







Making a Seismic Shift: Moving from Risk to Reward

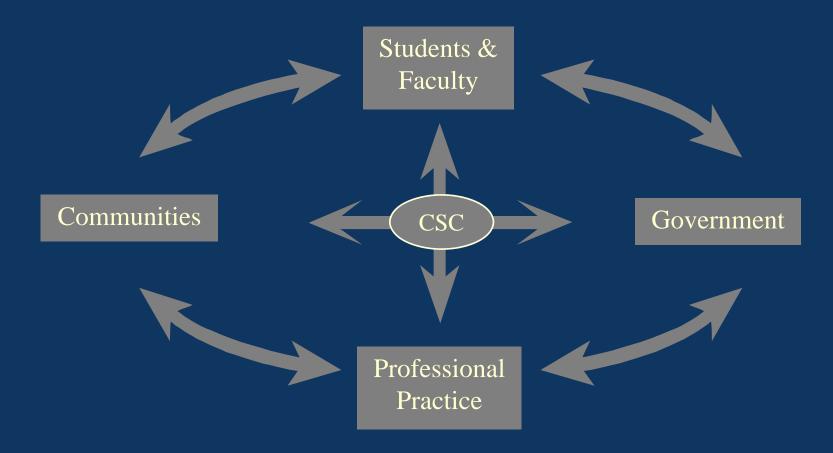
Lane Preparedness Coalition Presentation
with funding from the
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Eugene – February 10, 2016



Josh Bruce, AICP

Director

Oregon Partnership for Disaster Resilience Community Service Center, University of Oregon jdbruce@uoregon.edu The **CSC** is an interdisciplinary organization that creates learning opportunities for students by providing planning and technical services to Oregon Communities





THE CLASSROOM AND THE COMMUNITY

- The classroom provides a foundation for community-based learning
 - Analytical skills
 - Theory, history





The community provides the framework and motivation for learning

- Real problems
- Real people



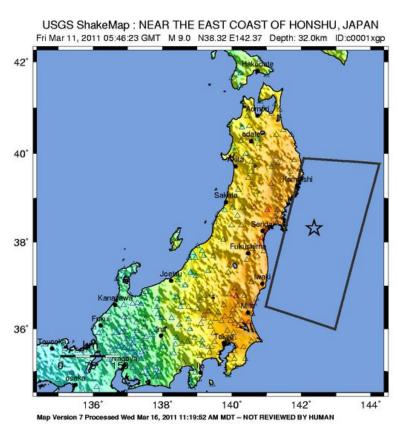
CSC Focus Areas:

- Natural Resources
- Social Planning
- Community and Economic Development
- Energy
- Food Systems
- Housing
- Transportation
- Parks & Recreation Planning
- Natural Hazards and Community Resilience

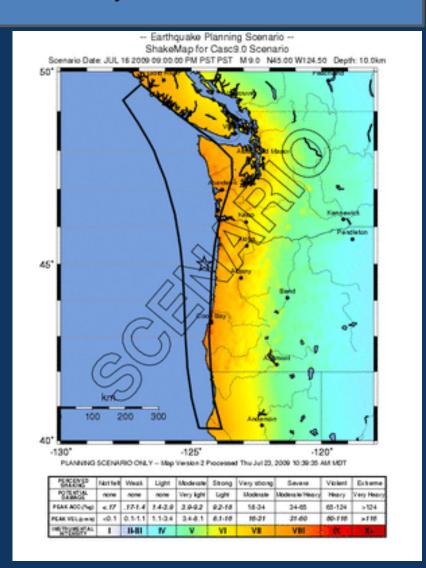


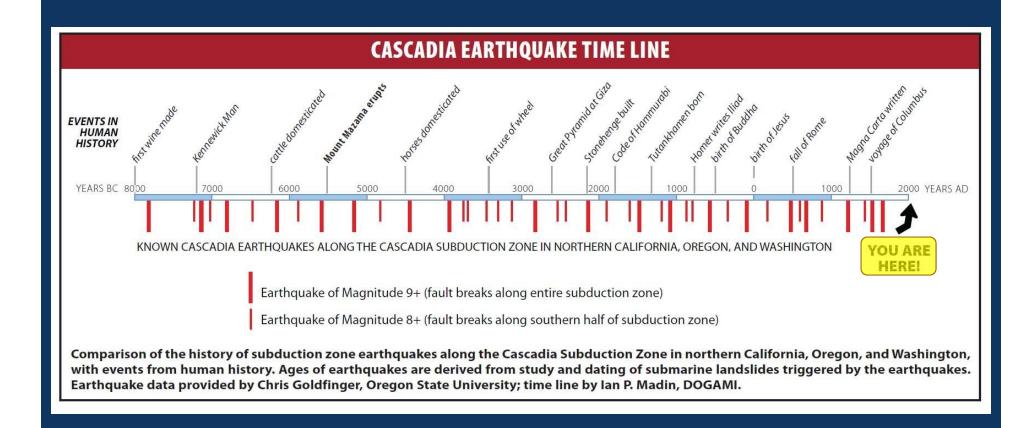
Magnitude 9.0 Paradigm Shift

Can we learn from other similar events or do we have to learn the hard way?



