# LAWRENCE WATER SUPPLY CORPORATION 2022 DRINKING WATER QUALITY REPORT

(CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT FOR PWS 1290018)

#### TO OUR MEMBERS

This report is intended to provide you with important information about your drinking water and the efforts made by the water system to provide safe drinking water. The data contained in this report is for the period of January 1 to December 31, 2022. Lawrence WSC is Purchased Surface Water from the City of Terrell. For more information regarding this report, contact Janine Burnett, Office Manager at 972-563-7422.

#### SOURCES OF DRINKING WATER

The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pickup substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the EPAs Safe Drinking Water Hotline at (800) 426-4791.

Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

- Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.
- Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally-occurring or result from urban storm water runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.
- Pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm water runoff, and residential uses.
- Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are byproducts of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban storm water runoff, and septic systems.
- Radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations which limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. FDA regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which must provide the same protection for public health.

Contaminants may be found in drinking water that may cause taste, color, or odor problems. These types of problems are not necessarily causes for health concerns. For more information on taste, odor, or color of drinking water, please contact the system's business office.

#### **CRYPTOSPORIDIUM**

You may be more vulnerable than the general population to certain microbial contaminants, such as Cryptosporidium, in drinking water. Infants, some elderly, or immunocompromised persons such as those undergoing chemotherapy for cancer; persons who have undergone organ transplants; those who are undergoing treatment with steroids; and people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, can be particularly at risk from infections. You should seek advice about drinking water from your physician or health care providers. Additional guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. We are responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but we cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead.

#### SOURCE WATER ASSESSMENT

The TCEQ has completed a Source Water Assessment for all drinking water systems that own their sources. The report describes the susceptibility and types of constituents that may come into contact with your drinking water source based on human activities and natural conditions. The system(s) from which we purchase our water received the assessment report. Lawrence WSC is Purchased Surface Water from the City of Terrell 1290006. For more information on source water assessments and protection efforts at our system, contact 972-563-7422.

For more information about your sources of water, please refer to the Source Water Assessment Viewer available at the following URL: http://www.tceq.texas.gov/gis/swaview

Further details about sources and source-water assessments are available in Drinking Water Watch at the following URL: <a href="http://dww2.tceq.texas.gov/DWW/">http://dww2.tceq.texas.gov/DWW/</a>

#### PUBLIC PARTICIPATION OPPORTUNITIES

The public is welcomed to attend the Lawrence Water Supply Corporation Board Meeting held at 5632 CR 237A, Terrell, Texas 75160. Please check the website <a href="www.lawrencewsc.com">www.lawrencewsc.com</a> for meeting dates, times, and agendas.

#### **DEFINITIONS**

**Action Level:** The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

**Action Level Goal (ALG):** The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. ALGs allow for a margin of safety.

Avg: Regulatory compliance with some MCLs are based on running annual average of monthly samples.

Maximum Contaminant Level or MCL: The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal or MCLG: The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

**Maximum residual disinfectant level or MRDL:** The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

**Maximum residual disinfectant level goal or MRDLG:** The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants. **MFL:** million fibers per liter (a measure of asbestos) **na:** not applicable.

**NTU:** nephelometric turbidity units (a measure of turbidity) **pCi/L:** picocuries per liter (a measure of radioactivity) **ppb:** micrograms per liter or parts per billion - or one ounce in 7,350,000 gallons of water.

**ppm:** milligrams per liter or parts per million - or one ounce in 7,350 gallons of water. **ppt:** parts per trillion, or nanograms per liter (ng/L) **ppq:** 

parts per quadrillion, or picograms per liter (pg/L)

#### 2022 WATER QUALITY TEST RESULTS

LEAD AN	D COPPER							
Lead and Copper	Date Sampled	MCLG	Action Level (AL)	90 <sup>th</sup> Percentile	# Sites Over AL	Units	Violation (Y/N)	Likely Source of Contamination
Copper	09/29/21	1.3	1.3	.348	0	ppm	N	Erosion of natural deposits; Leaching from wood preservatives; Corrosion of household plumbing systems.

