## Word Problems March 17, 2023

## MA+:

MA+ $:$

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## Say hello.

Describe your spring break plans!

November 2022
Operations

- Addition and subtraction concepts
- Multiplication and division concepts
- Computation with addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division

March 2023
Word-Problem Solving

- Attack strategies
- Schemas

January 2023

## Fractions

- Length, area, and set models
- Comparison of fractions
- Ordering of fractions
- Computation of fractions


## April 2023

Geometry

- Understanding twodimensional shapes
- Lines and angles
- Understanding threedimensional shapes




## Instructional Platform

INSTRUCTIONAL DELIVERY


INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES
Fluency building
Problem solving
instruction

## MODELING

Step-by-step explanation

## PRACTICE

Guided practice

Independent practice
Planned examples

## SUPPORTS

Ask high-level and low-level questions
Eliciting frequent responses
Providing affirmative and corrective feedback

## Use formal math language

Use terms precisely





## Maya has 120 caramel apples to sell. Each caramel apple is covered with one topping.

- $\frac{1}{5}$ of the caramel apples are covered with peanuts.
- $\frac{1}{3}$ are covered with chocolate chips.
- $\frac{3}{10}$ are covered with coconut.
- The rest are covered with sprinkles.

How many caramel apples are covered with sprinkles?
A 100
B 33
C 25
D 20

Solve the problem

Maya has 120 caramel apples to sell. Each caramel apple is covered with one topping.

- $\frac{1}{5}$ of the caramel apples are covered with peanuts.
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## How would you solve this problem? What skills are necessary to solve this problem?





## 1.Keywords tied to operations



> Lincoln had 8 pencils fewer than Roscoe. If Roscoe had 18 pencils, how many pencils did Lincoln have?

Lincoln had 8 pencils fewer than Roscoe. If Lincoln had 18 pencils, how many pencils did Roscoe have?




Description of Single-Step Word Problems ( $n=132$ )

| Schema | Occurrence of schema |  | Any keyword |  | Schemaspecific keywords ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  | Multiple keywords ${ }^{3}$ |  | Keyword(s) led to correct solution ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $n$ | \% | $n$ | \% | $n$ | \% | $n$ | \% | $n$ | \% |
| Total | 27 | 20.5 | 26 | 96.3 | 23 | 88.5 | 5 | 19.2 | 21 | 80.8 |
| Difference | 17 | 12.9 | 17 | 100.0 | 14 | 82.4 | 2 | 11.8 | 12 | 70.6 |
| Change | 11 | 8.3 | 7 | 63.6 | 5 | 71.4 | 5 | 71.4 | 2 | 28.6 |
| Equal groups | 29 | 22.0 | 26 | 89.7 | 22 | 84.6 | 18 | 69.2 | 8 | 30.8 |
| Comparison | 10 | 7.6 | 9 | 90.0 | 9 | 100.0 | 4 | 44.4 | 5 | 55.6 |
| Ratios or proportions | 29 | 22.0 | 23 | 79.3 | 9 | 39.1 | 9 | 39.1 | 6 | 26.1 |
| Product of measures | 9 | 6.8 | 9 | 100.0 | 8 | 88.9 | 1 | 11.1 | 5 | 55.6 |
| ${ }^{3}$ When a problem featured a keyword. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |



| Schema | Occurrence of schema ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  | Any keyword |  | Keyword(s) led to correct solution ${ }^{\text {b }}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $n$ | \% | $n$ | \% | $n$ | \% |
| Total | 40 | 47.6 | 39 | 97.5 | 3 | 7.7 |
| Difference | 11 | 13.1 | 11 | 100.0 | 1 | 9.1 |
| Change | 21 | 23.8 | 19 | 95.0 | 1 | 5.3 |
| Equal groups | 49 | 58.3 | 48 | 98.0 | 1 | 2.1 |
| Comparison | 7 | 8.3 | 7 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Ratios or proportions | 22 | 25.0 | 16 | 76.2 | 1 | 6.3 |
| Product of measures | 7 | 8.3 | 7 | 100.0 | 2 | 28.6 |

${ }^{3}$ Sum across schemas does not equal 100 because each word problem featured more than one schema.
${ }^{\text {b }}$ When a problem featured a keyword.

Mr. Rivera's taxable income is $\$ 20$ each hour before taxes are taken out. Mr. Rivera worked a total of 40 hours each week for 50 weeks.

What is the dollar amount, to the nearest dollar, taken out for taxes based on Mr. Rivera's taxable income?