PERCEIVED SHAKING	Not felt	Weak	Light	Moderate	Strong	Very strong	Severe	Violent	Extreme
POTENTIAL DAMAGE	none	none	none	Very light	Light	Moderate	Moderate/Heavy	Heavy	Very Heavy
PEAK ACC.(%g)	<.17	.17-1.4	1.4-3.9	3.9-9.2	9.2-18	18-34	34-65	65-124	>124
PEAK VEL.(cm/s)	<0.1	0.1-1.1	1.1-3.4	3.4-8.1	8.1-16	16-31	31-60	60-116	>116
INSTRUMENTAL INTENSITY	- 1	II-III	IV	٧	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X+







Two Key Messages - Cascadia:

- ◆ Think short-term (tomorrow) AND long-term (50 yrs)
 - Tomorrow = Organizational Preparedness
 - ◆ 50 Years = Community Resilience
- Know what's possible; focus on what you CAN do
 - Improving resilience = Opportunity
 - Educate yourself
 - Prepare a disaster kit
 - Lobby for policy changes
 - Help shape investment priorities





Understanding Risk



Natural Hazard

Potential Catastrophic and Chronic Physical Events

- Past Recurrence Intervals
- Future Probability
- Speed of Onset
- Magnitude
- Duration
- Spatial Extent

Vulnerable System

Exposure, Sensitivity and Resilience of:

- Population
- Economy
- Land Use and Development
- Infrastructure and Facilities
- Cultural Assets
- Ecosystem Goods and Services

Ability, Resources and Willingness to:

- Mitigate Respond
- Prepare Recover

Risk of Oisaster

Source: USGS- Oregon Partnership for Disaster Resilience Research Collaboration, 2006

Current Resilience Gap

Business can only tolerate <u>two to four</u> weeks of disruption of essential services

Critical Service	Zone	Estimated Time to Restore Service
Electricity	Valley	1 to 3 months
Electricity	Coast	3 to 6 months
Police and fire stations	Valley	2 to 4 months
Drinking water and sewer	Valley	1 month to 1 year
Drinking water and sewer	Coast	1 to 3 years
Top-priority highways (partial restoration)	Valley	6 to 12 months
Healthcare facilities	Valley	18 months
Healthcare facilities	Coast	3 years

