SAFETY DATA SHEET

J&B PART NUMBER

V9226

1. Identification

Product identifier

LPS® NoFlash

Other means of identification

Part Number

04016

Recommended use

An aggressive non-flammable solvent blend for the removal of dirt, moisture, dust, flux and oxides from the internal components of electronic or precision equipment such as circuit boards, and the internal components of electronic devices used in factories and other industrial settings.

Recommended restrictions

None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Manufacturer

Company name

ITW Pro Brands

Address

4647 Hugh Howell Rd.

Tucker, GA 30084

Country

(U.S.A.)

Tel: +1 770-243-8800

In Case of Emergency

1-800-424-9300 (inside U.S.)

+001 703-527-3887 (outside U.S.)

Website

www.lpslabs.com

E-mail

lpssds@itwprobrands.com

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards

Gases under pressure

Liquefied gas

Health hazards

Acute toxicity, oral

Category 4

Skin corrosion/irritation

Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Category 2A

Carcinogenicity

Category 2

Reproductive toxicity

Category 1B

Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure

Category 3 respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure

Category 3 narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity, repeated

exposure

Environmental hazards OSHA defined hazards

Not classified.

Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word

Danger

Hazard statement

Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. Harmful if swallowed. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statement

Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe gas. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Material name: LPS® NoFlash

1/10

Response If swallowed: Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. If on skin: Wash with

plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Specific treatment (see this label). Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. If exposed or

concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Storage Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. Protect from

sunlight.

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. Disposal

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

None known.

Supplemental information None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Common name and synonyms		CAS number	%	
n-Propyl Bromide		106-94-5	60 - 70	
ETHANE, 1,1,1,2-TETRAFLUORO-(HFC-13- a)	REFRIGERANT GAS R-134A 4	811-97-2	30 - 40	
1-Propanol		71-23-8	1 - 5	
1,2 Butylene Oxide		106-88-7	< 1	
t-Butanol	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	75-65-0	< 1	

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. For breathing difficulties, oxygen may be necessary. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.

Wash off with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists. Skin contact

Eye contact

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Only induce vomiting at the instruction of Ingestion medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If vomiting occurs,

keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Skin irritation. Defatting of the skin. May cause redness and pain. Symptoms of overexposure may

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically.

General information

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing

Powder. Alcohol resistant foam. Water spray. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

media Specific hazards arising from

Contents under pressure.

the chemical Special protective equipment

Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.

and precautions for firefighters Fire fighting

equipment/instructions

In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Do not move cargo or vehicle if cargo has been exposed to heat. If tank, rail car or tank truck is involved in a fire, ISOLATE for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions; also consider initial evacuation for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions. ALWAYS stay away from tanks engulfed in flame. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up. For massive fire in cargo area, use unmanned hose holder or monitor nozzles, if possible. If not, withdraw and let fire

Specific methods Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out.

Material name: LPS® NoFlash

Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid breathing gas. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Refer to attached safety data sheets and/or instructions for use. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Move the cylinder to a safe and open area if the leak is irreparable. Isolate area until gas has dispersed. Use water spray to reduce vapors or divert vapor cloud drift. Scoop up used absorbent into drums or other appropriate container. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Following product recovery, flush area with water. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. Ground and bond containers when transferring material. Do not re-use empty containers. Do not breathe gas. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid contact during pregnancy/while nursing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Do not taste or swallow. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Level 1 Aerosol.

Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122 °F. Store locked up. Contents under pressure. Do not expose to heat or store at temperatures above 120°F/49°C as can may burst. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS). Keep out of the reach of children.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

Components	Туре	Value	
1-Propanol (CAS 71-23-8)	PEL	500 mg/m3	
		200 ppm	
t-Butanol (CAS 75-65-0)	PEL	300 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Value	S		
Components	Туре	Value	
1-Propanol (CAS 71-23-8)	TWA	100 ppm	
n-Propyl Bromide (CAS	TWA	0.1 ppm	
106-94-5)			
t-Butanol (CAS 75-65-0)	TWA	100 ppm	
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Cher	nical Hazards		
Components	Туре	Value	
1-Propanol (CAS 71-23-8)	STEL	625 mg/m3	
		250 ppm	
	TWA	500 mg/m3	
		200 ppm	
t-Butanol (CAS 75-65-0)	STEL	450 mg/m3	
		150 ppm	
	TWA	300 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	

Material name: LPS® NoFlash

US. Workplace Environmental Exposure Level (WEEL) Guides

 Components
 Type
 Value
 Form

 1,2 Butylene Oxide (CAS
 TWA
 5.9 mg/m3

 106-88-7)
 2 ppm

 ETHANE,
 TWA
 1000 ppm
 8 hour

 1,1,1,2-TETRAFLUORO-(H
 FC-134a) (CAS 811-97-2)

Biological limit values

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Exposure guidelines

US - California OELs: Skin designation

1-Propanol (CAS 71-23-8)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

n-Propyl Bromide (CAS 106-94-5)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

1-Propanol (CAS 71-23-8) Skin designation applies.

