## Operations November 11, 2022





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#### Say hello.

Describe the mathematics you support.



#### November 2022 Operations

- Addition and subtraction concepts
- Multiplication and division concepts
- Computation with addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division

#### March 2023 Word-Problem Solving

- Attack strategies
- Schemas

#### January 2023 Fractions

- Length, area, and set models
- Comparison of fractions
- Ordering of fractions
- Computation of fractions

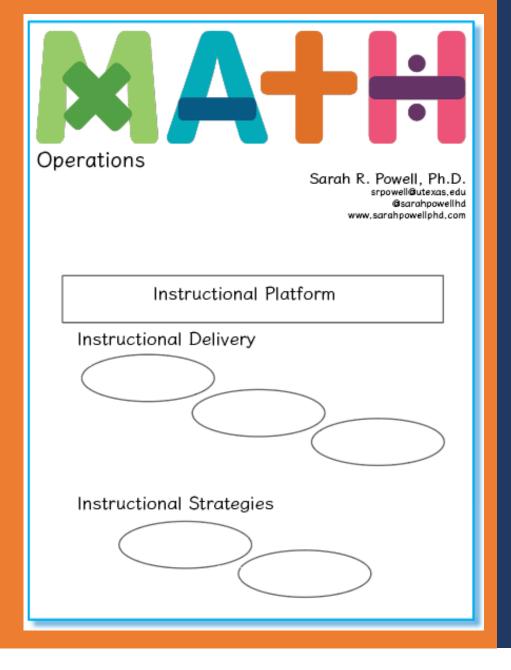
#### April 2023 Geometry

- Understanding twodimensional shapes
- Lines and angles
- Understanding threedimensional shapes

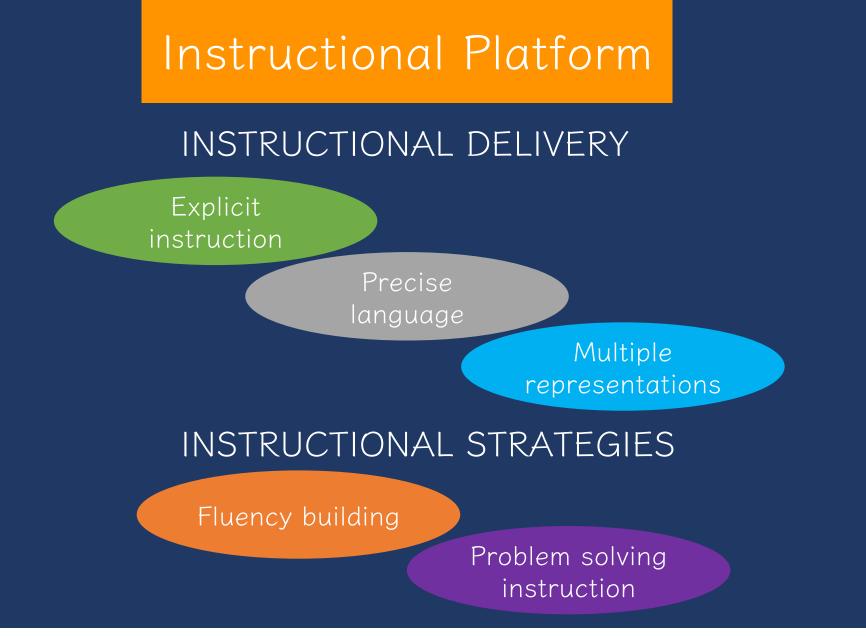


## Instructional Platform











#### MODELING

Step-by-step explanation

#### Planned examples

#### PRACTICE

Guided practice

Independent practice

SUPPORTS Ask high-level and low-level questions

Eliciting frequent responses

Providing affirmative and corrective feedback



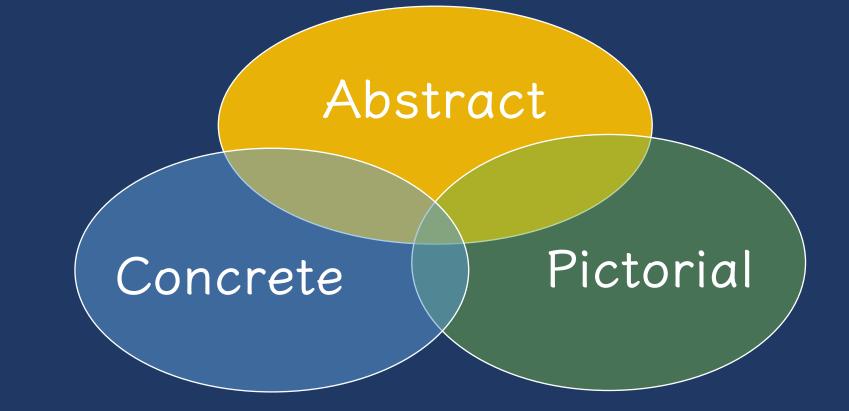
What math content do you model?How do you engage students in guided practice?

#### Use formal math language

#### Use terms precisely

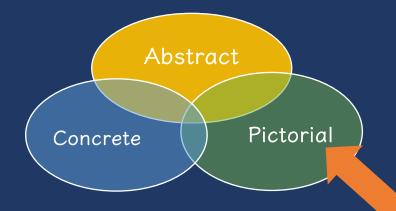


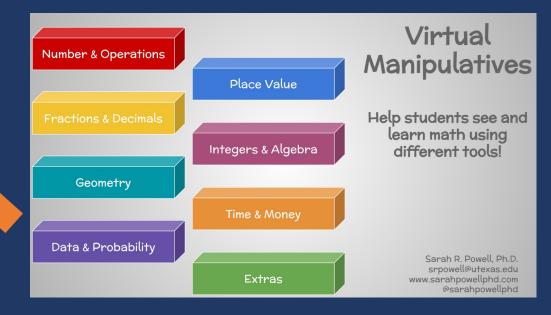
What's one way you support the math vocabulary of students?





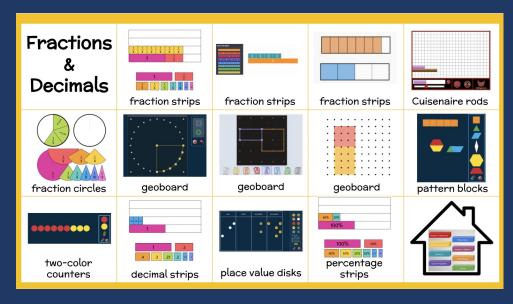
What's a hands-on tool you use in your teaching? What's a virtual manipulative you use?