Physical Changes during CSZ Earthquake









Building Impacts









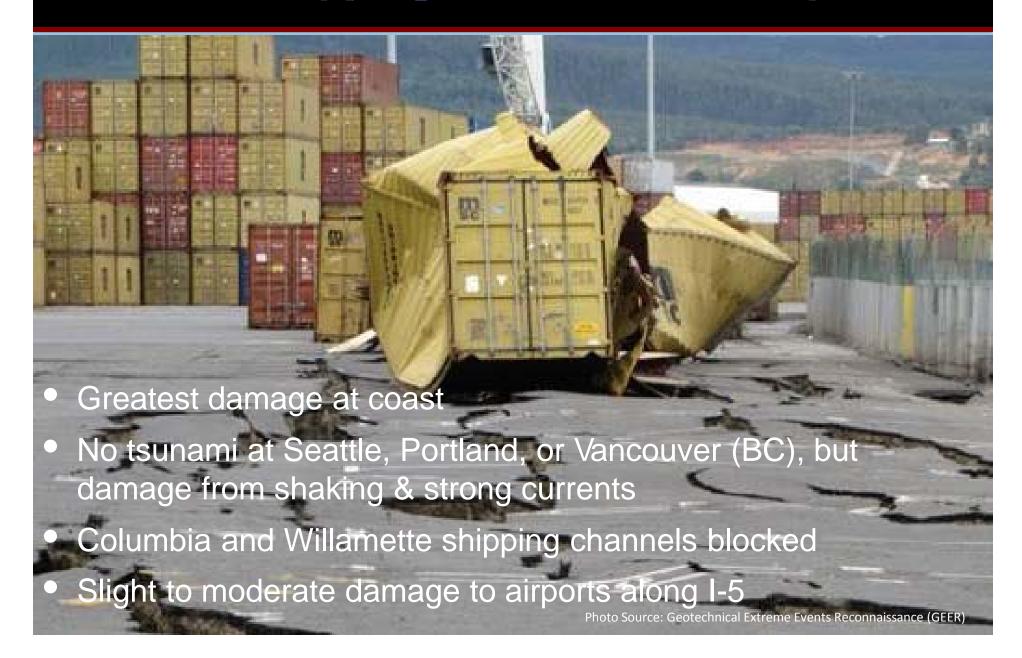


Impacts to Transportation Networks

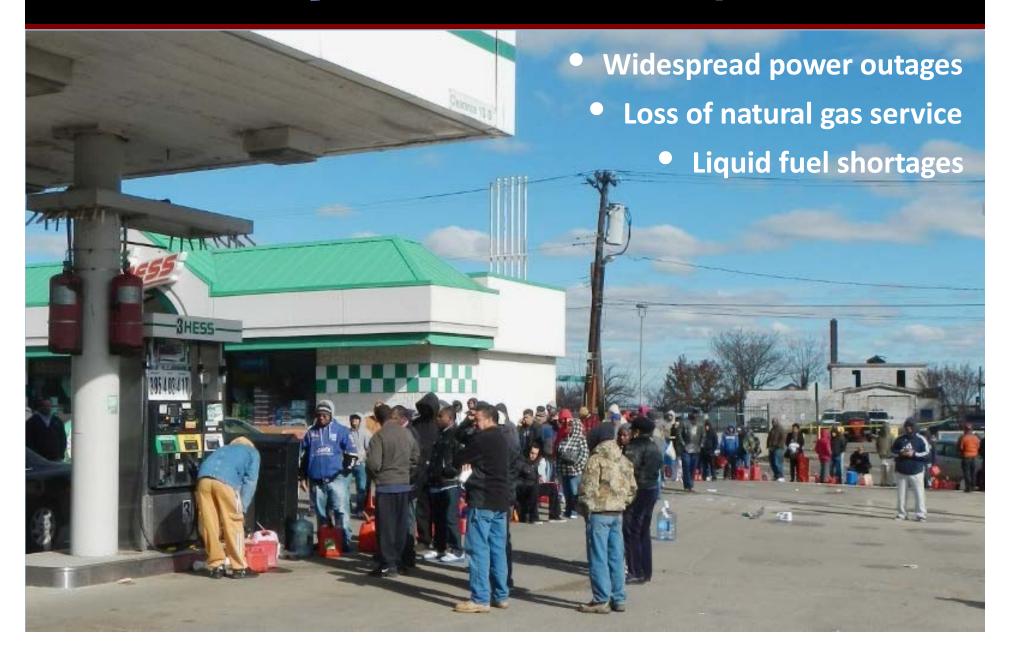
- 19 bridges on Oregon's Interstate 5 heavily damaged
- 56 of 135 bridges on U.S. Hwy 101 in Oregon collapse
- Disrupted rail service due to bridge damage (Portland, Olympia, Seattle)



Ports, Shipping Channels, and Airports



Electricity, Natural Gas, Liquid Fuel



Water Systems



Communication Networks

Landline & wireless

Broken cables

 Equipment failures and structural damage

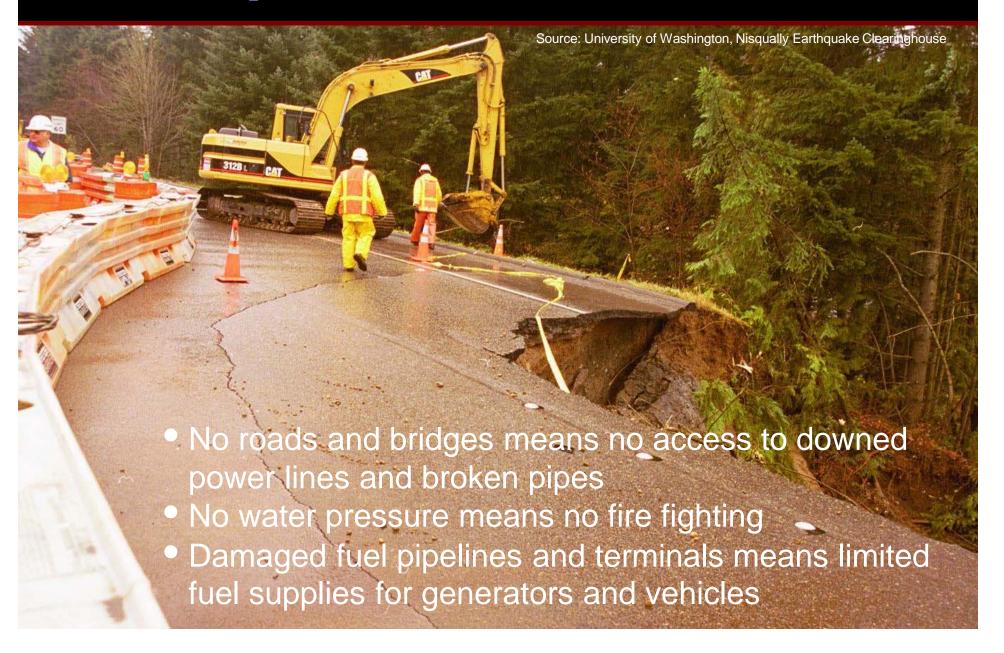
Power outages

Jamming

 Undersea transpacific cables severed



Interdependence of Infrastructure





EUGENE SPECIFIC FINDINGS

- Earthquake and Winter Storm
 - ♦ Community-wide impacts
 - Impacts to Transportation, Energy and Fossil Fuel
- System interdependencies compound impacts
 - Food, water, wastewater, economy, social services
- Eugene/Springfield will become a hub
- Multiple local projects similar conclusions:

Expect major impacts to community systems



EXERCISE: INTERDEPENDENCIES



- Working with a partner, please identify . . .
 - ◆ One public system/service your organization(s) rely on
 - ◆ One private system/service your organization(s) rely on
 - ◆ One natural system/service your organization(s) rely on



What is Resilience?



The ability to anticipate, absorb, adapt to, and recover from disruptions





Anticipate



Absorb



Adapt

Recover





How do you achieve Resilience?

Stockholm Resilience Center - Seven Principles:

- Maintain diversity and redundancy
- Manage connectivity
- Manage slow variables and feedback loops
- Foster complex, adaptive systems thinking
- Broaden participation
- Encourage learning
- Promote polycentric governance systems



Diversity and Redundancy

Keep your options open ...







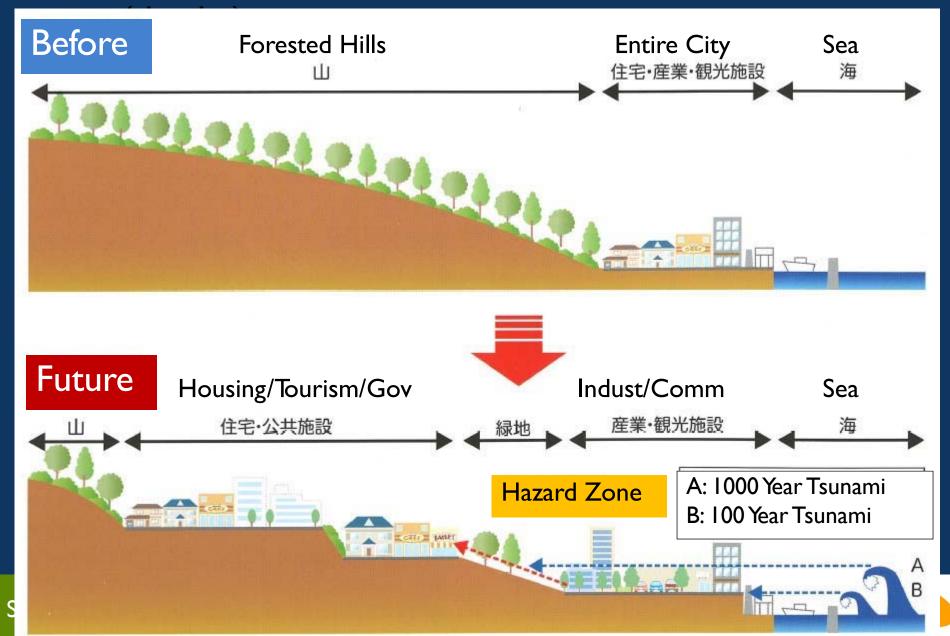


Minamisanriku Tsunami Zone - Zero Capacity



Minamisanriku – Relocation to Higher Ground

Two Levels of Tsunami Protection: 100 yr (seawalls) and 1000 yr



Connectivity

Make friends with different kinds of folks...















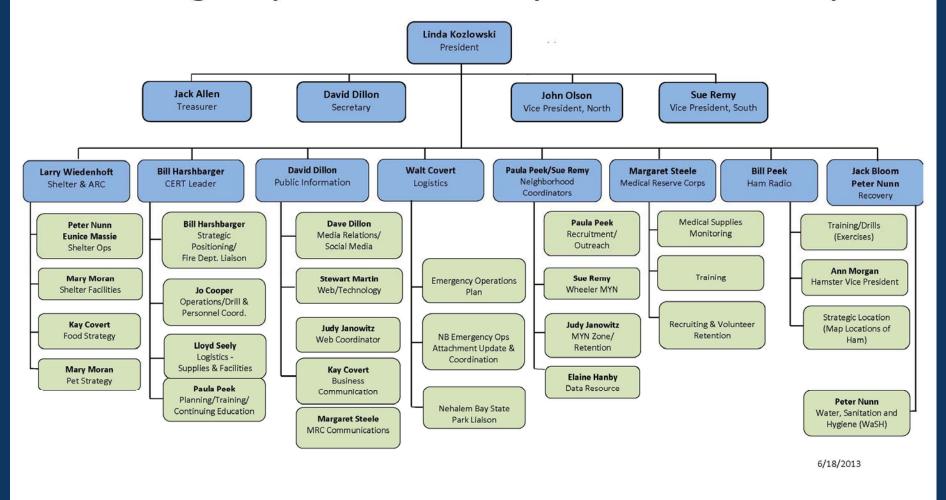
TFFF Socio-Economic Resilience Survey

How much confidence do you have in the following entities regarding their ability to increase community resilience in your area?