Jessica rented 1 video game and 3 movies for a total of $\$ 11.50$.

- The video game cost $\$ 4.75$ to rent.
- The movies cost the same amount each to rent.

What amount, in dollars, did Jessica pay to rent each movie?

The temperature of a substance decreased by $24^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ per minute for 3 minutes. What was the overall change of the temperature of the substance?

Keywords are important to identify and understand

Keywords are the mathematical vocabulary that help an students understand what the story is about and what they need to do

Talk about keywords
("What does more than tell you about?")

But, do not tie a keyword to a specific operation!
2. Presenting problems by operation

## Addition Word Problems




## Teach an attack strategy

## Teach about schemas

$x A+1$

Maya has 120 caramel apples to sell. Each caramel apple is covered with one topping.

- $\frac{1}{5}$ of the caramel apples are covered with peanuts.
- $\frac{1}{3}$ are covered with chocolate chips.
- $\frac{3}{10}$ are covered with coconut.
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How many caramel apples are covered with sprinkles?
A 100
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C 25
D 20


Attack Strategy

## SOLVE

Study the problem.
Organize the facts
Line up the plan.
Verify the plan with computation
Examine the answer.

## R-CUBES

Read the problem.
Circle key numbers.
Underline the question.
Box action words.
Evaluate steps.
Solve and check.

> | > UPSV |
| :--- |
| > UNDERSTAND |
| > PLAN |
| > SOLVE |
| > VCHECK $^{\text {SOmememem }}$ |
| >  > |

## RIDE

Read the problem.
Identify the relevant information.
Determine the operation and unit for the answer.
Enter the correct numbers and calculate, then check the answer.

## RIDGES

Read the problem.
I know statement.
Draw a picture.
Goal statement.
Equation development. Solve the equation.

## RICE

Read and record the problem.
Illustrate your thinking.

## STAR

Stop and read the problem carefully.
Think about your plan and the strategy you will use.
Act. Follow your plan and solve the problem.
Review your answer.

## SUPER

Slowly read the story problem twice.
Underline the question and circle the numbers you need.
Picture it. Draw the scenario to show what is happening.
Explain the problem with a number sentence.
Rewrite the answer in a sentence.

## SHINES

Slowly and carefully read the problem. Highlight or underline key information. Identify the question by drawing a circle around it. Now solve the problem. Show your work.
Examine your work for precision, accuracy, and clarity. Share your answer by writing a sentence.

## R-CUBES

## Read the problem.

Circle key numbers.
Underline the question.

## SOLVE

Study the problem.
Organize the facts.
Line up the plan.
Verify the plan with computation.
Examine the answer.
Box action words.
Evaluate steps.
Solve and check.

Share your favorite attack strategy.

Describe how you will use the attack strategy in your teaching,

## Teach an attack strategy

## Teach about schemas

$x A+1$

## Total

## Difference

## Change

## Equal Groups

## Comparison

## Ratios/Proportions

## Total

Count one set, count another set, put sets together, count sum


$$
2+3=5
$$

## Total

Parts put together into a total

Danielle saw 4 cardinals and 5 blue jays. How many birds did Danielle see?

## Change

Start with a set, add the other set, count sum


$$
2+3=5
$$

## Change

An amount that increases or decreases

Nicki had \$4. Then they earned \$5 for cleaning their room. How much money does Nicki have now?

## $6+7=$

$\square$ Share a Total story.

## Share a Change/Join story.

## Change

Start with a set, take away from that set, count difference

$$
5-3=2
$$

## Change

An amount that increases or decreases

Lisa had 9 cookies. Then they ate 2 of the cookies. How many cookies does Lisa have now?

## Difference

Compare two sets, count difference


$$
5-3=2
$$

## Difference

Greater and less amounts compared for a

Molly has 9 pencils. Lauren has 4 pencils. How many more pencils does Molly have? (How many fewer does Lauren have? What's the difference between Molly's and Lauren's pencils?)

$$
14-8=
$$

믐
Share a Change/Separate
story.