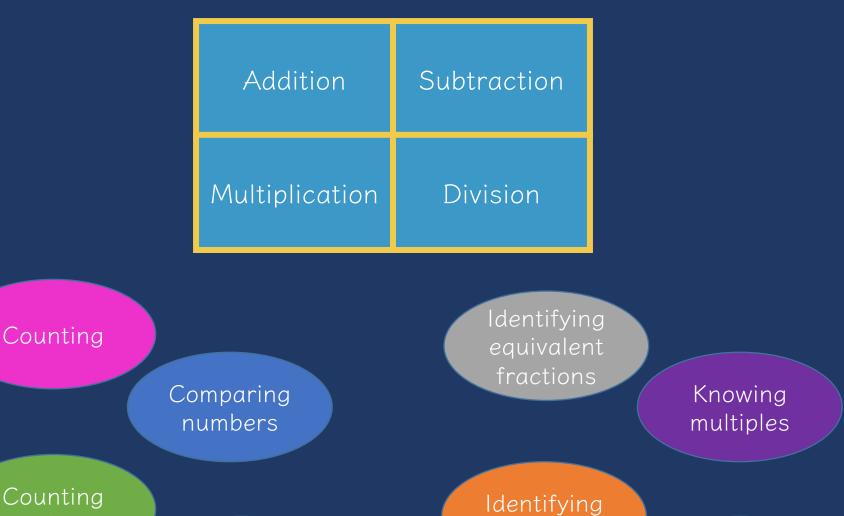




bit.ly/srpowell







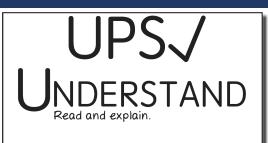


| Addition       | Subtraction |
|----------------|-------------|
| Multiplication | Division    |



# How do you support students with fact fluency?





PLAN How will you solve the problem?

SOLVE Set up and do the math!

JCHECK Does your answer make sense?

### Difference

Change

Equal Groups

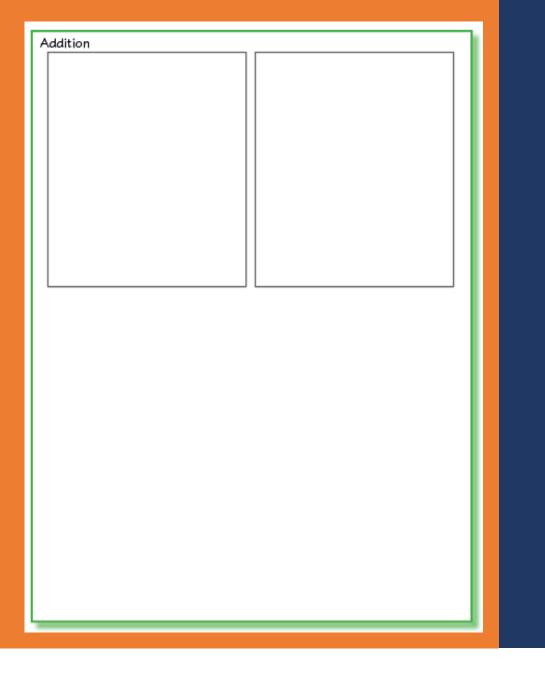
Comparison

### Ratios/Proportions



# Addition and Subtraction Concepts







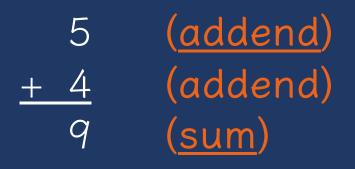


What are the difficulties your students have with addition?



## 100 addition facts

# Single-digit addends sum to a single- or double-digit number







## Count one set, count another set, put sets together, count sum



## 2 + 3 = 5





## Count one set, count another set, put sets together, count sum





## Model: 4 + 5 9 + 3



#### Start with a set, add the other set, count sum

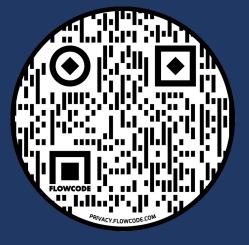


## 2 + 3 = 5





#### Start with a set, add the other set, count sum





### Model: 4 + 5 9 + 3

#### Parts put together into a total

# Karly saw 4 cardinals and 5 blue jays. How many birds did Karly see?





#### Parts put together into a total



#### Write a total story.

An amount that **increases** or decreases

Premila had \$4. Then they earned \$5 for cleaning their room. How much money does Premila have now?

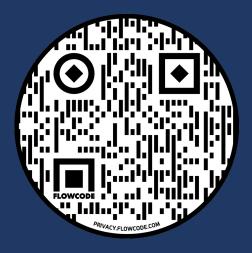




#### An amount that **increases** or decreases

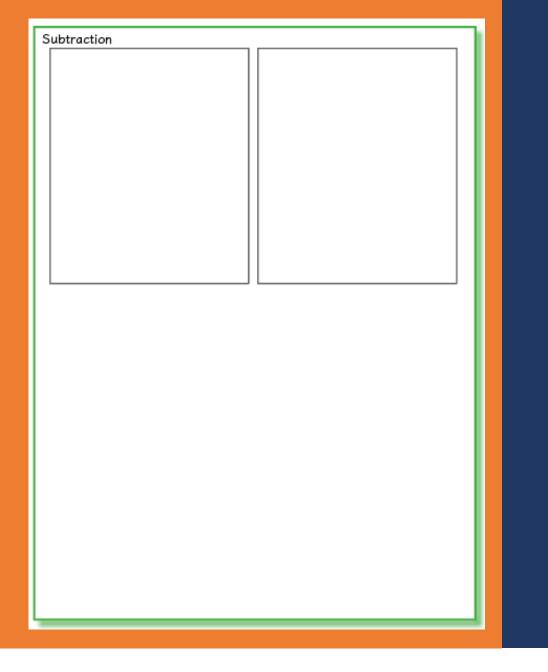


#### Write a change (increase) story.





(1) Model 3 + 9 as a total problem.
(2) Model 3 + 9 as a change problem.
(3) Discuss how to distinguish between total and change.



