10 Warning Signs of Cancer in Dogs

1. **Bad Odor** - While “dog breath” is common, if you notice unusually foul odors coming from the mouth, nose or rectal area, it may be due to a tumor.

2. **Bumps or Lumps Under or on Skin** - Get into the habit of checking your pet’s skin monthly. Don’t forget to check behind ears and around the face. Even if you find a very tiny lump or bump, cancer can grow very quickly. Any new lumps or bumps should not be ignored. If the bumps are bleeding or there is discharge, see a veterinarian immediately.

3. **Weight Loss** - Unless you’ve put your pet on a diet, their weight should remain consistent. Sudden weight loss is a cause for concern.

4. **Appetite Changes** - If your dog has lost interest in meal times, illness is likely the cause. Many health conditions cause appetite loss. Cancer

5. **Lethargy** - Learn to tell the difference between a lazy dog and a lethargic one. You should know your dog’s personality fairly well. If he doesn’t seem himself and is spending more and more time sleeping, talk to your veterinarian.

6. **Respiratory Problems** - Dogs can get lung cancer, and some indicators could be coughing, wheezing, or shortness of breath after very little exercise.

7. **Behavior Changes** - Has your dog been snapping more than usual? Are they spending more time away from you? They could be in pain. Also pay attention to how they are walking, eating and playing. If you notice any limping or struggling – it’s time to see the vet.

8. **Open Sores** - If your dog has an open sore or other wounds that aren’t healing properly, it could be because of a larger medical issue.

9. **Vomiting and Diarrhea** - If you notice that your dog is vomiting frequently, and/or has diarrhea, you should see your veterinarian. Especially if it’s accompanied by any other of these symptoms. Also check your dog’s abdomen for bloating and distension.

10. **Pale gums** - Know what a healthy dog’s mouth looks like so you can tell when your canine’s isn’t. Very pale gums could mean blood loss – cancer is one of many illnesses associated with this symptom.
Also:

- Abnormal swellings that persist or continue to grow
- Sores that don't heal
- Bleeding or discharge from any body opening
- Difficulty eating or swallowing
- Hesitation to exercise or loss of stamina
- Persistent lameness or stiffness
- Difficulty breathing, urinating, or defecating.

Most Common Forms of Cancer in Dogs:

1. **Lymphoma or Lymphosarcoma**

   Lymphoma is among the most common type of tumor seen in dogs, representing 20 percent of all canine cancers. Signs of lymphoma vary depending on the location of the disease:

   The most common sign is enlargement of the lymph nodes - particularly the nodes under the jaw, in front of the shoulders and behind the knees or internal lymph nodes in areas such as liver or spleen. Signs: often severe, consisting of vomiting, diarrhea, abdominal pain, or difficulty breathing.

2. **Hemangiosarcoma**

   Hemangiosarcoma is a tumor that develops from cells that line blood vessels (endothelial cells). Signs usually do not show until late in the disease when the dog suffers from internal bleeding due to the tumor rupturing. The organ most frequently affected is the spleen, which can cause extreme blood loss, with the dog showing signs of shock such as sudden weakness, pale gums, and labored breathing. This tumor also frequently affects the heart, liver and skin.

3. **Osteosarcoma**

   Osteosarcoma is the most common type of primary bone tumor in the dog. Osteosarcoma is a very aggressive and rapidly spreading. Because of this, recommended treatment is surgery usually an amputation. With surgery alone, most dogs survive 4-6 months, which can be increased to 10-12 months with additional chemotherapy.

4. **Mast Cell Tumor**

   Mast cells are immune cells found throughout the body that play an important role in allergic reactions. Most mast cell tumors are found on the skin and may be detected by a sudden swelling or growth. These tumors are fairly easy to diagnose with a simple needle aspirate in your veterinary office.
4. Melanoma

Melanoma, or malignant melanoma, is a tumor made of pigmented or dark skin cells that can be found anywhere on the dog’s body. Melanomas behave differently depending on what part of the body they are found. Tumors located in the mouth and distally on a limb, such as on the foot or toes or that have spread to lymph nodes, are usually associated with a worse outcome or prognosis.

