cover subjects which are not DfE requirements but which are included to ensure a complete, comprehensive PSHE programme, including SMSC and British Values.

DfE topics and related codes:

Relationships Education	
Families and people who care for me	FPC
Caring friendships	CF
Respectful relationships	RR
Online relationships	OR
Being safe	BS

Health Education	
Mental wellbeing	MW
Internet safety and harms	ISH
Physical health and fitness	PHF
Healthy eating	HE
Drugs, alcohol and tobacco	DAT
Health and prevention	HP
Basic first aid	BFA
Changing adolescent body	САВ

DfE Statutory Guidance Categories: Relationships Education (Primary) By the end of primary schools pupils should know:

· · ·		ouplis should know:
Families and	1.	that families are important for children growing up because they can give love,
people who	2.	security and stability. the characteristics of healthy family life, commitment to each
care for me		other, including in times of difficulty, protection and care for children and other
(FPC)		family members, the importance of spending time together and sharing each
		other's lives.
	3.	that others' families, either in school or in the wider world, sometimes look
		different from their family, but that they should respect those differences and
		know that other children's families are also characterised by love and care.
	4.	that stable, caring relationships, which may be of different types, are at the heart of
		happy families, and are important for children's security as they grow up.
	5	that marriage represents a formal and legally recognised commitment of two people
	5.	to each other which is intended to be lifelong.
	C	-
	6.	how to recognise if family relationships are making them feel unhappy or unsafe,
		and how to seek help or advice from others if needed.
Caring	1.	
friendships	2.	people choose and make friends. the characteristics of friendships, including
(CF)	2.	mutual respect, truthfulness, trustworthiness, loyalty, kindness, generosity, trust,
		sharing interests and experiences and support with problems and difficulties.
	3.	that healthy friendships are positive and welcoming towards others, and do not
		make others feel lonely or excluded.
	4.	that most friendships have ups and downs, and that these can often be worked
		through so that the friendship is repaired or even strengthened, and that resorting
		to violence is never right.
	5.	how to recognise who to trust and who not to trust, how to judge when a friendship
		is making them feel unhappy or uncomfortable, managing conflict, how to manage
		these situations and how to seek help or advice from others, if needed.
Respectful	1.	
relationships	1.	example, physically, in character, personality or backgrounds), or make different
(RR)		choices or have different preferences or beliefs.
	2	practical steps they can take in a range of different contexts to improve or support
	Ζ.	respectful relationships.
	2	
	3.	the conventions of courtesy and manners.
	4.	the importance of self-respect and how this links to their own happiness.
	5.	that in school and in wider society they can expect to be treated with respect by
		others, and that in turn they should show due respect to others, including those in
		positions of authority.
	6.	about different types of bullying (including cyberbullying), the impact of bullying,
	.	responsibilities of bystanders (primarily reporting bullying to an adult) and how to
		get help.
	7	what a stereotype is, and how stereotypes can be unfair, negative or destructive.
	/.	what a stereotype is, and now stereotypes can be uniall, negative of destructive.
	8.	the importance of permission-seeking and giving in relationships with friends, peers and adults.
	1	

Online	1.	that people sometimes behave differently online, including by pretending to be
relationships	2.	someone they are not.
(OR)		that the same principles apply to online relationships as to face-to-face
		relationships, including the importance of respect for others online including when
		we are anonymous.
	3.	
		content and contact, and how to report them.
	4.	how to critically consider their online friendships and sources of information
		including awareness of the risks associated with people they have never met.
	5.	how information and data is shared and used online.
Being safe	1.	what sorts of boundaries are appropriate in friendships with peers and others
(BS)		(including in a digital context).
	2.	about the concept of privacy and the implications of it for both children and adults; including that it is not always right to keep secrets if they relate to being safe.
	3.	that each person's body belongs to them, and the differences between appropriate and inappropriate or unsafe physical, and other, contact.
	4.	how to respond safely and appropriately to adults they may encounter (in all contexts, including online) whom they do not know.
	5.	how to recognise and report feelings of being unsafe or feeling bad about any adult.
	6.	how to ask for advice or help for themselves or others, and to keep trying until they are heard,
	7.	how to report concerns or abuse, and the vocabulary and confidence needed to do
		SO.
	8.	where to get advice e.g. family, school and/or other sources.

DfE Statutory Guidance Categories: Physical Health and Mental Wellbeing (Primary) By the end of primary school pupils should know:

		_
Mental	1. that mental wellbeing is a normal part of daily life, in the same way as physical	
Wellbeing	health.	
(MW)	 that there is a normal range of emotions (e.g. happiness, sadness, anger, fear, surprise, nervousness) and scale of emotions that all humans experience in relation to different experiences and situations. 	
	3. how to recognise and talk about their emotions, including having a varied	
	vocabulary of words to use when talking about their own and others' feelings.	
	 how to judge whether what they are feeling and how they are behaving is appropriate and proportionate. 	
	5. the benefits of physical exercise, time outdoors, community participation, voluntary and service-based activity on mental wellbeing and happiness.	
	6. simple self-care techniques, including the importance of rest, time spent with friends and family and the benefits of hobbies and interests.	
	7. isolation and loneliness can affect children and that it is very important for children to discuss their feelings with an adult and seek support.	
	 that bullying (including cyberbullying) has a negative and often lasting impact on mental wellbeing. 	۱

	 9. where and how to seek support (including recognising the triggers for seeking support), including whom in school they should speak to if they are worried about their own or someone else's mental wellbeing or ability to control their emotions (including issues arising online). 10. it is common for people to experience mental ill health. For many people who do, the problems can be resolved if the right support is made available, especially if accessed early enough.
Internet	1. that for most people the internet is an integral part of life and has many
safety and	^{2.} benefits. about the benefits of rationing time spent online, the risks of
harms	excessive time spent on electronic devices and the impact of positive and
(ISH)	3. negative content online on their own and others' mental and physical wellbeing.
	how to consider the effect of their online actions on others and know how to
	recognise and display respectful behaviour online and the importance of keeping
	personal information private.4. why social media, some computer games and online gaming, for example, are age
	restricted.
	5. that the internet can also be a negative place where online abuse, trolling, bullying
	and harassment can take place, which can have a negative impact on mental health.
	6. how to be a discerning consumer of information online including understanding
	that information, including that from search engines, is ranked, selected and
	targeted.
	7. where and how to report concerns and get support with issues online
Physical	1. the characteristics and mental and physical benefits of an active lifestyle. the
health and	² . importance of building regular exercise into daily and weekly routines and
fitness (PHF)	 how to achieve this; for example walking or cycling to school, a daily active mile or other forms of regular, vigorous exercise. the risks associated with an
	inactive lifestyle (including obesity).
	4. how and when to seek support including which adults to speak to in school if they are worried about their health.
Healthy eating	 what constitutes a healthy diet (including understanding calories and other nutritional content).
(HE)	^{3.} the principles of planning and preparing a range of healthy meals.
	the characteristics of a poor diet and risks associated with unhealthy eating
	(including, for example, obesity and tooth decay) and other behaviours (e.g. the impact of alcohol on diet or health).
Changing adolescent	1. key facts about puberty and the changing adolescent body, particularly from age 9 through to age 11, including physical and emotional changes.
body (CAB)	2. about menstrual wellbeing including the key facts about the menstrual cycle.
Drugs,	1. the facts about legal and illegal harmful substances and associated risks, including
alcohol	smoking, alcohol use
and	and drug-taking.
tobacco	
(DAT)	

Health and	1. how to recognise early signs of physical illness, such as weight loss, or unexplained
prevention	 changes to the body.
(HP)	about safe and unsafe exposure to the sun, and how to reduce the risk of sun
	damage, including skin cancer.
	3. the importance of sufficient good quality sleep for good health and that a lack of
	sleep can affect weight, mood and ability to learn.
	4. about dental health and the benefits of good oral hygiene and dental flossing,
	including regular check-ups at the dentist.
	5. about personal hygiene and germs including bacteria, viruses, how they are spread
	and treated, and the importance of hand washing.
	6. the facts and science relating to allergies, immunisation and vaccination.
Basic first	1. how to make a clear and efficient call to emergency services if necessary.
aid	2. concepts of basic first-aid, for example dealing with common injuries, including
(BFA)	head injuries.