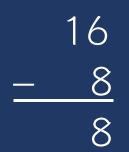




# What are the difficulties your students have with subtraction?

## 100 subtraction facts

Subtrahend and difference are single-digit numbers and minuend is single- or double-digit number



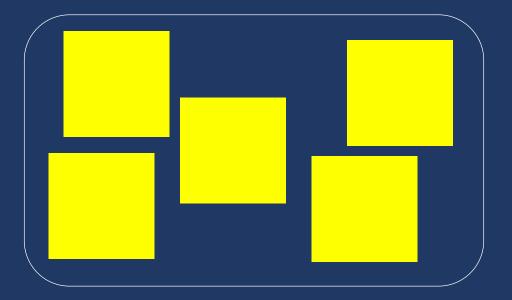
## (minuend) (subtrahend) (<u>difference</u>)





Subtraction

#### Start with a set, take away from that set, count difference



## 5 - 3 = 2





Subtraction

#### Start with a set, take away from that set, count difference

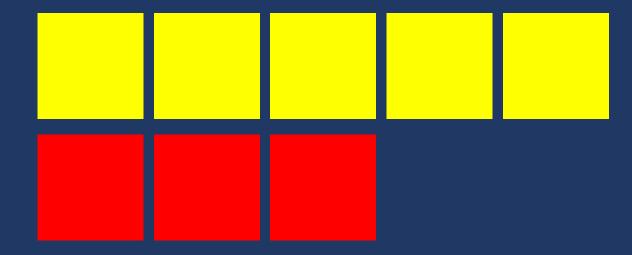




### Model: 9 – 3 11 – 7



#### Compare two sets, count difference



#### Subtraction

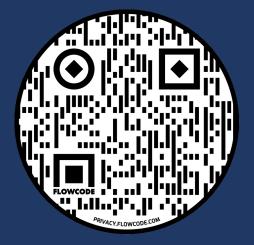
## 5 - 3 = 2





Compare two sets, count difference







## Model: 9 – 3 11 – 7

An amount that increases or **decreases** 

Bronwyn had 9 cookies. Then they ate 2 of the cookies. How many cookies does Bronwyn have now?





Subtraction

#### An amount that increases or **decreases**



#### Write a change (decrease) story.

# Greater and lesser amounts compared for a difference

## Rachel has 9 apples. Jodie has 2 apples. How many more apples does Rachel have? (How many fewer does Jodie have?)



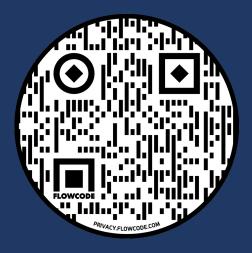


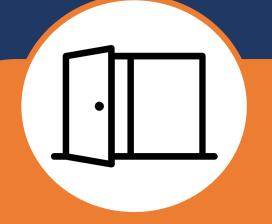
Subtraction

# Greater and lesser amounts compared for a difference

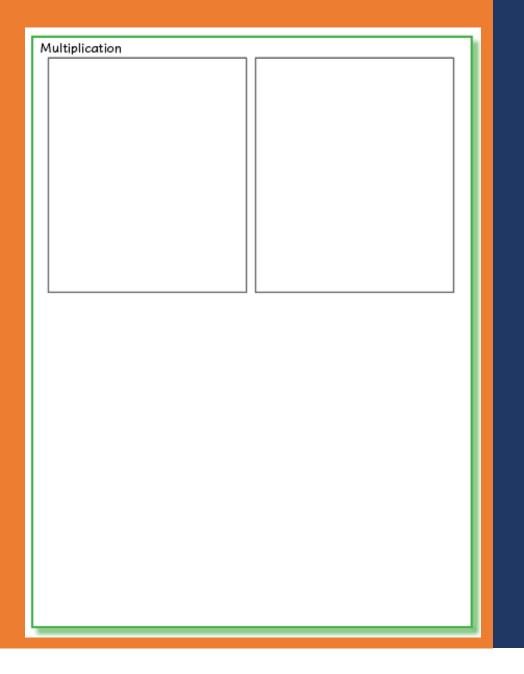


## Write a difference story.





(1) Model 12 – 5 as a change problem.
(2) Model 12 – 5 as a difference problem.
(3) Discuss how to distinguish between change and difference.







What are the difficulties your students have with multiplication?

## 100 multiplication facts

Multiplication of single-digit factors results in a single- or double-digit product





Multiplication

Show the groups, show the amount for each group, count product

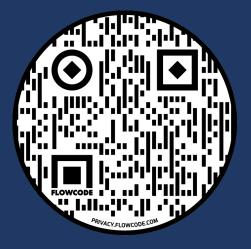


## $3 \times 2 = 6$



Multiplication

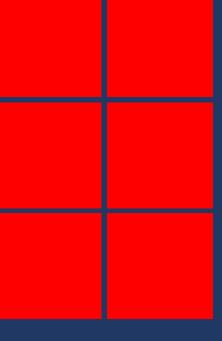
Show the groups, show the amount for each group, count product





## Model: $5 \times 3$ $4 \times 2$

Show the groups, show the amount for each group, count product

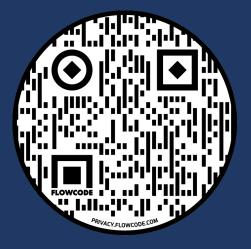


## $3 \times 2 = 6$



Multiplication

Show the groups, show the amount for each group, count product





## Model: $5 \times 3$ $4 \times 2$



#### Show a set, then multiply the set

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 II

## $3 \times 2 = 6$

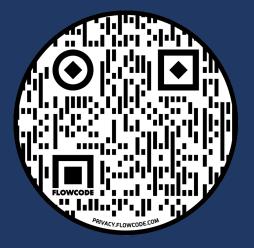
**XA+**H

Multiplication

## Comparison

Show a set, then multiply the set







## Model: $5 \times 3$ $4 \times 2$

Groups multiplied by number in each group for a product

Rhiannon has 2 boxes of crayons. There are 12 crayons in each box. How many crayons does Rhiannon have altogether?



Multiplication

# Groups multiplied by number in each group for a product



## Write an equal groups story.

Set multiplied by a number of times for a product

Vivienne picked 12 apples. Jessica picked 2 times as many apples as Vivienne. How many apples did Jessica pick?



