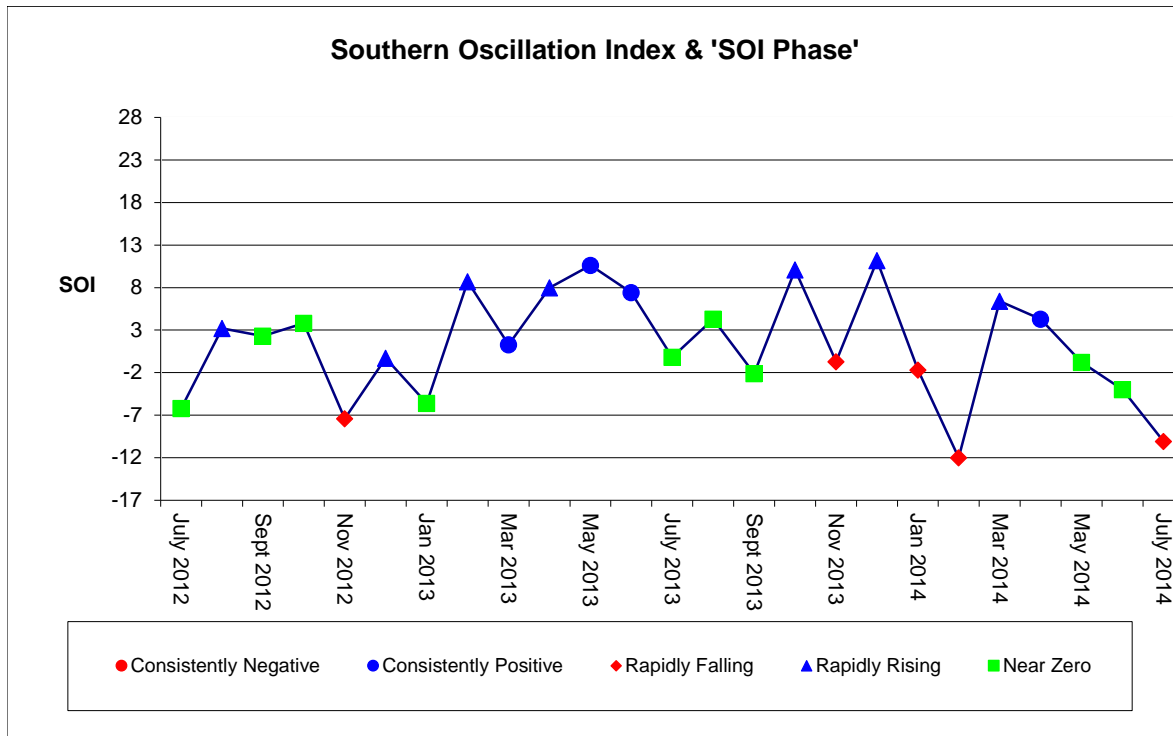


Climate Outlook September-October 2014

SOI TRACKER:

The monthly average SOI for August was negative 10.1 (-10.1) compared to negative 4.0 (-4.0) in July. Therefore the SOI phase for August came out as "Rapidly Falling".

	SOI VALUE	SOI PHASE
End of September 2013	4.3	"Consistently Near Zero"
End of October 2013	-2.1	"Consistently Near Zero"
End of November 2013	10.1	"Rapidly Rising"
End of December 2013	-0.7	"Rapidly Falling"
End of January 2014	11.2	"Rapidly Rising"
End of February 2014	-1.7	"Rapidly Falling"
End of March 2014	-12.0	"Rapidly Falling"
End of April 2014	6.4	"Rapidly Rising"
End of May 2014	4.3	"Consistently Positive"
End of June 2014	-0.8	"Consistently Near Zero"
End of July 2014	-4.0	"Consistently Near Zero"
End of August 2014	-10.1	"Rapidly Falling"



RAINFALL OUTLOOK

- Median rainfall for September-October at Macknade is equal to 57.5 mm.
- Based on the new SOI phase, we have calculated the chance of exceeding median rainfall for September-October for the Herbert region to be 31%. (A 50% chance is what would be considered the 'normal chance' of experiencing above median rainfall).
- The Upper Quartile (top quartile of rainfall) for September-October at Macknade is equal to 105.9 mm.
- Based on past rainfall events over a period of more than 110 years, the chance of experiencing excessively high rainfall (i.e. rainfall greater than the upper quartile) is equal to 23%. (25% chance is what would be considered the 'normal chance' of experiencing excessively high rainfall.)

Climate Outlook September-October 2014

SEPTEMBER-OCTOBER RAIN OUTLOOK FOR INGHAM IN DETAIL:

Since 1892 when rainfall records commenced at Macknade, there have been 13 occasions when the SOI phase at the end of August was “Rapidly Falling”. These years were:

1902 1921 1934 1936 1953 1957 1979 1986 1989 1991 1997 2002 2005

During those 13 years, total rainfall for September-October exceeded the median 4 times. Therefore the chance of exceeding median rainfall for September-October is $4/13 = 31\%$.

A high amount of rainfall (i.e. rain greater than 105.9 mm) resulted 3 times. So the chance of high rainfall is equal to $3/13 = 23\%$.

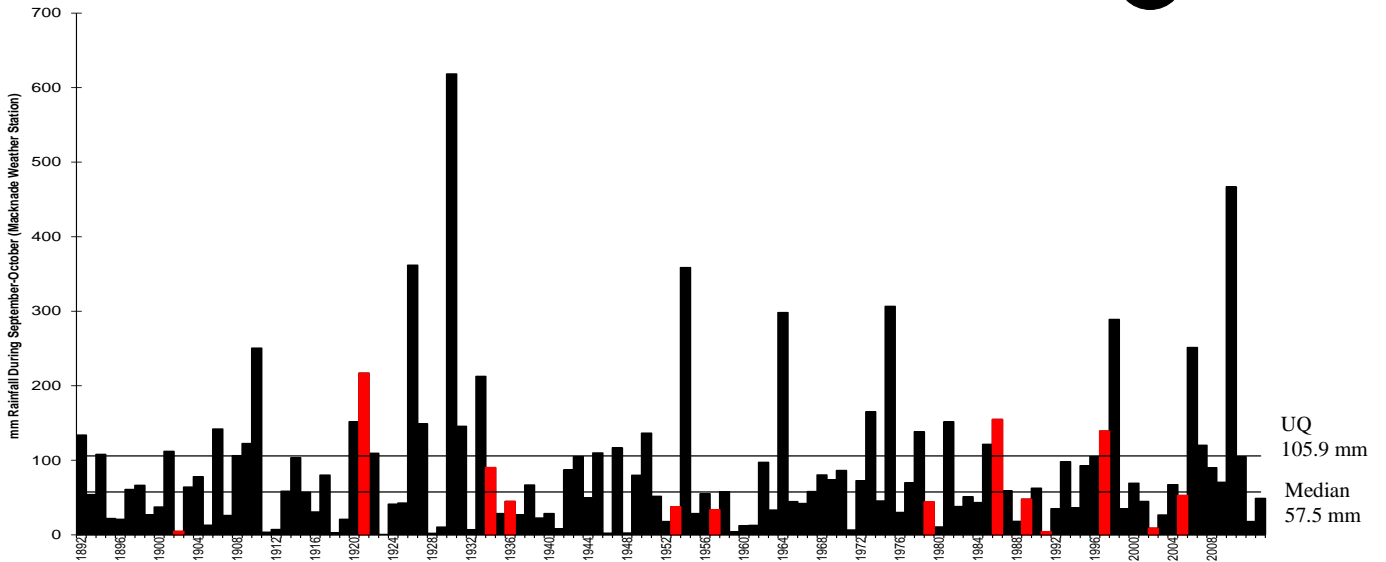
There have been 13 years when the SOI phase at the end of Aug was in a Rapidly Falling SOI phase (coloured Bars)

In 4 of those years the rainfall during Sep-Oct exceeded the median.

The chance that the Rainfall during Sep-Oct will exceed the median = $4/13 = 31\%$

In 3 of those years the Rainfall during Sep-Oct exceeded the Upper Quartile.

The chance that the Rainfall during Sep-Oct will exceed the Upper Quartile = $3/13 = 23\%$



Comparison to Last Year

	September-October 2014	September-October 2013
SOI Phase	Rapidly Falling	Consistently Near Zero
Chance of above median rainfall	31%	48%
Chance of excessively high rainfall	23%	20%

For information on sea surface temperatures and general climate information, please see <http://www.longpaddock.qld.gov.au> and <http://www.bom.gov.au/climate/ahead>.

Disclaimer:

The seasonal climate forecasting information provided in this document is presented for the purposes of raising awareness of the potential value of seasonal climate forecasting information and should be considered as a guideline only. The user assumes all risk for any liabilities, expenses, losses, damages and costs resulting directly or indirectly from the use of the climatic forecast information.