REGULATED CO	REGULATED CONTAMINANTS											
Disinfectants and Disinfection ByProducts	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Levels Detected	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation (Y/N)	Likely Source of Contamination				
Haloacetic Acids (HAA5)	2022	19	11.5 – 19	No goal for the total	60	ppb	N	By-product of drinking water disinfection.				
Total Trihalomethanes (TTHM)	2022	32	19.8 - 48	No goal for the total	80	ppb	N	By-product of drinking water disinfection.				

The value in the Highest Level or Averaged Detected column is the highest average of all HAA5 and TTHM sample results collected at a location over a year.

INORGANIC CONTAMINA	$\mathbf{M} \mathbf{M} \mathbf{M} \mathbf{M} \mathbf{M} \mathbf{M} \mathbf{M} \mathbf{M} $	

Contaminant	Collection Date	Highest Level Detecte d	Range of Levels Detected	MCLG	MCL	Unit s	Violation (Y/N)	Likely Source of Contamination
Nitrate [measured as Nitrogen]	2022	0.179	0.179 – 0.179	10	10	pp m	N	Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks, sewage; Erosion of natural deposits.
Nitrite (measured as Nitrogen)	08/12/21	0.274	0.274- 0.274	1	1	pp m	N	Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks, sewage; Erosion of natural deposits.

## CHLORINE RESIDUAL

Disinfectant	Year	Average Level	Minimum Level	Maximum Level	MRDL	MRDLG	Unit of Measure	Violation (Y/N)	Likely Contamina	Source tion	of
Chloramines	2022	2.90	1.5	3.9	4.0	4.0	Mg/L	N	Water ad	ditive used crobes.	to

## VIOLATIONS: PUBLIC NOTIFICATION RULE

The Public Notification Rule helps to ensure that consumers will always know if there is a problem with their drinking water. These notices immediately alert consumers if there is a serious problem with their drinking water (e.g., a boil water emergency).

Violation Type	Violation Begin	Violation End	Violation Explanation
Public Notice Rule linked to a violation	05/01/21	05/19/22	We failed to adequately notify you, our drinking water customer, about a violation of the drinking water regulations.
Public Notice Rule linked to a violation	07/04/21	05/19/22	We failed to adequately notify you, our drinking water customer, about a violation of the drinking water regulations.

## NTMWD Wylie Water Treatment Plants Water Quality Data for Year 2022

			Coli	form Bac	teria			
Maximum Contaminant Level Goal	Total Coliform Maximum Contaminant Level		Highest No. of Positive	Fecal Coliform or E Coli Maximum Contaminant Level	Total No. of Positive		Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
0 IOTE: Reported monthly tests for		nonthly sample	0 00 forms are bacteria that are natu	o rally present in	the enviro	0 nment and a	No re used as	Naturally present in the environment.
otentially harmful, bacteria may	be present.			9,6	VARIABLE SALE	- Innovation	no used us	an indicator trial other,
			Regulat	ed Conta	minan	ts		Subject of the best and the same
Disinfectants and Disinfection By-Products	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Levels Detected	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Total Haloacetic Acids (HAA5)	2022	24 8	9.2 - 24.8	No goal for the total	60	ppb	No	By-product of drinking water disinfection.
Total Trihalomethanes (TTHM)	2022	62.8	21 9 - 62 80	No goal for the total	80	ppb	No	By-product of drinking water disinfection.
Bromate	2022	4.9	4.9 - 4.9	5	10	ppb	No	By-product of drinking water ozonation.
			ne Highest Level Detected becau					
ampling should occur in the futu	re. ICEQ only r	Highest Level	annually for compliance testing	. For Bromate,	compliano	e is based o	n the runnin	g annual average.
Inorganic Contaminants	Collection Date	Detected	Range of Levels Detected	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Antimony	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	6	6	ppb	No	Discharge from petroleum refineries; fire retardants; ceramics; electronics; solder; and test addition.
Arsenic	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	0	10	ppb	No	Erosion of natural deposits; runoff from orchards; runoff from glass and electronics production wastes.
Barium	2022	0.061	0.060 - 0.061	2	2	ppm	No	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits.
Beryllium	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	4	4	ppb	No	Discharge from metal refineries and coal-burning factories; discharge from electrical, aerospace, and defense industries.
Cadmium	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	5	5	ppb	No	Corrosion of galvanized pipes, erosion of natural deposits, discharge from metal refineries; runoff from waste batteries ar paints.
Chromium	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	100	100	ppb	No	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposit
Cyanide	2022	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	200	ppb	No	Discharge from steel/metal factories; Discharge from plastics and fertilizer factories.
Fluoride	2022	0.688	0.278 - 0.688	4	4	ррт	No	Erosion of natural deposits, water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories.
Mercury	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	2	2	ppb	No	Erosion of natural deposits; discharge from refineries and factories; runoff from landfills; runoff from cropland.
Nitrate (measured as Nitrogen)	2022	0.439	0.158 - 0.439	10	10	ppm	No	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks; sewage, erosion of natural deposits.
Selenium	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	50	50	ppb	No	Discharge from petroleum and metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits; discharge from mines.
Thallium	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	0.5	2	ppb	No	Discharge from electronics, glass, and leaching from ore- processing sites; drug factories.
			a health risk for infants of less t me because of rainfall or agricul					ing water can cause blue ould ask advice from your health
Radioactive Contaminants	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Levels Detected	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Beta/photon emitters	2022	4.7	4.7 - 4.7	0	50	pCi/L	No	Decay of natural and man-made deposits.

