Medium Red Clover

Benefits

- ◆ Good Forage Quality
- ♦ P & K Scavenger
- ◆ Reduces Compaction
- ♦ Weed Control
- ◆ Erosion Control
- ◆ Attract Beneficials— Excellent Insectary Crop
- ◆ Produces 70-150 lbs/acre of soil Nitrogen for the following crop rotation
- ◆ Adds Organic Matter, improving Soil Tilth and increasing Water Holding Capabilities



Seeding Date, Methods & Rate

Drilled: 8-10# per acre

Aerial: 12-18# per acre

April-May or August-September. Inoculation required for nitrogen production. Plant seed less than 1/2 inch deep. Red Clover does not tolerate wet soils. 272,200 seeds per pound. 7 days to emergence.

Burndown

Tillage (plow) or glyphosate &/or glyphosate + 2,4-D for control.

Expectations

Red Clover is a dependable, low-cost, perennial legume; easily over seeded or frost seeded into standing crops. Adapted to a wide range of soil and environmental conditions; grows best where corn grows well. Pollinated by honeybees and bumblebees, it is a major source of honey. More drought— and shade— tolerant than most clovers. Less invasive than white clover. Will produce Nitrogen earlier in the spring than other legumes.

Contact Barbara Barten at Gutwein Seed Services for a Quote: 219-866-0555 or barb@gss4ag.com