Name:_____Date: _____

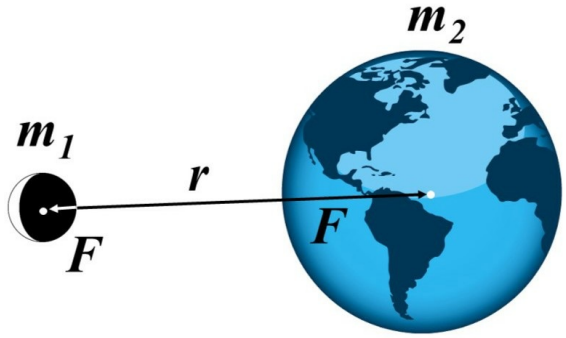
Universal Gravitation

The law of universal gravitation allows you to calculate the gravitational force between two objects from their masses and the distance between them. The law includes a value called the gravitational constant, designated as *G*. The value of *G* is 6.67 x 10^{-11} N m^2/kg^2 and is the same everywhere in the universe. Calculating the force between objects like planets, moons, and stars is possible using this law.

What is the law of universal gravitation?

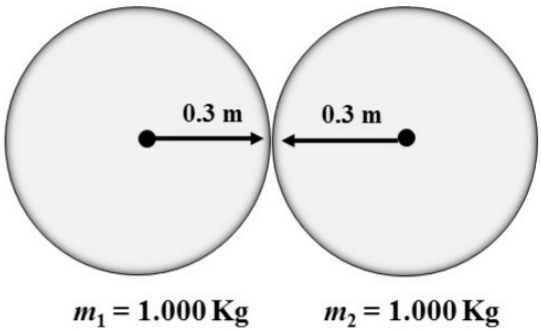
The force between two masses m_1 and m_2 that are separated by the center-to-center distance, *r*, is given by:

$$F = G \frac{m_1 m_2}{r^2}$$



F is the gravitational force in Newtons (N), *G* is the gravitational constant (6.67 x 10^{-11} N m^2/kg^2), m_1 and m_2 are the two masses in kilograms and *r* is the center-to-center distance between the center of gravity of the two objects.

This is the Law of Universal Gravitation



For example, the gravitational force between the two spheres above that are touching each other, each with a radius of 0.3 meter and a mass of 1,000 kilograms is given by:

$$F = 6.67 \times 10\text{-}^{11}\ \text{N-m}^2/\text{kg}^2 \frac{1{,}000\ \text{kg} \times 1{,}000\ \text{kg}}{(0.3\ \text{m} + 0.3\text{m})} = 0.000185\ \text{N}$$

Note: A small car has a mass of approximately 1,000 kilograms. Try to visualize this much mass compressed into a sphere with a diameter of 0.3 meter (30 centimeters). If two such spheres were touching one another, the gravitational force between them would be only 0.000185 Newtons. On Earth, this corresponds to the weight of a mass equal to only 18.9 milligrams. The gravitational force is not very strong!

PRACTICE

Solve the following problems. Write your answers using scientific notation.

1. Calculate the force between two objects that have masses of 70 kilograms and 2,000 kilograms separated by a distance of 1 meter.

2. Calculate the force between to touching grapefruits each with a radius of 0.08 meter and a mass of 0.45 kilogram.

3. Calculate the force between one grapefruit as described above and Earth. Earth has a mass of 5.9742 x 10^{24} kg and a radius of 6.37 10 x 10^{6} meters. Assume the grapefruit is resting on Earth's surface.

4. A man on the moon with a mass of 90 kilograms weighs 146 newtons. The radius of the moon is 1.74 x 10^{6} meters. Find the mass of the moon.

5. For m = 5.9742 x 10^{24} kilograms and r = 6.378 x 10^{6} meters, what is the value given by this equation: $Gm/r2$?

   a. Write down your answer and simplify the units. 1

   b. What does this number remind you of?

   c. What real-life values do m and r correspond to?

6. The distance between Earth and its moon is 3.84 x 10^{8} meters. Earth's mass is m = 5.9742 x 10^{24} kilograms and the mass of the moon is 7.36 x 10^{22} kilograms. What is the force between Earth and the moon?

7. A satellite is orbiting Earth at a distance of 35 kilometers. The satellite has a mass of 500 kilograms. What is the force between the planet and the satellite?

8. The mass of the sun is 1.99 x 10^{30} kilograms and its distance from Earth is 150 million kilometers (150 x 10^{9} meters). What is the gravitational force between the sun and Earth?