Radioactive Contaminants	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Levels Detected	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Beta/photon emitters	2022	4.7	4.7 - 4.7	0	50	pCi/L	No	Decay of natural and man-made deposits.
Gross alpha excluding radon and uranium	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	0	15	pCi/L	No	Erosion of natural deposits.
Radium	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	0	5	pCi/L	No	Erosion of natural deposits.

# NTMWD Wylie Water Treatment Plants Water Quality Data for Year 2022 (Cont.)

Synthetic organic contaminants including pesticides and herbicides	Gollection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Levels Detected	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
2, 4, 5 - TP (Silvex)	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	50	50	ppb	No	Residue of banned herbicide.
2, 4 - D	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	70	70	ppb	No	Runoff from herbicide used on row crops.
Alachlor	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	0	2	ppb	No	Runoff from herbicide used on row crops
Aldicarb	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	1	3	ppb	No	Runoff from agricultural pesticide.
Aldicarb Sulfone	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	1	2	ppb	No	Runoff from agricultural pesticide.
Aldicarb Sulfoxide	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	1	4	ppb	No	Runoff from agricultural pesticide.
Atrazine	2022	0.12	0.10 - 0.12	3	3	ppb	No	Runoff from herbicide used on row crops.
Benzo (a) pyrene	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	0	200	ppt	No	Leaching from linings of water storage tanks and distribution lines.
Carbofuran	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	40	40	ppb	No	Leaching of soil fumigant used on rice and alfalfa.
Chlordane	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	0	2	ppb	No	Residue of banned termitlicide.
Dalapon	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	200	200	ppb	No	Runoff from herbicide used on rights of way.
Di (2-ethylhexyl) adipate	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	400	400	ppb	No	Discharge from chemical factories.
Di (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	0	6	ppb	No	Discharge from rubber and chemical factories.
Dibromochloropropane (DBCP)	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	0	200	ppt	No	Runoff / leaching from soil fumigant used on soybeans, cotton, pineapples, and orchards.
Dinoseb	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	7	7	ppb	No	Runoff from herbicide used on soybeans and vegetables.
Endrin	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	2	2	ppb	No	Residue of banned insecticide.
Ethylene dibromide	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	0	50	ppt	No	Discharge from petroleium refineries.
Heptachlor	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	0	400	ppt	No	Residue of banned termiticide.
Heptachlor epoxide	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	0	200	ppt	No	Breakdown of heptachlor.
Hexachlorobenzene	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	0	1	ppb	No	Discharge from metal refineries and agricultural chemical factories.
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	50	50	ppb	No	Discharge from chemical factories.
Lindane	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	200	200	ppt	No	Runoff / leaching from insecticide used on cattle, lumber, and gardens.
Methoxychlor	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	40	40	ppb	No	Runoff / leaching from insecticide used on fruits, vegetables, affalfa, and livestock.
Oxamyl [Vydate]	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	200	200	ррь	No	Runoff / leaching from insecticide used on apples, potatoes, at tomatoes.
Pentachlorophenol	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	0	1	ppb	No	Discharge from wood preserving factories.
Picloram	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	500	500	ppb	No	Herbicide runoff.
Simazine	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	4	4	ppb	No	Herbicide runoff.
Toxaphene	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	0	3	ppb	No	Runoff / leaching from insecticide used on cotton and cattle.
Volatile Organic Contaminants	Collection Date	Hignest Level Detected	Range of Levels Detected	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
1, 1, 1 - Trichloroethane	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	200	200	ppb	No	Discharge from metal degreasing sites and other factories.
1, 1, 2 - Trichloroethane	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	3	5	ppb	No	Discharge from industrial chemical factories.
1, 1 - Dichloroethylene	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	7	7	ppb	No	Discharge from industrial chemical factories.
1, 2, 4 - Trichlorobenzene	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	70	70	ppb	No	Discharge from textile-finishing factories.
1, 2 - Dichloroethane	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	0	5	ppb	No	Discharge from industrial chemical factories.
1, 2 - Dichloropropane	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	0	5	ppb	No	Discharge from industrial chemical factories.
Benzene	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	0	5	ppb	No	Discharge from factories, leaching from gas storage tanks and landfills.
Carbon Tetrachlonde	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	0	5	ppb	No	Discharge from chemical plants and other industrial activities.