DfE Statutory Requirements – end of primary statements	SCARF Lesson Plan title & SCA	ARF Lesson Plan Learning Outcomes half-termly unit
	Me and My Relationships	
RR2, RR3	Why we have classroom	Understand that classroom rules help everyone to learn and be safe;
	rules	•Explain their classroom rules and be able to contribute to making these.
BS5, MW2, MW3, MW4, MW7	Thinking about feelings	•Recognise how others might be feeling by reading body language/facial expressions;
		•Understand and explain how our emotions can give a physical reaction in our body (e.g.
		butterflies in the tummy etc.)
MW1, MW2, MW4, MW7	Our feelings	 Identify a range of feelings;
		 Identify how feelings might make us behave:
		•Suggest strategies for someone experiencing 'not so good' feelings to manage these.
MW2, MW3, MW6, MW7	Feelings and bodies	 Recognise that people's bodies and feelings can be hurt;
		 Suggest ways of dealing with different kinds of hurt.
FPC3, FPC4	Our special people balloons	•Recognise that they belong to various groups and communities such as their family;
		•Explain how these people help us and we can also help them to help us.
CF1, CF2, CF3	Good friends	 Identify simple qualities of friendship;
		•Suggest simple strategies for making up.
RR1, CF2, CF4, CF5	How are you listening?	•Demonstrate attentive listening skills;
		 Suggest simple strategies for resolving conflict situations;
		• Give and receive positive feedback, and experience how this makes them feel.
	Valuing Difference	
FPC3, FPC4, RR1, RR2	Same or different?	 Identify the differences and similarities between people;
		•Empathise with those who are different from them;
		 Begin to appreciate the positive aspects of these differences.
CF2, CF3, CF4, RR5, RR6,	Unkind, tease or bully?	•Explain the difference between unkindness, teasing and bullying;
MW8		 Understand that bullying is usually quite rare.
RR3, RR5, BS1	Harold's school rules	•Explain some of their school rules and how those rules help to keep everybody safe.
FPC1, FPC2, FPC3, FPC4,	Who are our special	•Identify some of the people who are special to them;
MW6	people?	 Recognise and name some of the qualities that make a person special to them.
CF2, CF3, CF4, RR2, RR3	It's not fair!	 Recognise and explain what is fair and unfair, kind and unkind;
		•Suggest ways they can show kindness to others.

	Keeping Myself Safe	
PHF1, PHF3, HP3, HP4	Healthy me	•Understand that the body gets energy from food, water and air (oxygen);
		 Recognise that exercise and sleep are important parts of a healthy lifestyle.
HP3	Super sleep	 Recognise the importance of sleep in maintaining a healthy, balanced lifestyle;
		Identify simple bedtime routines that promote healthy sleep.
FPC6, CF2, CF3, CF4, RR5, RR6,	Who can help?	 Recognise emotions and physical feelings associated with feeling unsafe;
BS5, MW8		 Identify people who can help them when they feel unsafe.
MW2	Harold loses Geoffrey	 Recognise the range of feelings that are associated with loss.
DAT1	What could Harold do?	 Understand that medicines can sometimes make people feel better when they're ill;
		•Explain simple issues of safety and responsibility about medicines and their use.
FPC6, RR8, BS1, BS2, BS5, BS7,	Good or bad touches?	 Understand and learn the PANTS rules;
BS8		 Name and know which parts should be private;
		•Explain the difference between appropriate and inappropriate touch;
		•Understand that they have the right to say "no" to unwanted touch;
		•Start thinking about who they trust and who they can ask for help.
	Rights and Responsibilities	
HP4, HP5	Harold's wash and brush up	 Recognise the importance of regular hygiene routines;
		•Sequence personal hygiene routines into a logical order.
Wider PSHE curriculum (not	Around and about the	 Identify what they like about the school environment;
covered by DfE statutory	school	 Recognise who cares for and looks after the school environment.
requirements)		
RR5	Taking care of something	•Demonstrate responsibility in looking after something (e.g. a class pet or plant);
		•Explain the importance of looking after things that belong to themselves or to others.
Wider PSHE curriculum (not	Harold's money	•Explain where people get money from;
covered by DfE statutory		•List some of the things that money may be spent on in a family home.
requirements)		
Wider PSHE curriculum (not	How should we look after	•Recognise that different notes and coins have different monetary value;
covered by DfE statutory	our money?	•Explain the importance of keeping money safe;
requirements)		•Identify safe places to keep money;
		•Understand the concept of 'saving money' (i.e. by keeping it in a safe placed and adding to it).
BFA1, BFA2	Basic first aid	See link to external resources for further information.
	Being My Best	

HE1, HE2, HE3	l can eat a rainbow	 Recognise the importance of fruit and vegetables in their daily diet;
		•Know that eating at least five portions of vegetables and fruit a day helps to maintain health.
HE1, HE2, HE3	Eat well	 Recognise that they may have different tastes in food to others;
		•Select foods from the Eatwell Guide (formerly Eatwell Plate) in order to make a healthy lunch;
		•Recognise which foods we need to eat more of and which we need to eat less of to be healthy.
HP5	Catch it! Bin it! Kill it!	•Understand how diseases can spread;
		 Recognise and use simple strategies for preventing the spread of diseases.
Wider PSHE curriculum (not	Harold learns to ride his bike	 Recognise that learning a new skill requires practice and the opportunity to fail, safely;
covered by DfE statutory		•Understand the learning line's use as a simple tool to describe the learning process, including
requirements)		overcoming challenges.
CF2, CF5, RR1, RR3, RR5	Pass on the praise!	 Demonstrate attentive listening skills;
		 Suggest simple strategies for resolving conflict situations;
		 Give and receive positive feedback, and experience how this makes them feel.
CF2, CF4, RR2, RR3, RR5	Harold has a bad day	•Recognise how a person's behaviour (including their own) can affect other people.
	Growing and Changing	
PHF4	Inside my wonderful body!	•Name major internal body parts (heart, lungs, blood, stomach, intestines, brain);
		 Understand and explain the simple bodily processes associated with them.
FPC2, CAB1	Taking care of a baby	 Understand some of the tasks required to look after a baby;
		•Explain how to meet the basic needs of a baby, for example, eye contact, cuddling, washing,
		changing, feeding.
CAB1	Then and now	 Identify things they could do as a baby, a toddler and can do now;
		 Identify the people who help/helped them at those different stages.
FPC6, CF2, CF3, CF4, RR5, RR6,	Who can help?(2)	 Explain the difference between teasing and bullying;
BS5, MW8		 Give examples of what they can do if they experience or witness bullying;
		 Say who they could get help from in a bullying situation.
FPC6, CF4, RR8, BS1,	Surprises and secrets	•Explain the difference between a secret and a nice surprise;
BS2, BS4, BS5, BS6, BS7,		 Identify situations as being secrets or surprises;
BS8,		•Identify who they can talk to if they feel uncomfortable about any secret they are told, or told to
		keep.
BS3, BS7	Keeping privates private	•Identify parts of the body that are private;
		•Describe ways in which private parts can be kept private;
		•Identify people they can talk to about their private parts.



DfE Statutory Requirements -SCARF Lesson Plan title & half- SCARF Lesson Plan Learning Outcomes end of primary statements termly unit Me and My Relationships Our ideal classroom (1) •Suggest actions that will contribute positively to the life of the classroom; RR2 •Make and undertake pledges based on those actions. Our ideal classroom (2) •The conventions of courtesy and manners. RR3 How are you feeling today? MW2. MW3 •Use a range of words to describe feelings; •Recognise that people have different ways of expressing their feelings; •Identify helpful ways of responding to other's feelings. RR5, RR6 Bullying or teasing? •Define what is meant by the terms 'bullying' and 'teasing' showing an understanding of the difference between the two; •Identify situations as to whether they are incidents of teasing or bullying. RR5, RR6 Don't do that! •Understand and describe strategies for dealing with bullying: •Rehearse and demonstrate some of these strategies. RR5, RR6, Types of bullying •Explain the difference between bullying and isolated unkind behaviour; •Recognise that that there are different types of bullying and unkind behaviour; •Understand that bullying and unkind behaviour are both unacceptable ways of behaving. Being a good friend CF1, CF2, CF3 •Recognise that friendship is a special kind of relationship; •Identify some of the ways that good friends care for each other. **MW2, MW9** Let's all be happy •Recognise, name and understand how to deal with feelings (e.g. anger, loneliness); •Explain where someone could get help if they were being upset by someone else's behaviour. Valuing Difference •Identify some of the physical and non-physical differences and similarities between people; **RR1**, **RR2** What makes us who we are? •Know and use words and phrases that show respect for other people. How do we make others feel? •Recognise and explain how a person's behaviour can affect other people. RR2 FPC1, FPC2, FPC3, FPC4 My special people •Identify people who are special to them; •Explain some of the ways those people are special to them. **CF3, MW7** When someone is feeling left •Explain how it feels to be part of a group; •Explain how it feels to be left out from a group; out Identify groups they are part of; •Suggest and use strategies for helping someone who is feeling left out.

CF3, RR2, RR3, MW3	An act of kindness	 Recognise and describe acts of kindness and unkindness;
		•Explain how these impact on other people's feelings;
		 Suggest kind words and actions they can show to others;
		•Show acts of kindness to others in school.
CF4, CF5	Solve the problem	•Demonstrate active listening techniques (making eye contact, nodding head, making positive noises, not being distracted);
		•Suggest strategies for dealing with a range of common situations requiring negotiation skills to help foster and maintain positive relationships.
	Keeping Myself Safe	
MW3, MW5, DAT1,	Harold's picnic	 Understand that medicines can sometimes make people feel better when they're ill; Give examples of some of the things that a person can do to feel better without use of medicines, if they are unwell; Explain simple issues of safety and responsibility about medicines and their use.
BS1, BS3, BS5	How safe would you feel?	 Identify situations in which they would feel safe or unsafe; Suggest actions for dealing with unsafe situations including who they could ask for help.
BS1, BS3, BS4	What should Harold say?	•Identify situations in which they would need to say 'Yes', 'No', 'I'll ask', or 'I'll tell', in relation to keeping themselves and others safe.
BS4, MW2	I don't like that!	•Recognise that body language and facial expression can give clues as to how comfortable and safe someone feels in a situation;
		 Identify the types of touch they like and do not like; Identify who they can talk to if someone touches them in a way that makes them feel uncomfortable.
BS1, BS3, BS5	Fun or not?	 Recognise that some touches are not fun and can hurt or be upsetting; Know that they can ask someone to stop touching them; Identify who they can talk to if someone touches them in a way that makes them feel uncomfortable.
BS1, BS2, BS3, BS5	Should I tell?	 Identify safe secrets (including surprises) and unsafe secrets; Recognise the importance of telling someone they trust about a secret which makes them feel unsafe or uncomfortable.

BS1, BS2, BS3, BS4, MW2	Some secrets should never be kept	 Identify how inappropriate touch can make someone feel Understand that there are unsafe secrets and secrets that are nice surprises Explain that if someone is being touched in a way that they don't like they have to tell someone in their safety network so they can help it stop.
	Rights and Responsibilities	
CF5, RR3, RR5, RR6	Getting on with others	•Describe and record strategies for getting on with others in the classroom.
MW3, MW4	When I feel like erupting	•Explain, and be able to use, strategies for dealing with impulsive behaviour.
BS6, BS7, BS8	Feeling safe	 Identify special people in the school and community who can keep them
		safe; • Know how to ask for help.
Wider PSHE curriculum (not	How can we look after our	 Identify what they like about the school environment;
covered by DfE statutory	environment?	 Identify any problems with the school environment (e.g. things needing repair);
requirements)		 Make suggestions for improving the school environment;
		•Recognise that they all have a responsibility for helping to look after the school environment.
Wider PSHE curriculum (not	Harold saves for something	•Understand that people have choices about what they do with their money;
covered by DfE statutory	special	 Know that money can be saved for a use at a future time;
requirements)		 Explain how they might feel when they spend money on different things.
Wider PSHE curriculum (not	Harold goes camping	 Recognise that money can be spent on items which are essential or non-essential;
covered by DfE statutory		•Know that money can be saved for a future time and understand the reasons why people
requirements)		(including themselves) might do this.
Being my Best	Being My Best	
Wider PSHE curriculum (not covered by DfE statutory	You can do it!	 Explain the stages of the learning line showing an understanding of the learning process; Suggest phrases and words of encouragement to give someone who is learning something new; Identify and describe where they are on the learning line in a given activity and apply its pecitivity.
requirements)		•Identify and describe where they are on the learning line in a given activity and apply its positive mindset strategies to their own learning.
MW3, PHF2, HE1	My day	•Understand and give examples of things they can choose themselves and things that others choose for them;
		•Explain things that they like and dislike, and understand that they have choices about these things;
		•Understand and explain that some choices can be either healthy or unhealthy and can make a difference to their own health.

HP5, HP6	Harold's postcard – helping us	•Explain how germs can be spread;
	to keep clean and healthy	 Describe simple hygiene routines such as hand washing;
		 Understand that vaccinations can help to prevent certain illnesses.
HP4	Harold's bathroom	•Explain the importance of good dental hygiene;
		•Describe simple dental hygiene routines.
PHF1, HE1, HP3	My body needs	 Understand that the body gets energy from food, water and oxygen;
		 Recognise that exercise and sleep are important to health.
Wider PSHE curriculum (not	What does my body do?	•Name major internal body parts (heart, blood, lungs, stomach, small and large intestines, brain);
covered by DfE statutory		 Describe how food, water and air get into the body and blood.
requirements)		
	Growing and Changing	
CF3	A helping hand	 Demonstrate simple ways of giving positive feedback to others.
MW2	Sam moves house	•Recognise the range of feelings that are associated with losing (and being reunited) with a
		person they are close to.
CAB1	Haven't you grown?	 Identify different stages of growth (e.g. baby, toddler, child, teenager, adult);
		•Understand and describe some of the things that people are capable of at these different stages.
BS2	My Body, your body	 Identify which parts of our body are private
		 Explain that our genitals help us make babies when we are older
		 Understand that we mostly have the same body parts but how they look is different from
		person to person.
BS2	Respecting privacy	•Explain what privacy means
		•Know that you are not allowed to touch someone's private belongings without their permission
		• Give examples of different types of private information.
BFA1, BFA2	Basic first aid	See link to external resources for further information.



DfE Statutory Requirements	SCARF Lesson Plan title & – end	SCARF Lesson Plan Learning Outcomes	
of primary statements half-ter	of primary statements half-termly unit		
	Me and My Relationships		
ISH4	As a rule	•Explain why we have rules;	
		•Explore why rules are different for different age groups, in particular for internet-based	
		activities;	
		 Suggest appropriate rules for a range of settings; 	
		•Consider the possible consequences of breaking the rules.	
MW2, MW3, MW4	My special pet	•Explain some of the feelings someone might have when they lose something important to them;	
		•Understand that these feelings are normal and a way of dealing with the situation.	
Wider PSHE curriculum (not	Tangram team challenge	 Define and demonstrate cooperation and collaboration; 	
covered by DfE statutory		 Identify the different skills that people can bring to a group task; 	
requirements)		•Demonstrate how working together in a collaborative manner can help everyone to achieve	
		success.	
CF1, CF2	Looking after our special	 Identify people who they have a special relationship with; 	
	people	•Suggest strategies for maintaining a positive relationship with their special people.	
CF3, CF4, RR1	How can we solve this problem?	•Rehearse and demonstrate simple strategies for resolving given conflict situations.	
BS1	Dan's dare	•Explain what a dare is;	
		 Understand that no-one has the right to force them to do a dare; 	
		•Suggest strategies to use if they are ever made to feel uncomfortable or unsafe by someone	
		asking them to do a dare.	
RR1, RR2, RR3	Thunks	•Express opinions and listen to those of others;	
		•Consider others' points of view;	
		 Practice explaining the thinking behind their ideas and opinions. 	
CF1, CF2, CF4, CF5, RR3	Friends are special	 Identify qualities of friendship; 	
		Suggest reasons why friends sometimes fall out;	
		Rehearse and use, now or in the future, skills for making up again.	
	Valuing Difference		
FPC1, FPC3, FPC4, FPC6, RR7	Family and friends	 Recognise that there are many different types of family; 	
		•Understand what is meant by 'adoption' 'fostering' and 'same-sex relationships.'	