US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Skin designation

1-Propanol (CAS 71-23-8)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering

controls

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles). Eye wash fountain and emergency showers

are recommended.

Skin protection

Hand protection Viton or nitrile rubber gloves are recommended. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the

glove supplier.

Other Wear suitable protective clothing. Wear protective gloves.

Respiratory protection When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate

certified respirators. Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge.

Thermal hazards Not applicable.

General hygiene considerations

When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely

wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance Liquid.
Physical state Gas.
Form Aerosol.
Color Clear
Odor Strong.

Odor threshold Not established
pH Not applicable
Melting point/freezing point Not established
Initial boiling point and boiling 158 °F (70 °C)

range

Flash point < 73.4 °F (< 23.0 °C) Tag Closed Cup

Evaporation rate 6 BuAc
Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

4 %

(%)

Flammability limit - upper

8 %

(%)

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available.

Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

Vapor pressure > 100 mm Hg @20°C

Vapor density ~4.3 (air = 1)
Relative density Not available.

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) 3 - 5 %
Partition coefficient > 1

(n-octanol/water)

Auto-ignition temperature> 914 °F (> 490 °C)Decomposition temperatureNot establishedViscosityNot available.

Other information

Heat of combustion 12 kJ/g
Percent volatile 100 %

Specific gravity 1.29 - 1.32 @20°C

VOC (Weight %) 70.1 % per US State and Federal Consumer Product Regulations

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

reactions

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials Aluminum. Alkali earth metals. Alkaline metals.

Hazardous decomposition

products

Carbon oxides. Hydrogen bromide. Hydrogen fluoride.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Irritating to respiratory system. Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatique,

dizziness and nausea.

Skin contact Causes skin irritation.

Eye contact Causes serious eye irritation.

Ingestion Harmful if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause redness and pain. Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Behavioral changes. Narcosis. Decrease in

motor functions.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Harmful if swallowed. Narcotic effects. May cause respiratory irritation.

Components Species Test Results

1,2 Butylene Oxide (CAS 106-88-7)

Acute

Dermal

LD50 Rabbit 2100 mg/kg

Inhalation

LC100 Rat 8000 ppm, 4 Hours

Oral

LD50 Rat 500 mg/kg

1-Propanol (CAS 71-23-8)

Acute Dermal

LD50 Rabbit 4032 mg/kg, 24 Hours

Material name: LPS® NoFlash 04016 Version #: 05 Revision date: 03-15-2015 Issue date: 05-26-2014

Components	Species	Test Results	
Inhalation	Dot	000	
LC50	Rat	> 33.8 mg/l, 4 Hours	
		> 26.76 mg/l, 7 Hours	
Overt		> 9.8 mg/ml, 4 Hours	
<i>Oral</i> LD50	Mouse	6800 mg/kg	
	Rabbit	2.8 g/kg	
	Rat		
	ndi	1870 mg/kg	
n-Propyl Bromide (CAS 106-94-5)		1.87 g/kg	
Acute			
Dermal			
LD50	Rabbit	>= 10 ml/kg, 24 Hours	
	Rat	> 2000 mg/kg, 24 Hours	
Inhalation		~ ~ ~ ~ *	
LC50	Rat	14374 ppm, 4 Hours	
		7000 mg/l, 4 Hours	
		253 mg/l, 30 Minutes	
		35 mg/m3, 4 Hours	
		25 - 35 mg/l, 6 Hours	
Oral		20 00 mg/4, 0 mg/4	
LD50	Rabbit	540 mg/kg	
	Rat	> 2000 mg/kg	
-Butanol (CAS 75-65-0)			
Acute			
Oral			
LD50	Rabbit	3.6 g/kg	
	Rat	3.5 g/kg	
kin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation.		
Serious eye damage/eye rritation	Causes serious eye irritation.		
Respiratory or skin sensitization	1		
Respiratory sensitization	Not a respiratory sensitizer.		
Skin sensitization	This product is not expected t	o cause skin sensitization.	
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.		
Carcinogenicity	Suspected of causing cancer.		
ACGIH Carcinogens			
1-Propanol (CAS 71-23-8 n-Propyl Bromide (CAS 1		A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen. A3 Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to	
t-Butanol (CAS 75-65-0)	Evaluation of Carcinogenicity	humans. A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.	
1,2 Butylene Oxide (CAS	-	2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.	
Not listed.			
Reproductive toxicity	May damage fertility or the ur	born child.	
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation	n. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs	(nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.	