## NTMWD Wylie Water Treatment Plants Water Quality Data for Year 2022 (Cont.)

Volatile Organic Contaminants	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Levels Detected	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Chlorobenzene	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	100	100	ppb	No	Discharge from chemical and agricultural chemical factories.
Dichloromethane	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	0	5	ppb	No	Discharge from pharmaceutical and chemical factories.
Ethylbenzene	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	0	700	ppb	No	Discharge from petroleum refineries.
Styrene	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	100	100	ppb	No	Discharge from rubber and plastic factories; leaching from landfills.
Tetrachloroethylene	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	0	5	ppb	No	Discharge from factories and dry cleaners.
Toluene	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	1	1	ppm	No	Discharge from petroleum factories.
Trichloroethylene	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	0	5	ppb	No	Discharge from metal degreasing sites and other factories.
Vinyl Chloride	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	0	2	ppb	No	Leaching from PVC piping, discharge from plastics factories.
Xylenes	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	10	10	ppm	No	Discharge from petroleum factories, discharge from chemica factories.
cis - 1, 2 - Dichloroethylene	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	70	70	ppb	No	Discharge from industrial chemical factories.
o - Dichlorobenzene	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	600	600	ppb	No	Discharge from industrial chemical factories.
p - Dichlorobenzene	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	75	75	ppb	No	Discharge from industrial chemical factories.
rans - 1, 2 - Dicholoroethylene	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	100	100	ppb	No	Discharge from industrial chemical factories.

## Turbidity

	Limit									
	(Treatment Technique)	Level Detected	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination						
Highest single measurement	1 NTU	0.4 NTU	No	Soil runoff,						
Lowest monthly percentage (%) meeting limit	0.3 NTU	99.50%	No	Soil runoff.						
NOTE: Turbidity is a measurement of the cloudiness of the water caused by suspended particles. We monitor it because it is a good indicator of water quality and the effectiveness										

issurement of the clodumess of the water caused by suspended particles, we monitor it because it is a good indicator of water quality and the effectiveness

#### Maximum Residual Disinfectant Leve

Disinfectant Type	Year	Average Level of Quarterly Data	Lowest Result of Single Sample	Highest Result of Single Sample	MRDL	MRDLG	Units	Source of Chemical
Chlorine Residual (Chloramines)	2022	3.24	1.59	4 02	4.00	<4.0	ppm	Disinfectant used to control microbes.
Chlorine Dioxide	2022	0.00	0	0.27	0.80	0.80	ppm	Disinfectant.
Chlorite	2022	0.145	0	0.72	1.00	N/A	ppm	Disinfectant.

NOTE: Water providers are required to maintain a minimum chlorine disinfection residual level of 0.5 parts per million (ppm) for systems disinfecting with chloramines and an annual average chlorine disinfection residual level of between 0.5 (ppm) and 4 parts per million (ppm).

#### Total Organic Carbon

The percentage of Total Organic Carbon (TOC) removal was measured each month and the system met all TOC removal requirements set

#### Cryptosporidium and Giardia

Contaminants	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Levels Detected	Units	Likely Source of Contamination
Cryptosporidium	2022	0	0 - 0	(Oo) Cysts/L	Human and animal fecal waste.
Giardia	2022	0	0-0	(Oo) Cysts/L	Human and animal fecal waste.

