

Module 5 - Lesson 15:

Solve multi-step word problems involving multiplication of mixed numbers.

CCSS Standard – 5.NF.B.6

FLUENCY (10-min)

Flip: Round

Round a number to the nearest ONE or TENTH or HUNDREDTH to build fluency with rounding decimals.

INSTRUCTIONS:

- With <u>two</u> partners, take an envelope of rounding cards (pages 127 & 129 of LEARN book).
- Place all the cards in a pile facedown.
- Take turns flipping over a card. All group members say the number aloud.
- Partner A says the number when rounded to the nearest ONE. Partner B says the number when rounded to the nearest TENTH. Partner C says the number when rounded to the nearest HUNDREDTH.
- Switch place values for the next card. Continue until all cards are used.

Partners A, B,C : "581 thousandths"

Partner A: "0.581 rounded to the **nearest one** is 1."

Partner B: "0.581 rounded to the **nearest tenth** is 0.6"

Partner C: "0.581 rounded to the **nearest** hundredth is 0.58"

LAUNCH (5-min)

Interpret a tape diagram representing a real-world situation with mixed numbers and multiple steps.

What information do we know from the tape diagram? How do we know it?



What additional information do we know? How do we know it?

We know that Tyler has more than both Kayla and Sana.

We know that Tyler has about 4 ½ times as much as Kayla.

We know that Tyler has a ½ unit more than Sana.

What information is unknown?

We do not know what the situation is or what they all have.

We do not know what they all have together.

THINK-PAIR-SHARE:

Let's make an <u>estimate</u>. Whatever it is that they have, approximately how much of it do they all have together? How do you know?

LAUNCH (5-min)

Interpret a tape diagram representing a real-world situation with mixed numbers and multiple steps.

With a partner, can you construct a CONTEXT that could apply to the tape diagrams?



Kayla, Sana and Tyler are making punch. Kayla uses 2 ½ cups of juice. Sana uses 4 times as much juice as Kayla. Tyler uses 4 ½ times as much juice as Kayla. How much juice do they all use together?



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They approximately 20 units (9 ½ units x 2 ½; or 10 x 2 = 20)
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Sana has 4 x 2 ½ or 10. or 4 x 2.5 = 10

Tyler has 4 ½ x 2 ½ or 11 ¼ or 4.5 x 2.5 = 11.25

9 ½ total units x 2 ½ per unit = 23 ¾ Or 9.5 x 2.5 = 23.75

Kayla rides her bike 2 ½ miles. Sana rides 4 times as far s Kayla. Tyler rides 4 ½ times as far a Kayla. How far to they ride in total?

Today, we will solve multi-step word problems that involve multiplication of fractions and mixed numbers.

LEARN (35-min)

Multi-step Problem Stations

There are four stations set up around the room (and posted here). Each station has a set of cards with one problem, and there is a different problem at each station. Make an **ESTIMATE** and **complete** the problem by using the Read-Draw-Write process. Record your work on pages 131 – 132 of your LEARN book.

Station 1

Tara prepares for a ballet recital. Last week she rehearsed 2 ¼ hours each day for 4 days. This week she rehearsed 1 ¾ hours each day for 3 days.

How many more hours did Tara rehearse last week than this week?

Station 2

On Saturday, a bakery sells 2 ^{4/5} trays of chocolate doughnuts and 3 ½ trays of glazed doughnuts. The bakery sells 2 ½ times as many doughnuts on Sunday as on Saturday.

How many trays of doughnuts does the bakery sell on Sunday?

Station 3

Scott runs 1 ½ miles. Eddie runs 3 ½ times as far as Scott. Julie runs ¾ as far as Eddie.

How far does Julie run?

Station 4

A glass company make 12 windows that measure 4 ³⁄₄ feet long by 3 ^{1/3} feet wide and 7 windows that measure 2 ^{4/5} feet long by 5 feet wide.

How many square feet of glass does the company need for windows?

LEARN (35-min)

Station 1 Solution:

Last Week: 2 1/4 **DECIMAL METHOD** 1 3⁄4 This Week: $(2.25 \times 4) - (1.75 \times 3)$ 9 - 5.25? 3.75 $(2 \times 4) - (2 \times 3) = 2$ hours Estimate: $4 \times 2 \frac{1}{2} = 4 \times \frac{9}{4}$ $3 \times 1 \frac{3}{4} = 3 \times \frac{7}{4}$ Solution: = 21 /4 or 5 ¼ hours = 36/4 or 9 hours

Station 1

Tara prepares for a ballet recital. Last week she rehearsed 2 ¼ hours each day for 4 days. This week she rehearsed 1 ³/₄ hours each day for 3 days.

How many more hours did Tara rehearse last week than this week?

9 hours $-5\frac{1}{4}$ hours $=3\frac{3}{4}$ hours

Multi-step Problem Stations

LEARN (35-min)

Station 2 Solution:

Station 2 On Saturday, a bakery sells 2^{4/5} trays of chocolate doughnuts and 3 ½ trays of glazed doughnuts. The bakery sells 2 ½ times as many doughnuts on Sunday as on Saturday.

