

MPPT Techniques for Photovoltaic Module using P&O and Fuzzy Logic- A Review

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Abstract - In this survey paper we examine MPPT techniques audit for photovoltaic module. As the utilization of the energy is expanding step by step, thought of investigating sustainable power sources are likewise developing. Because of our restricted energy sources, sustainable power sources are what's to come. Noteworthy advancement has been made throughout the most recent couple of years in the innovative work of sustainable power source among these assets, solar energy is viewed as a standout amongst the most dependable sustainable power sources. Be that as it may, solar energy systems by and large experience the ill effects of their low efficiencies and mind-boggling expenses. So as to beat these downsides, maximum power ought to be separated from the PV board using (maximum power point tracking) MPPT techniques to improve the efficiency of generally speaking PV system. The energy transformation efficiency of a PV age system (PGS) is low in light of the fact that the solar cell shows nonlinear current versus voltage (I- V) and power versus voltage (P- V) attributes.

Keywords - photovoltaic module, PV generation system, power and voltage, renewable energy sources, current versus voltage (I-V), power versus voltage (P-V)

I. INTRODUCTION

The decrease of the fossil energies and uranium saves make sustainable power sources increasingly essential (Hydro-power, Wind turbines, Solar boards...). Besides, these energies offer a decent chance to decrease an Earth-wide temperature boost impact. Among them, the photovoltaic systems' assembling procedure has been improving persistently in the course of the most recent decade and photovoltaic systems have turned into an intriguing arrangement. Decisively, photovoltaic systems are comprised from varieties of photovoltaic cells, choppers (for the most part buck-boost or boost DC/DC converter), MPPT control systems and capacity gadgets or potentially lattice associations. To improve the efficiency of such systems, different been performed. Be that as it may, as solar energy is diffuse (under 1 kW/m²), and photovoltaic cell efficiency is hypothetically constrained to 44%, endeavors should be reinforced on the energy exchange. This incorporates the structure of the photovoltaic system and the energy the executives by looking for the Maximum Power Point (MPP). Vast measure of distributions can be found on MPPT, and it is difficult to secure their disparities and to assess their exhibitions.

The primary commitment of this paper is to propose an examination of MPPT techniques: Firstly, the photovoltaic hypothesis will be presented and the fundamental parameters of the photovoltaic systems will be accentuated so as to concentrate on the MPPT key elements. At that point, probably the most utilized MPPT techniques are clarified and upsides and downsides are given. Nonetheless, the last improvement of genuine research on MPPT isn't considered. A few criteria, for example, efficiency, tracking time, dependability, vigor, and cost, will be acquainted all together with think about the picked MPPT strategies. At last, examinations of the recreations will be performed utilizing MATLAB/Simulink.

II. LITERATURE REVIEW

PV cluster has non-direct I-V trademark and yield power relies upon ecological conditions, for example, solar light and temperature. There is a point on I-V, P-V trademark bend of PV cluster called as Maximum Power Point (MPP), where the PV system creates its maximum yield power. Area of MPP changes with change in natural condition. The motivation behind MPPT is to alter the solar working voltage near MPP under changing natural conditions. So as to consistently assemble the maximum power from the PV cluster, they need to work at their MPPT regardless of the inhomogeneous change in ecological conditions. The two most generally calculations for PV applications as they are anything but difficult to actualize are Perturb and Observe (P and O) Incremental Conductance (Inc. Con.)[1]. PV exhibits have a nonlinear voltage and current trademark which relies upon the temperature and irradiance on the board. Exhibit can remain solitary or it can likewise be associated with the network. PV exhibit has a novel point where the maximum power can be delivered. Temperature and irradiance changes amid the day and it likewise changes in various periods of the year. It is essential to follow the MPP precisely under every conceivable condition with the goal that maximum accessible power is constantly acquired. As efficiency of PV cell lies between 10-19% just, its expense of generation is high. Primary motivation to follow MPP is to expand efficiency and to diminish the expense of creation of age power [2]. The most ordinarily utilized MPPT calculation is P&O strategy. This calculation utilizes straightforward criticism game plan and minimal estimated parameters. In this methodology, the module voltage is intermittently given a bother and the relating yield power is contrasted and that at the past irritating cycle. In this calculation a slight annoyance is acquaint with the system.