NOTE: Levels detected are for source water, not for drinking water. No cryptosporidium or giardia were found in drinking water.

## NTMWD Wylie Water Treatment Plants Water Quality Data for Year 2022 (Cont.)

#### Lead and Copper Level (AL) Lead and Copper Sampled 90th Percentile Violation Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural 6/13/2022 15 0.0018 ppb Erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives, 6/13/2022 1.30 0.31 n Copper ppm corrosion of household plumbing systems.

ADDITIONAL HEALTH INFORMATION FOR LEAD: It present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. [Customer] is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead.

the entry point to distribution

Zinc

2022

Levels lower than detect level

#### **Unregulated Contaminants** Detected Range of Levels Detecte Units Likely Source of Contamination 2022 2022 2022 Chloroform By-product of drinking water disinfection. Bromoform ppb By-product of drinking water disinfection. Bromodichloromethane ppb By-product of drinking water disinfection. 2022 odichlo By-product of drinking water disinfection nt level for these chemicals at

Contaminants	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Levels Detected	Units	Likely Source of Contamination
Aluminum	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	ppm	Erosion of natural deposits.
Calcium	2022	69.8	32.2 - 69.8	ppm	Abundant naturally occurring element.
Chloride	2022	107	30.0 - 107	ppm	Abundant naturally occurring element; used in water purification by-product of oil field activity.
Iron	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	ppm	Erosion of natural deposits; iron or steel water delivery equipment or facilities.
Magnesium	2022	9.70	9.61 - 9.70	ppm	Abundant naturally occurring element.
Manganese	2022	0.159	0.004 - 0.159	ppm	Abundant naturally occurring element.
Nickel	2022	0.0098	0.0069 - 0.0098	ppm	Erosion of natural deposits.
pH	2022	9.2	7.0 - 9.2	units	Measure of corrosivity of water.
Silver	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	ppm	Erosion of natural deposits.
Sodium	2022	95.4	26.5 - 95.4	ppm	Erosion of natural deposits; by-product of oil field activity.
Sulfate	2022	171	84.2 - 171	ppm	Naturally occurring; common industrial by-product; by-product oil field activity.
otal Alkalinity as CaCO3	2022	139	69 - 139	ppm	Naturally occurring soluble mineral salts.
Total Dissolved Solids	2022	492	269 - 492	ppm	Total dissolved mineral constituents in water.

			Violations Table
Violation Type	Violation Begin	Violation End	Violation Explanation

0-0

ppm

metal industry.

Naturally occurring calcium.

Moderately abundant naturally occurring element used in the

## NTMWD Tawakoni Water Treatment Plants Water Quality Data for Year 2022

			. Co	liform Bad	teria			
Maximum Contaminant Level Goal	Contam	orm Maximum inant Level	Highest No. of Positive	Fecal Coliform or E. Coll Maximum Contaminant Level	E. Coli	of Positive or Fecal n Samples	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
0		nonthly sample	0.00	0		0	No	Naturally present in the environment.
OTE: Reported monthly tests for tentially harmful, bacteria may		liform bacteria. Coli	forms are bacteria that are nat	urally present in	the enviro	nment and a	re used as a	n indicator that other,
			Regula	ted Conta	minan	ts .		
Disinfectants and Disinfection By-Products	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Levels Detected	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Total Haloacetic Acids (HAA5)	2022	24 80	92 - 24.8	No goal for the total	60	ppb	No	By-product of drinking water disinfection.
otal Trihalomethanes (TTHM)	2022	62 80	21 9 - 62 80	No goal for the total	80	ppb	No	By-product of drinking water disinfection.
Bromate	2022	4.23	4.23 - 4.23	5	10	ppb	No	By-product of drinking water ozonation.
OTE: Not all sample results ma					ts may be	part of an ev	aluation to d	etermine where compliance
Impling should occur in the futu Inorganic Contaminants	re. TCEQ only re Collection Date	equires one sample Highest Level Detected	annually for compliance testin Range of Levels Detected	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Antimony	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	6	6	ppb	No	Discharge from petroleum refineries; fire retardants; ceramics; electronics; solder; and test addition.
Arsenic	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	0	10	ppb	No	Erosion of natural deposits; runoff from orchards; runoff from glass and electronics production wastes.
Barium	2022	0.062	0.062 - 0.062	2	2	ppm	No	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits.
Beryllium	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	4	4	ppb	No	Discharge from metal refineries and coal-burning factories; discharge from electrical, aerospace, and defense industries.
Cadmium	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	5	5	ppb	No	Corrosion of galvanized pipes; erosion of natural deposits; discharge from metal refineries; runoff from waste batteries an paints.
Chromium	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	100	100	ppb	No	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposit
Cyanide	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	200	200	ppb	No	Discharge from steel/metal factories; Discharge from plastics and fertilizer factories.
Fluoride	2022	0.197	0.197 - 0.197	4	4	ppm	No	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories,
Mercury	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	2	2	ppb	No	Erosion of natural deposits; discharge from refineries and factories; runoff from landfills; runoff from cropland.
Nitrate (measured as Nitrogen)	2022	0.289	0.289 - 0.289	10	10	ppm	No	Runoff from fertilizer use, leaching from septic tanks, sewage, erosion of natural deposits.
Selenium	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	50	50	ppb	No	Discharge from petroleum and metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits; discharge from mines.
Thallium	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	0.5	2	ppb	No vels in drinki	Discharge from electronics, glass, and leaching from ore- processing sites, drug factories.

