## OGUG Meeting August 18, 2023

"Uiser Based Low Distortion Projections
Utilizing Site Calibration/Localization Routines"

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## GNSS Site Calibration/Localization 101



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## GNSS Site Calibration

## GNSS <br> Coordinates

Allows GNSS Geodetic Coordinates - Latitude, Longitude and Ellipsoid Height to Interface with your Local Project Grid Coordinates - North, East and Elevation

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## Project Settings



## COGO Settings



## Calibration Process

- Datum Transformation
- Define Projection
- Horizontal Adjustment
- Vertical Adjustment -Geoid Model (Optional)



## Datum Transformation



- Two basic types
- 3 parameter
- 7 parameter

Some GNSS Manufactures Field/Office SW now incorporate 14 P Time Dependent Transformations

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## Calibration Process

## Datum Transformation

- Define Projection
- Horizontal Adjustment
- Vertical Adjustment
-Geoid Model (Optional)



## Define Projection



- Mapping projections are used to represent positions on the curved surface of the earth as points on a flat surface or plane.


## Commonly Used Mapping Projections



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## Calibration Process

## Datum Transformation

Define Projection

- Horizontal Adjustment
- Vertical Adjustment
- Geoid Model (Optional)



## Horizontal Adjustment

-At least 3 horizontal control points are required for a HZ adjustment

- Rotation for "Basis of Bearings" can be done with 2 points -Be Careful!!!! -1 st $^{\text {st }}$ D $/ 2^{\text {nd }} 2 \mathrm{D}$
- Minimum 5 points are recommended with Good Geometry Horz and Vert -Linear Projects
- The "Origin" of the


## Rotation

 Rotation is the Mathematical Center of the Control- Rotation is the angular relationship between Geodetic North and your Grid North.


## Translation

North and East "shift" to best align the Geodetic components (LLH) with the Grid values (NEE). Usually small values.

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## Scale

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## Horizontal Residuals



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## Calibration Process

Datum Transformation
Define Projection
Horizontal Adjustment

- Vertical Adjustment
-Geoid Model (Optional)



## e = Orthometric Height H = Ellipsoid Height <br> N = Geoid Height e = H-N

## The Geoid

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## The Geoid Model

- A gridded surface that approximates the Geoid
- Some commonly used Geoid Models:
- Geoid 03
- Geoid 09
- Geoid 12B
- Geoid 18



## Geoid 18 Converted .GRD File

| 24.000000 | 58.000000 | -130.000000 | -60.000000 | 0.016667 | 0.016667 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| -39.715 | -39.737 | -39.759 | -39.780 | -39.801 | -39.820 |
| -39.839 | -39.856 | -39.873 | -39.890 | -39.909 | -39.930 |
| -39.952 | -39.974 | -39.997 | -40.019 | -40.041 | -40.063 |
| -40.084 | -40.106 | -40.127 | -40.148 | -40.170 | -40.192 |
| -40.214 | -40.235 | -40.257 | -40.277 | -40.297 | -40.316 |
| -40.334 | -40.352 | -40.369 | -40.388 | -40.407 | -40.428 |
| -40.450 | -40.472 | -40.496 | -40.519 | -40.542 | -40.564 |
| -40.585 | -40.605 | -40.624 | -40.641 | -40.659 | -40.677 |
| -40.697 | -40.720 | -40.746 | -40.775 | -40.806 | -40.840 |
| -40.873 | -40.906 | -40.937 | -40.966 | -40.993 | -41.017 |
| -41.039 | -41.060 | -41.082 | -41.104 | -41.127 | -41.151 |
| -41.175 | -41.199 | -41.220 | -41.237 | -41.251 | -41.262 |
| -41.271 | -41.280 | -41.289 | -41.300 | -41.314 | -41.331 |
| -41.350 | -41.371 | -41.394 | -41.418 | -41.443 | -41.468 |
| -41.495 | -41.523 | -41.552 | -41.582 | -41.613 | -41.643 |
| -41.673 | -41.701 | -41.727 | -41.751 | -41.773 | -41.794 |
| -41.812 | -41.830 | -41.847 | -41.863 | -41.879 | -41.894 |
| -41.909 | -41.923 | -41.936 | -41.949 | -41.962 | -41.975 |
| -41.987 | -42.001 | -42.014 | -42.028 | -42.041 | -42.055 |
| -42.069 | -42.083 | -42.097 | -42.111 | -42.126 | -42.143 |
| -42.160 | -42.179 | -42.198 | -42.219 | -42.239 | -42.260 |
| -42.281 | -42.300 | -42.319 | -42.336 | -42.352 | -42.367 |
| -42.382 | -42.396 | -42.411 | -42.426 | -42.441 | -42.455 |
| -42.468 | -42.481 | -42.493 | -42.504 | -42.515 | -42.527 |



## Inclined Plane

Ellipsoid


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## Site Calibration Routine



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## Site Calibration Routine



## Site Calibration Routine



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## Site Calibration Report



## Site Calibration Report

## Vertical Adjustment Parameters

Northing coordinate of origin point
Easting coordinate of origin point
Vertical separation at origin
Slope north
Slope east

First vertical point used in
Calibration
When using a Geoid Model these
PPM's Should be small.

Geoid Model Definition
GEOID18 (Conus) Fixed

Residual Differences Between GPS And Known Coordinates



Introduction to GNSS Surveying: FREE | Trimble RTX - The Next Utility: FREE | GNSS Modernization: FREE

Understanding \& Incorporating NGS OPUS Solutions: \$75.00 (1.5 hours) How to Prepare for the NGS 2022 Datum: \$75.00 (1.5 hours)

Capitalizing on RTK \& Infill in Trimble Access: $\$ 75.00$ (1.5 hours) GNSS Site Calibrations in Trimble Access: $\$ 125.00$ (2.5 hours)

Trimble Business Center - CAD Functions: $\$ 195.00$ (4.5 hours)
Feature Coding in Trimble Access \& Trimble Business Center: \$195.00 (4.5 hours)
Introduction to Baseline Processing \& Network Adjustments: \$195.00 (3 hours)
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