MW5	My community	•Define the term 'community';
		 Identify the different communities that they belong to;
		•Recognise the benefits that come with belonging to a community, in particular the benefit to
		mental health and wellbeing.
RR1, RR3	Respect and challenge	•Reflect on listening skills;
		•Give examples of respectful language;
		•Give examples of how to challenge another's viewpoint, respectfully.
RR1	Our friends and neighbours	Explain that people living in the UK have different origins;
		Identify similarities and differences between a diverse range of people from varying
		national, regional, ethnic and religious backgrounds;
		Identity some of the qualities that people from a diverse range of backgrounds need in
		order to get on together.
FPC3, RR1, RR2, RR6, OR2,	Let's celebrate our	•Recognise the factors that make people similar to and different from each other;
MW8, ISH5	differences	 Recognise that repeated name calling is a form of bullying;
		•Suggest strategies for dealing with name calling (including talking to a trusted adult).
RR1, RR2, RR3, RR5, RR6, RR7,	Zeb	 Understand and explain some of the reasons why different people are
OR2, MW8, ISH5		bullied; • Explore why people have prejudiced views and understand what
		this is.
	Keeping Myself Safe	
BS1, BS4, BS5, BS6, BS7, BS8	Safe or unsafe?	•Identify situations which are safe or unsafe;
		•Identify people who can help if a situation is unsafe;
		•Suggest strategies for keeping safe.
BS4	Danger or risk?	•Define the words danger and risk and explain the difference between the two;
		•Demonstrate strategies for dealing with a risky situation.
BS2, BS5	The Risk Robot	•Identify risk factors in given situations;
		•Suggest ways of reducing or managing those risks.
HE3, DAT1	Alcohol and cigarettes: the	 Identify some key risks from and effects of cigarettes and alcohol;
	facts	•Know that most people choose not to smoke cigarettes; (Social Norms message)
		•Define the word 'drug' and understand that nicotine and alcohol are both drugs.
OR3, OR4, OR5, HE1, HE3, HE6	Super Searcher	•Evaluate the validity of statements relating to online safety;
		•Recognise potential risks associated with browsing online;
		• Give examples of strategies for safe browsing online.

OR1, OR2, OR3, OR4, OR5, BS1, BS4, BS5, MW3, MW4, ISH3, ISH5, ISH7 OR5, BS1, BS6, ISH2, ISH6	None of your business! Raisin Challenge (1)	 Know that our body can often give us a sign when something doesn't feel right; to trust these signs and talk to a trusted adult if this happens; Recognise and describe appropriate behaviour online as well as offline; Identify what constitutes personal information and when it is not appropriate or safe to share this; Understand and explain how to get help in a situation where requests for images or information of themselves or others occurs. Demonstrate strategies for assessing risks; Understand and explain decision-making skills; Understand where to get help from when making decisions.
HE3, DAT1	Help or harm?	•Understand that medicines are drugs and suggest ways that they can be helpful or harmful.
	Rights and Responsibilities	
MW5	Our helpful volunteers	 Define what a volunteer is; Identify people who are volunteers in the school community; Recognise some of the reasons why people volunteer, including mental health and wellbeing benefits to those who volunteer.
BS8	Helping each other to stay safe	 Identify key people who are responsible for them to stay safe and healthy; Suggest ways they can help these people.
OR4, ISH6	Recount task	 •Understand the difference between 'fact' and 'opinion'; •Understand how an event can be perceived from different viewpoints; •Plan, draft and publish a recount using the appropriate language.
Wider PSHE curriculum (not covered by DfE statutory requirements)	Harold's environment project	 Define what is meant by the environment; Evaluate and explain different methods of looking after the school environment; Devise methods of promoting their priority method.
Wider PSHE curriculum (not covered by DfE statutory requirements)	Can Harold afford it?	 Understand the terms 'income', 'saving' and 'spending'; Recognise that there are times we can buy items we want and times when we need to save for them; Suggest items and services around the home that need to be paid for (e.g. food, furniture, electricity etc.) Explain that people earn their income through their jobs; Understand that the amount people get paid is due to a range of factors (skill, experience, training, responsibility etc.)

Wider PSHE curriculum (not covered by DfE statutory requirements)	Earning money	 Explain that people earn their income through their jobs; Understand that the amount people get paid is due to a range of factors (skill, experience, training, responsibility etc.)
	Being My Best	
HE1, HE2, HE3	Derek cooks dinner!	 Explain how each of the food groups on the Eatwell Guide (formerly Eatwell Plate) benefits the body; Explain what is meant by the term 'balanced diet'; Give examples what foods might make up a healthy balanced meal.
НР5, НР6	Poorly Harold	 Explain how some infectious illnesses are spread from one person to another; Explain how simple hygiene routines can help to reduce the risk of the spread of infectious illnesses; Suggest medical and non-medical ways of treating an illness.
RR1, RR2, RR3	For or against?	 Develop skills in discussion and debating an issue; Demonstrate their understanding of health and wellbeing issues that are relevant to them; Empathise with different viewpoints; Make recommendations, based on their research.
OR1	I am fantastic!	 Identify their achievements and areas of development; Recognise that people may say kind things to help us feel good about ourselves; Explain why some groups of people are not represented as much on television/in the media.
Wider PSHE curriculum (not covered by DfE statutory requirements)	Getting on with your nerves!	Demonstrate how working together in a collaborative manner can help everyone to achieve success; •Understand and explain how the brain sends and receives messages through the nerves.
Wider PSHE curriculum (not covered by DfE statutory requirements)	Body team work	•Name major internal body parts (heart, blood, lungs, stomach, small/large intestines, liver, brain); •Describe how food, water and air get into the body and blood.
Wider PSHE curriculum (not covered by DfE statutory requirements)	Top talents	 Explain some of the different talents and skills that people have and how skills are developed; Recognise their own skills and those of other children in the class.
	Growing and Changing	
CF1, CF2, CF5, OR2	Relationship Tree	 Identify different types of relationships; Recognise who they have positive healthy relationships with.
BS3, BS7	Body space	 Understand what is meant by the term body space (or personal space); Identify when it is appropriate or inappropriate to allow someone into their body space; Rehearse strategies for when someone is inappropriately in their body space.

BS2	Secret or surprise	•Define the terms 'secret' and 'surprise' and know the difference between a safe and an unsafe secret;
		 Recognise how different surprises and secrets might make them feel;
		•Know who they could ask for help if a secret made them feel uncomfortable or unsafe.
BS7, CAB1, CAB2	My changing body	•Recognise that babies come from the joining of an egg and sperm;
		 Explain what happens when an egg doesn't meet a sperm;
		•Understand that for girls, periods are a normal part of puberty.
BFA1, BFA2	Basic first aid	See link to external resources for further information



DfE StatutorySCARF Lesson Plan title & SCARF Lesson PlanLearning Outcomes Requirements – end ofhalf-termly unit primary		
statements	Me and My Relationships	
CF2, CF3, MW3, MW6, MW7	An email from Harold!	 Describe 'good' and 'not so good' feelings and how feelings can affect our physical state; Explain how different words can express the intensity of feelings.
CF2, CF3, CF4, CF5, RR1, RR2, RR3, RR5, HE3	Ok or not ok? (1)	 Explain what we mean by a 'positive, healthy relationship'; Describe some of the qualities that they admire in others.
CF2, CF4, CF5, RR1, RR4, RR5, OR1, OR2, HE3	Ok or not ok? (2)	 Recognise that there are times when they might need to say 'no' to a friend; Describe appropriate assertive strategies for saying 'no' to a friend.
RR2	Human machines	 Demonstrate strategies for working on a collaborative task; Define successful qualities of teamwork and collaboration.
MW1, MW2, MW3, MW4	Different feelings	 Identify a wide range of feelings; Recognise that different people can have different feelings in the same situation; Explain how feelings can be linked to physical state.
MW3, MW4	When feelings change	 Demonstrate a range of feelings through their facial expressions and body language; Recognise that their feelings might change towards someone or something once they have furthe information.
RR1, RR6, MW8, ISH5	Under pressure	 Give examples of strategies to respond to being bullied, including what people can do and say; Understand and give examples of who or where pressure to behave in an unhealthy, unacceptable or risky way might come from.
	Valuing Difference	
CF1, CF2, CF3, CF4, CF5, RR1, RR2, RR3, RR5, OR2, OR4	Can you sort it?	 Define the terms 'negotiation' and 'compromise'; Understand the need to manage conflict or differences and suggest ways of doing this, through negotiation and compromise.