Entity	Average Value
FEMA	5.52
National Non-Profits	5.84
State Government	6.26
Local Government	6.27
Local Community Leaders	7.21
Local Utilities	7.36
Local Non-Profits	7.5
Your Neighbor	6.53
Your Self	8.12



Emergency Volunteer Corps of Nehalem Bay

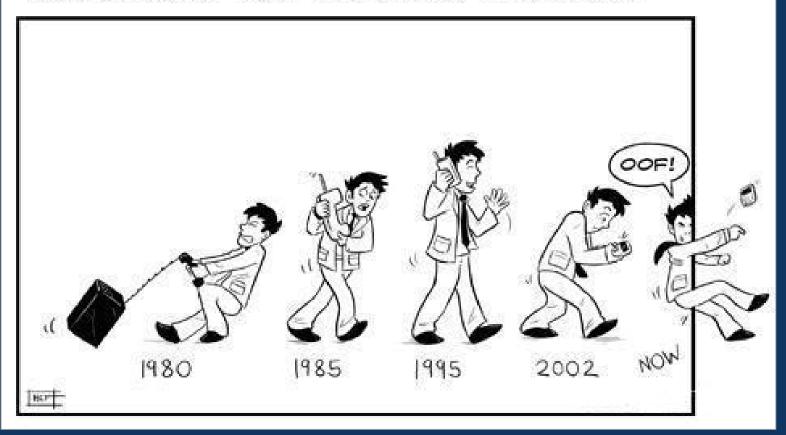




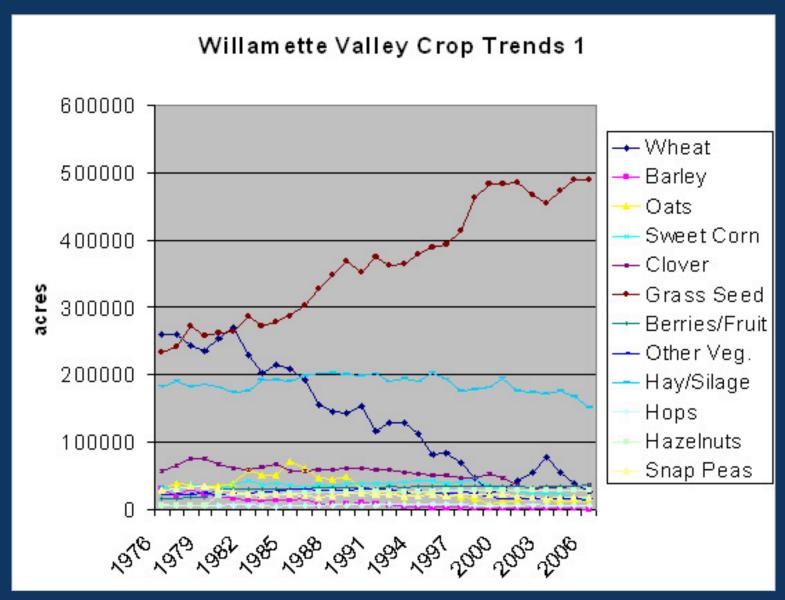
Slow Variables & Feedback Loops

Pay attention to changes over time ...