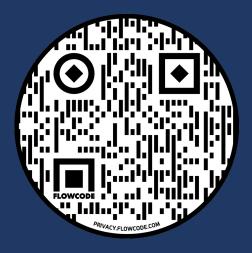


Multiplication

## Set multiplied by a number of times for a product

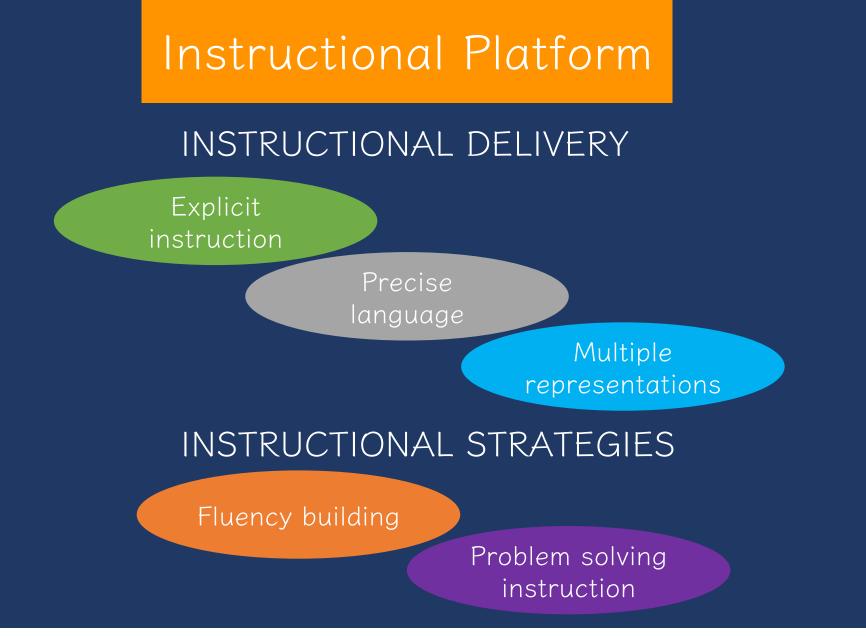


### Write a comparison story.





(1) Model 2 × 5 as an equal groups problem.
(2) Model 2 × 5 as a comparison problem.
(3) Discuss how to distinguish between equal groups and comparison.





#### MODELING

Step-by-step explanation

#### Planned examples

#### PRACTICE

Guided practice

Independent practice

SUPPORTS Ask high-level and low-level questions

Eliciting frequent responses

Providing affirmative and corrective feedback



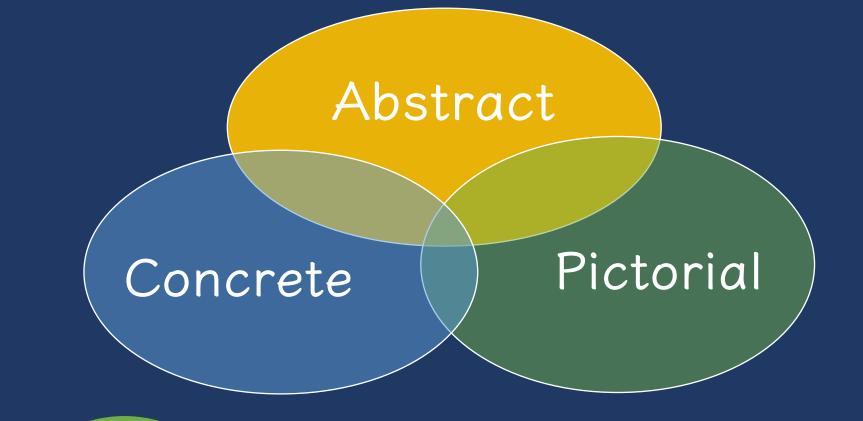
What are your strengths with modeling addition and subtraction? What are your opportunities for growth?

### Use formal math language

## Use terms precisely



What are five essential math vocabulary for addition and subtraction?





What are the representations you'll use to teach addition and subtraction?



## 90 division facts

Divisor and quotient are single-digit numbers and dividend is single- or double-digit number

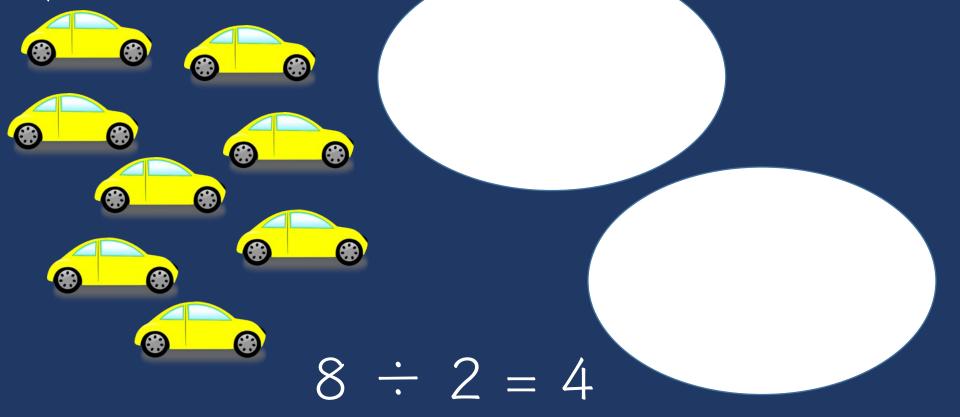
 $8 \div 4 = 2$ (dividend) (divisor) (quotient)



(Partitive Division)

Division

Show the dividend, divide equally among divisor, count quotient

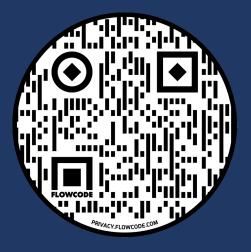




(Partitive Division)

Division

Show the dividend, divide equally among divisor, count quotient



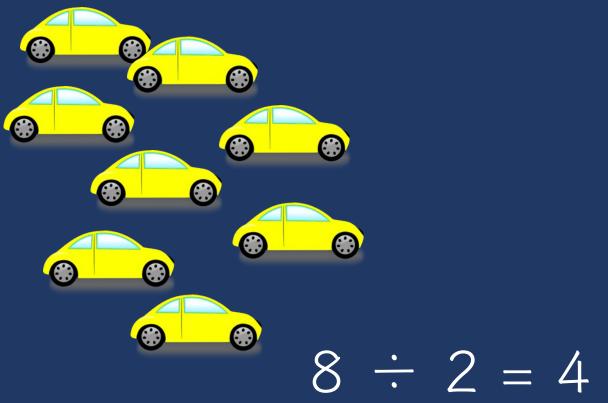


## Model: 10 ÷ 5 12 ÷ 3

(Quotative Division)

Division

## Show the dividend, make groups of the divisor, count groups

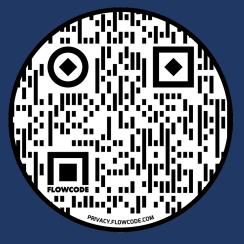




(Quotative Division)

Division

## Show the dividend, make groups of the divisor, count groups





## Model: $10 \div 5$ $12 \div 3$

Groups multiplied by number in each group for a product

Stefanie has 12 apples. She wants to share them equally among her 2 friends. How many apples will each friend receive?



(Partitive Division)

# Groups multiplied by number in each group for a product



### Write a partitive story.

Groups multiplied by number in each group for a product

Nicole has 12 apples. She put them into bags with 6 apples each. How many bags did Nicole use?