CF5, RR8, BS1, BS3, BS5,	Islands	 Understand that they have the right to protect their personal body space;
MW4		•Recognise how others' non-verbal signals indicate how they feel when people are close to their
		body space;
		•Suggest people they can talk to if they feel uncomfortable with other people's actions towards
		them.
FPC1, FPC2, CF1, CF2, RR1	Friend or acquaintance?	•Recognise that they have different types of relationships with people they know (e.g. close family,
		wider family, friends, acquaintances);
		• Give examples of features of these different types of relationships, including how they influence
		what is shared.
FPC3, CF4, CF5, RR1, RR2, RR3,	What would I do?	•List some of the ways that people are different to each other (including differences of race,
RR5, RR6, BS1		gender, religion);
		 Recognise potential consequences of aggressive behaviour;
		 Suggest strategies for dealing with someone who is behaving aggressively.
FPC3, CF3, RR1, RR2, RR5	The people we share our	• List some of the ways in which people are different to each other (including ethnicity,
	world with	gender, religious beliefs, customs and festivals);
		• Define the word respect and demonstrate ways of showing respect to others' differences.
RR7, OR5, ISH2, ISH5, ISH6	That is such a stereotype!	 Understand and identify stereotypes, including those promoted in the media.
	Keeping Myself Safe	
OR4, BS4, BS5, ISH2, PHF3, HE3	,Danger, risk or hazard?	 Define the terms 'danger', 'risk' and 'hazard' and explain the difference
DAT1, HP2		between them; • Identify situations which are either dangerous, risky or hazardous;
		Suggest simple strategies for managing risk.
OR3, OR5, ISH3, ISH5	Picture Wise	 Identify images that are safe/unsafe to share online;
		 Know and explain strategies for safe online sharing;
		 Understand and explain the implications of sharing images online without consent.
CF5, RR4, RR6, OR2, BS1, BS6	,How dare you!	•Define what is meant by the word 'dare';
MW4		 Identify from given scenarios which are dares and which are not;
		 Suggest strategies for managing dares.
DAT1, HP5	Medicines: check the label	 Understand that medicines are drugs;
		•Explain safety issues for medicine use;
		 Suggest alternatives to taking a medicine when unwell;
		•Suggest strategies for limiting the spread of infectious diseases (e.g. hand-washing routines).

Know the norms (formerly Tell Mark II)	 Understand some of the key risks and effects of smoking and drinking alcohol; Understand that increasing numbers of young people are choosing not to smoke and that not all people drink alcohol (Social Norms theory).
Keeping ourselves safe	 Describe stages of identifying and managing risk; Suggest people they can ask for help in managing risk.
Raisin Challenge (2)	 •Understand that we can be influenced both positively and negatively; •Give examples of some of the consequences of behaving in an unacceptable, unhealthy or risky way.
Rights and	
Who helps us stay healthy and safe?	 •Explain how different people in the school and local community help them stay healthy and safe; •Define what is meant by 'being responsible'; •Describe the various responsibilities of those who help them stay healthy and safe; •Suggest ways they can help the people who keep them healthy and safe.
It's your right	•Understand that humans have rights and also responsibilities;
	 Identify some rights and also responsibilities that come with these.
How do we make a difference?	 Understand the reason we have rules; Suggest and engage with ways that they can contribute to the decision making process in school (e.g. through pupil voice/school council); Recognise that everyone can make a difference within a democratic process.
In the news!	 Define the word influence; Recognise that reports in the media can influence the way they think about an topic; Form and present their own opinions based on factual information and express or present these in a respectful and courteous manner.
Safety in numbers	 Explain the role of the bystander and how it can influence bullying or other anti-social behaviour; Recognise that they can play a role in influencing outcomes of situations by their actions.
Logo quiz	•Understand some of the ways that various national and international environmental organisations work to help take care of the environment;
	•Understand and explain the value of this work.
larold's expenses	•Define the terms 'income' and 'expenditure';
iai uiu s experises	•List some of the items and services of expenditure in the school and in the home;
	•Prioritise items of expenditure in the home from most essential to least essential.
	Keeping ourselves safe Raisin Challenge (2) Rights and Who helps us stay healthy and safe? It's your right How do we make a difference? In the news! Safety in numbers

Wider PSHE curriculum (not	Why pay taxes?	•Explain what is meant by the terms 'income tax', 'National Insurance' and 'VAT';
covered by DfE statutory		 Understand how a payslip is laid out showing both pay and deductions;
requirements)		 Prioritise public services from most essential to least essential.
	Being My Best	
RR1, RR2, RR4	What makes me ME!	Identify ways in which everyone is unique;
	(formerly Diversity World)	Appreciate their own uniqueness;
		• Recognise that there are times when they will make the same choices as their friends and
		times when they will choose differently.
CF2, RR1, OR4	Making choices (formerly	• Give examples of choices they make for themselves and choices others make for them;
	Conformatron control)	• Recognise that there are times when they will make the same choices as their friends and
		times when they will choose differently.
PHF1, PHF2, HE1, HE2, HE3, HP3	SCARF Hotel (formerly	Understand that the body gets energy from food, water and oxygen and that exercise
	Diversity World Hotel)	and sleep are important to our health;
		• Plan a menu which gives a healthy balanced of foods from across the food groups on
		the Eatwell
		Guide (formerly Eatwell Plate).
Wider PSHE curriculum (not	Harold's Seven Rs	• Understand the ways in which they can contribute to the care of the environment (using
covered by DfE statutory		some or all of the seven Rs);
requirements)		• Suggest ways the Seven Rs recycling methods can be applied to different scenarios.
Wider PSHE curriculum (not	My school community (1)	•Define what is meant by the word 'community';
covered by DfE statutory		 Suggest ways in which different people support the school community;
requirements)		 Identify qualities and attributes of people who support the school community.
BFA1, BFA2	Basic first aid	See link to external resources for further information
	Growing and Changing	
MW2, MW3, MW9	Moving house	•Describe some of the changes that happen to people during their lives;
		•Explain how the Learning Line can be used as a tool to help them manage change more easily;
		•Suggest people who may be able to help them deal with change.
FPC1, FPC2, FPC4, CF5, RR2,	My feelings are all over	•Name some positive and negative feelings;
MW3, MW4, CAB1	the place!	 Suggest reasons why young people sometimes fall out with their parents;
		• Take part in a role play practising how to compromise.

BS7, CAB1	All change!	 Identify parts of the body that males and females have in common and those that are
		different; •Know the correct terminology for their genitalia;
		 Understand and explain why puberty happens.
CAB1, CAB2	Period positive	 Recognise that babies come from the joining of an egg and sperm;
		 Explain what happens when an egg doesn't meet a sperm;
		 Understand that periods are a normal part of puberty for girls;
		 Identify some of the ways they can cope better with periods.
RR8, BS1, BS2, BS3, BS4, BS5,	Secret or surprise?	•Define the terms 'secret' and 'surprise' and know the difference between a safe and an unsafe
BS7, MW2, MW3		secret;
		 Recognise how different surprises and secrets might make them feel;
		 Know who they could ask for help if a secret made them feel uncomfortable or unsafe.
FPC3, FPC4, FPC5, CF1, CF2, CF4,	Together	 Recognise that marriage includes same sex and opposite sex partners;
CF5, RR1		•Know the legal age for marriage in England or Scotland;
		•Discuss the reasons why a person would want to be married, o
		ceremony.