the EVOLUTION of CELL PHONES

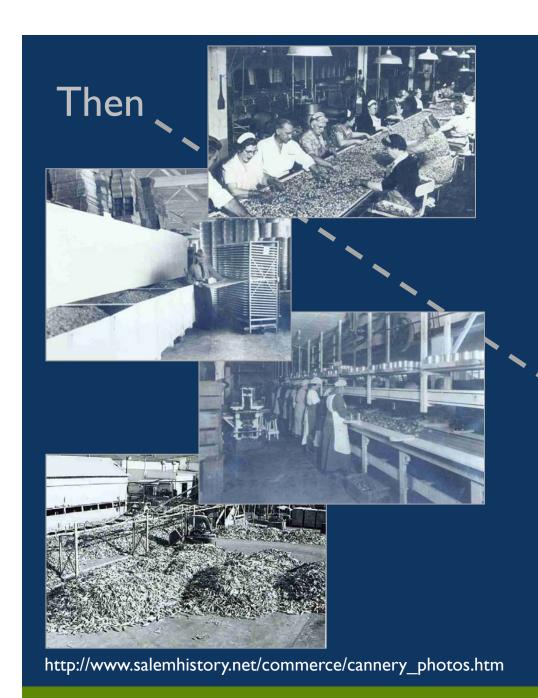






Dan Armstrong, Mud City Press











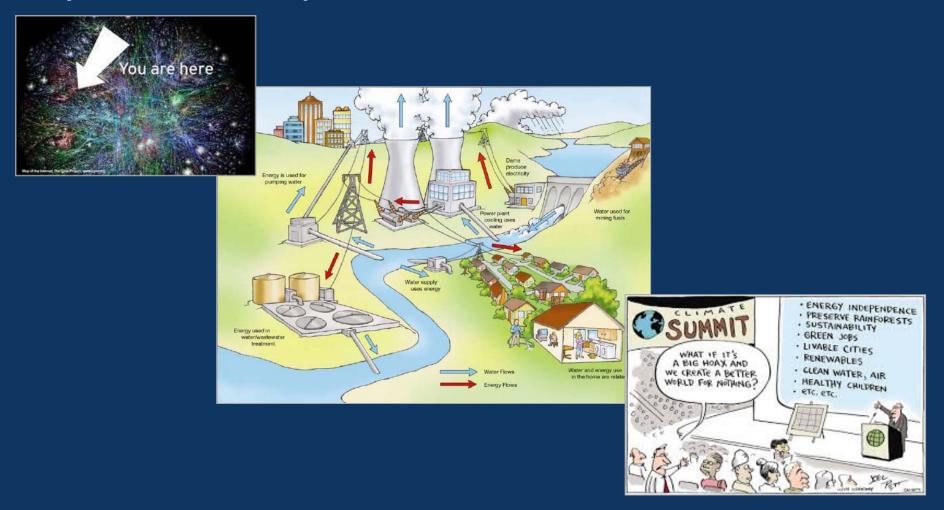






Complex systems thinking

Systems, interdependencies and uncertainties matter ...



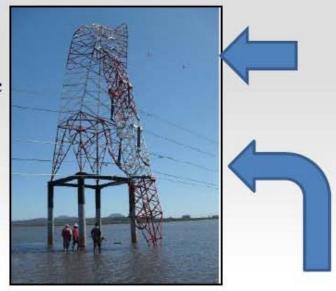


Lifeline Interdependencies

Interdependencies will make disaster recovery much more difficult. The earthquake will damage all systems at the same time.

To restore electric service, you need to reopen roads





To restore water service, you need electricity



To restore fuel supplies you need electricity

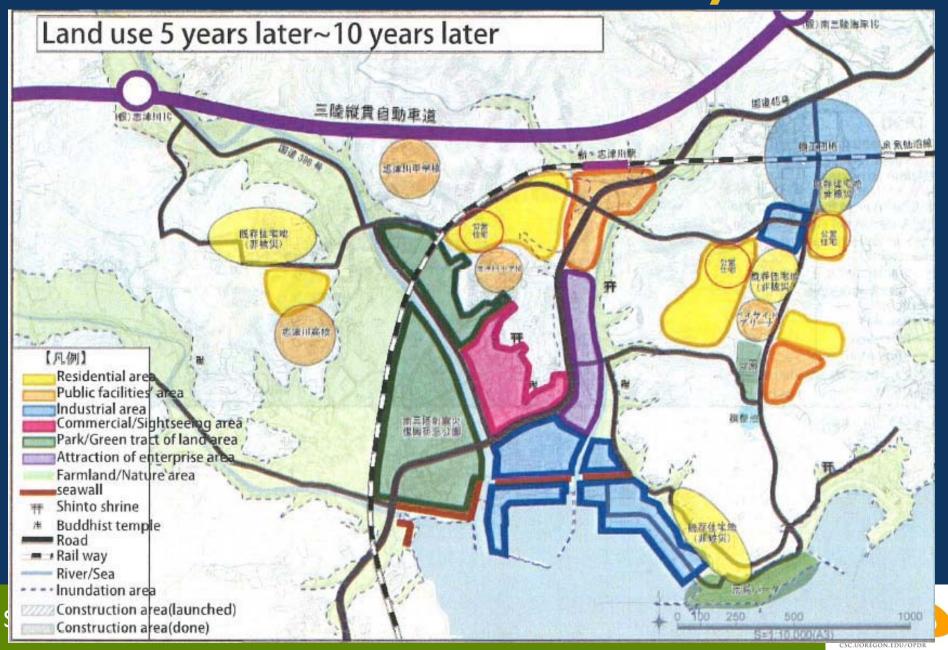




To reopen roads, you need to restore fuel supplies



Minamisanriku - Recovery Plan



Broaden Participation

Expand the depth and diversity of engagement ...











