

## **Recombinant Murine Wnt3a**

Catalog Number: rmW3aL

**Source:** Chinese Hamster Ovary (CHO) cell line-derived

Sequences: Ser19-Lys352

Synonyms: Protein Wnt-3a; wingless-type MMTV integration site family, member 3A; WNT3A

**Purity:** 75 % evaluated by SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions

Predicted M.W.: 37 kDa

Actual M.W.: 41 kDa evaluated by SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions

**Description** Protein Wnt-3a is a protein that is encoded by the WNT3A gene. The WNT gene family consists of structurally

related genes that encode secreted signaling proteins. These proteins have been implicated in oncogenesis, adipogenesis, etc. and in several other developmental processes, including regulation of cell fate and patterning during embryogenesis. This gene is a member of the WNT gene family. Mouse Wnt3a shows 96% amino acid identity to human

Wnt3a protein.

This protein was purified using a combination of ion exchange, affinity column with Wnt signaling inhibitor-bound Sepharose beads, and

followed by gel filtration.

**Concentration** 40 - 80 μg/mL. Please refer to the concentration on the label of each vial

Endotoxin Level < 0.1 EU/mL Tested using LAL method

Activity: Wnt3a activity has been measured using TCF-based Wnt reporter stable cell line (Catalog: WRHEK293A-HWR).

10 ng/mL of Wnt3a (Lot: 02DEC2015) generate 100-fold increase of luciferase activity compared to control

(buffer without Wnt3a). EC<sub>50</sub> is about 6 ng/mL.

**Formulation** Phosphate buffer pH 7.4-7.6, CHAPS, 0.1% BSA.

Handling and Storage Keep the protein frozen until use. Refreeze aliquots at 20°C or below. The unused solution can be refrozen

without losing activity. Mix the protein by pipetting up and down only but do not use vortexer.

Purified Wnt ligands are very unstable in serum-free medium (half-life: 2 hours). To treat cells with Wnt ligands in serum-free medium, take an aliquot of Wnt ligand solution and add it into culture medium (at least 1 to 500 times dilution), and then add an aliquot of Wnt protein stabilizer (Catalog: bWps, 1 to 500- or 800-times

dilution) to protect Wnt ligands.

Wnt control buffer (Phosphate buffered saline pH 7.4-7.6, CHAPS, 0.1% BSA) can serves as a control.

**Reference** Saito-Diaz K., et al. APC inhibits ligand-independent Wnt signaling by the clathrin endocytic pathway.

Developmental Cell 2018; 44(5):566-581.

Stellor Nlandu-Khodo, Ethan Lee, and Leslie S. Gewin. Blocking TGF-b and b-Catenin Epithelial Crosstalk

Exacerbates CKD. J Am Soc Nephrol 2017.

**Keep Frozen** 

**Until Use** 

rmWnt3a Dose Response

30

rmWnt3a (ng/mL)

200 180

140 120 100

80 60

40 20

Fold Change