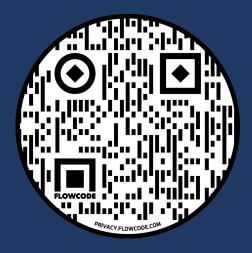


(Quotative Division)

# Groups multiplied by number in each group for a product



## Write a quotative story.





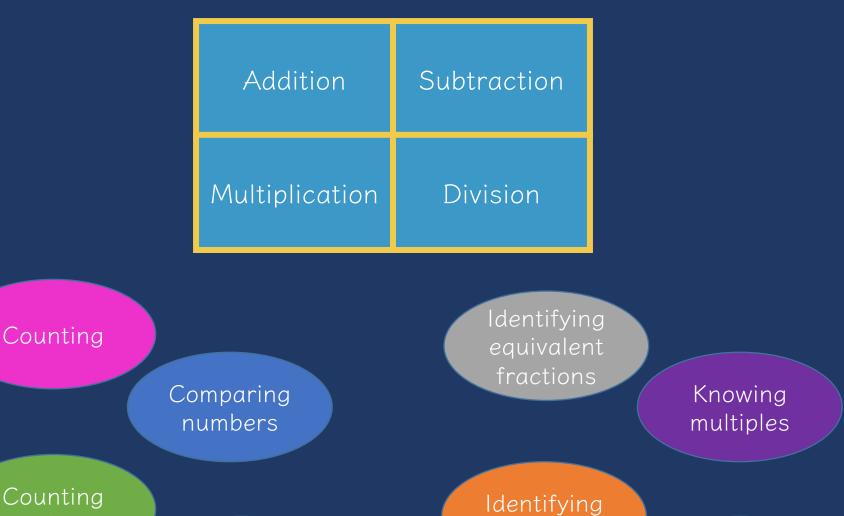
(1) Model 15 ÷ 3 as a partitive problem.
(2) Model 15 ÷ 3 as a quotative problem.
(3) Discuss how to distinguish between partitive and quotative.

## **Building Fluency**

Fluency is doing mathematics easily and accurately. Fluency in mathematics makes mathematics easier. Fluency provides less stress on working memory. Fluency helps students build confidence with mathematics.

With fluency, it is important to emphasize both conceptual learning and procedural learning.



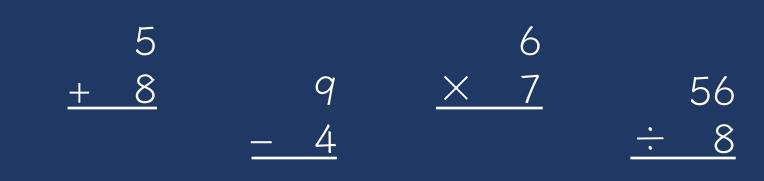




| Addition       | Subtraction |
|----------------|-------------|
| Multiplication | Division    |

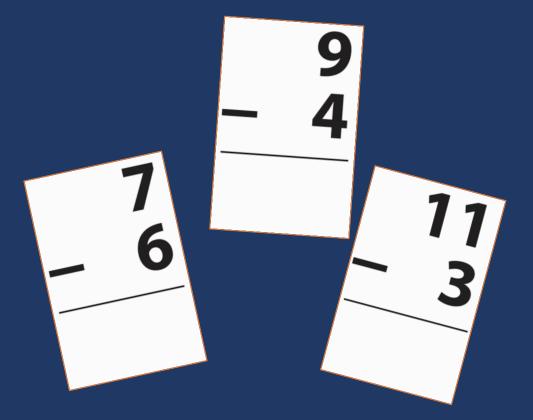
Build fluency with math facts.

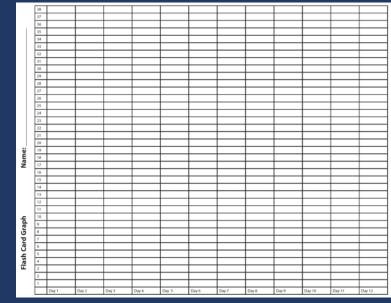
- Addition: single-digit addends
- Subtraction: single-digit subtrahend
- Multiplication: single-digit factors
- Division: single-digit divisor



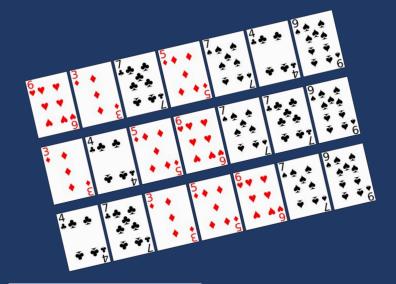


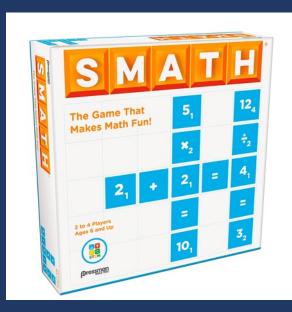
| Cover, Copy, Compare |                         |                               |             |                | Taped Problems |          |          |                 |  |
|----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|----------------|----------------|----------|----------|-----------------|--|
|                      | 9                       | 8<br>× 6                      |             |                | 6<br>× 5       | 8<br>× 6 | 7<br>× 9 | 6<br><u>× 8</u> |  |
|                      | 54<br>7                 | 48<br>6<br>× 5                |             |                | 9<br>× 8       | 8<br>× 5 | 7<br>× 8 | 6<br>× 6        |  |
|                      | × 8<br>56<br>9          | 3<br>6+3=<br>1+7=             | File Folder |                | 7<br>× 7       | 6<br>× 9 | 5<br>× 9 | 8<br>× 4        |  |
|                      | × 9<br>81               |                               |             | ٤<br>1<br>1(   | 9<br>× 4       | 6<br>× 9 | 9<br>× 5 | 8<br>× 7        |  |
|                      | 6<br>× 7<br>42          | 5+6=<br>4+7=<br>7+8=          |             | 9<br>11<br>11  | 6<br>× 7       | 8<br>× 8 | 4<br>× 8 | 5<br>× 7        |  |
|                      | 8<br>× 8                | 6 + 7 =<br>7 + 9 =<br>7 + 6 = |             | 15<br>13<br>16 |                |          |          |                 |  |
|                      | 64                      | 8+7=<br>7+0=<br>9+6=          |             | 13<br>15<br>7  |                |          |          |                 |  |
|                      |                         | 9+6=<br>6+0=<br>6+8=          |             | 15<br>6        |                |          |          |                 |  |
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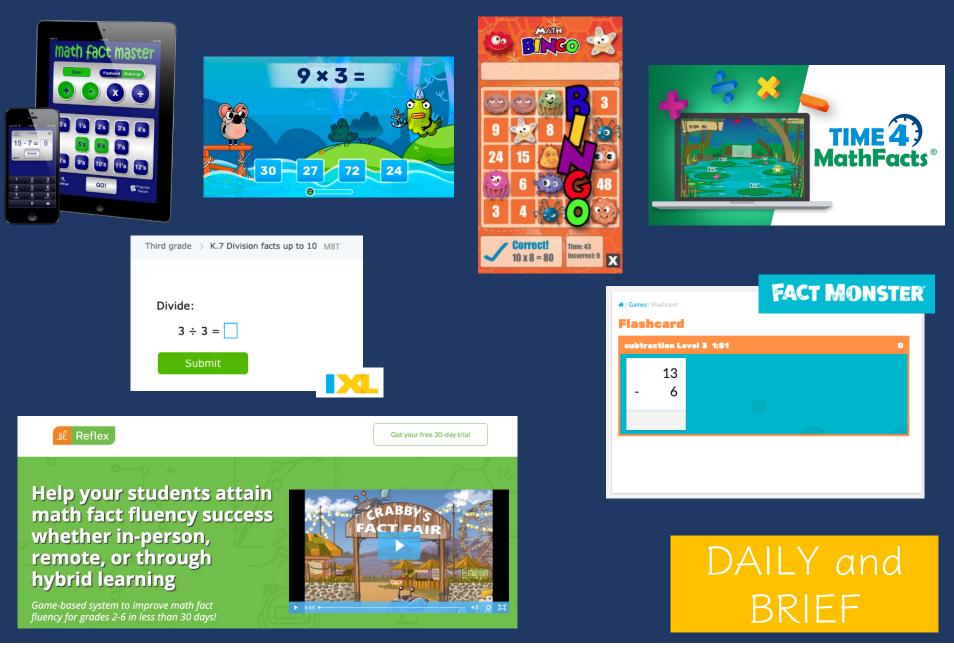