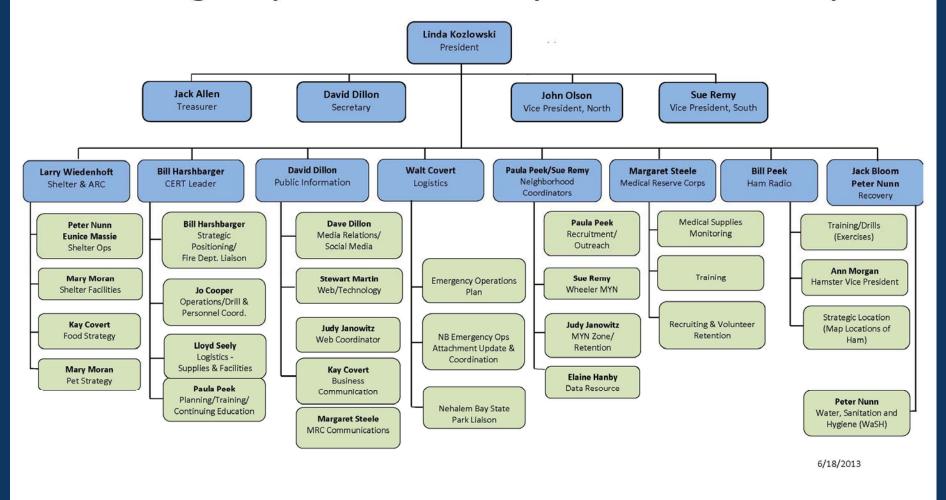


"If a variety of people participate, from a diversity of backgrounds and perspectives, it can uncover perspectives that may not be acquired through more traditional scientific processes."





Emergency Volunteer Corps of Nehalem Bay





EXERCISE: PICK A PRINCIPLE



Talk with your neighbor. Which principle resonated with you the most?

- Maintain diversity and redundancy
- Manage connectivity
- Manage slow variables and feedback loops
- Foster complex, adaptive systems thinking
- Broaden participation



BUSINESS IMPACTS



Oregon Resilience Plan Figure 8.15: Damage from liquefaction/lateral spreading at Higashinada WWTP, Kobe, Japan, 1995 (Source: Photo by Don Ballantyne)







SOBERING BUSINESS STATISTICS ...

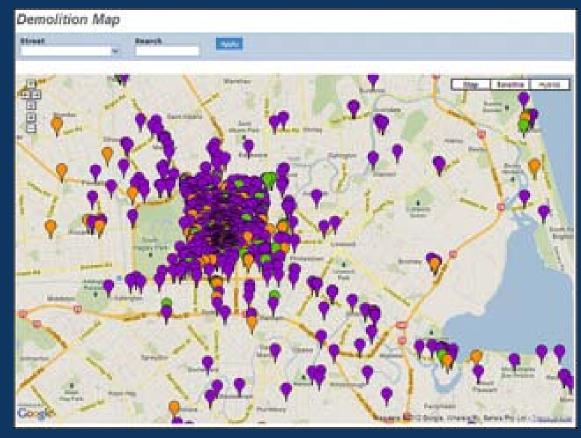
- ♦ 40% never reopen (FEMA)
- ◆ 25% failure rate within one year (FEMA)
- ♦ 90% failure rate after two years (US SBA)



Christchurch NZ, 2011 – The Central Business District is still closed today . . .



POST FEBRUARY 2011 QUAKE ...



Christchurch NZ, demolition map



Christchurch NZ, CBD Closure





Re:Start Mall



BEFORE – PREPARATION AND PRACTICE

- Business Capacity Assessment
 - How long can businesses last?
 - What would you do without your people?
 - What would you do without your place?
 - What would you do without your things?





BEFORE – PREPARATION AND PRACTICE

- Catalogue Business Services and Assets
 - Pre-disaster business registry
 - Pre-approval for service
 - Establish local contracts pre-event
 - Adopt policy that gives preference to local businesses
 - Identify equipment, tools, resources



The "Farmy Army" post earthquake Christchurch, NZ



BEFORE - PREPARATION AND PRACTICE

- ID At Risk Businesses
 - Where are businesses located?
 - Floodplain, inundation zone, wildfire, earthquake
 - How old are the buildings?
 - Building codes change over time
 - What are the buildings made of?





BEFORE – PREPARATION AND PRACTICE

- Mitigate Business Risks
 - Structural
 - Relocation, retrofit, elevation, energy efficiency
 - Non-Structural
 - Equipment elevation / anchoring
 - Furniture, fixtures, inventory
 - Continuity of Business /
 Continuity of Operations
 - Data, material supply, distribution, etc.







BEFORE - PREPARATION AND PRACTICE

- Workforce Retention Strategy
 - Employee preparedness programs
 - Home preparedness
 - ◆ Train, Practice, Exercise





BEFORE – PREPARATION AND PRACTICE

- Understand Post-Disaster Recovery Funds
 - How long? Paperwork? Match? Volunteer Tracking?
- Post-Disaster Economy Forecasting
 - ◆ Community Economic Development Strategy
- Business Involvement in Community Emergency Response Teams (CERT)
 - ◆ Train and encourage participation in CERT model
- Locally administered Small Business Disaster
 Recovery Loan Funds?