DfE Statutory	SCARF Lesson Plan title & SCARF Lesson Plan Learning Outcomes half- termly unit		
Requirements – end of primary statements			
	Me and My Relationships		
Wider PSHE curriculum (not	Collaboration Challenge!	•Explain what collaboration means;	
covered by DfE statutory		•Give examples of how they have worked collaboratively;	
requirements)		•Describe the attributes needed to work collaboratively.	
CF2, CF3	Give and take	•Explain what is meant by the terms negotiation and	
		compromise; •Describe strategies for resolving difficult issues or	
		situations.	
CF1, CF2, CF3, CF4,	How good a friend are you?	•Demonstrate how to respond to a wide range of feelings in	
MW1, MW2, MW3		others; •Give examples of some key qualities of friendship;	
		•Reflect on their own friendship qualities.	
CF2, CF3, CF4, CF5, RR3, RR4,	Relationship cake recipe	Identify what things make a relationship	
RR5		unhealthy; •ldentify who they could talk to if	
		they needed help.	
CF2, CF3, CF5, RR1	Being assertive	•Identify characteristics of passive, aggressive and assertive behaviours;	
		•Understand and rehearse assertiveness skills.	
MW2, MW3, MW4, MW9,	Our emotional needs	•Recognise basic emotional needs, understand that they change according to circumstance;	
MW10		•Identify risk factors in a given situation (involving smoking or other scenarios) and consider	
		outcomes of risk taking in this situation, including emotional risks.	
OR2, OR3, MW8	Communication	•Understand that online communication can be misinterpreted;	
		•Accept that responsible and respectful behaviour is necessary when interacting with others	
		online as well as face-to-face.	
	Valuing Difference		
CF1, CF2, CF3, CF4,	Qualities of friendship	•Define some key qualities of friendship;	
CF5, RR1, RR2, RR3, RR4, RR5		•Describe ways of making a friendship last;	
		•Explain why friendships sometimes end.	
RR1, RR2, RR4, RR5	Kind conversations	Rehearse active listening skills:	
		•Demonstrate respectfulness in responding to others;	
		•Respond appropriately to others.	

RR1, RR2, RR3, RR4, RR5, RR6,	Happy being me	•Recognise some of the feelings associated with feeling excluded or 'left out';
RR7		• Give examples of ways in which people behave when they discriminate against others who
		are different from them;
		•Understand the importance of respecting others, even when they are different from
		themselves.
FPC3, CF3, RR1, RR2, RR4, RR5	The land of the Red People	•Identify and describe the different groups that make up their school/wider community/other parts of the UK;
		•Describe the benefits of living in a diverse society;
		•Explain the importance of mutual respect for different faiths and beliefs and how we demonstrate this.
RR1, RR2, RR6, RR7,	Is it true?	•Understand that the information we see online either text or images, is not always true or
OR2, OR3, OR4, OR5,		accurate;
BS1, ISH2, ISH3, ISH5, ISH6		•Recognise that some people post things online about themselves that aren't true, sometimes this is so that people will like them;
		•Understand and explain the difference sex, gender identity, gender expression and sexual orientation.
CF1, CF2, CF3, CF5	It could happen to anyone	•Identify the consequences of positive and negative behaviour on themselves and others;
		• Give examples of how individual/group actions can impact on others in a positive or negative
		way.
	Keeping Myself Safe	
DAT1	'Thunking' about habits	•Explain what a habit is, giving examples;
		•Describe why and how a habit can be hard to change.
Wider PSHE curriculum (not	Jay's dilemma	 Recognise that there are positive and negative risks;
covered by DfE statutory		 Explain how to weigh up risk factors when making a decision;
requirements)		•Describe some of the possible outcomes of taking a risk.
RR6, OR1, OR2, OR3, OR5, MW8,	Spot bullying	•Demonstrate strategies to deal with both face-to-face and online bullying;
ISH5		 Demonstrate strategies and skills for supporting others who are bullied;
		•Recognise and describe the difference between online and face-to-face bullying.
CF5, RR2, RR4, RR5, RR8, BS1,	Ella's diary dilemma	•Define what is meant by a dare;
BS2		•Explain why someone might give a dare;
		 Suggest ways of standing up to someone who gives a dare.
CF5	Decision Dilemmas	•Recognise which situations are risky;
		•Explore and share their views about decision making when faced with a risky situation;
		•Suggest what someone should do when faced with a risky situation.

OR1, OR2, OR3, OR4,	Play, Like, Share	•Reflect on what information they share offline and online:
BS1, BS4, ISH3, ISH5,		 Recognise that people aren't always who they say they are
ISH7		online; •Know how to protect personal information online.
DAT1	Drugs: true or false?	•Understand some of the complexities of categorising drugs;
		 Know that all medicines are drugs but not all drugs are medicines;
		•Understand ways in which medicines can be helpful or harmful and used safely or unsafely.
ISH6, DAT1,	Smoking: what is normal?	•Understand the actual norms around smoking and the reasons for common misperceptions
		of these.
BS1	Would you risk it?	•Identify risk factors in a given situation (involving smoking) and consider outcomes of risk
		taking in this situation, including emotional risks;
		•Understand the actual norms around smoking/alcohol and the reasons for common
		misperceptions of these.
	Rights and	
	Responsibilities	
ISH6, PHF2, PHF3, HE1	What's the story?	•Identify, write and discuss issues currently in the media concerning health and wellbeing;
		•Express their opinions on an issue concerning health and wellbeing;
		•Make recommendations on an issue concerning health and wellbeing.
OR4, ISH6	Fact or opinion?	•Understand the difference between a fact and an opinion;
		•Understand what biased reporting is and the need to think critically about things we read.
Wider PSHE curriculum (not	Rights, responsibilities and	 Define the differences between responsibilities, rights and duties;
covered by DfE statutory	duties	 Discuss what can make them difficult to follow;
requirements)		• Identify the impact on individuals and the wider community if responsibilities are not carried
		out.
MW5	Mo makes a difference	 Explain what we mean by the terms voluntary, community and pressure
		(action) group; • Give examples of voluntary groups, the kind of work they do
		and its value.
Wider PSHE curriculum	Spending wisely	 State the costs involved in producing and selling an item;
(not covered by DfE statutory		 Suggest questions a consumer should ask before buying a product.
requirements)		
Wider PSHE curriculum (not	Lend us a fiver!	Define the terms loan, credit, debt and interest;
covered by DfE statutory		 Suggest advice for a range of situations involving personal finance.
requirements)		
Wider PSHE curriculum	Local councils	Explain some of the areas that local councils have responsibility for;

(not covered by DfE statutory requirements)		
	Being My Best	
DAT1	Getting fit	 Know two harmful effects each of smoking/drinking alcohol. Explain the importance of food, water and oxygen, sleep and exercise for the human body and its health. Understand the actual norms around smoking and the reasons for common misperceptions of these.
Wider PSHE curriculum (not covered by DfE statutory requirements)	It all adds up!	 Know the basic functions of the four systems covered and know they are inter-related. Explain the function of at least one internal organ. Understand the importance of food, water and oxygen, sleep and exercise for the human body and its health.
Wider PSHE curriculum (not covered by DfE statutory requirements)	Different skills	 Identify their own strengths and talents; Identify areas that need improvement and describe strategies for achieving those improvements.
Wider PSHE curriculum (not covered by DfE statutory requirements)	My school community	 State what is meant by community; Explain what being part of a school community means to them; Suggest ways of improving the school community.
BS1	Independence and responsibility	 Identify people who are responsible for helping them stay healthy and safe; Identify ways that they can help these people.
ISH4	Star qualities	 Describe 'star' qualities of celebrities as portrayed by the media; Recognise that the way people are portrayed in the media isn't always an accurate reflection of them in real life; Describe 'star' qualities that 'ordinary' people have.
BFA1, BFA2	Basic first aid	See link to external resources for further information
MW2, MW3, MW4	Growing and Changing How are they feeling?	 Use a range of words and phrases to describe the intensity of different feelings Distinguish between good and not so good feelings, using appropriate vocabulary to describe these; Explain strategies they can use to build resilience.
RR5, BS1, BS3, BS4, BS5, BS7, BS8	Taking notice of our feelings	 Identify people who can be trusted; Describe strategies for dealing with situations in which they would feel uncomfortable.