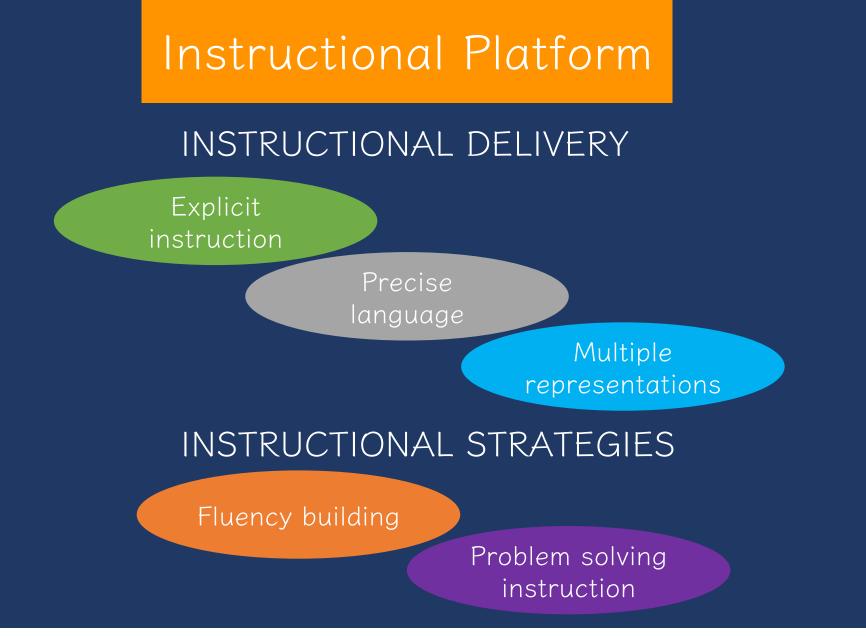




| Addition       | Subtraction |
|----------------|-------------|
| Multiplication | Division    |



Describe three activities to help students with fact fluency.





#### MODELING

Step-by-step explanation

#### Planned examples

#### PRACTICE

Guided practice

Independent practice

SUPPORTS Ask high-level and low-level questions

Eliciting frequent responses

Providing affirmative and corrective feedback



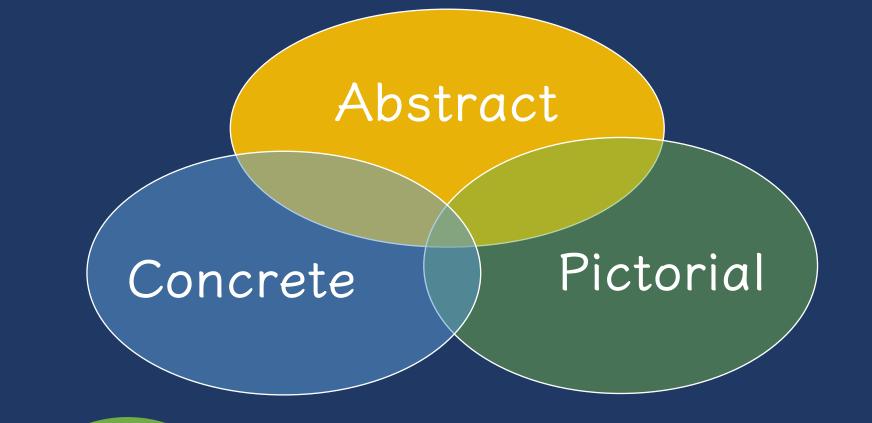
What are your strengths with modeling multiplication and division? What are your opportunities for growth?

#### Use formal math language

#### Use terms precisely



What are five essential math vocabulary for multiplication and division?

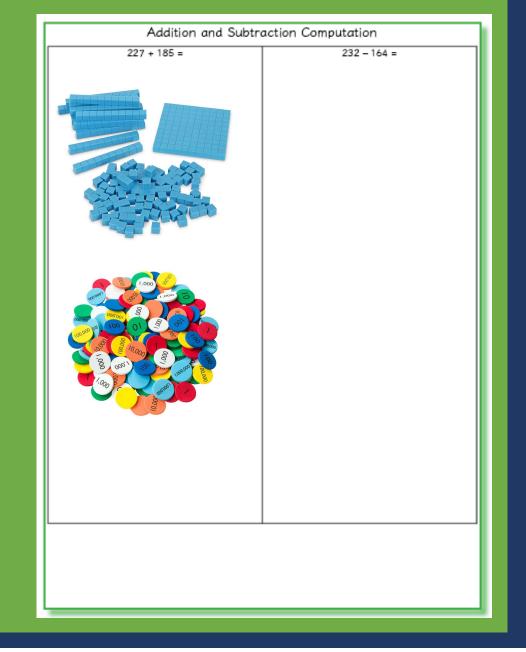




What are the representations you'll use to teach multiplication and division?