Share a Difference story.

| Schema and Definition | Equations and Graphic Organizers |  |  | Examples |  |  | Variations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total (Combine; Part-partwhole) Parts combined for a sum | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{P} 1+\mathrm{P} 2=\mathrm{T} \\ & (\text { part }+ \text { part }=\text { total }) \end{aligned}$ |  |  | Sum unknown: Lyle has 11 red apples and 18 green apples. How many apples does Lyle have altogether? | Part unknown: Lyle has 29 red and green apples. If 11 of the apples are red, how many green apples does Lyle have? |  | More than two parts: Lyle has 34 apples. Of the apples, 11 are red, 18 are green, and the rest are yellow. How many yellow apples does Lyle have? |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Difference (Compare) <br> Sets compared for a difference | $B-s=D$ <br> (biger - maller = differnow) | G - L <br> (pwater-le <br> (lesser) | D | Difference unknown: <br> Sasha wrote 85 words in her essay. and Tabitha wrote 110 words. How mary fewer words did Sasha write than Tabitha? | Bigger/greater unknown: <br> Tabitha wrote 25 more words than Sasha. If Sasha wrote 85 words, how many words did Tabitha write? | Smaller/lesser unknown: <br> Tabitha wrote 110 words in her essay. Sasha wrote 25 words fewer than Tabitha. How many words did Sasha write? | (None) |
| Change <br> (Join; <br> Separate) <br> An amount <br> that <br> increases <br> or <br> decreases | ST $+/-C=E$ <br> (start $+/$ change $=$ end) |  |  | End (increase) unknown: Jorge had \$52. Then, he earned $\$ 16$ babysitting. How much money does Jorge have now? <br> End (decrease) unknown: Jorge had \$52. Then, he spent \$29 at the ballpark. How much money does Jorge have now? | Change (increase) unknown: <br> Jorge had \$52. <br> Then, he eamed some money babysitting. <br> Now, Jorge has $\$ 68$. How much did Jorge earn babysitting? <br> Change (decrease) unknown: Jorge had $\$ 52$ but spent some money when he went to the ballpark. Now, Jorge has $\$ 23$. How much did Jorge spend at the ballpark? | Start (increase) unknown: Jorge has some money, and then he earned $\$ 16$ for babysitting. Now, Jorge has \$68. How much money did he have to start with? <br> Start (decrease) unknown: Jorge had some money. Then, he spent $\$ 29$ at the ballpark and has $\$ 23$ left. How much money did Jorge have before going to the ballpark? | Multiple changes: Jorge had \$78. He stopped and bought a pair of shoes for $\$ 42$ and then he spent $\$ 12$ at the grocery. How much money does Jorge have now? |

## Total



## Parts put together into a total

Dina saw 3 canoes and 8 kayaks. How many boats did Dina see?

Total

Part

Part

Dina saw 11 boats. 8 of the boats were kayaks, how many were canoes?

## Total

"Are parts put together for a total?"

Total
$P 1+P 2=$ T

## (total)

## (part)

## (part)

## Total



Total

## Write a Total problem.

## Difference

Greater and lesser amounts compared for a difference

Bethany has 10 pencils. Grant has 4 pencils. How many more pencils does Bethany have?

Bethany has 6 more pencils than Grant. If Grant has 4 pencils, how many does Bethany have?

Grant has 6 fewer pencils than Bethany. Bethany has 10 pencils. How many pencils does Grant

## Difference

Greater amount have?

## Total

"Are parts put together for a total?"

## Difference

"Are amounts compared for a difference?"

## Difference



## Difference

## Additive Word Problems

D.
Audrey has 162 wooden beads and 95 glass beads. What is the difference between glass beads. What is the difference between
Audrey's wooden beads and glass beads?

Damian's dog eats $q 1 / 2$ cups of dog food each week. Monte's dog eats $41 / 4$ cups less each week than Damian's dog. How much does Monte's dog eat in a week?

NOTES ABOUT DIFFERENCE PROBLEMS:
The temperature in Norfolk was 12
degrees warmer than in Roanoke where
the temperature was 79 degrees. It was 86
degrees in Marion. What was the temperature in Norfolk?

## Difference

## Write a Difference problem.

## Change

An amount that increases or decreases

Maura had 6 notebooks. Then, she bought 3 notebooks. How many notebooks does Maura have now?

End amount
Maura had 6 notebooks. Then, she bought a few more notebooks. Now, Maura has 9 notebooks. How many notebooks did she buy?

Maura had some notebooks. Then, she bought 3

Change amount

Start amount notebooks. Now, Maura has 9 notebooks. How many notebooks did she have to start with?

## Change

## An amount that increases or decreases

Adia baked 20 cookies. Then, she ate 3 of the cookies. How many cookies does Adia have now?

Adia baked 20 cookies. Then, she ate some of the cookies. Now, she has 17 cookies. How many cookies did Adia eat?

End amount

## Change amount

Adia baked some cookies. She ate 3 of the cookies and has 17 cookies left. How many cookies did

Start
amount Adia bake?

## Total

"Are parts put together for a total?"

## Difference

"Are amounts compared for a difference?"

Change
"Does an amount increase or decrease?"

## Change



$$
+1-
$$


(start)
(change)
(end)


## Change

## Additive Word Problems

| G. |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| A plant was 3 | $3 / 4$ inches tall at the beginning | of June. By the end of July, the plant was

$q 1 / 8$ inches tall. How many inches did the plant grow in 2 months?

Martina has some money in her bank account. Then, she spent $\$ 135.69$ and has a balance of $-\$ 24.80$. How much money did Martina have to begin with?
I.
Hui saved $\$ 70$ in January. In February, she

Hui saved $\$ 70$ in January. In February, she
spent $\$ 64$ of the money she saved. She save
spent $\$ 64$ of the money she saved. She saved
$\$ 92$ more in March. How much has Hui saved
by the end of March?

## Change

## Write a Change problem.



## Schema Check!

## Change

Pablo goes to a stamp show where he can share, buy, and sell stamps.

## 26. Part A

The first day, Pablo starts with 744 stamps. He buys 27 stamps from his friend. He then sells 139 stamps.

What is the total number of stamps that Pablo has after the first day of the stamp show?

## Difference

The graph below shows the number of pounds of plastic the Keller family recycled for five months.

Recycled Plastic


Each $\square$ means 20 pounds.
Based on the graph, how many more pounds of plastic did the family recycle in July than in April?

Mr. Conley delivers packages. The bar graph shows the total number of packages he delivered on five days last week.

10. Part A

What is the total number of packages Mr. Conley delivered on Monday and Tuesday?
(4) 300
(8) 340
(c) 350
(2) 360

| Schema and Definition | Equations and Graphic Organizers |  |  | Examples |  |  | Variations |
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| Total | Difference | Change |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

Which of these schemas would be important to teach?
How do you plan to teach the schemas to your students?
What additional information or materials do you need?


## Equal Groups

Show the groups, show the amount for each group, count product

$3 \times 2=6$

## Equal Groups

Show the groups, show the amount for each group, count product

$3 \times 2=6$

## Equal Groups

Groups multiplied by number in each group for a product

Elizabeth has 2 boxes of crayons. There are 12 crayons in each box. How many crayons does Elizabeth have altogether?

## Comparison

Show a set, then multiply the set

## 

$$
3 \times 2=6
$$

## Comparison

Set multiplied by a number of times for a product

Eric picked 6 apples. Maureen picked 2 times as many apples as Eric. How many apples did Maureen pick?

$$
4 \times 3=
$$

## Share an Equal Groups story.

## Share a Comparison story.

## Equal Groups <br> (Partitive Division)

Show the dividend, divide equally among divisor, count quotient


앙

$$
8 \div 2=4
$$

Show the dividend, make groups of the divisor, count groups

$$
8 \div 2=4
$$

## Equal Groups

Groups multiplied by number in each group for a product
Shannon has 12 apples. She wants to share them equally among her 2 friends. How many apples will each friend receive?

Tara has 12 apples. She put them into bags containing 6 apples each. How many bags did Tara use?