Wider PSHE curriculum	Dear Hetty	•Explain how someone might feel when they are separated from someone or something they
(not covered by DfE statutory		like; •Suggest ways to help someone who is separated from someone or something they like.
requirements)		
BS7, CAB1	Changing bodies and feelings	•Know the correct words for the external sexual
		organs; •Discuss some of the myths associated with
		puberty.
BS3, CAB1, CAB2	Growing up and changing	 Identify some products that they may need during puberty and
	bodies	why; •Know what menstruation is and why it happens.
CF1, CF2, CF3, CF5	It could happen to anyone	•Identify the consequences of positive and negative behaviour on themselves and others;
		•Give examples of how individual/group actions can impact on others in a positive or negative
		way.
FPC2, FPC4, RR1,	Help, I'm a teenagerget me	 Recognise how our body feels when we're relaxed;
RR2, RR3, RR4, CAB1	out of here!	 List some of the ways our body feels when it is nervous or sad;
		•Describe and/or demonstrate how to be resilient in order to find someone who will listen to
		you.
BS2, BS4, BS5, BS6, BS7, BS8	Dear Ash	•Explain the difference between a safe and an unsafe secret;
		•Identify situations where someone might need to break a confidence in order to keep
		someone safe.
RR1, RR6, RR7	Stop, start stereotypes	•Recognise that some people can get bullied because of the way they express their
		gender; •Give examples of how bullying behaviours can be stopped.



DfE Statutory Requirements S primary statements title & ha	GCARF Lesson Plan – end of Alf-termly unit	SCARF Lesson Plan Learning Outcomes
	Me and My Relationships	
Wider PSHE curriculum (not covered by DfE statutory requirements)	Working together	 Demonstrate a collaborative approach to a task; Describe and implement the skills needed to do this.
Wider PSHE curriculum (not covered by DfE statutory requirements)	Let's negotiate	 Explain what is meant by the terms 'negotiation' and 'compromise'; Suggest positive strategies for negotiating and compromising within a collaborative task; Demonstrate positive strategies for negotiating and compromising within a collaborative task.
CF2, CF3, CF4, CF5	Solve the friendship problem	 Recognise some of the challenges that arise from friendships; Suggest strategies for dealing with such challenges demonstrating the need for respect and an assertive approach.
CF5, RR2, RR4, RR5, RR8	Assertiveness Skills	 List some assertive behaviours; Recognise peer influence and pressure; Demonstrate using some assertive behaviours, through role-play, to resist peer influence and pressure.
RR1, RR2, RR4, RR5, RR6, BS6	Behave yourself	 Recognise and empathise with patterns of behaviour in peer-group dynamics; Recognise basic emotional needs and understand that they change according to circumstance; Suggest strategies for dealing assertively with a situation where someone under pressure may do something they feel uncomfortable about.
FPC2, FPC1, FPC2, CF3, MW1, MW2, MW3, MW4, CAB1	Dan's day	 Describe the consequences of reacting to others in a positive or negative way; Suggest ways that people can respond more positively to others.
FPC3, FPC4, FPC5, FPC6, RR1, RR5, RR8, BS3, BS4, BS5, BS7	Don't force me	 Describe ways in which people show their commitment to each other; Know the ages at which a person can marry, depending on whether their parents agree.
RR5, RR6, BS1, BS2, BS3, BS4, BS5, BS6, BS7, BS8	Acting Appropriately	•Recognise that some types of physical contact can produce strong negative feelings; •Know that some inappropriate touch is also illegal.

RR8, OR2, OR3, OR4, OR5, BS1, BS2, BS4, ISH1, ISH3,	lt's a puzzle	 Identify strategies for keeping personal information safe online; Describe safe and respectful behaviours when using communication technology.
ISH4, ISH5, ISH7		
	Valuing Difference	
CF2, RR1, RR6, BS1, MW3	Ok to be different	 Recognise that bullying and discriminatory behaviour can result from disrespect of people's differences; Suggest strategies for dealing with bullying, as a bystander; Describe positive attributes of their peers.
RR1, RR5, RR6, OR2	We have more in common than not	 Know that all people are unique but that we have far more in common with each other than what is different about us; Consider how a bystander can respond to someone being rude, offensive or bullying someone else; Demonstrate ways of offering support to someone who has been bullied.
RR1, RR2, RR3, RR5	Respecting differences	• Demonstrate ways of showing respect to others, using verbal and non-verbal communication.
RR1, RR2, RR5	Tolerance and respect for others	 Understand and explain the term prejudice; Identify and describe the different groups that make up their school/wider community/other parts of the UK; Describe the benefits of living in a diverse society; Explain the importance of mutual respect for different faiths and beliefs and how we demonstrate this.
FPC1, FPC4, CF1, CF2, CF3, CF4, CF5, MW6	Advertising friendships!	 Explain the difference between a friend and an acquaintance; Describe qualities of a strong, positive friendship; Describe the benefits of other types of relationship (e.g. neighbour, parent/carer, relative).
RR1, RR2, RR6, RR7, ISH2, ISH6	Boys will be boys? Challenging gender stereotypes	 Define what is meant by the term stereotype; Recognise how the media can sometimes reinforce gender stereotypes; Recognise that people fall into a wide range of what is seen as normal; Challenge stereotypical gender portrayals of people.
	Keeping Myself Safe	
RR8, OR2, OR3, OR4, BS1, ISH4, ISH5	Thinking before you click!	 Accept that responsible and respectful behaviour is necessary when interacting with others online and face-to-face; Understand and describe the ease with which something posted online can spread.
OR3, OR5, ISH3	Traffic lights	 Identify strategies for keeping personal information safe online; Describe safe behaviours when using communication technology.

OR1, OR3, OR5, BS1, BS2,	To share or not to share?	•Know that it is illegal to create and share sexual images of children under 18 years old;
BS3, BS5, BS7, ISH3, ISH5,		•Explore the risks of sharing photos and films of themselves with other people directly or
ISH7		online;
		•Know how to keep their information private online.
MW1, MW3, MW4, MW5,	Rat Park	•Define what is meant by addiction, demonstrating an understanding that addiction is a form
MW6, MW7, MW9, MW10,		of behaviour; •Understand that all humans have basic emotional needs and explain some of
HE3, DAT1		the ways these needs can be met.
HE3, DAT1	What sort of drug is?	•Explain how drugs can be categorised into different groups depending on their medical and legal context;
		•Demonstrate an understanding that drugs can have both medical and non-medical uses;
		•Explain in simple terms some of the laws that control drugs in this country.
HE3, DAT1	Drugs: it's the law!	•Understand some of the basic laws in relation to drugs;
		•Explain why there are laws relating to drugs in this country.
HE3, DAT1	Alcohol: what is normal?	•Understand the actual norms around drinking alcohol and the reasons for common
		misperceptions of these;
		•Describe some of the effects and risks of drinking alcohol.
CF3, CF5, RR1, RR4, MW4, MW6,	Joe's story (part 1)	Understand that all humans have basic emotional needs and explain some of the ways
MW7, HE3		these needs can be met;
		Explain how these emotional needs impact on people's behaviour;
		Suggest positive ways that people can get their emotional need met.
FPC1, CF1, CF2, CF3, CF4, RR5,	Joe's story (part 2)	 Understand that with independence comes responsibility
OR1		•Explain how these emotional needs impact on people's behaviour;
		•Suggest positive ways that people can get their emotional needs met.
	Rights and Responsibilities	
RR7, ISH6	Two sides to every story	•Define the terms 'fact', 'opinion', 'biased' and 'unbiased', explaining the difference between
		them; •Describe the language and techniques that make up a biased report;
		 Analyse a report also extract the facts from it.
RR8, OR1, MW1, ISH4, ISH6	Fakebook Friends	•Know the legal age (and reason behind these) for having a social media account;
		•Understand why people don't tell the truth and often post only the good bits about
		themselves, online;
		•Recognise that people's lives are much more balanced in real life, with positives and
		negatives.