**Squamous Cell Carcinoma**

Squamous cell carcinomas can develop on the skin and inside the mouths of dogs. Oral squamous cell carcinomas are considered very aggressive and less than 10% of dogs with tumors in these locations survive to 1 year after diagnosis.

5. **Mammary Carcinoma**

Tumors of the mammary glands are the most common tumor seen in un-spayed female dogs. Forty to fifty percent of these tumors are malignant, meaning they have spread to other locations—primarily the lungs or lymph nodes—at the time of diagnosis.

**Apocrine Gland Carcinoma (Anal Sac)**

Carcinoma of the anal sac in the dog. They grow and invade tissues around the anal gland. This can make complete surgical removal difficult.

**Transitional Cell Carcinoma**

Transitional cell carcinoma is the most common tumor of the lower urinary system (bladder and urethra) in the dog. This tumor is considered locally invasive and is moderately to highly likely to metastasize to another area. Often these tumors cannot be completely removed. Tumors of the bladder are often associated with blood in the urine. Tumors below the bladder, i.e., the urethra, are associated with straining or urinary obstruction.

6. **Soft Tissue Sarcoma**

These tumors are made of connective tissue and are located either within the skin, or in tissues just below the skin. Tumors that are included in this group are fibrosarcomas, hemangiopericytomas, liposarcomas, leiomyosarcomas, and nerve sheath tumors. Soft tissue sarcomas are locally invasive, spreading by small tendrils of cancerous cells into adjacent normal tissues.

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↓ Continue to next page for Suggested Essential Oils/Supplement/Diet ↓
Dealing with Cancer and choosing the best approach for your dog is not easy. The suggested essential oils/supplements and diet are showing great promise in helping the body deal with cancer but one has to consider the use of appropriate medical help. Fighting cancer must truly be a partnership between the veterinarian and you.

If you choose to work with the suggestions made here, please realize that it is an option, one of many. Make sure you educate and work with your veterinarian in working out a treatment plan that incorporates essential oils. If needed find a veterinarian who is willing to be a partner.

Cancer Hope

Scientists have observed that there is some agent within Frankincense which stops cancer spreading, and which induces cancerous cells to close themselves down. Cancer starts when the DNA code within the cell's nucleus becomes corrupted. Frankincense has a re-set function which closes down the nucleus to stop it reproducing corrupted DNA codes.

Working with Frankincense could revolutionize the treatment of cancer. Currently, with chemotherapy, doctors blast the area around a tumor to kill the cancer, but that also kills healthy cells, and weakens the patient. Treatment with Frankincense could eradicate the cancerous cells alone and let the others live.

In scientific studies it has been found that Boswellic acid (which does not distill and is not in a pure essential oil - some companies add it in), which is added to the Cellular Vitality Complex in the supplements pack and also in the children’s chewable vitamins/minerals: exerts anti-tumor effects in colo-rectal cancer cells; induces tumor specific apoptosis and suppresses tumor aggressiveness in breast cancer cells; suppresses growth and metastasis of pancreatic tumors; acts on cerebral edema in patients irradiated for brain tumors…

Dr. David Hill the Chief Scientific Officer at dōTERRA and one of the founding executives stated, “Frankincense oil also contains limonene. Limonene, as a compound, is one of the most widely-studied natural anticancer compounds. In separate tests conducted for prostate and mammary tumors, d-limonene was found to induce apoptosis (cell death) in the cancer cells without affecting healthy cellular population. D-limonene in frankincense oil has also been found to inhibit tumor growth.”

Essential Oil Cellular Complex (EOCC): Supports healthy cell biogenesis, function, and renewal. DDR Prime includes frankincense, wild orange, lemongrass, thyme, summer savory, clove, and niaouli that have been shown in clinical studies to support cellular health and vitality.

Frankincense – anticanceral

Lemongrass – anticanceral
Thyme – improves immune functions, helps with chronic fatigue

Summer Savory – boosts immune system

Clove – antitumoral, pain. Clove oil has a great affinity for inhibiting the growth and reproduction of cervical and skin cancers. Clove oil has the Phenylpropanoids which cleans the receptor sites on our cells. Without clean receptor sites, cells cannot communicate, and the body malfunctions, resulting in sickness.