Radioactive Contaminants	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Levels Detected	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Beta/photon emitters	2021	4.8	4.8 - 4.8	0	50	pCi/L	No	Decay of natural and man-made deposits.
Gross alpha excluding radon and uranium	2021	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	0	15	pCi/L	No	Erosion of natural deposits.
Radium	2021	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	0	5	pCi/L	No	Erosion of natural deposits.

## NTMWD Tawakoni Water Treatment Plants Water Quality Data for Year 2022 (Cont.)

Synthetic organic contaminants including pesticides and herbicides	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Levels Detected	MCLG	MGL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
2, 4, 5 - TP (Silvex)	2021	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	50	50	ppb	No	Residue of banned herbicide
2, 4 - D	2021	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	70	70	ppb	No	Runoff from herbicide used on row crops.
Alachlor	2021	Levels lower than	0-0	0	2	ppb	No	Runoff from herbicide used on row crops
Aldicarb	2021	Levels lower than	0-0	1	3	ppb	No	Runoff from agricultural pesticide.
Aldicarb Sulfone	2021	detect level Levels lower than	0 - 0	1	2	ppb	No	Runoff from agricultural pesticide.
Aldicarb Sulfoxide	2021	detect level Levels lower than	0-0	1	4	ALC: N	No.	Runoff from agricultural pesticide.
	2021	detect level 0.1	0.1 - 0.1	3	3	ppb	_	
Atrazine		Levels lower than	COLUMN TO THE REAL PROPERTY.	-	-	ppb	No	Runoff from herbicide used on row crops.  Leaching from linings of water storage tanks and distribution
Benzo (a) pyrene	2021	detect level Levels lower than	0 - 0	0	200	ppt	No	lines.
Carboturan	2021	detect level	0 - 0	40	40	ppb	No	Leaching of soil fumigant used on rice and alfalfa.
Chlordane	2021	detect level	0 - 0	0	2	ppb	No	Residue of banned termiticide.
Dalapon	2021	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	200	200	ppb	No	Runoff from herbicide used on rights of way.
Di (2-ethylhexyl) adipate	2021	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	400	400	ppb	No	Discharge from chemical factories.
Di (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	2021	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	0	6	ppb	No	Discharge from rubber and chemical factories.
Dibromochloropropane (DBCP)	2021	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	0	200	ppt	No	Runoff / leaching from soil furnigant used on soybeans, cotton, pineapples, and orchards.
Dinoseb	2021	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	7	7	ppb	No	Runoff from herbicide used on soybeans and vegetables.
Endrin	2021	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	2	2	ppb	No	Residue of banned insecticide,
Ethylene dibromide	2021	Levels lower than	0 - 0	0	50	ppt	No	Discharge from petroleium refineries.
Heptachlor	2021	detect level Levels lower than	0 - 0	0	400	ppt	No	Residue of banned termiticide.
Heptachlor epoxide	2021	detect level Levels lower than	0-0	0	200	ppt	No	Breakdown of heptachior.
W. O. S. C. C. S. C.	2021	detect level Levels lower than	0-0	0	1	ppb	No	Discharge from metal refineries and agricultural chemical
Hexachlorobenzene		detect level			-		-	factories.
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	2021	detect level Levels lower than	0-0	50	50	ppb	No	Discharge from chemical factories.  Runoff / leaching from insecticide used on cattle, lumber, and
Lindane	2021	detect level	0-0	200	200	ppt	No	gardens. Runoff / leaching from insecticide used on fruits, vegetables,
Methoxychlor	2021	detect level	0-0	40	40	ppb	No	alfalfa, and livestock. Runoff / leaching from insecticide used on apples, potatoes, an
Oxamyl [Vydate]	2021	detect level	0 - 0	200	200	ppb	No	tomatoes.
Pentachlorophenol	2021	detect level	0 - 0	0	1	ppb	No	Discharge from wood preserving factories.
Picloram	2021	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	500	500	ppb	No	Herbicide runoff.
Simazine	2021	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	4	4	ppb	No	Herbicide runoff.
Toxaphene	2021	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	0	3	ppb	No	Runoff / leaching from insecticide used on cotton and cattle.
Volatile Organic Contaminants	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Levels Detected	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
1, 1, 1 - Trichloroethane	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	200	200	ppb	No	Discharge from metal degreasing sites and other factories.
1, 1, 2 - Trichloroethane	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	3	5	ppb	No	Discharge from industrial chemical factories.
1, 1 - Dichloroethylene	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	7	7	ppb	No	Discharge from industrial chemical factories.
1, 2, 4 - Trichlorobenzene	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	70	70	ppb	No	Discharge from textile-finishing factories.
1, 2 - Dichloroethane	2022	Levels lower than	0 - 0	0	5	ppb	No	Discharge from industrial chemical factories:
1, 2 - Dichloropropane	2022	detect level Levels lower than	0 - 0	0	5	ppb	No	Discharge from industrial chemical factories,
Benzene	2022	detect level Levels lower than	0 - 0	0	5	ppb	No	Discharge from factories, leaching from gas storage tanks and
	lo Blown	detect level Levels lower than		0	5	-	No	landfills.  Discharge from chemical plants and other industrial activities.
Carbon Tetrachloride	2022	detect level	0-0	0	5	ppb	No	Discharge from chemical plants and other industrial activities.

