



MSRC
Missouri Society for Respiratory Care

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Tan-Tara-A Resort
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007
Security Services

**Refocusing Health Care Reform:
Implications for Respiratory Care**



**TAN-TARA-A
RESORT**

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Objectives

- ✦ Provide an update on CMS' payment reform initiatives, especially as pertains to acute hospital care;
- ✦ Describe the three dimensions of IHI's *Triple Aim* and its relevance to clinical practice, and
- ✦ Discuss the chronic care model and how acute care providers can make a difference in long-term outcomes, and
- ✦ Review the proposed enhancements to the practice of respiratory care.

Situational Analysis
Spring 2017

- ✦ Concept of *confirmation bias*
- ✦ Origins of GOP platform
 - ❖ Herbert Hoover (1929-1933); Great Depression
 - ❖ Role of Federal vs. State/local government
 - Social services, education, regulations - LOCAL RESPONSIBILITY
 - Less Federal Government – The Better
- ✦ The Democrat Approach

❖ Franklin Roosevelt (1933-1945)	1935 <i>Social Security Act</i>
❖ Lyndon Johnson (1963-1968)	1965 <i>Medicare/Medicaid</i>
❖ Bill Clinton (1993-2001)	1995 <i>CHIP</i>
❖ Barack Obama (2008-2016)	2010 <i>Affordable Care Act</i>

Current Federal Spending

Spring 2017

FEDERAL PROGRAM	BENEFICIARIES	EXPENDITURES
Social Security	59 million	\$916 billion
Medicare	56 million	\$595 billion
Medicaid	71 million	\$591 billion
CHIP	8.1 million	\$13.5 billion
Affordable Care Act	20 million	\$70 billion

⇒

"The leftward drift of American social policy"

"The overreaching hand of big government"

"Big government buries the middle class"

American Health Care Act

March 2017 - - *RTP*

✦ Was Going Away

❖ Employer and Individual mandates

- Tax credits vs. subsidies
- Penalties for delayed/lapsed enrollment

❖ 10 Essential health benefits

- Elements of health plans left to States; Private insurers

❖ All taxes funding ACA subsidies/Medicaid expansion


- Defund Planned Parenthood

❖ Shift Medicaid to capped block grants (vs. open-ended funding)

- State legislatures control
- Scrap 2020 expansion

American Health Care Act

March 2017 - - *RTP*



Payment Reforms

CMS' Payment Reforms

✦ Slowing Medicare growth

- ✧ Transitioning fee-for-service to fee-for-value health care
 - Lack of accountability with current system
- ✧ Measurable outcomes meeting quality/safety standards
 - 2/3 nation's hospitals affected
- ✧ "Carrot and Stick" approach
 - Reward the best; Penalize poor performers

For ALL healthcare providers . . . It's not so much about
ObamaCare or TrumpCare . . . as it is about . . .

Payment Reform!

Government Changes in Health Care

Moving Away from Fee-for-Service

- ✦ Hospital Readmission Reduction Program (PENALTY)
 - ✧ 30 day now; 90 later?
- ✦ Hospital Acquired Conditions Reduction Program (PENALTY)
 - ✧ Culture of Safety
- ✦ Value-based Payment (BONUS or PENALTY)
 - ✧ More penalty than bonus; Accelerated transition by 2020
- ✦ Bundled Payments (EPISODIC CARE)
 - ✧ 90-day timeframe
- ✦ Accountable Care Organizations (RISK-SHARING)

Government Changes in Health Care

Newly Emerging Environment of Care

TRADITIONAL EMPHASIS	NEWER EMPHASIS
Acute care	Chronic care
In-patient	Out-patient
Treat symptoms	Manage disease
Individual patient	At-risk populations
Billable procedures	Outcomes of care
Fee-for-service	Pay-for-performance

Fee-for-service = volume driven
Pay-for-performance = value driven

Impact of of Chronic Conditions

✦ Life-long condition

✦ Account for 70% of all deaths in the US (1.7mm/yr.)

✦ Not curable BUT controllable

✦ Many patients have multiple conditions

✦ Chronic conditions overly expensive

✦ ≥ % of \$3.1 trillion annual expenditures

✦ Many suffer frequent exacerbations

✦ Baby-Boomer generation

✦ 2011- 2023 ≈ 2.5 million/year turn 65

✦ High prevalence of chronic disease

Chronic Disease Management

A New Priority – A Great New Opportunity

✦ Coordinated approach to chronic medical care

✦ Slow disease progression, minimize complications

✦ Improve health outcomes, quality of life

✦ Manage health care utilization

✦ Best chronic care:

✦ Patient-centric

✦ Evidence-based

✦ Multi-disciplinary

✦ Utilizes “care-teams”

✦ Follows the patient regardless of care setting

Impact of of Chronic Conditions

Medicare's Disproportionate Share

CHRONIC CONDITIONS ACCOUNT FOR MOST SPENDING

More than 94% of Medicare fee-for-service money spent on seniors is on patients with at least two chronic conditions. In 2012, the sickest 4 million represented 15% of Medicare's senior population, but accounted for more than half the spending on that group.