Niaouli – helps with pain, improves circulation

Studies are showing that EOCC is helping the body communicate with cancer cells to turn back on the trigger called apoptosis (which cancer cells turn off) which tells damaged, disease, abnormal, old cells to die. In effect this is telling cancer cells to stop reproducing and to die. [http://www.everythingessential.me/HealthConcerns/Cancer.html#page=page-7]

Does DDR’ Kill Cancer Cells? Patti Champine shares her research.

To Download document go to: [http://tinyurl.com/Patty-Champine-Cancer-and-DDR]

**Oil Protocol for Helping Support the Body to Better Deal With Cancer**

Up to 30 lbs - 3 drops Frankincense and (optional) Sandalwood with 6 drops EOCC with the remainder filled with VIRGIN solid (warmed to liquid state) organic cold pressed coconut oil (this has been found by the French to assist in better assimilation of essential oils by the body when taken internally) in Veggie Capsule (large holds @ 20 drops) – 2X/day with food

30-60 lbs - 4 drops each of Frankincense and Sandalwood and 8 drops EOCC in Veggie Capsules with added coconut oil – 2X/day (divide between 2 capsules)

60-100 lbs - 6 drops each of Frankincense and Sandalwood and 10 drops EOCC in Veggie Capsules with added coconut oil– 2X/day (divide between 2 capsules)

Over 100 lbs – 8 drops each of Frankincense and Sandalwood and 12 drops of EOCC in Veggie Capsules with added coconut oil – 2X/day (divide between 2 capsules)

**Supplements**

*Supplements are very important to help support body deal with cancer and its challenges.* These will help dog deal better with inflammation, healing, support healthy cell production, help with depression and reduce pain. Please make them part of the protocol to help a dog dealing with cancer.

**Childrens Chewables Vitamins and Minerals or Basic Vitality Supplements (LLV)**

- 1 Children’s Chewable for dogs up to 50 lbs 2X/day with meals (can be given as treat or crushed up and mixed into wet food.)
• 2 Children's Chewables for dogs 50-100 lbs 2X/day.
• 2 of all three Basic Vitality Supplements (LLV) for dogs over 100 lbs - 2X/day...

**Omega Complex**
- Dogs up to 30 lbs: 10-12 drops mixed into wet food 2X/day
- 30-60 lbs: 1/8 teaspoon drops mixed into wet food 2X/day
- 60-100 lbs: ¼ teaspoon mixed into wet food 2X/day
- Over 100 lbs: ½ teaspoon mixed into wet food 2X/day

Additionally, mix up 1 drop each of Frankincense and Sandalwood and 4 drops EOCC in Tablespoon of FCO (this is enough for a few applications – keep remainder in sealed container). Apply on tumor or over where tumor is in body 2X/day (worked to skin).

**Diet:**

Please feed your dog a supportive diet that contains no grains (corn, wheat, soy which have shown links to cancer in dogs), as they will further challenge your dog's immune system because of their stress on the dog's gut. Highly recommend a canned or raw diet that will best support your dog in dealing with cancer. Check out [http://www.dogfoodadvisor.com/](http://www.dogfoodadvisor.com/)

**Dealing with Pain/Stress/Anxiety - Common With Cancer:**

If dog is in pain: diffusing Frankincense and The Calming Blend (2nd choice is Lavender) is very effective in helping with pain and also emotional issues. Dogs in pain are stressed/anxious and they need help with this. Stress causes more pain.

Also dogs in pain often lose interest in life/food and become very inactive. Diffusing these two oils are having amazing results in helping dogs deal with pain/stress/depression and becoming more interested in life. Quality of life is so important to support.

3. [www.everythingessential.me](http://www.everythingessential.me)

*These statements have not been evaluated by the Food and Drug Administration. These products are not intended to diagnose, treat, cure, or prevent disease.

**WARNING:** Many essential oils on the market contain synthetics which should not be used. Only certified pure natural therapeutic grade essential oils should be used for safe and reliable results.

**Note:** All Blends/Complexes/Supplements: I will use the descriptive names, not the proprietary registered names.

To learn about the brand of essential oils and supplements that I recommend for your family and pets and how to purchase these powerful natural products at the best available prices go to: [http://www.thedogoiler.com/](http://www.thedogoiler.com/)

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skyepatterson@juno.com