# Building Fluency with Computation







## Partial Sums

Α. 74 + 18 80 +12 92

в. 725 <u>+ 365</u> 1,000 10 1,090

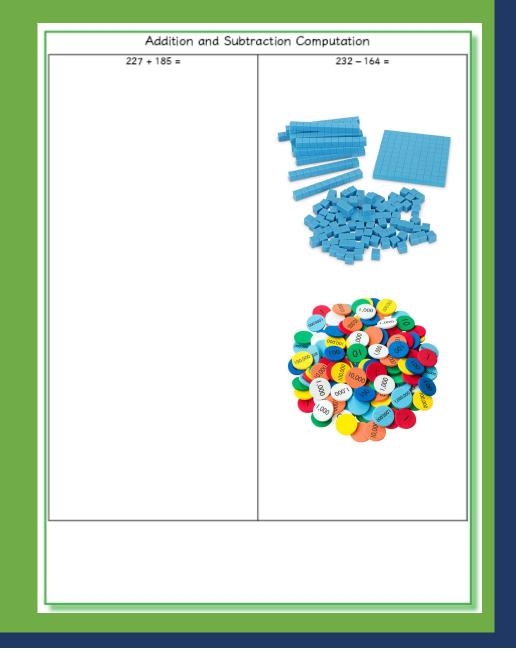
227

185

+

## Opposite Change

<sup>B</sup> 725 
$$\xrightarrow{+5}$$
 730  
+ 365  $\xrightarrow{-5}$  + 360  
I,090





## Partial Differences

| <sup>A.</sup> 62 | в. 305   |
|------------------|----------|
| <u> </u>         | <u> </u> |
| +50              | +300     |
| - 5              | - 9 0    |
| 45               |          |
|                  | 209      |

232

164

## Same Change

62 +3 65 17 +3 -20 Α.

305 <del>+4</del>, 309 - 96 +4, 100 в. 209

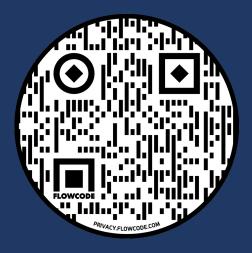


## Add Up

96 Β, 17 305 Α. 62  $\begin{array}{r}
 100 \\
 300 \\
 200 \\
 305 \\
 + 5
 \end{array}$  $\begin{array}{r} 20 & 3 \\ 60 & 40 \\ 62 & + 2 \\ 45 \end{array}$ 96 17 209

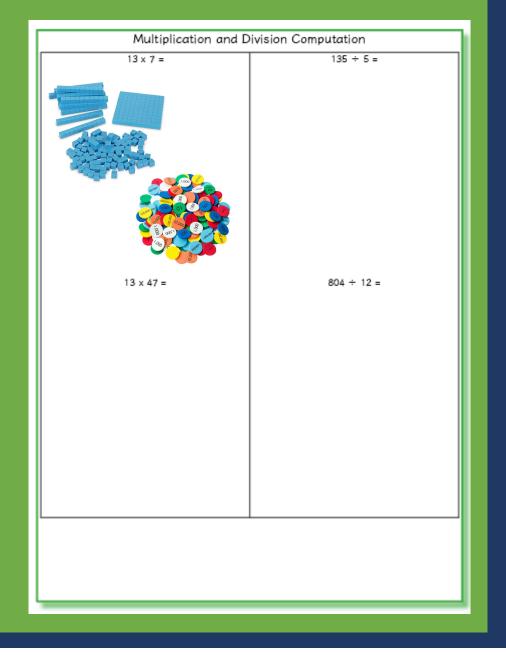
232

164



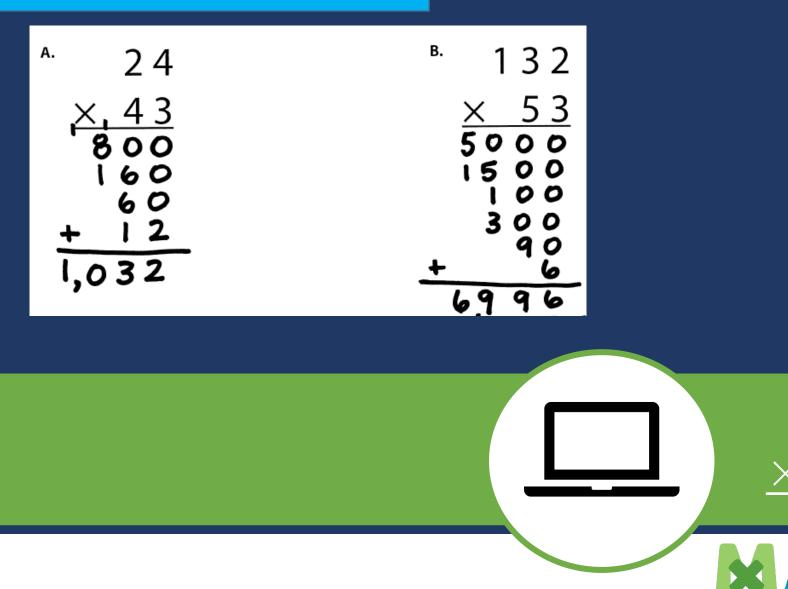


# (1) Model an addition problem.(2) Model a subtraction problem.





## Partial Products



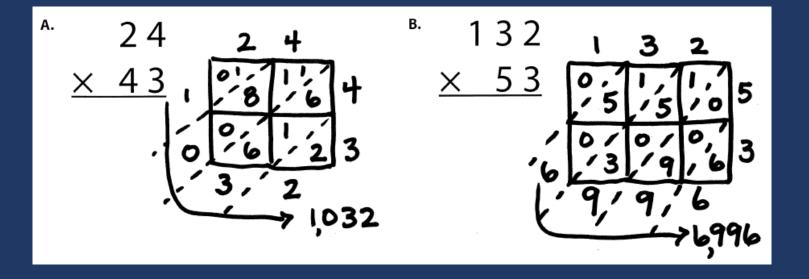
13

47

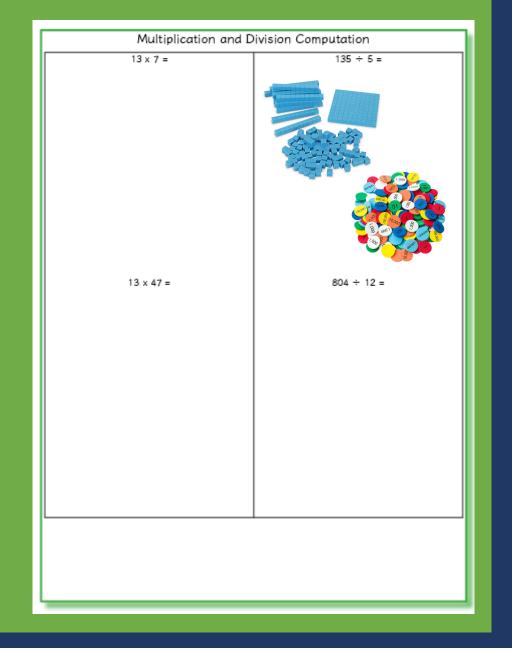
## Area (Array)