Aspiration hazard

Not an aspiration hazard.

Chronic effects

Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or

repeated exposure.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components		Species	Test Results	
1-Propanol (CAS 71-23-8)				1
Aquatic				×
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	3339 - 3977 mg/l, 48 hours	
Fish	LC50	Bleak (Alburnus alburnus)	3000 - 4000 mg/l, 96 hours	
n-Propyl Bromide (CAS 106-	94-5)			
Aquatic				
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	67.3 mg/l, 96 hours	
t-Butanol (CAS 75-65-0)				
Aquatic				
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	4607 - 6577 mg/l, 48 hours	
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	6130 - 6700 mg/l, 96 hours	
sistence and degradability accumulative potential	Not inherently Not available.	biodegradable.		

Pe

Bio

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

LPS® NoFlash >1 1-Propanol 0.25 ETHANE, 1,1,1,2-TETRAFLUORO-(HFC-134a) 1.06 n-Propyl Bromide 2.1 t-Butanol 0.35

Mobility in soil

Readily absorbed into soil.

Other adverse effects

None known.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions

Consult authorities before disposal. Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations

Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code

D001: Waste Flammable material with a flash point <140 F

D003: Waste Reactive material

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging

Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Do not re-use empty containers.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN number

UN proper shipping name

Aerosols, non-flammable, (each not exceeding 1 L capacity)

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 2.2 Subsidiary risk 2.2 Label(s)

Packing group

Not applicable.

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Packaging exceptions 306 Packaging non bulk None Packaging bulk None

IATA

UN number

UN1950

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Material name: LPS® NoFlash

UN proper shipping name

Aerosols, non-flammable

Transport hazard class(es)

2.2

Class

Subsidiary risk

Packing group

Not applicable.

Environmental hazards ERG Code

No.

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Other information

Passenger and cargo

aircraft

Allowed.

Cargo aircraft only

Allowed.

IMDG

UN number

UN1950

UN proper shipping name Transport hazard class(es) AEROSOLS, non-flammable

Class

2.2

Subsidiary risk Label(s)

2.2

Packing group

Not applicable.

Environmental hazards

No.

Marine pollutant **EmS**

F-D, S-U

Transport in bulk according to

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable.

DOT



IATA; IMDG



15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

1,2 Butylene Oxide (CAS 106-88-7)

Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

Material name: LPS® NoFlash SDS US

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes

Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - No Pressure Hazard - Yes Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous Yes

chemical

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical nameCAS number% by wt.1,2-BUTYLENE OXIDE106-88-7< 1</td>

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

1,2 Butylene Oxide (CAS 106-88-7)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act Not regulated.

(SDWA)

US state regulations

US - California Candidate Chemicals: Listed

n-Propyl Bromide (CAS 106-94-5)

t-Butanol (CAS 75-65-0)

US - California Candidate Chemicals: Listed on initial list

1,2 Butylene Oxide (CAS 106-88-7)

US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100)

Jot listed

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

1,2 Butylene Oxide (CAS 106-88-7)

1-Propanol (CAS 71-23-8)

n-Propyl Bromide (CAS 106-94-5)

t-Butanol (CAS 75-65-0)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

1,2 Butylene Oxide (CAS 106-88-7)

1-Propanol (CAS 71-23-8)

n-Propyl Bromide (CAS 106-94-5)

t-Butanol (CAS 75-65-0)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

1.2 Butylene Oxide (CAS 106-88-7)

1-Propanol (CAS 71-23-8)

n-PropvI Bromide (CAS 106-94-5)

t-Butanol (CAS 75-65-0)

US. Rhode Island RTK

1,2 Butylene Oxide (CAS 106-88-7)

t-Butanol (CAS 75-65-0)

US. California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin

n-Propyl Bromide (CAS 106-94-5) Listed: December 7, 2004

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Female reproductive toxin

n-Propyl Bromide (CAS 106-94-5) Listed: December 7, 2004

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Male reproductive toxin

n-Propyl Bromide (CAS 106-94-5) Listed: December 7, 2004

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes

United States & Puerto Rico Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

Yes

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

 Issue date
 05-26-2014

 Revision date
 03-15-2015

Version # 05

Disclaimer The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge,

information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other

materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

Revision Information GHS: Classification

^{*}A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).