This annoyance causes the power of the solar module different. In the event that the power increments because of the annoyance, at that point the bother is proceeded a similar way. [3].

Perturb and Observe (P&O) -

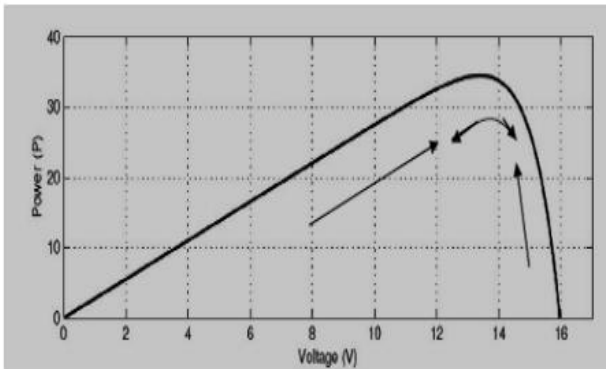


Figure 1: Graph Power versus Voltage for Perturb and Observe Algorithm

Numerous new MPPT technique, for example, show Reference Adaptive Control (MRAC), Model Predictive Control (MPC), improved circulated MPPT, Support vector relapse control, Adaptive control and so forth have been accounted for from that point forward. Subsequently it is important to set up another survey including this technique. In this audit paper MPPT techniques are thought about based on points of interest, impediments, control factors, hardware use, multifaceted nature, cost, parameter tuning, parameter utilized, speed of assembly and transient reaction. In this paper endeavor is made to give a relative survey on the greater part of the detailed MPPT techniques barring any accidentally precluded papers in light of room constraints [4].

Equivalent circuit model of PV panel -

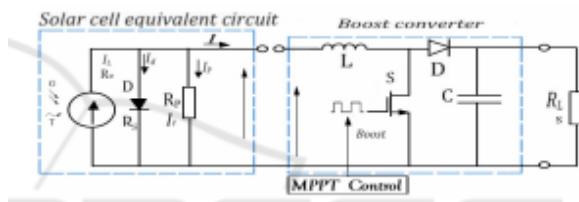


Figure 2: Equivalent circuit model of PV panel

The second segment presents standard photovoltaic system conditions and highlights. Segment three surveys the diverse control calculations for tracking the maximum power point (MPP) and afterward in area four the examination and exchange lead us to present our new calculation. After VSAS-MPPT definition, we contrast the RUCA and the broadly utilized MPPT calculations; the execution is assessed on the energy point of view, in recreation, considering distinctive genuine solar illumination estimated varieties. At last, an end condenses the work and proposes points of view [5].