Wider PSHE curriculum (not	What's it worth?	•Explain some benefits of saving money;
covered by DfE statutory		•Describe the different ways money can be saved, outlining the pros and cons of each
requirements)		method;
		•Describe the costs that go into producing an item;
		•Suggest sale prices for a variety of items, taking into account a range of factors;
		•Explain what is meant by the term interest.
Wider PSHE curriculum (not	Jobs and taxes	•Recognise and explain that different jobs have different levels of pay and the factors that
covered by DfE statutory		influence
requirements)		this;
		•Explain the different types of tax (income tax and VAT) which help to fund public services;
		•Evaluate the different public services and compare their value.
MW5	Action stations!	•Explain what we mean by the terms voluntary, community and pressure (action) group;
		•Describe the aim, mission statement, activity and beneficiaries of a chosen voluntary,
		community or action group.
Wider PSHE curriculum (not	Project Pitch (parts 1 & 2)	• That they have different kinds of responsibilities, rights and duties at home, at school, in the
covered by DfE statutory		community and towards the environment
requirements)		Continue to develop the skills to exercise these responsibilities.
Wider PSHE curriculum (not	Happy shoppers	•Explain what is meant by living in an environmentally sustainable way;
covered by DfE statutory		Suggest actions that could be taken to live in a more environmentally sustainable way.
requirements)		
Wider PSHE curriculum (not	Democracy in Britain 1 –	• Why and how rules and laws that protect them and others are made and enforced,
covered by DfE statutory	Elections	• Why different rules are needed in different situations and how to take part in making
requirements)		and changing rules.
		Begin to understand the way in which democracy in Britain works.
Wider PSHE curriculum (not	Democracy in Britain 2 –	Why and how rules and laws that protect them and others are made and enforced
covered by DfE statutory	How (most) laws are made	 Why different rules are needed in different situations and how to take part in making
requirements)		and changing rules.
	Being My Best	
MW1, MW5, MW6, MW7,	Five Ways to Wellbeing	•Explain what the five ways to wellbeing are;
ISH2, PHF2, PHF3, PHF4, HP1,	project	•Describe how the five ways to wellbeing contribute to a healthy lifestyle, giving examples of
HP3, HP4, HP6, BFA1, BFA2		how they can be implemented in people's lives.

Wider PSHE curriculum (not	This will be your life!	 Identify aspirational goals;
covered by DfE statutory		•Describe the actions needed to set and achieve these.
requirements)		
Wider PSHE curriculum (not	Our recommendations	•Present information they researched on a health and wellbeing issues outlining the key
covered by DfE statutory		issues and making suggestions for any improvements concerning those issues.
requirements)		
CF2, CF3, CF5, RR1, RR4, RR6,	What's the risk? (1)	 Identify risk factors in a given situation (involving alcohol);
BS1, BS5, DAT1		•Understand and explain the outcomes of risk-taking in a given situation, including emotional
		risks; •Understand the actual norms around smoking/alcohol and the reasons for common
		misperceptions of these.
FPC1, OR1, OR3, BS1, BS2, BS4,	What's the risk? (2)	 Identify risk factors in a given situation;
ISH6, CAB1		•Understand and explain the outcomes of risk-taking in a given situation, including emotional
		risks;
		•Recognise that some situations can be made less risky e.g. only sharing information with
		someone you trust.
BFA1, BFA2	Basic first aid	See link to external resources for further information
	Growing and changing	
FPC2, FPC6, MW2, MW4, MW6,	Helpful or unhelpful?	•Recognise some of the changes they have experienced and their emotional responses to
MW9	Managing change	those changes;
		 Suggest positive strategies for dealing with change;
		 Suggest positive strategies for dealing with change; Identify people who can support someone who is dealing with a challenging time of change.
RR1, RR2, RR4, RR6, OR2, MW3,	I look great!	
RR1, RR2, RR4, RR6, OR2, MW3, ISH2, CAB1	I look great!	•Identify people who can support someone who is dealing with a challenging time of change.
	I look great!	 Identify people who can support someone who is dealing with a challenging time of change. Understand that fame can be short-lived;
	I look great! Media manipulation	 Identify people who can support someone who is dealing with a challenging time of change. Understand that fame can be short-lived; Recognise that photos can be changed to match society's view of perfect;
ISH2, CAB1		 Identify people who can support someone who is dealing with a challenging time of change. Understand that fame can be short-lived; Recognise that photos can be changed to match society's view of perfect; Identify qualities that people have, as well as their looks.
ISH2, CAB1		 Identify people who can support someone who is dealing with a challenging time of change. Understand that fame can be short-lived; Recognise that photos can be changed to match society's view of perfect; Identify qualities that people have, as well as their looks. Define what is meant by the term stereotype;
ISH2, CAB1		 Identify people who can support someone who is dealing with a challenging time of change. Understand that fame can be short-lived; Recognise that photos can be changed to match society's view of perfect; Identify qualities that people have, as well as their looks. Define what is meant by the term stereotype; Recognise how the media can sometimes reinforce gender stereotypes;
ISH2, CAB1		 Identify people who can support someone who is dealing with a challenging time of change. Understand that fame can be short-lived; Recognise that photos can be changed to match society's view of perfect; Identify qualities that people have, as well as their looks. Define what is meant by the term stereotype; Recognise how the media can sometimes reinforce gender stereotypes; Recognise that people fall into a wide range of what is seen as normal;
ISH2, CAB1 RR1, RR4, RR7, OR1, ISH2, ISH5	Media manipulation	 Identify people who can support someone who is dealing with a challenging time of change. Understand that fame can be short-lived; Recognise that photos can be changed to match society's view of perfect; Identify qualities that people have, as well as their looks. Define what is meant by the term stereotype; Recognise how the media can sometimes reinforce gender stereotypes; Recognise that people fall into a wide range of what is seen as normal; Challenge stereotypical gender portrayals of people. Understand the risks of sharing images online and how these are hard to control, once shared; Understand that people can feel pressured to behave in a certain way because of the
ISH2, CAB1 RR1, RR4, RR7, OR1, ISH2, ISH5 OR1, OR3, OR4, OR5, OR6, BS3,	Media manipulation	 Identify people who can support someone who is dealing with a challenging time of change. Understand that fame can be short-lived; Recognise that photos can be changed to match society's view of perfect; Identify qualities that people have, as well as their looks. Define what is meant by the term stereotype; Recognise how the media can sometimes reinforce gender stereotypes; Recognise that people fall into a wide range of what is seen as normal; Challenge stereotypical gender portrayals of people. Understand the risks of sharing images online and how these are hard to control, once shared; •Understand that people can feel pressured to behave in a certain way because of the influence of the peer group;
ISH2, CAB1 RR1, RR4, RR7, OR1, ISH2, ISH5 OR1, OR3, OR4, OR5, OR6, BS3,	Media manipulation	 Identify people who can support someone who is dealing with a challenging time of change. Understand that fame can be short-lived; Recognise that photos can be changed to match society's view of perfect; Identify qualities that people have, as well as their looks. Define what is meant by the term stereotype; Recognise how the media can sometimes reinforce gender stereotypes; Recognise that people fall into a wide range of what is seen as normal; Challenge stereotypical gender portrayals of people. Understand the risks of sharing images online and how these are hard to control, once shared; Understand that people can feel pressured to behave in a certain way because of the

RR1, BS7, CAB1, CAB2	Is this normal?	•Define the word 'puberty' giving examples of some of the physical and emotional changes associated with it;
		 Suggest strategies that would help someone who felt challenged by the changes in puberty;
		 Understand what FGM is and that it is an illegal practice in this country;
		•Know where someone could get support if they were concerned about their own or another
		person's safety.
BS2, BS4, BS5, BS6, BS7, BS8	Dear Ash	•Explain the difference between a safe and an unsafe secret;
		•Identify situations where someone might need to break a confidence in order to keep
		someone safe.
FPC3, FPC4, BS3, BS6, BS7, BS8,	Making babies	 Identify the changes that happen through puberty to allow sexual reproduction to occur;
CAB1, CAB2		 Know a variety of ways in which the sperm can fertilise the egg to create a baby;
		 Know the legal age of consent and what it means.
HP5	What is HIV?	•Explain how HIV affects the body's immune system;
		 Understand that HIV is difficult to transmit;
		 Know how a person can protect themselves from HIV

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Appendix 3: Parent form for withdrawal from sex education within RSE

TO BE COMPLETED BY PARENTS			
Name of child		Class	
Name of parent		Date	
Reason for withdrawing from sex education within relationships and sex education			
Any other information you would like the school to consider			
	Г		
Parent signature			
TO BE COMPLETED BY THE SCHOOL			
Agreed actions from			
discussion with parents			