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 $\times 43$   
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### Lattice









## Partial Quotients

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#### Lattice

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28 R 18

Ο

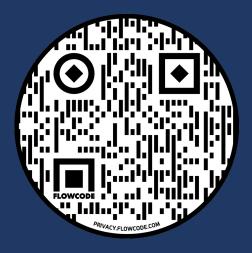
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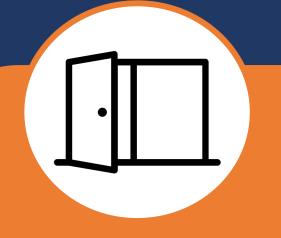
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## Division as Fractions

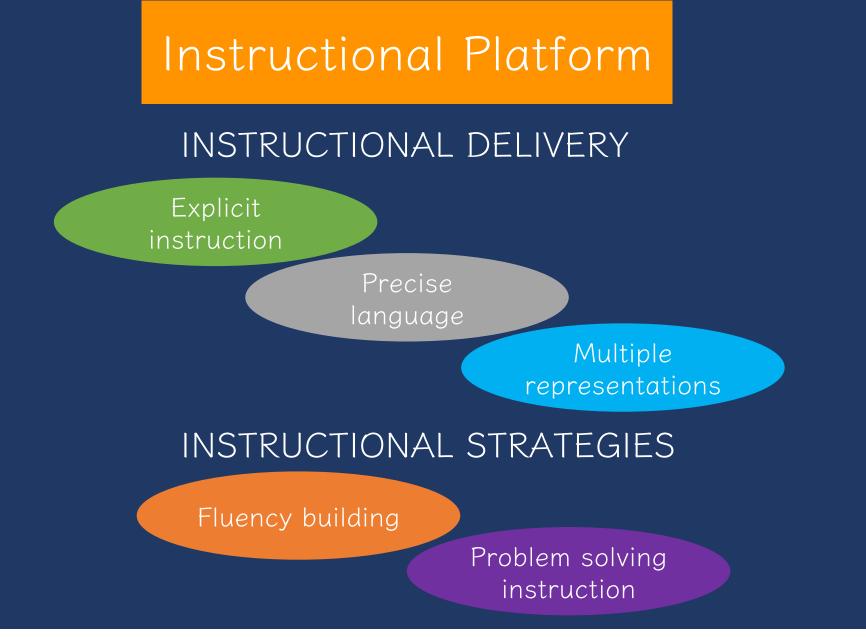
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(1) Model a multiplication problem.(2) Model a division problem.





#### MODELING

Step-by-step explanation

#### PRACTICE

Guided practice

Independent practice

Planned examples

SUPPORTS Ask high-level and low-level questions

Eliciting frequent responses

Providing affirmative and corrective feedback



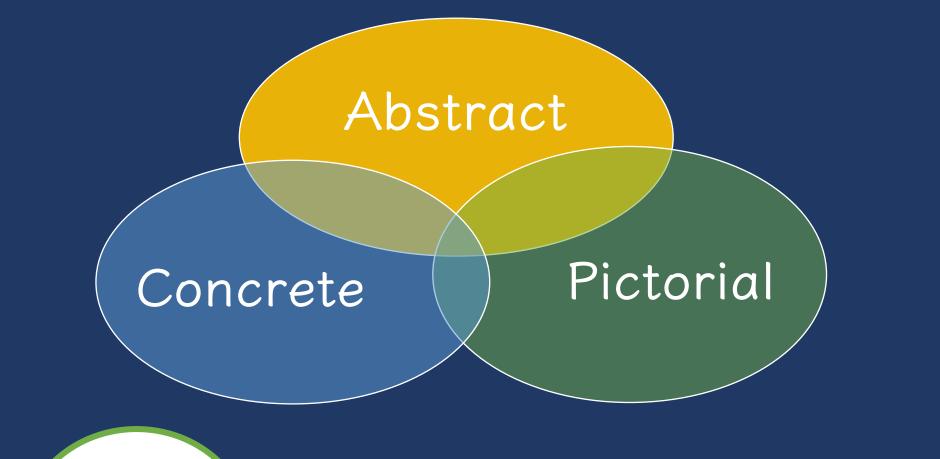
What are your strengths with modeling computation? What are your opportunities for growth?

#### Use formal math language

#### Use terms precisely



What are five essential math vocabulary for computation?





What are the representations you'll use to teach computation?

| Explicit Instruc | tion                     |
|------------------|--------------------------|
| Problem          | Step-by-Step Explanation |
|                  |                          |
|                  |                          |

# 1. Choose a math problem.

2. Write a step-by-step explanation. Focus on the language of math in your explanation. Consider the representations you will use.

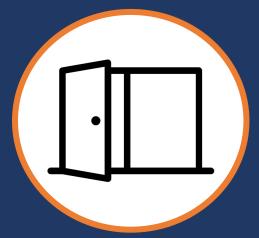


| Explicit Instruction |                        |  |
|----------------------|------------------------|--|
| Problem              | Practice Opportunities |  |
|                      | High-Level Questions   |  |
|                      | Low-Level Questions    |  |
|                      | Affirmative Feedback   |  |
|                      | Corrective Feedback    |  |

- Describe the practice opportunities you will use.
- 2. Write 3 high-level questions.
- 3. Write 3 low-level questions.
- 4. Write 2 ways to provide affirmative feedback.
- 5. Write 2 ways to provide corrective feedback.



| Explicit Instruction             |       |
|----------------------------------|-------|
| Problem Step-by-Step Explanation | 1. Te |
|                                  |       |



#### 1. Teach your problem.





What were your strengths with your teaching? What are your opportunities for growth?

#### November 2022 Operations

- Addition and subtraction concepts
- Multiplication and division concepts
- Computation with addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division

#### March 2023 Word-Problem Solving

- Attack strategies
- Schemas

#### January 2023 Fractions

- Length, area, and set models
- Comparison of fractions
- Ordering of fractions
- Computation of fractions

#### April 2023 Geometry

- Understanding twodimensional shapes
- Lines and angles
- Understanding threedimensional shapes



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