PV system with hybrid MPPT -

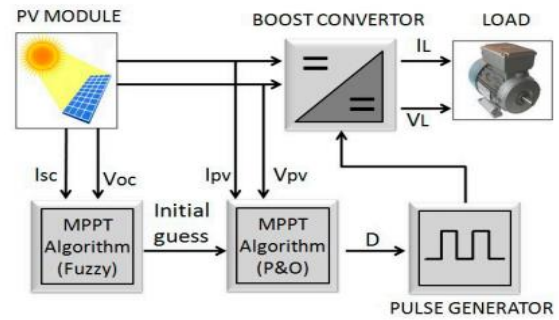


Figure 3: PV system with hybrid MPPT

The principle thought of the crossover calculation is to take the upsides of the quality of both (fuzzy logic controller) FLC and P&O (Perturbation and Observation) calculation in a solitary edge work. FLC can work under powerful climate conditions with constrained precision, while P&O calculation can accomplish high exactness when utilizing little advance size. A superior calculation can be created by utilizing FLC to furnish the P&O with introductory conjecture in area of maximum power point. Hence, the half breed calculation consolidates the speed of guess from the fuzzy system with the exactness of P&O technique [6]. The maximum power is acquired at the pinnacle point of P-V and I-V bend. The power from this separated utilizing the maximum power point tracking (MPPT) calculations. The maximum power accessible relies upon the two primary components for example irradiance and temperature. As the irradiance expands, the maximum power (P_{max}) increments and the other way around. If there should be an occurrence of temperature, with increment in temperature, P_{max} diminishes and the other way around. Henceforth maximum power continues fluctuating because of constant variety in irradiance and temperature. This tracking of P_{max} is finished by MPPT calculations [7]. The absence of new customary energy sources, uncovers the noteworthiness of the sustainable sources. Solar energy is one of the promising inexhaustible kinds of energy, which is originating from a boundless solar source – the Sun and can be legitimately changed over to electrical energy by photovoltaic (PV) modules. PV cells have non-straight attributes which are influenced by irradiance level, temperature, all out living arrangement and so forth. Under uniform insolation there is just a single maximum point in the P – V bend. Maximum power point trackers (MPPT) in PV systems are in charge of distinguishing the maximum power point (MPP) and achieving it by the PV modules. Regular MPPT techniques track well the MPP under zero-shading conditions, anyway when halfway shade condition (PSC) happens, these strategies are caught at neighborhood maximum [8]. This huge assortment of PV advancements gives incredible chances yet in addition extraordinary snags for PV fabricating. In reality, by consistently concocting new procedures and materials, it makes an industry that has no material dealing with norms. Moreover, every material has alternate light ingestion ability, particularly in regards to the

occurrence light range. It implies DC Choppers and MPPT techniques must be modified for every application. Along these lines, it significantly decreases the institutionalization conceivable outcomes thus the alluring cost decrease of huge preparations [9]. MPPT is a basic piece of a PV system, broad research has been uncovered as of late in this field and numerous new techniques have been accounted for to the rundown from that point forward. In this paper, a point by point depiction and afterward order of the MPPT techniques have made dependent on highlights, for example, number of control factors included, kinds of control procedures utilized, sorts of hardware utilized appropriately for PV system, transient reaction and down to earth/business applications [10]. Contingent upon the measure of PV establishments, countless modules can be interconnected as arrangement and parallel association. Since an extensive number of modules are interconnected, it is workable for the flaws in a PV cluster to happen because of the disappointment of security system, which can make harm the PV module and furthermore the decline in the yield power [11].

Fuzzy logic based MPPT method -

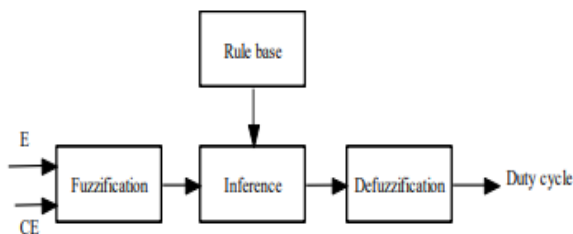


Figure 4: Fuzzy logic based MPPT method

This technique for tracking maximum power point has accomplished awesome exhibitions, quick reaction without overshoot, and has less change in the consistent state for constant varieties of temperature and illumination level. Likewise, this technique doesn't require the learning of the definite plant. By and large fuzzy logic based MPPT have two info and one yield [4].

III. CONCLUSION

Thus in this audit paper we contemplated distinctive techniques fundamentally MPPT techniques. Distinctive MPPT strategies are talked about dependent on reproduction, dynamic reaction, and efficiency and execution thought. There are number of half and halves MPPT strategies are incorporated with their advantages. Further MPPT is examined for fractional shading and non-consistency of PV board temperature.

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