

**HUNTINGTON SMILES**

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**Complete & Partial Denture Instructions**

Following the delivery of new dentures there is a variable period (generally 2-6 weeks) during

which patients must adjust and accommodate. New dentures often feel bulky and awkward at

first. Soft tissues of the mouth, now covered, may have been open or left uncovered by a

previous denture. This strangeness, although bothersome, is a temporary problem that is

usually resolved during the adjustment period.

Patients often state that their relatives or friends had “no problems getting used to their

dentures” and that they could chew well from the first day. Unfortunately, patients soon forget

the difficult adjustment period once their dentures have become second nature. The ability to

function with dentures involves learned neuro -muscular skills that take time to develop.

Although the time may vary and depend on a number of factors, all new denture wearers will

require this adjustment period.

***Speech***

Because the new artificial teeth may be placed in slightly different relationships and the plastic

denture base may feel bulky, speech patterns are often temporarily interrupted. The muscles of

the tongue, lips and cheek must learn to coordinate movement to allow normal speech. The

learning process can be enhanced by practice. Reading aloud is one way to minimize the time

required to recover normal speech patterns. Continued difficulty should be brought to our attention.

***Saliva***

A normal response of the body to new dentures is increased salivary flow. The glands try to

wash out the strange “foreign body”. This situation may persist for several weeks but will

gradually disappear.

***Sore Spots***

New dentures almost always cause some sore spots. These will be relieved during the first few

follow-up appointments. When you do experience sore spots try to wear your denture as much

as possible prior to your follow up visit so that we can see the spot. We recommend soft foods

during the first few days. The best home treatment between appointments for sore spots is to

rinse with warm salt water.

***Wearing Dentures at Night***

There is no question that the healthiest policy is to remove the dentures for at least six hours

daily to allow the soft tissues to breathe and recover. For most patients the most convenient

way to accomplish this is to remove the dentures during sleep. While out of the mouth the

dentures should be soaked in water or a denture cleaning solution. Such a practice will

maintain much healthier oral tissues, preserve the ridges and the underlying bone, and allow

the dentures to fit properly for a longer period of time.

***Eating***

Again, it will take practice to learn to eat a fairly normal diet with the introduction of new dentures. During the first several days we recommend a soft diet to allow us to eliminate

potential sore spots with a minimum of discomfort and to make the learning period more

tolerable. Avoid tough, hard and sticky foods until you become more experienced. Although some experienced complete denture wearers can eat a normal diet including apples, salads and corn on the cob, this is probably the exception rather than the rule. Most full denture patients will find some restrictions in the foods they can manage.

Some points to remember regarding eating and chewing habits:

1. Eat slowly and cut food into small pieces.

2. Although the normal tendency is to chew on one side or the other, denture wearers may

function better by chewing with food on both sides over the back teeth at the same time.

(This helps to balance the forces on the denture).

3. Avoid, when possible, bringing the lower front teeth forward and against the upper front

teeth to cut or incise foods. (This protects the delicate upper front ridge and prevents

tipping of the denture).

4. If it is necessary to bite using the front teeth, try spreading the tongue against the back of

the upper denture to keep it in place.

5. Try to chew vertically (up & down) rather than horizontally (side to side).

***Cleaning***

The best way to keep your dentures clean is to brush them daily. . There are specific types of

toothpaste made for denture material. Do not use an abrasive toothpaste as it may scratch

the acrylic. Also use a separate toothbrush for your dentures. Take a good three minutes

each day to thoroughly clean the inside and the outside of the dentures. It is very important

to remove all the plaque and food debris from your dentures every day. Treat your dentures as

you would your own natural teeth.

Caring for the oral tissues is also very important. A soft toothbrush should be used to scrub the

tongue, gums and roof of the mouth.

***Longevity***

No dentures are meant to last forever. We feel that 5-7 years is the average life span of a well

-made appliance. As time passes, the tissues and bone that support the denture will resorb

(shrink). Generally, the denture will require a reline every couple of years to maintain an ideal fit.

If you have a question, do not hesitate to ask us!