Eugene / Springfield Fire

Urban Interface Fire Plan



METRO AREA FIRE ZONES

- BLANTON
- BRAE BURN
- DILLARD
- EAST THURSTON
- KELLY BUTTE
- MOE HILL
- MOON MOUNTAIN
- QUARRY BUTTE

- SOUTH 28TH
- SOUTH WILLAMETTE
- TIMBERLINE
- WEST THURSTON
- WILLAGILLESPIE
- WILLOW CREEK



STRUCTURAL TRIAGE

- The structural triage form assists fire crews working outside of the initial area of fire involvement.
- Identifying hazards, obstacles, and defensible space helps fire managers position resources and develop Incident Action Plans.
- Homes are evaluated based on potential fire spread, access, and overall "defendable space"



STRUCTURAL TRIAGE CHECKLIST

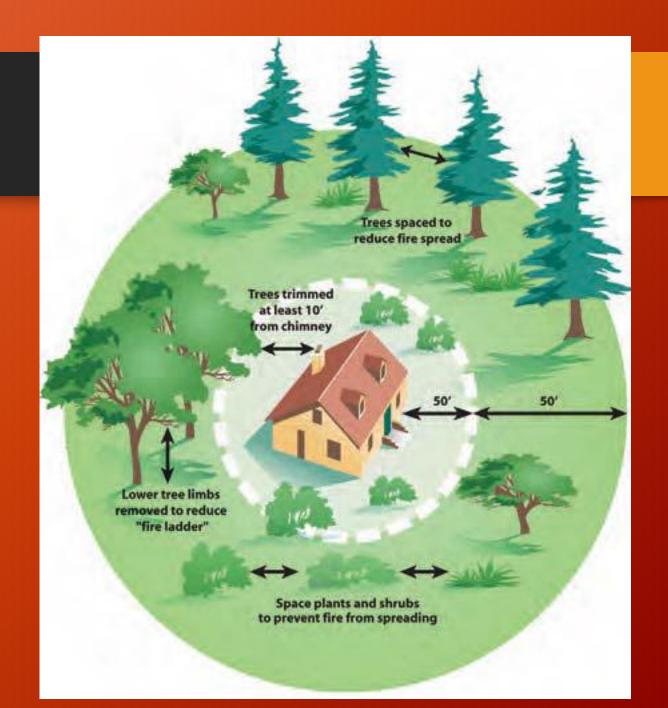
ADDRESS	STRUCTURE () of () Latitude Longitude ROOF Already Involved in Fire YES NO IF RED YES - UNDEFENSIBLE	
GPS COORDINATES		
DRIVEWAY Too Narrow or Steep to back in YES Branches overhanging driveway Down dead fuels line driveway """ RED / YES - UNDEFENSIBLE """		
DRIVEWAY - Dead End or longer than 200 feet	YES NO	STRUCTURE TYPE
ROOF - COMBUSTIBLE - (Asphalt Shingles or Wood)	YES NO	Single Story
ROOF - WOOD SHAKES	YES NO	Two Story
TREES - Overhanging Roof	YES NO	Wood Frame A Frame
TREES / BRUSH - NOT Thinned in area within 30 feet of structure	YES NO	Leg Home Other
VEHICLES - Parked Outside within 30 feet of Structure	YES NO	Vacation Home Out Building Business
SLOPE - More than 20% anywhere within 30 feet	YES NO	Govt. Building
SLOPE - More than 40% anywhere within 30 feet Of Structures	YES NO	Other Hazards;
DECK / STILT - Not enclosed underneath (to ground)	YES NO	
POWER LINE - Overhead within 30° of Structure	YES NO	

Defendable Space

- Live fuels
- Dead fuels
- Location of fuels
- Size of fuels
- Concentration of fuels
- Distance of fuels
- Materials contributing to fire spread
- Hazardous fuels, tanks etc



* Defendable space is the required space between a structure and the wildland area that under normal conditions, creates a sufficient buffer to slow or halt fire spread.



Ready, Set, Go...





Ready, Set, Go

- Prepare your home to give it the best defense against a wildfire.
- Know your plan in the event of an evacuation.
- When its time to leave, LEAVE. Know where you are going.



Evacuation Plan

- 3 Levels of evacuation.
- Have a "Go Bag" ready
- Have destinations established
- Know your escape routes and have alternatives.





LEVEL 1: A Level 1 Evacuation means "**BE READY**" for potential evacuation. Residents should be aware of the danger that exists in their area, monitor emergency

services websites and local media outlets for information. This is the time for preparation

and precautionary movement of persons with special needs, mobile property and (under

certain circumstances) pets and livestock. If conditions worsen, emergency services

personnel may contact you via an emergency notification system.



LEVEL 2: A Level 2 Evacuation means "BE SET" to evacuate. YOU MUST PREPARE TO LEAVE AT A MOMENTS NOTICE

This level indicates there is significant danger to your area, and residents should either voluntarily relocate to a shelter or with family/friends outside of the affected area, or if choosing to remain, to be ready to evacuate at a moment's notice.

Residents MAY have time to gather necessary items, but doing so is at their own risk.

THIS MAY BE THE ONLY NOTICE THAT YOU RECEIVE

Emergency services cannot guarantee that they will be able to notify you if conditions rapidly deteriorate. Area media services will be asked to broadcast periodic updates.



LEVEL 3: A Level 3 Evacuation means "**GO**" Evacuate NOW LEAVE IMMEDIATELY!

Danger to your area is current or imminent, and you should evacuate immediately. If you

choose to ignore this advisement, you must understand that emergency services may not

be available to assist you further. DO NOT delay leaving to gather any belongings or

make efforts to protect your home.

THIS WILL BE THE LAST NOTICE THAT YOU RECEIVE

Entry to evacuated areas may be denied until conditions are safe.

Area radio and TV stations have been asked to broadcast periodic updates.

Presentation Outline

- Cover Mutual Aid in Lane County
- Conflagration Process
- Conflagration Funding
- 2017 Fire Costs
- California Fire Costs
- South Ridgeline Fuels Reduction Process

Lane County Fire Defense Board

Made up of 22 different fire agencies in Lane county

Each chief represents their district.

Mutual Aid agreements among all agencies including Oregon Department of Forestry

Mutual aid is like for like and usually does not extend past 12 hours.

Benton and Linn County have an agency each who mutual aid into Lane.



Mutual Aid covers all Hazards and EMS







EMS

Lane County Chapter 18 requires Mutual Aid for Ambulances

Fires Responses

Mutual Aid across the county.

Made on request. Fire Defense board Chief or Designee will assist

All Hazards

Local response

State of Oregon Regional Team.

Water Rescue

USSAR

2017 Conflagrations



Conflagration Act

- Emergency Conflagration Act (ORS 476.510 to 476.610 and 476.990(4)) gives OSFM authority to mobilize local structural firefighting resources
- The Conflagration Act is only used for fires that involve or threaten life and structures
- Invoked only by the Governor and allows the State Fire Marshal to mobilize firefighters and equipment from around the state



CONFLAGRATION REQUEST FLOWCHART



AS INCIDENT ESCALATES, MUTUAL AID IS CALLED IN.
LOCAL DEPUTY STATE FIRE MARSHAL IS NOTIFIED

INCIDENT CONTINUES TO ESCALATE. FIRE DEFENSE BOARD CHIEF IS NOTIFIED. LOCAL FIRE CHIEF BEGINS PART I OF CONFLAGRATION REQUEST FORM WITH ASSISTANCE FROM DEPUTY SFM

MUTUAL AID IS DEPLETED. LOCAL CHIEF
DECIDES TO REQUEST CONFLAGRATION I
AND NOTIFIES FDBC

LOCAL CHIEF FAXES PART I OF CONFLAGRATION REQUEST FORM TO OSFM AT (503) 373-1825. FDBC NOTIFIES OERS OF CONFLAGRATION REQUEST AT 800-452-0311

OERS NOTIFIES OSFM. OSFM REPRESENTATIVE SETS UP CONFLAGRATION REQUEST CALL WITH LOCAL CHIEF AND/OR FDBC TO GO OVER INFORMATION IN PART I

OERS NOTIFIES OSFM. OSFM REPRESENTATIVE SETS UP CONFLAGRATION REQUEST CALL WITH LOCAL CHIEF AND/OR FDBC TO GO OVER INFORMATION IN PART I

OSFM CONTACTS GOVERNOR TO REQUEST CONFLAGRATION.

MEANWHILE, LOCAL CHIEF BEGINS [
PART II OF CONFLAGRATION REQUEST FORM

IF CONFLAGRATION IS
ENACTED, OSFM CONTACTS
FDBC AND LOCAL CHIEF TO SET
UP INCIDENT ACTIVATION
CALL. LOCAL CHIEF FAXES
PART II TO OSFM AT
(503) 373-1825

PART II IS DISCUSSED DURING INCIDENT ACTIVATION CALL.

"CONFLAGRATION REIMBURSEMENT TIME" DETERMINED

IMT AND OTHER RESOURCES ARE MOBILIZED. LOCAL CHIEF COMPLETES PART III OF CONFLAGRATION REQUEST FORM TO GIVE TO IMT UPON ARRIVAL

SECTION 1: COMPLETING THE FORM

The Conflagration Request Form consists of three parts. Each part will be filled out independently of the others and has a specific purpose during the progression of the incident.

1. COMPLETE INCIDENT INFORMATION:

- Incident Name/Number: the name given to the incident or OERS number, if applicable
- Date/Time: enter the date and time you begin filling out PART I of this form
- Incident Location/Community/County Threatened: answer to the best of your ability based on current incident location
- Authority Having Jurisdiction: please list authority or authorities with jurisdiction over current incident location
- Local Fire Department Contact: name and number of local contact (generally Fire Chief)
- Fire Defense Board Point of Contact: name and number of Fire Defense Board contact
- Has Deputy SFM been contacted?: select yes or no
- Deputy SFM Point of Contact: list local Deputy's name and number, if available
- Has County Emergency Manager been contacted?: select yes or no
- Co Emergency Mgr: list County Emergency Manager's name and number, if available
- Community Wildfire Protection Plan?: select yes or no based on whether there is a CWPP in place for the current incident location

PART II:

PART II will be completed after the conflagration has been declared and before the Incident Activation Call. Begin working on PART II after the Conflagration Request Call. PART II provides information that is essential to the Office of State Fire Marshal during the resource request process. PART II, like PART I, can be faxed to OSFM at (503) 373-1825 or conveyed verbally during the Incident Activation Call (SECTION 3 of this document).

1. COMPLETE INCIDENT SUPPORT INFORMATION:

- Types of Resources Being Requested: list what resources you need to mitigate the incident such as Strike Teams, search and rescue, etc. Be as specific as possible
- Public Works Involvement: select yes or no
- What Resources: if Public Works is involved, describe their capacity
- Disaster and Emergency Services Involvement: select yes or no
- What Resources: if disaster/emergency services are involved, describe their capacity

SECTION 2: PROCESS FOR MAKING THE REQUEST

When an emergency is beyond the control of local and district fire suppression resources, including primary mutual aid, a request may be made to invoke the Emergency Conflagration Act.

- 1. When a local chief feels that an incident will escalate beyond the capabilities of local available resources, (s)he will begin to complete PART I of the Conflagration Request Form with the aid of the local Deputy State Fire Marshal.
- 2. When PART I has been completed, the local chief calls their Fire Defense Board Chief to ask them to contact OERS. The local chief may want to fax PART I to their Fire Defense Board Chief for reference. If they have the capability, the local chief should fax PART I to the Office of State Fire Marshal when they have confirmation that the Fire Defense Board Chief is contacting OERS. The Office of State Fire Marshal fax number is (503) 373-1825.

SECTION 3: CONFLAGRATION REQUEST CALL

Once the Fire Defense Board Chief has contacted OERS, OERS will contact OSFM. An OSFM representative will contact the FDBC and/or the local chief to discuss the conflagration request before the request is made to the Governor. The Conflagration Request Call will be relatively brief and will cover the information included in PART I of the form. After the call is completed, OSFM will contact the Governor to request an invocation of the Conflagration Act.

SECTION 4: INCIDENT ACTIVATION CALL

After a conflagration has been declared, a representative from the Office of State Fire Marshal will contact some or all of the parties listed below to schedule an Incident Activation Conference Call and provide the conference call number.