$$
15 \div 5=
$$

## Share a Partitive story.

## Share a Quotative story.

$x A+H$

## Total

## Difference

## Change

## Equal Groups

## Comparison

## Ratios/Proportions

| Schema and Definition | Graphic Organizers | Examples |  |  | Variations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Equal Groups (Vary) A number of equal sets or units |  | Product unknown: Maria bought 5 cartons of eggs with 12 eggs in each carton. How many eggs did Maria buy? | Groups unknown: Maria bought 60 eggs. The eggs were sold in cartons with 12 eggs each. How many cartons of eggs did Maria buy? | Number unknown: Maria bought 5 cartons of eggs for a total of 60 eggs. How many eggs were in each carton? | With rate: <br> Maria bought 5 cartons of eggs. Each carton cost $\$ 2.95$. How much did Maria spend on eggs? |
| Comparison One set as a multiple or part of another set |  | Product unknown: Malik picked 7 flowers. Danica picked 3 times as many flowers. How many flowers did Danica pick? | Set unknown: <br> Danica picked 3 times as many flowers as Malik. If Danica picked 21 flowers, how many flowers did Malik pick? | Times unknown: Malik picked 7 flowers. Danica picked 21 flowers. How many times more flowers did Danica pick? | With fraction: Malik picked 25 red and yellow flowers. If $1 / 5$ of the flowers were yellow, how many were red? |
| Proportions |  | Subject unknown: Sally typed 56 words in 2 minutes. How many words could Sally type in 7 minutes? <br> Base unknown: Justin baked cookies and brownies. The ratio of cookies to brownies was $3: 5$. If he baked 15 cookies, how many brownies did he bake? | Object unknown: <br> Sally typed 56 words in 2 minutes. How many minutes would it take Sally to type 192 words? <br> Compared unknown: Justin baked cookies and brownies. The ratio of cookies to brownies was 3:5. If he baked 25 brownies, how many cookies did he bake? | Ratio unknown: <br> Justin baked 15 cookies and 25 brownies. What's the ratio of cookies to brownies? | With percentage: <br> Watson received an $80 \%$ on his science quiz. If the test had 40 questions, how many questions did Watson answer correctly? <br> With unit rate: <br> Paula bought 5 boxes of markers. She spent $\$ 9.75$. What is the price of one box of markers? |

## Equal Groups

## Groups multiplied by number in each group for a product

Nicole has 2 boxes of crayons. There are 12 crayons in each box. How many crayons does Nicole have altogether?

## Product

Nicole has 24 crayons. They want to place them equally into 2 boxes. How many crayons will Nicole place in each box?

Nicole has 24 crayons. They put them into boxes with 12 crayons each. How many boxes did Nicole

Number in each group

Groups use?

## Equal Groups

"Are there groups with an equal number in each group?"

## Equal Groups

## GR $\times N(E)=$



## Equal Groups

| A. <br> Lola baked 6 pies. For each pie, Lola used 5 <br> apples. How many apples did Lola use? | B. <br> Jane bought 112 light bulbs. The light bulbs <br> come in packs of 4. How many packs of light <br> bulbs did Jane buy? |
| :--- | :--- |

Zachary has 3 feet of string. He makes braclets, and each bracelet needs 5 1/4 inches of string. How many bracelets could Zachary make?

## Equal Groups

Write an Equal Groups problem.

## Comparison

Set multiplied by a number of times for a product

Courtney ran 6 minutes. Michelle ran 4 times longer than Courtney. How many minutes did Michelle run?

## Product

## Equal Groups

"Are there groups with an equal number in each group?"

## Comparison

"Is a set compared a number of times?"

## Comparison



## Comparison

| D. |
| :--- |
| Enrique has 2 times as many pencils as Ava | Enrique has 2 times as many pencils as Ava

Ava has 6 pencils. How many pencils does Ava has 6 penc
Enrique have?

Susan has 7 times as many books as Mo. Mo has 18 books. How many books Susan has?

NOTES ABOUT COMPARISON PROBLEMS:

Fally typed 56 words in 2 minutes. At this rate, how many words could Sally type in 7 minutes?

An airplane's altitude changed -378 feet over 7 minutes. What was the mean change of altitude in feet per minute?

## Comparison

Write a Comparison problem.

## Ratios/Proportions

Description of relationships among quantities

Julie baked cookies and brownies. The ratio of cookies to brownies was 3:5. If she baked 25 brownies, how many cookies did she bake?

Shelly typed 56 words in 2 minutes. At this rate, how many words could Shelly type in 7 minutes?

## Equal Groups

"Are there groups with an equal number in each group?"

## Comparison

## "Is a set compared a number of times?"

## Ratios/Proportions

"Are there relationships among

## Ratios/Proportions



## Ratios/Proportions

Multiplicative Word Problems

Enrique has 2 times as many pencils as Ava. Ava has 6 pencils. How many pencils does Enrique have?

Susan has 7 times as many books as Mo. Mo has 18 books. How many books Susan has?

NOTES ABOUT COMPARISON PROBLEMS:
G.
An airplane's altitude changed -378 feet over

Fally typed 56 words in 2 minutes. At this rate, how many words could Sally type in 7 minutes?

7 minutes. What was the mean change of altitude in feet per minute?

## Ratios/Proportions

## Write a Ratios or Proportions problem.



## Schema Check!

## Equal Groups

Mr. Kowolski ordered 35 boxes of granola bars. Each box contained 24 granola bars.

What is the total number of granola bars Mr. Kowolski ordered?

## Ratios/Proportions

A company makes 625 cell phone cases each day. How many cell phone cases does the company make in 31 days?