DURING - GAME DAY

- #I Protect Lives and Key Assets
 - Evacuate, Fight, Defend
 - ♦ Approach will depend on disaster type ...



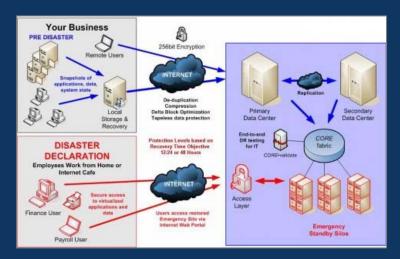






DURING – GAME DAY ...

- Implement Disaster Response Protocol
 - People, Place, Things
- Mobilize Available Resources
 - ◆ Access Off-Site Back Ups, Notify Insurer(s), Equipment
- Assist Business Network







AFTER – RESTORATION & RECOVERY

- Implement (or develop) revitalization strategy
 - Vision, goals, objectives, timeline
 - Develop temporary and long-term strategies
- Identify, evaluate and prioritize projects
 - Historic rehab? Business district? Infrastructure? Business relocation?
- [Re]develop historic, recreational & tourist attractions





AFTER – RESTORATION & RECOVERY

- Establish a Business Recovery Center
 - ◆ Technical assistance, information and support
 - Identify flexible transition spaces for businesses
- Convene Economy and Recovery Finance Group
- Implement grant management and in-kind tracking
 - NGO? Business? Government office?
- Inventory and Promote Local Funding
 - Loans, Grants, Donations



EXERCISE: ESTABLISH A TEAM



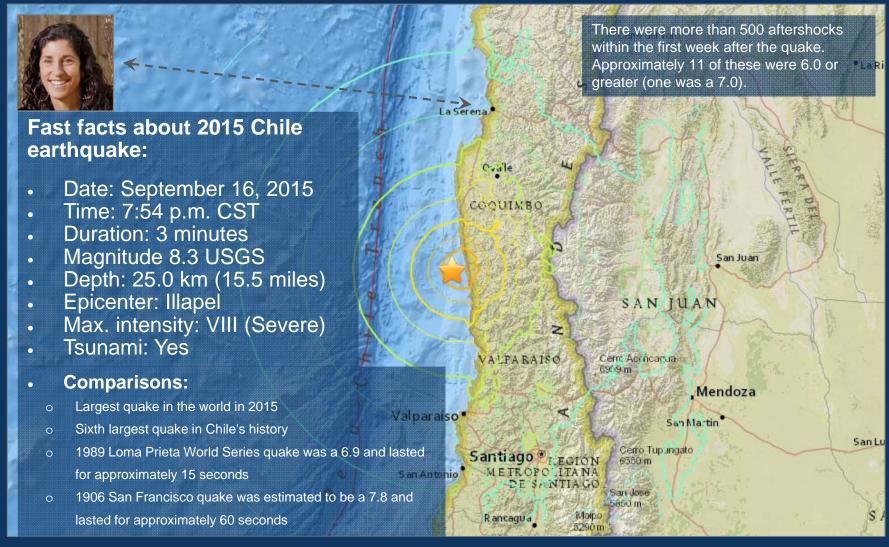
Work in groups of three to five:

You have been appointed to a subcommittee tasked with convening an Economy and Recovery Finance Working Group. The group will be responsible for organizing the business community pre-event and assisting with business recovery post-event.

- How big is the group?
- Who needs to be represented?
- How do you maintain it over time?



DON'T TAKE MY WORD FOR IT ...





ADVICE/CONFIRMATION FROM THE FIELD:

- Keep cell phone and other devices charged.
- Keep gas tank half full; gas may not be readily available . . .
- Keep cash with your emergency kit.
- Keep an extra raincoat ready by the door.
- Include warm clothes and blankets/sleeping bags in your kit.
- Include first aid supplies and any essential medications.
- Hand sanitizer! It keeps sickness down when you may not have access to water for a while.



ADVICE/CONFIRMATION FROM THE FIELD:

- Hand sanitizer! It keeps sickness down when you may not have access to water for a while.
- Extra diapers if you have kids.
- Talk to your kids about earthquakes! Kids in the PNW are not used to them.
- ◆ Do not listen to hearsay afterwards . . .
- Make sure you have a communication plan! You might only be able to get one message out. We are way too reliant on the internet.
- Be prepared for the emotional/fear issues that may come up. It's normal!
 - "A big event is unnerving and the aftershocks really screw with your mind. Different people deal with the stress differently..."



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 - ◆ Tomorrow = Organizational Preparedness
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- Know what's possible; focus on what you CAN do
 - Educate yourself
 - Prepare a disaster kit
 - Lobby for policy changes
 - Help shape investment priorities
 - Coordinate and communicate



Thank You!

