Neptune Datasheet Suspended Solids Analyzer

"Flolevel acoustic transducers are not affected by color, density, dielectric or by the type of mineral they are working with.

They are self-cleaning and self-checking"

Neptune is the first purpose built in-situ analyzer for measuring the suspended solids of slurries. Specifically developed for the flotation process in mineral processing, this unique technology gives reliable performance under the most severe service conditions. It incorporates self-cleaning to provide long service life and minimal maintenance.

Principle of Operation

Neptune uses high powered acoustic signals to accurately and repeatedly measure characteristics of the slurry, and provides an analog signal proportional to the changes within these characteristics. At the same time, the high energy action of the Neptune pulse provides acoustic self-cleaning of the sensors to reduce the buildup of scale and coating by the particles in the slurry. It is unaffected by changing environmental conditions within the flotation cell, and is designed to measure suspended solids throughout the measured range.





Features

- Simple setup & calibration
- Robust sensor design
- Self-cleaning sensor design
- Colour graphic display
- Enclosure heating/cooling

Primary Application Uses

The **Neptune** suspended solids analyzer has been designed, specifically for the Flotation Cell mineral recovery process. It has been designed to provide a stable signal, proportional to the solids concentration in the Pulp/Slurry under all environmental conditions. The output from this analyzer can be used for feedback to the water addition and other control functions for improved automation capability of the Flotation process.

It can be used in all Rougher, Scavenger, Cleaner and Flash Flotation circuits. In Flash Flotation Cells, it could be highly valuable as feedback to the Ball Mill, regarding the percentage of particles that present to the Flash Cell as well as providing feedback for water addition, to optimize recovery of the particles of a size that can be floated in the Flash Cell and returned as concentrate.

The Neptune analyzer can provide a full suspended solids profile of the total tank depth, by adding additional array assemblies.

In reagent dosing tanks it can be used to control reagent dosing rate as well as water addition control.

The Neptune suspended solids density analyzer can be used in all applications where an analog output signal is required on solids concentration in a liquid.

Specifications

Power Supply 90-250VAC 50/60Hz

Power Consumption <5A @ 250VAC

Outputs

1 x 4-20mA @ 24VDC Maximum Load 500 ohms Linearity Error +/-0.1% Modbus RS-485 Serial RS-232 Ethernet TCP/IP ProfiBus CANBus: CANopen, UniCAN Optional features: Relay outputs, Additional communication options

Display

3.5" QVGA TFT color LCD Resolution: 320 x 240 pixels Touchscreen 5 input keys Adjustable brightness NEMA-4X / IP66 Conformal coated circuit boards Battery backup, 7 year typical Serial RS-232 / RS-485 comms

Accuracy +/- 2.0% of range

Maximum measuring range 0 - 100% solids

Standard Array Sensors 3-Sensor (analyzer only) Estimated weight: 5kg

Mounting Assembly Flange: 12-inch ANSI form Length: per request Weight: per request

Materials of Construction Array Housing: ABS Sensor face: 316SS Mounting Frame: 316SS Enclosure: 316SS Window: polycarbonate Hardware: 316SS

Environmental Limits Enclosure NEMA-4X / IP65 -20C (-4F) to 80C (176F) (Supplied with heating/cooling) Hazard Class: General Purpose

Sensors NEMA-4X / IP68 -20C (-4F) to 80C (176F) Maximum Altitude 6000m Hazard Class: General Purpose

Drawings

Drawings Analyzer Array





Remote Diagnostics

Flotation Cells



All FloLevel acoustic systems come with a remote diagnostics support module, which provide remote technical support anywhere in the world from factory trained specialists.

Applications that include flotation cells, reagent dosing tanks, mining thickeners that operate 24/7 can be supported remotely through all time zones.

Condition	Problem	Corrective Action		
Suspended Solids in the ideal	None – properly operating for	None, validation that proper		
range	maximum particle liberation	particle suspension is achieved		
Suspended Solids too high	At the same feed rate as above,	For flotation cells - Increase		
	there are more solids present	aeration rate, monitor froth		
	than can be collected by the air	conditions for proper operating		
	bubbles at the same aeration	conditions.		
	rate. Particles may not attach to			
	bubbles and be lost to tails,	For flotation & flash reagent		
	reducing collection efficiency.	tanks - Dilute the feed by increasing water		
	In carbon circuits this will lead to	addition/chemical dosing, verify		
	diminished mass transfer to the	suspended solids are in the		
	carbon.	correct range.		
		For carbon circuits - Decrease		
		carbon addition or increase liquor		
		feed.		
Suspended solids too low	At the same feed rate, there are	For flotation cells - Reduce		
	insufficient particles present for	aeration rates, monitor froth		
	collection. Froth may begin to	conditions to maintain proper		
	is reduced. This reduces	operating conditions.		
	recovery and grade, also	For flotation & flash reagent		
	excessive water and chemical	tanks - Reduce water		
	consumption.	addition/chemical dose, verify		
		suspended solids are in the		
	In carbon circuits this will result in	correct range.		
	a loss of leaching residence time			
	and increase reagent addition	For carbon circuits - Increase		
	rates.	carbon addition or reduce liquor		
		feed.		



Figure 1: The flotation system includes many interrelated components, and changes in one area will produce compensating effects in other areas (Klimpel, 1995)

Part Numbers

Product	Control Range = CR	Flange Position Dist = FP Above control range	Range	Array Transducer Housing Material	Power Supply	Outputs	Cable Length Interface Array to Controller	Flange Type for Mounting Bracket
FLN	300mm = 1 600mm = 2 Other = 3	1000mm = 1 2000mm = 2 Custom (m) = X	0-100% = 1	ABS = 1	90-265Vac 50/60Hz @10A	1x4-20Ma= 1	15m = 15 Other (m) = X	12" ANSI = 1





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