TOTAL MEDICARE MEDICAL SPENDING

\$324 billion

34 million

MEDICARE SPENDING ON 65+ POPULATION

\$261 billion

28 million

65+ WITH 2 OR MORE CHRONIC CONDITIONS

\$246 billion

19 million

65+ WITH 6 OR MORE CHRONIC CONDITIONS

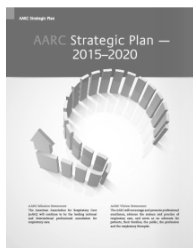
\$135 billion

4 million

5

The AARC and Health Care Reform

Strategic Plan 2015-2020



- ✦ Linked to *2015 and Beyond* initiative
- ✦ Formally approved October 2014
- ✦ Eight (8) major objectives
- ✦ State affiliates working with State regulatory agencies

The AARC Response

Moving The Profession Forward

- ✦ Traditional *scope of practice* is expanding
 - ✦ Requires advanced knowledge, skills & attributes
 - Continued development in new technology, clinical innovation
 - ✦ Concept of patient-centric care
 - ✦ Multi-disciplinary care-teams
- ✦ 2015 Taskforce on Competencies Need for Entry into RT Professional Practice
 - ✦ AARC, CoARC, NBRC collaboration
 - ✦ Exhaustive list of domains & required competencies
 - 153 Developed *prior* to entry; 49 attained *after*

The AARC Response

Demonstrating Our True Value

Competent, Safe & Professional RT Practice

(9 Domains; 202 Competencies)

- | | |
|--|-------------------------------|
| ✦ Collect Diagnostic Information | ✦ Leadership |
| ✦ Disease Management | ✦ Emergency, Critical Care |
| ✦ Evidence-based Medicine and RC Protocols | ✦ Assessment of Therapies |
| ✦ Patient Assessment | ✦ Application of Therapeutics |
| | ✦ Post-acute Care |

"Practicing RTs must continue their development post-graduation in order to attain and maintain their required competencies"

The AARC Response

Summary

- ✦ Newer educational & licensing requirements
 - ✦ Entry level education, licensing being elevated
 - ✦ Existing workforce expected to adapt
 - State licensing vs. institutional requirements
 - Advance Practice Respiratory Therapist (APRT)

AARC Goal:

By 2020, ≥ 80% of RT workforce either have (or) be actively pursuing a higher degree

CoARC Standard:

Effective January 1, 2018, all new RT programs must offer a baccalaureate degree or higher

The Future

Thriving or Just Surviving ? ?

RE/PIRATORY CARE

MARCH 2017

The Respiratory Therapy Profession Is at a Crossroads

Drs. Robert Kacmarek and Brian Walsh

In 2007, the American Association for Respiratory Care (AARC) commissioned a task force to provide recommendations for the future direction of respiratory therapy in 2015 and beyond. After 3 years of study, conferences, and discussions with a wide range of individuals and organizations considered primary stakeholders in respiratory care and after defining the complexities involved by respiratory therapists in 2015, the task force made 9 recommendations.

the pace of conversion of the currently accredited associate degree programs.

The recommendation to require a baccalaureate degree for entry level was the primary recommendation of the 2007 task force. A mandate rather than a recommendation.

SEE THE ORIGINAL STUDY ON PAGE 279

The Future of Respiratory Care: Results of a New York State Survey of Respiratory Therapists

Stephen G Smith MPA RRT, Lisa M Endee MPH RRT-SIDS RPSGT, Lisa A Benz Scott PhD, and Pamela L Linden PhD

Changing The Way Health Care is Delivered

Transforming The Way We Practice

- ✦ Hospital's role in community being *reimagined*
- ✦ RT's role in hospital & community being *reimagined*
- ✦ US health care system notoriously *change adverse*
- ✦ Profound change is *disruptive; transformative*
- ✦ Transformative change is *stressful* (anxiety, uncertainty, fear)
- ✦ Disruptive change best in small *baby-steps*

Maintaining *status quo* during disruptive change can come at a steep price

Replacing Common Practices with *Best Practices*

AREA	COMMON PRACTICE	BEST PRACTICE
ENTRY EDUCATION	Associate degree	Bachelor degree
STATE LICENSURE	CRT	RRT
CARE HIERARCHY	Physician-directed	Patient-centric
CARE DELIVERY	Individual providers	Care teams
AEROSOL THERAPY	Q2, Q4 Neb Rx's (Stacking)	Medication regimen
VENTILATOR MANAGEMENT	Sedate; Keep them calm	Awake; Ambulate
POST-OP PULM COMPLICATIONS	IS; Mucomyst	Out of bed; OPEP
PATIENT SAFETY	<i>No Harm – No Foul</i>	Culture of Safety

If you hold on to something too tightly
You run the risk of getting left behind !

Reimagining Respiratory Care


For Your Consideration

- ✦ Believe in Yourself -- We can & do make a difference!
- ✦ Make patients/caregivers our best allies
- ✦ Embed ourselves into “fabric” of hospital operations
- ✦ Embrace/promote a *Culture of Safety*
- ✦ Avoid complacency
- ✦ Proactively seek new care responsibilities
- ✦ Control your professional future (Educational degree, Credentials)

Summary

The Dawning of a New Era

- ✦ Re-design traditional role to compete in *new environment of care realities*:
 - ✧ Align practice with newer expectations; Become *strategic*
 - Hospital's responsibility no longer ends at discharge
 - Embrace expanding scope of practice
 - Develop innovative approaches to improve care delivery
 - Resist being *PENNY WISE AND POUND FOOLISH*
- ✦ Proactive versus reactive approach
 - ✧ Historically RT tasks/responsibilities *delegated*
 - ✧ It's now a *BRAVE NEW WORLD*
 - Take responsibility for our future
 - Strong, clinical, and visionary leadership essential



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