

AP US History – Questions

Beginnings to Constitution

1. Even though the Albany Plan of Union was not successful, why was it an important precedent?
2. For what three reasons did Native Americans side with France during the French and Indian War?
3. In what three ways did the Seven Years' War directly affect the colonists' growing discontent toward the British?
4. How did the Sugar Act differ from the preceding Navigation Acts?
5. How did colonial protest evolve? What steps were initially ineffective and what later steps proved successful?
6. What poor choices made by the British eventually heightened the pre-Revolutionary era conflict?
7. In what ways did the colonies attempt to unite and/or share information?
8. Why could many colonists rightly claim that the conflict was primarily a Boston issue?
9. What were the three main results of the First Continental Congress?
10. What was the significance of the "shot heard 'round the world"?
11. John Adams once claimed that 1/3 of the colonists were for revolution, 1/3 were against, and 1/3 didn't really care. What types of people fell into each category?
12. What documents were most influential during the Revolutionary Era? What was the purpose of each?
13. What factors contributed to America being able to win the Revolutionary War?
14. What were the faults and the strengths of the Articles of Confederation?
15. What were the main events of the Critical Era?
16. What compromises needed to be made for the Constitution to be successful?
17. What were the positions of the Federalists and Anti-Federalists?

1st Quarter EOC Studyguide for U.S. History

27. What state tried to nullify the Tariff of Abominations?
28. What Supreme Court case granted the Cherokee tribe permission to stay on their land?
29. What occurred at the Seneca Falls Convention?
30. Define manifest destiny.
31. What incident led to a rapid increase in the population of California?
32. What did the Wilmot Proviso propose about slavery in the territories taken from Mexico?
33. What legislative agreement tried to settle the issue of slavery in the Louisiana Territory and maintain a balance between free and slave states in the Senate?
34. What impact did the cotton gin have on slavery?
35. Why did the Supreme Court decide in *Dred Scott v. Sanford* that Dred Scott was not a free man?
36. What former slave supported both the abolitionist movement and the women's rights movement by giving moving speeches such as the famous, "Ain't I a Woman" speech?
37. What do William Lloyd Garrison, Frederick Douglas, Sojourner Truth and John Brown all have in common?
38. How did Southerners respond to the novel, *Uncle Tom's Cabin*?
39. What does popular sovereignty mean?
40. What part of the Compromise of 1850 pleased Southerners the most?
41. Who led the raid on the federal arsenal at Harper's Ferry?
42. What was the immediate cause of the Civil War?
43. What are the three parts that make up the Anaconda Plan?
44. What battle was the turning point of the Civil War?
45. What federal agency provided former slaves with education, health care, food and clothing, but was later deemed unconstitutional by President Johnson?
46. In what two ways were former slaves still working the land in the South following the Civil War?
47. What amendment granted the right to vote to former slaves?
48. What group was established to harass African Americans and any white citizens who tried to help them?
49. What are three ways that local governments kept African Americans from voting?
50. What agreement was made after the election of 1876 that withdrew federal troops from the South and effectively ended Reconstruction?

1st Quarter EOC Studyguide for U.S. History

27. What state tried to nullify the Tariff of Abominations?
28. What Supreme Court case granted the Cherokee tribe permission to stay on their land?
29. What occurred at the Seneca Falls Convention?
30. Define manifest destiny.
31. What incident led to a rapid increase in the population of California?
32. What did the Wilmot Proviso propose about slavery in the territories taken from Mexico?
33. What legislative agreement tried to settle the issue of slavery in the Louisiana Territory and maintain a balance between free and slave states in the Senate?
34. What impact did the cotton gin have on slavery?
35. Why did the Supreme Court decide in *Dred Scott v. Sanford* that Dred Scott was not a free man?
36. What former slave supported both the abolitionist movement and the women's rights movement by giving moving speeches such as the famous, "Ain't I a Woman" speech?
37. What do William Lloyd Garrison, Frederick Douglas, Sojourner Truth and John Brown all have in common?
38. How did Southerners respond to the novel, *Uncle Tom's Cabin*?
39. What does popular sovereignty mean?
40. What part of the Compromise of 1850 pleased Southerners the most?
41. Who led the raid on the federal arsenal at Harper's Ferry?
42. What was the immediate cause of the Civil War?
43. What are the three parts that make up the Anaconda Plan?
44. What battle was the turning point of the Civil War?
45. What federal agency provided former slaves with education, health care, food and clothing, but was later deemed unconstitutional by President Johnson?
46. In what two ways were former slaves still working the land in the South following the Civil War?
47. What amendment granted the right to vote to former slaves?
48. What group was established to harass African Americans and any white citizens who tried to help them?
49. What are three ways that local governments kept African Americans from voting?
50. What agreement was made after the election of 1876 that withdrew federal troops from the South and effectively ended Reconstruction?