PARTICIPANTS

- On-scene Incident Commander
- IMT Incident Commander
- IMT Deputy Incident Commander
- Local Fire Chief
- Fire Defense Board Chief
- Local Deputy State Fire Marshal
- Agency Operations Center Manager
- IMT Program Coordinator
- State Fire Marshal
- Deputy State Fire Marshal
- Emergency Response Unit staff
- Participating land-use agencies

AGENDA

- Update of the incident's predicted behavior and resources threatened
- Complexity of the situation
- Special local or political considerations
- State or Federal team in place (name of the IC)
- Shadow/Trainee opportunities
- FEMA, if applicable
- Briefing time and location
- Incident base location
- Prevailing weather
- Anticipated resource shortages (aircraft, crews, overhead)
- Determine Conflagration Reimbursement start time/date
- Good of the order

SECTION 5: PREPARING FOR THE IMT

After the Incident Activation Call, IMT members will be en route to the incident. As you wait for the arrival of the OSFM IMT team, complete PART III to the best of your ability. As you are completing PART III, pay attention to any outstanding logistical items. Access to fuel, water, GIS, and other logistical support services can be fundamental to the success of incident mitigation. When PART III is completed, share it with the incoming IC. If fax services are available, fax PART III to the Office of State Fire Marshal at (503) 373-1825.

How are conflagrations funded

The OSFM FY 16-18 budget includes \$500,000 for mobilizations

OSFM reimburses direct costs for mobilized resources per the Oregon Mobilization Plan

FEMA eligible conflagrations are reimbursed up to 70 - 75% of our costs (FMAG)

How are conflagrations funded

- Reimbursements take up to 24 months
- 2015 fire season costs are \$8.8 million
- Compared to ten year average of \$1.05 million
- Oregon 2017 Fire Season Costs \$15,992,764