## NTMWD Tawakoni Water Treatment Plants Water Quality Data for Year 2022 (Cont.)

Volatile Organic Contaminants	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Levels Detected	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Chlorobenzene	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	100	100	ppb	No	Discharge from chemical and agricultural chemical factories.
Dichloromethane	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	0	5	ppb	No	Discharge from pharmaceutical and chemical factories.
Ethylbenzene	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	0	700	ppb	No	Discharge from petroleum refineries.
Styrene	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	100	100	ppb	No	Discharge from rubber and plastic factories; leaching from landfills.
Tetrachloroethylene	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	0	5	ppb	No	Discharge from factories and dry cleaners.
Toluene	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	1	1	ppm	No	Discharge from petroleum factories.
Trichloroethylene	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	0	5	ppb	No	Discharge from metal degreasing sites and other factories.
Vinyl Chloride	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	0	2	ppb	No	Leaching from PVC piping; discharge from plastics factories.
Xylenes	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	10	10	ppm	No	Discharge from petroleum factories, discharge from chemica factories.
cis - 1, 2 - Dichloroethylene	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	70	70	ppb	No	Discharge from industrial chemical factories.
o - Dichlorobenzene	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	600	600	ppb	No	Discharge from industrial chemical factories.
p - Dichlorobenzene	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	75	75	ppb	No	Discharge from industrial chemical factories.
rans - 1, 2 - Dicholoroethylene	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	100	100	ppb	No	Discharge from industrial chemical factories.

#### Turbidity

	Limit (Treatment Technique)	Level Detected	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Highest single measurement	1 NTU	0.16 NTU	No	Soil runoff.
Lowest monthly percentage (%) meeting limit	0.3 NTU	100%	No	Soil runoff,
NOTE: Turbidity is a measurement of the cloudiness of the water	r caused by suspended particles. We monitor it be	ecause it is a good indi	cator of water	quality and the effectiveness

NOTE: Turbidity is a measurement of the cloudiness of the water caused by suspended particles. We monitor it because it is a good indicator of water quality and the effectiveness of our filtration.

#### Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level

Disinfectant Type	Year	Average Level	Minimum Level	Maximum Level	MRDL	MRDLG	Units	Source of Chemical
Chlorine Residual (Chloramines)	2022	3 24	1 59	4.02	4.00	<4.0	ppm	Disinfectant used to control microbes.
Chlorine Dioxide	2022	0.01	0	0.32	0.80	0.80	ppm	Disinfectant.
Chlorite	2022	0.15	0	0.72	1.00	N/A	ppm	Disinfectant.

NOTE: Water providers are required to maintain a minimum chlorine disinfection residual level of 0.5 parts per million (ppm) for systems disinfecting with chloramines and an annual average chlorine disinfection residual level of between 0.5 (ppm) and 4 parts per million (ppm).

## Total Organic Carbon

The percentage of Total Organic Carbon (TOC) removal was measured each month and the system met all TOC removal requirements set

#### Cryptosporidium and Giardia

Contaminants	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Levels Detected	Units	Likely Source of Contamination
Cryptosporidium	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	(Oo) Cysts/L	Human and animal fecal waste.
Giardia	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	(Oo) Cysts/L	Human and animal fecal waste.

NOTE: Only source water was evaluated for cryptosporidium and giardia. Levels shown are not for drinking water.

## NTMWD Tawakoni Water Treatment Plants Water Quality Data for Year 2022 (Cont.)

10 A	Lead and Copper									
Lead and Copper	Sampled Sampled	Action Level (AL)	90th Percentile	# Sites Over AL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination			
Lead	6/13/2022	15	0.0018	0	ppb	No	Erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives; corrosion of household plumbing systems.			
Copper	6/13/2022	1.3	0.31	0	ppm	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits.			

ADDITIONAL HEALTH INFORMATION FOR LEAD. If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. [Customer] is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead.

## **Unregulated Contaminants**

Contaminants	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Levels Detected	Units	Likely Source of Contamination
Chloroform	2022	37.5	18.1 - 37.5	ppb	By-product of drinking water disinfection.
Bromoform	2022	<100	<1.00 - <1.00	ppb	By-product of drinking water disinfection.
Bromodichloromethane	2022	17.7	116-177	ppb	By-product of drinking water disinfection.
Dibromochloromethane	2022	7.8	5.93 - 7.8	ppb	By-product of drinking water disinfection.

INCLE: Bromotorm, chlorotorm, promodichioromethane, and dibromochloromethane are distriction by-products. There is no maximum contaminant level for these chemicals at the entry point to distribution.

#### Secondary and Other Constituents Not Regulated

Contaminants	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Levels Detected	Units	Likely Source of Contamination
Aluminum	2022	0.022	0.022 - 0.022	ppm	Erosion of natural deposits.
Calcium	2022	53.1	38.3 - 53.1	ppm	Abundant naturally occurring element.
Chloride	2022	24.0	11.1 - 24.0	ppm	Abundant naturally occurring element; used in water purification by-product of oil field activity.
Iron	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0-0	ppm	Erosion of natural deposits; iron or steel water delivery equipment or facilities;
Magnesium	2022	3.26	3.26 - 3.26	ppm	Abundant naturally occurring element.
Manganese	2022	0.0024	0.0018 - 0.0024	ppm	Abundant naturally occurring element.
Nickel	2022	0.0032	0.0032 - 0.0032	ppm	Erosion of natural deposits.
pН	2022	8.3	7.1 - 8.3	units	Measure of corrosivity of water.
Silver	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	ppm	Erosion of natural deposits
Sodium	2022	21.3	13.5 - 21.3	ppm	Erosion of natural deposits; by-product of oil field activity.
Sulfate	2022	73.2	48.4 - 73.2	ppm	Naturally occurring; common industrial by-product; by-product o oil field activity.
Total Alkalinity as CaCO3	2022	82	62 - 82	ppm	Naturally occurring soluble mineral salts.
Total Dissolved Solids	2022	243	173 - 243	ppm	Total dissolved mineral constituents in water.
Total Hardness as CaCO3	2022	128	98 - 128	ppm	Naturally occurring calcium.
Zinc	2022	Levels lower than detect level	0 - 0	ppm	Moderately abundant naturally occurring element used in the metal industry.