

5. Is it wrong to look for mysteries in the Bible? Explain.

6. **Extra Credit:** From *Christianity 201 - How to Study the Bible*, what are the five Basic Principles of Bible Study?

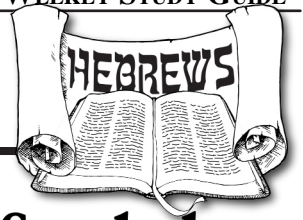
PERSONAL APPLICATION

- What part of this lesson impacted you most and why?

If you have never been *born again*, contact Pastor Keith or a trusted Christian friend this week to find out how.



January 8, 2023



Shadows, Shapes & Symbols

Introduction: HEBREWS 8:1-6.

Guidelines for handling figurative language:

I. In an _____, the _____ is used to direct attention to the _____.

MATTHEW 17:1-2; 13:31-50; HEBREWS 8:5

II. _____ language points to a _____.

PSALM 8:3-4; REVELATION 21:10-11; MATTHEW 13:47-50;

HEBREWS 8:6; 7:18-22; 9:11-12

III. God sometimes _____ to _____ His _____.

- _____: a spiritual truth that was _____ and has now been _____.

DANIEL 2:27,28,47; EPHESIANS 3:8-11; HEBREWS 10:1

IV. The Bible _____ presents the _____ of the _____.

HEBREWS 1:1-2; GENESIS 15:6; PSALM 32:5; EPHESIANS 2:8-9;

JOHN 3:16; ACTS 16:30-31; 1 CORINTHIANS 15:1-4; MARK 10:14

V. Jesus taught in _____ to _____
deeper truths _____.

MATTHEW 13:10-14; JOHN 8:42-43; HEBREWS 10:24-25

VI. _____ a _____ interpretation
on _____ language.

JOHN 6:53; HEBREWS 9:23-24; 6:19-20; REVELATION 21:22; 2 CORINTHIANS 6:16

VII. Don't try to _____
in every Bible passage.

REVELATION 13:18; ACTS 20:29-30; 2 PETER 3:15-16

Conclusion

HEBREWS 8:5; 2 PETER 1:3-4

STUDY & DISCUSSION QUESTIONS

1. How can a person know which Bible verses
to interpret figuratively?

2. Is the Gospel presented in the Old Testament?
Explain and defend your answer.

3. In JOHN 6:53, did Jesus mean we must literally *eat His flesh*
and *drink His blood*? Explain and defend your answer.

4. Read JOHN 16:25 (& context). What does this mean
and how are we to understand this verse today?