Nena Springs Warm Springs Oregon

Estimated Costs

Estimated Value at risk

Structures threatened

Structures lost

Total OSFM resources

Oregon Fire agencies

Funding

\$1,317,808

\$6,384,398

108

0

146 FF 66 Engines

43

BIA 100%



Milli Sisters Oregon

Estimated Costs

Estimated Value at risk

Structures threatened

Structures lost

Total OSFM resources

Oregon Fire agencies

Funding

\$1,753,296

\$667,328,398

2354

0

175 FF 80 Engines

58

FMAG 75%



Chetco Bar Brookings Or

Estimated Costs

Estimated Value at risk

Structures threatened

Structures lost

Total OSFM resources

Oregon Fire agencies

Funding

\$7,338,447

\$2,352,416,184

12,286

6 Primary 20 OB

275 FF 116 Engines

75

FMAG 75%



Eagle Creek Cascade Locks Or

Estimated Costs

Estimated Value at risk

Structures threatened

Structures lost

Total OSFM resources

Oregon Fire agencies

Funding

\$5,583,213

\$850,921,000

5,230

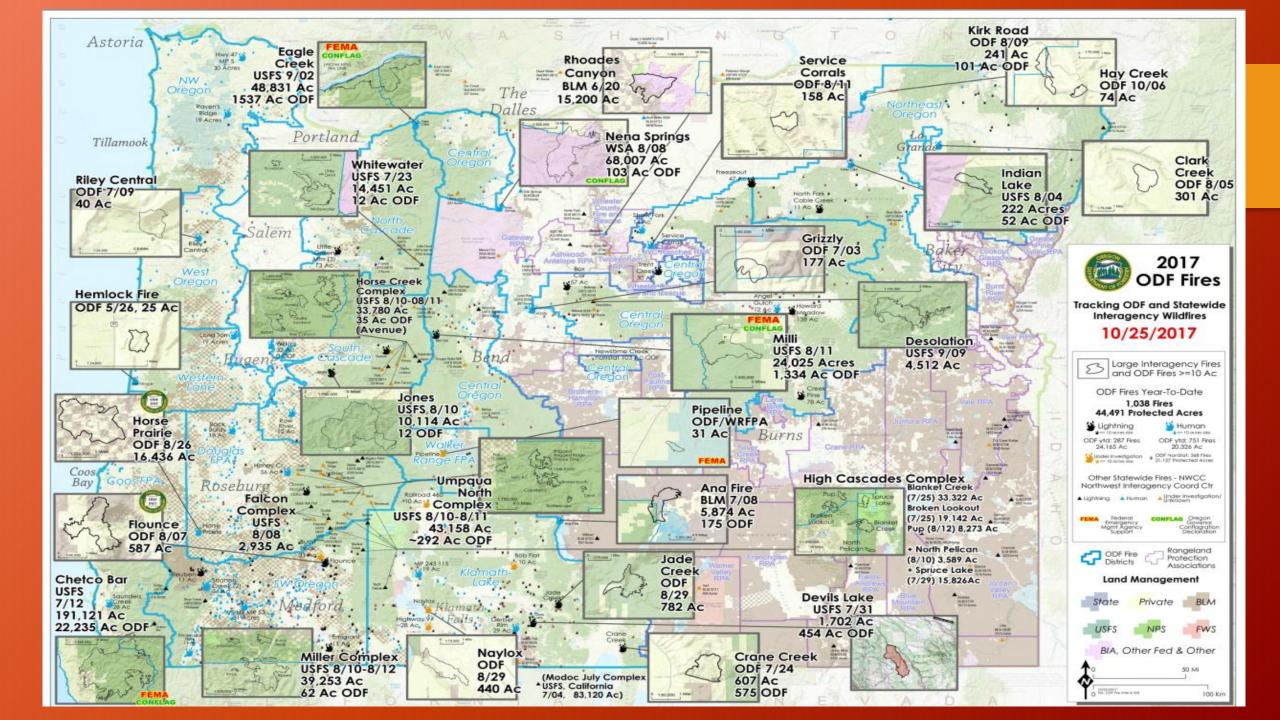
4

390 FF 148 engines

83

FMAG 75%





2017 Oregon Fire Costs

\$238 Million for State public and private lands

This does not include the economic impacts



California Estimated Cost for Oregon Deployment

- Santa Rosa \$5,167,370
- 10 Task Forces, 75 engines, 245 FF
- Lane County sent 2 Strike teams



California Estimated Cost for Oregon Deployment

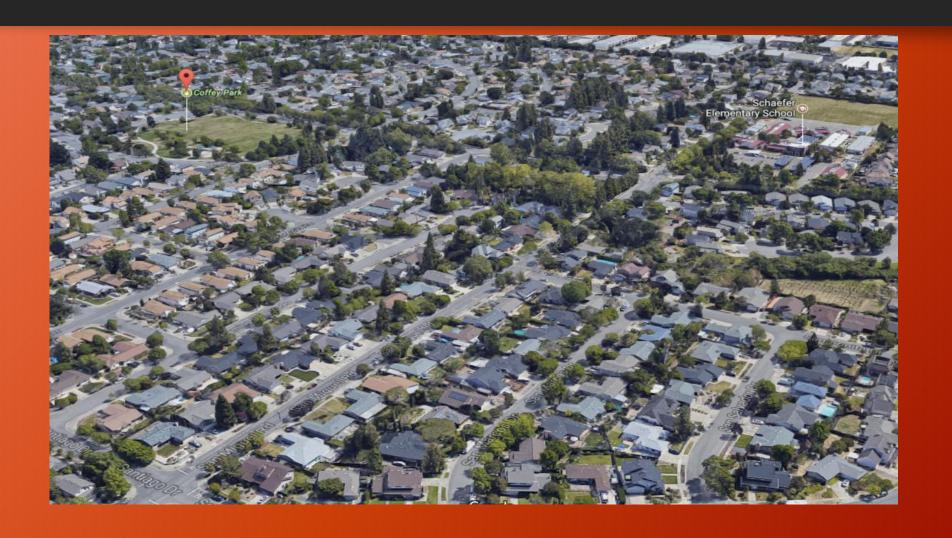
• Ventura - (Thomas fire) \$9,454,023

10 Task Forces, 75 engines, 245 FF

Lane County sent 2 Strike Teams



Coffee Park Prefire



Coffee Park after the fire came through



South Ridgeline Fuels Reduction Project 2015-2020

BLM Community Assistance for City of Eugene Parks and Open Space







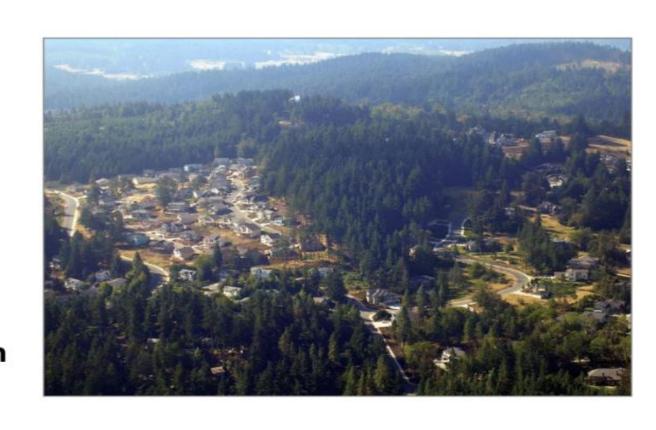


City's Ridgeline Park System -2100 ac.

