

GI- Neolithic Revolution

- Nomads stopped hunting and gathering
- Introduced settled farming and domesticated plants and animals
- people produced more food to feed a bigger population
- allowed for the birth of cities and then civilizations

Sample Questions

1. The Neolithic Revolution is considered a turning point in history because it
 - (1) influenced climatic changes
 - (2) included the domestication of plants and animals
 - (3) encouraged a nomadic lifestyle
 - (4) caused a decline in population
2. What is the main reason the Neolithic Revolution is considered a turning point in world history?
 - (1) Fire was used as a source of energy for the first time.
 - (2) Spoken language was used to improve communication.
 - (3) Domestication of animals and cultivation of crops led to settled communities.
 - (4) Stone tools and weapons were first developed.
3. What was an important result of the Neolithic Revolution?
 - (1) Food supplies became more reliable.
 - (2) New sources of energy became available.
 - (3) People became more nomadic.
 - (4) Populations declined.
4. The Neolithic Revolution was characterized by the
 - (1) change from nomadic herding to settled farming
 - (2) growth of iron tool-making technology
 - (3) migration of early peoples to the Americas
 - (4) decline of large empires
5. Which statement about the Neolithic Revolution is an opinion rather than a fact?
 - (1) Early peoples made greater cultural advancements than did people of later civilizations.
 - (2) The Neolithic Revolution resulted in changes for nomadic peoples.
 - (3) New technology was developed during the Neolithic Revolution.
 - (4) Agricultural developments resulted in the establishment of permanent settlements
6. The Neolithic Revolution is often considered a turning point in history because
 - (1) city dwellers learned to control fire
 - (2) societies became more nomadic
 - (3) nuclear families evolved into extended families
 - (4) permanent settlements developed in river valleys