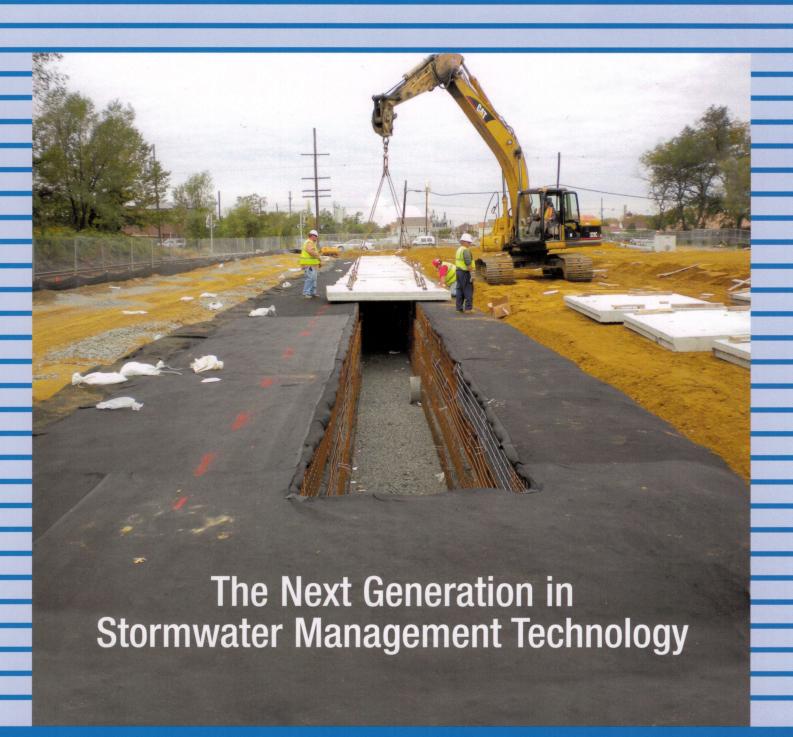
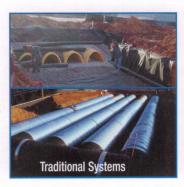
GeoStorage

UNDERGROUND STORMWATER DETENTION SYSTEM



GEOSTORAGE UNDERGROUND

Traditional Systems Versus GeoStorage® Systems

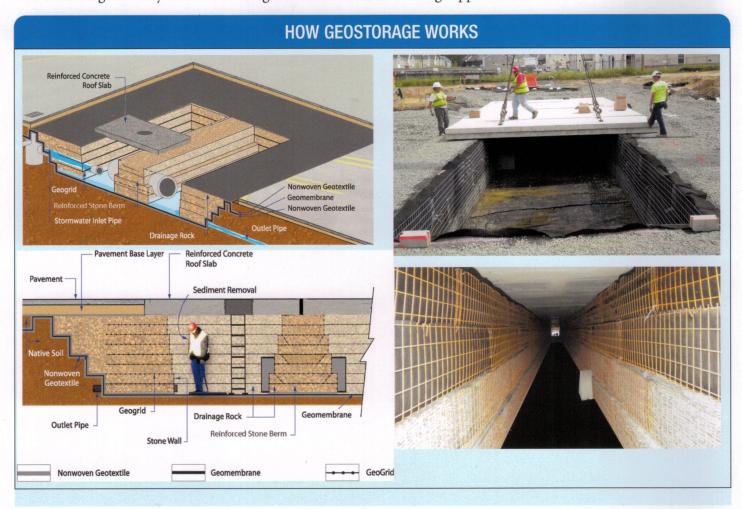


Pipes and pipe arches comprise most traditional underground storm water detention systems. Flexible plastic and metal pipes require a compacted structural backfill above, below and around the pipe resulting in additional costs and a large footprint.

GeoStorage systems utilize AASHTO (American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials) standards to design a large, deep underground storage chamber. Reinforced walls and piers are constructed with open graded stone to eliminate pore pressures and provide additional storage capacity. The efficiency of GeoStorage reduces costs and the size of the excavation. This patented system also provides a large open chamber that enables easy access for inspection and maintenance.

GeoStorage Redefines Stormwater Management

All land development projects require a stormwater management design. A surface holding pond is the most common stormwater detention system used to capture and control the increase in peak runoff associated with large storm events. GeoStorage is installed beneath parking lots, streets and parks to maximize land usage and lower development costs. The GeoStorage Liner system can be designed for detention or recharge applications.



STORMWATER MANAGEMENT TECHNOLOGY

Performance Analysis

SITE CONDITIONS THAT INCREASE

ADVANTAGES

Low Leakage Requirements

Surface Loads <HS-20

Tight Sites

Rock Excavation

+

+

Stormwater Treatment Required

Cut Sites-Off Site Hauling Required

GeoStorage not only offers substantial savings when compared to traditional systems, it features inherent properties and benefits that improve overall performance and provide maximum design flexibility.

LAND EFFICIENCY (100,000 CF)

GeoStorage

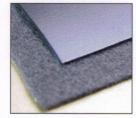
Plastic Modular

| PROJECT ADVANTAGES | | |
|--------------------|-----------------------|--|
| ✓ | COST | Substantial savings over traditional detention and retention systems. |
| ✓ | SIZE | Requires smaller footprint than traditional systems as shown below in land efficiency chart. |
| ✓ | DURABILITY | Constructed with a reinforced concrete roof, stone and geosynthetic products that have been tested to withstand landfill leachate. |
| ✓ | STORMWATER QUALITY | Allows for cost effective inclusion of a sand filter (see below). |
| ✓ | MAINTENANCE | Large and open chambers allow for easy access and maintenance. |
| ✓ | FLEXIBILTY | Capacity is a function of height and pier placement. These parameters can be adjusted to fit the required depth and footprint. |
| ✓ | INSTALLATION RATE | Installed faster than traditional systems. |
| 1 | LOAD CAPACITY | Designed with ASSHTO HS-20 loading. Passenger vehicle or other loading conditions offer significant savings. |

APPLICATIONS

GeoStorage can be used in:

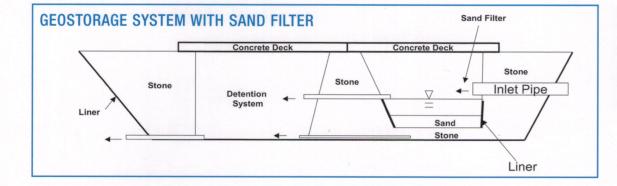
- Commercial Property
- Residential Property
- Industrial Development
- Infrastructure
- Airports
- Schools
- Sports Facilities



Liner







7.00

6.00

5.00

2.00

1.00

0.00

CF/SF 4.00 3.00



Roof

GeoStorage

UNDERGROUND STORMWATER DETENTION SYSTEM



Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design (LEED)

GeoStorage contributes to satisfying credit achievements of the U.S. Green Building Council's LEED Green Building Rating System™. For example:

- 1. Reduces truck traffic to the construction site.
- 2. Reduces the amount of excavation and potential off-site hauling from the construction site.
- 3. Provides a reusable water supply with a water tight system.

For more information on LEED's rating system, please visit www.usgbc.org.

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