2011 FEMA Pre-Disaster Mitigation Analysis:

Wildfire in Ridgeline would impact:

- 10,000 people
- 4,200 homes
- 450 businesses
- Regional power transmission lines
- Water reservoirs
- Communication towers
- Building replacement cost: \$1.4 billion
- Economic impact: \$20 million





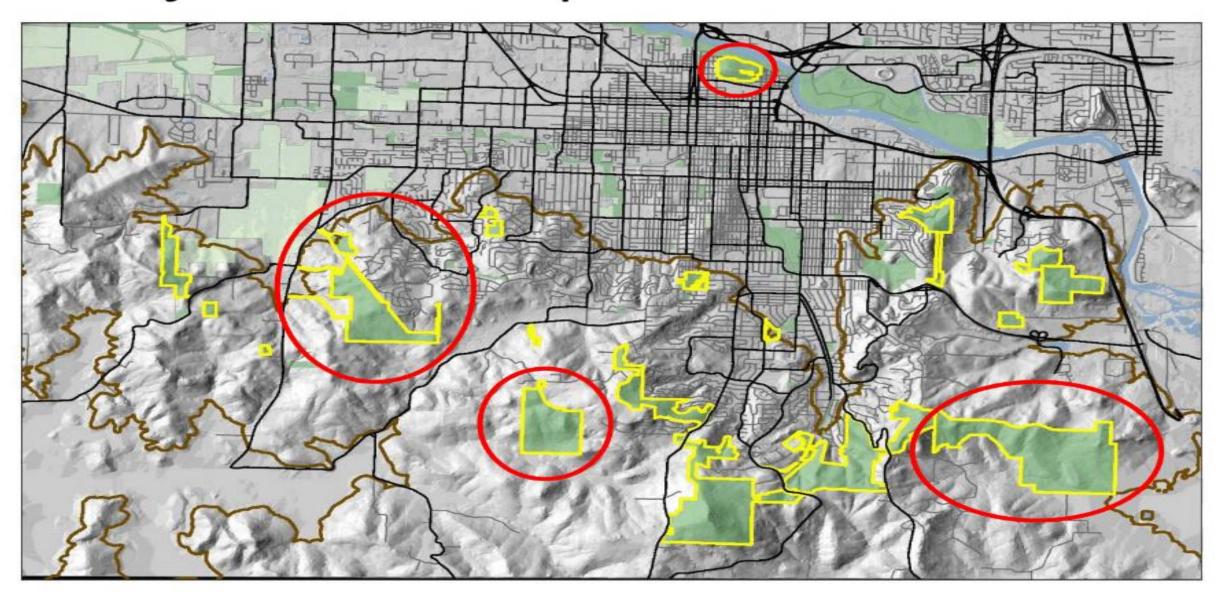
Representative existing conditions

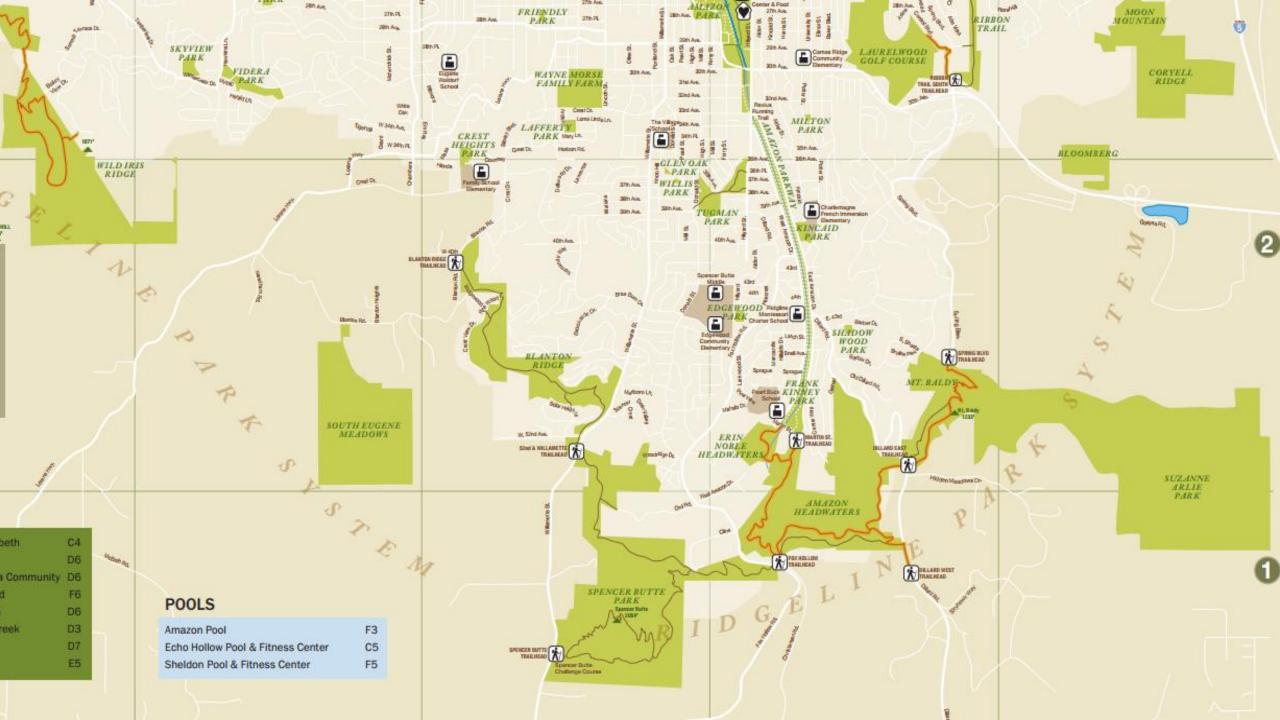


Project Goals

- Implement landscape-scale fuels reduction treatments to reduce the risk of damaging wildfires in the Ridgeline, creating a more fire resilient landscape;
- 2. Promote public awareness, engage participation, and enhance partnerships through education, outreach and coordination of diverse and representative groups of the City's population; and
- 3. Implement and maintain greater coordination among local, state, and federal land management agencies and private landowners to effectively prioritize hazardous fuels treatments, and provide the framework for reducing the risks and consequences of wildland fire to the community.