## Comparison

Danielle's full-grown dog weighs 10 times as much as her puppy. The puppy weighs 9 pounds.

Enter the number of pounds the full-grown dog weighs.

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Ratio/
Proportion

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## Total

## Difference

## Change

## Equal Groups

## Comparison

## Ratios/Proportions

Total
Difference


Ratio/
Proportion

Josh ran 18 miles last week. He ran twice as many miles this week. How many miles did he run this week?
Total
Difference


Ratio/
Proportion

Mary earned $\$ 4.25$ completing chores on Tuesday. Mary then earned $\$ 12.50$ vacuuming for her mom on Friday. How much did Mary make in all?
Total
Difference


Ratio/
Proportion

The furile moved 2 ft every 3 minutes. How far did the furite move in 14 minutes?
Total
Difference $\quad$ Change


Ratio/
Proportion

Joe and Steph are collecting RSVPs for their event. They received 129 RSVPs last week and 65 this week. Today, 17 people said they could no longer attend. How many guests will be aitending the event?
Total
Difference
Change


Adam bought 30 gallons of gas for $\$ 96$. What was the cost per gallon?
Total
Difference


Ratio/
Proportion

Samone earned $\$ 6$ more dollars babysitting than David. The Clarkes paid David $\$ 14$ for babysitting their twin sons. How much money did Samone earn?

## Teach an attack strategy

## Teach about schemas

$x A+1$


Solve the problem

What skills are necessary to solve this problem?

## 믐

Revisit this problem. Discuss the schemas in the problem.


| Multi-Step Problems |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| A. Leslie had 3 pizzas. Each pizza was cut into 8 pieces. Leslie ate 2 pieces. How many pieces were left? | B. <br> Mr. Kahn gave away 8 blue balloons and 6 red balloons. He gave away 3 times the number of white balloons as red balloons. What was the total number of balloons Mr. Kahn gave away? |
| C. <br> An egg farm packages 264 total cartons of eggs each month. The farm has 3 different sizes of cartons. <br> The small carton hold 8 eggs, and $1 / 6$ of the total cartons are small. <br> The medium carton holds 12 eggs, and $2 / 3$ of the total cartons are medium. <br> The large carton holds 18 eggs, and the rest of the total cartons are large. <br> Determine how many each size of carton is needed each month. Then determine how many eggs are needed to fill the 264 cartons. |  |

## Teach an attack strategy

## Teach about schemas

$x A+1$

## Instructional Platform

INSTRUCTIONAL DELIVERY


INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES
Fluency building
Problem solving
instruction


## https://intensiveintervention.org/intensive-intervention-math-course

National Center on
INTENSIVE INTERVENTION
at American Institutes for Research

| Intensive | Tools | Implementation | Intervention | Information |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Intervention - | Charts - | Support • | Materials • | For... - |

## Intensive Intervention in Mathematics Course Content

NCII, through a collaboration with the University of Connecticut, developed a set of course content focused on developing educators' skills in designing and delivering intensive mathematics instruction This content is designed to support faculty and professional development providers with instructing p
 service and in-service educators who are developing and/or refining their implementation of intensive mathematics intervention.

[^0]

## Teaching Math

 in Middle SchoolUsing MTSS to Meet All Students' Needs

November 2022
Operations

- Addition and subtraction concepts
- Multiplication and division concepts
- Computation with addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division

March 2023
Word-Problem Solving

- Attack strategies
- Schemas

January 2023

## Fractions

- Length, area, and set models
- Comparison of fractions
- Ordering of fractions
- Computation of fractions


## April 2023

Geometry

- Understanding twodimensional shapes
- Lines and angles
- Understanding threedimensional shapes


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[^0]:    Intensive instruction was recently identified as a high-leverage practice in special educations , and DBI is a research based approach to delivering intensive instruction across content areas (NCII, 2013). This course provides learners with an opportunity to extend their understanding of intensive instruction through in-depth exposure to DBI in mathematics, complete with exemplars from actual classroom teachers.

    NCII, through a collaboration with the University of Connecticut and the National Center on Leadership in Intensive Intervention and with support from the CEEDAR Center『, developed course content focused on enhancing educators' skills in intensive mathematics intervention. The course includes eight modules that can support faculty and professional development providers with instructing pre-service and in-service educators who are learning to implement intensive mathematics intervention through data-based individualization (DBI). The content in this course complements concepts covered in the Features of Explicit Instruction Course and so we suggest that users complete both courses.