How many trays of doughnuts does the bakery sell on Sunday?

Saturday:	2 ^{4/5} 3 ¹ / ₂	
Sunday:	2 ^{4/5} + 3 ¹ ⁄ ₂	
Estimate:	(3 + 4) x 2 = 14	
		DECIMAL METH
Solution:	(2 ^{4/5} + 3 ¹ / ₂) x 2 ¹ / ₂	(2.8 + 3.5) x 2.5
	= (2 ^{8/10} + 3 ^{5/10}) x 2 ¹ / ₂	6.3 x 2.5
	= (5 ^{13/10}) x 2 ½	15.75 trays
	$= 6^{3/10} \times 2^{1/2}$	
	= (6 x 2) + (3/10 x 2) + (6 x ½) + 3/10 x ½)	
	= 12 + 6/10 + 6/2 + 3/20	
	= 15 15/20 or 15 ¾ trays	

Multi-step Problem Stations



CIMAL METHOD



DECIMAL METHOD
1.5 x 3.5 = 5.25
Eddie runs 5.25 miles
.75 x 5.25
3.9375

Multi-step Problem Stations

Station	3 Sol	ution	:

LEARN (35-min)

Station 3

Scott runs 1 ½ miles. Eddie runs 3 ½ times as far as Scott. Julie runs ¾ as far as Eddie.

How far does Julie run?

Scott:	1½		
Eddie:	1 ½		
Julie:			
		?	
Estimate: 1	x 3 x 1	L = 3	
Solution: 1 = = = = = = = = =	$1 \frac{1}{2} \times 3 \frac{1}{2} = 3/2 \times 7/2$ = 21/4 or 5 ¹ / ₄ = ³ / ₄ × 5 ¹ / ₄ = (³ / ₄ × 5) + (³ / ₄ × ¹ / ₄) = 15/4 + 3/16 = 60/16 + 3/16 = 63/16 or 3 15/16 miles		

LEARN (35-min)	Multi-step Problem Stations	3 1/3 ft	TO SHAD
Station 4 Solution:	12 windows:	4 ¾ ft	
Station 4	5 ft 7 windows: 2 ^{4/5} ft		2 ^{4/5} x 5 = (2 + 4/5) x 5
A glass company make 12 windows that measure 4 ³ ⁄ ₄ feet long by 3 ^{1/3} feet wide and 7 windows that measure	Estimate: (12 x 5 x 3) + (7 x 3 180 + 105 = 285 Solution:	x 5)	$= (2 \times 5) + (4/5 \times 5)$ $= 10 + 20/5$ $= 10 + 4$ $= 14$
2 ^{4/5} feet long by 5 feet wide.	$4 \frac{3}{4} \times 3 \frac{1}{3}$ = (4 + 3/4) × (3 + 1/3) = (4 × 3) + (4 × 1/3) + (3/4 × 3) + (3/4 × 1/3)	= 12 x 15 5/6 = (12 x 15) + (12 x 5/6) = 180 + 60/6	= 7 x 14 = 98 sq. feet
How many square feet of glass does the company need for windows?	= 12 + 4/3 + 9/4 + 3/12 = 12 + 16/12 + 27/12 + 3/12 = 12 + 46/12	= 180 + 10 = 190 sq. feet	190 + 98 = 288 sq. feet

= 15 10/12 or 15 5/6 sq. ft

6 sq. ft

LEARN (35-min)	Multi-step Problem Station	15 3 1/3 ft	TO SHAD
Station 4 Solution:	12 windows:	4 ¾ ft	
Station 4	5 ft 7 windows: 2 ^{4/5} ft		
A glass company make 12 windows that measure 4 ¾ feet long	<u>[</u>	DECIMAL METHOD	
by 3 ^{1/3} feet wide and 7 windows that measure	12 x (3.333 x 4.75)	7 x (5 x 2.8)	
2 ^{4/5} feet long by 5 feet	= 12 x (15.83175)	7 x 14	
wide.	= 189.981	98	
How many square feet of glass does the company need for windows?	190 + 98 = 288 sq. feet		

LAND (10-min)	Exit Ticket	TEACHER HELP QUICK CHECK GOOD TO GO	
	Name	Date 15	
Exit Ticket – PAGE 135	Use the Read–Draw–Write process One batch of recipe A uses $1\frac{3}{4}$ cups $4\frac{1}{2}$ batches of recipe A and 2 batches	Use the Read–Draw–Write process to solve the problem. One batch of recipe A uses $1\frac{3}{4}$ cups of milk. One batch of recipe B uses $4\frac{3}{4}$ cups of milk. Noah makes $4\frac{1}{2}$ batches of recipe A and 2 batches of recipe B. How much milk does Noah use?	

Problem Set Pages 133 - 134

Homework: Page 95 APPLY BOOK

Small Group Time: