..... (Original Signature of Member)

115TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION



To require enforcement against misbranded milk alternatives.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. WELCH introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on

A BILL

To require enforcement against misbranded milk alternatives.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Defending Against
Imitations and Replacements of Yogurt, Milk, and Cheese
To Promote Regular Intake of Dairy Everyday Act" or
the "DAIRY PRIDE Act.".

8 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

9 Congress finds as follows:

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1 (1) Dairy products are an important part of a 2 healthy diet for both children and adults, according 3 to the 2015–2020 Dietary Guidelines for Americans (referred to in this section as the "Dietary Guide-4 5 lines") published by the Department of Health and 6 Human Services and the Department of Agriculture. 7 The Dietary Guidelines state that most Americans 8 are not meeting recommended intake for the dairy 9 food group. Consumption of dairy foods provides nu-10 merous health benefits, including lowering the risk 11 of diabetes, metabolic syndrome, cardiovascular dis-12 ease, and obesity.

13 (2) The Dietary Guidelines state that dairy 14 foods are excellent sources of critical nutrients for 15 human health, including vitamin D, calcium, and po-16 tassium, all of which are under consumed by people 17 of the United States. When consumed in the 18 amounts recommended by the Food Patterns of the 19 Department of Agriculture, on average across the 20 calorie levels, dairy foods contribute about 67 per-21 cent of calcium, 64 percent of vitamin D, and 17 22 percent of magnesium.

23 (3) About 30 percent of adolescent boys meet or
24 exceed the recommended 3 cup equivalents per day,
25 but less than 10 percent of adolescent females meet

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1 or exceed this recommendation. An age-related de-2 cline in dairy intake appears to begin in adolescence 3 and intakes persist at very low levels among adult 4 females across the age distribution. Less than 5 percent of adult females consume the recommended 3 5 6 cup equivalents per day. Overall, more than 80 percent of the entire population of the United States 7 8 does not meet the daily dairy intake recommendation. 9

10 (4) The Dietary Guidelines state that vitamin 11 D and potassium amounts vary across plant-based 12 milk alternatives. The amount of calcium per calorie 13 is lower for most plant-based alternative milk prod-14 ucts. To obtain the amount of calcium contained in 15 one cup of non-fat fluid milk from a plant-based 16 milk alternative, the portion size and calorie intake 17 must be greater.

18 (5) Imitation dairy products, such as plant19 based products derived from rice, nuts, soybeans,
20 hemp, coconut, algae, and other foods that imitate
21 milk, yogurt, and cheese, often do not provide the
22 same nutrition content as real milk, cheese, and yo23 gurt derived from dairy cows.

24 (6) Plant-based products labeled as milk are25 misleading to consumers.

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1 (7) The Food and Drug Administration has 2 regulations that define milk and cream as the "lac-3 teal secretion, practically free from colostrum, ob-4 tained by the complete milking of one or more 5 healthy cows" (section 131.110 of title 21, Code of 6 Federal Regulations). This definition further applies to milk used to create other dairy products, includ-7 8 ing yogurt and cheese, as specified in section 131 9 and 133 of title 21, Code of Federal Regulations.

10 (8) Given the proliferation of plant-based prod-11 ucts in the marketplace that are mislabeled as milk 12 despite the standard of identity defined for this sub-13 stance, enforcement by the Food and Drug Adminis-14 tration against these practices should be improved to 15 avoid misleading consumers.

16 SEC. 3. PURPOSE.

17 No food may be introduced or delivered for introduc-18 tion into interstate commerce using a market name for 19 a dairy product if the food does not meet the criterion 20 set forth for dairy products under paragraph (z)(2) of sec-21 tion 403 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act 22 (21 U.S.C. 343) (as added by section 4(a)).

1 SEC. 4. ENFORCEMENT OF DEFINITION.

2 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 403 of the Federal Food,
3 Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 343) is amended by
4 adding at the end the following:

5 "(z)(1) If it uses a market name for a dairy product
6 described in subparagraph (3) and the food does not meet
7 the criterion for being a dairy product, as described in
8 subparagraph (2).

9 "(2) For purposes of this paragraph, a food is a dairy 10 product only if the food is, contains as a primary ingre-11 dient, or is derived from, the lacteal secretion, practically 12 free from colostrum, obtained by the complete milking of 13 one or more hooved mammals.

14 "(3) A market name for a dairy product described 15 in this subparagraph means the dairy product terms described in parts 131 and 133 of subchapter B of chapter 16 17 I of title 21, Code of Federal Regulations and sections 135.110, 135.115, and 135.140 of title 21, Code of Fed-18 19 eral Regulations (or any successor regulations), or any 20 other term for which the Secretary has promulgated a 21 standard of identity with respect to a food that is formu-22 lated with a dairy product (as described in subparagraph (2)) as the primary ingredient.". 23

(b) GUIDANCE.—The Secretary of Health and
Human Services, acting through the Commissioner of
Food and Drugs, shall—

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(1) not later than 90 days after the date of en actment of this Act, issue draft guidance on how en forcement of the amendment made by subsection (a)
 will be carried out; and

5 (2) not later than 180 days after the date of
6 enactment of this Act, issue final guidance on such
7 enforcement.

8 (c) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Not later than 2 years 9 after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Health and Human Services, acting through the Commis-10 11 sioner of Food and Drugs, shall report to Congress on en-12 forcement actions taken under paragraph (z) of section 403 of the Federal Food Drug and Cosmetic Act (21 13 14 U.S.C. 343), as amended by this Act, including warnings 15 issued pursuant to such paragraph and penalties assessed 16 under section 303 of such Act (21 U.S.C. 333) with re-17 spect to such paragraph. If food that is misbranded under 18 section 403(z) is offered for sale in interstate commerce 19 at the time of such report, the Commissioner of Food and 20 Drugs shall include in such report an updated plan for 21 enforcement with respect to such food.