Project Area Map





Vegetation Management To Date

222 ac. Mow/Masticate

67 ac. Hand thin and pile

237 ac. Mechanical thin and forward

95 tons Pile burn

436 BDT Grind biomass and remove



Mow/Masticate





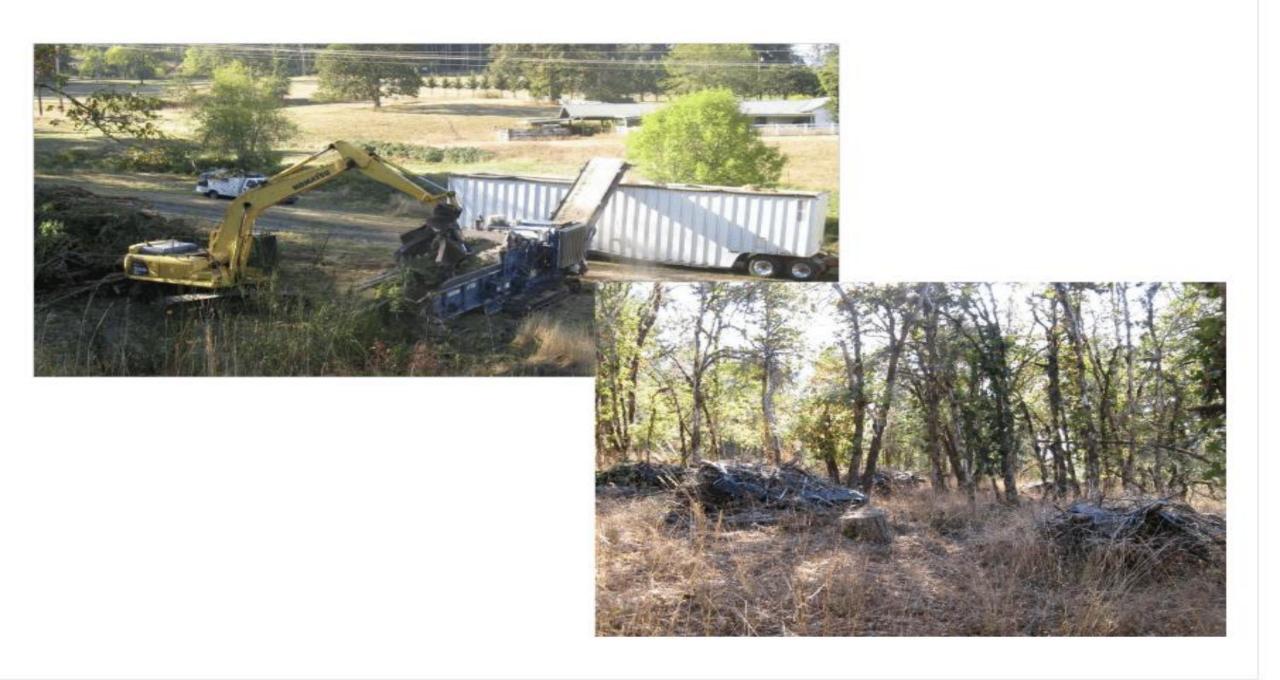
Mechanical Thin and Forward



Mechanical Thin – before/after







Skinner Butte – urban core





Outreach - Print Material

Team up for Fire Safety



With the is a satural part of our ecospicion, so dry sammer weather combined with human-caused sparle meins there is a buggi a risk of wildfare in our community. Work with us to belp lone p widther out of your hardyand.

Did you know that 70% of wildlines are started by humans?

Many of Eugene's Ridge line packs and malls—including this one—are in higher risk area for wildfirm. Please be aware and be safe, expectably in the summer months. BE MRRES and failous regulations in areas where or utiling, use of fireworks and recreational fines are prohibited. Always USE CAUTION when driving near vegetation. The Eugene Springfield Rise Department will be in our community offering workshops, file safety materials, and more to help you put a plan in place. For more information on where we will be, how to prepare, and the complete file hazard map for the region, visit

eugene-or.gov/teamup4firesafety

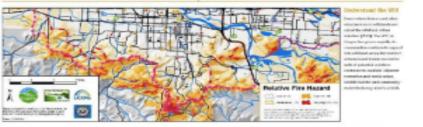












What You Can Do

It now the risk level for wridling where you live

Fyes her is a soldline harped area, prepare your family and home with those firms steps.

property your family and bears much from three steps.

BIREN Frosts a colorable soon among our hard by theiring soon brain and using for a solar methoding Amonda manyuray caption and tolorating in a safe plan. Her proper protes and models are all they by your house bears the simple same and models.

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What We Are Doing

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Reducing fronting and death record in an improvement from the price on the principal filter parts. Hence, the many like halfer conserved when it was also halfer conserved about the collection of the conserved and the collection.

- 2 new kiosks
- 11 trailhead posters up for 2 years
- 10,000 postcards mailed
- 2,000 trading cards community
- 1,500 trading cards kids
- 2 neighborhood newsletters
- 83,000 households received "Picture your Parks" with article
- 3 City Council newsletter stories

Outreach - Media

Website:

- www.eugene-or.gov/ teamup4firesafety
- 320 visits to date

Social Media:

- www.facebook.com/willamettevalley prescribedfire
- www.willamettevalleyprescribedfire @blogspot.com

PSAs – Eugene Ears

- Fire safety message
- 140 airings, 5 stations
- Reaches 255,000 listeners at least once

KVAL Interview

- BLM Fuels Reduction Specialist
- Eugene Parks Ecologist





Outreach - Events

- Community Outreach Event Albertson's parking lot
- Ridgeline Day 110 people
- HOA meeting 15 people
- Public Tours Skinner Butte, Wild Iris Ridge



Interagency Coordination

- City of Eugene –
 Parks and Open
 Space, ESFD,
 Emergency
 Management
- BLM National Fuels Review Team (pictured)
- Oregon Parks and Recreation Field Tour



How do we prepare Lane County

- Community Wildfire Protection Plans (CWPPs)
- Firewise
- Community Assistance Grants
- Oregon State Fire Marshal
- Local Fire Department
- Oregon Department of Forestry
- Intterra



Jefferson County Community Wildfire Protection Plan

May 2011



The End

- Have we covered what you wanted to hear?
- Do you have questions of us?
- Is there anything more you would like to see in the presentation?
- Time for Questions and Answers.