

FINANCIAL REPORT JUNE 30, 2022

ARROWBEAR PARK COUNTY WATER DISTRICT CONTENTS

	Page
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1 – 3
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS – UNAUDITED	4 – 12
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Statement of Net Position	13 – 14
Statement of Activities	15
Balance Sheet – Governmental Fund	16
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Fund to the Statement of Net Position	17
Statements of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Fund	18
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Fund to the Statement of Activities	19
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Fund	20 – 21
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Fund	22
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Fund	23 - 24
Notes to Financial Statements	25 – 46
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - UNAUDITED	
Schedule of Pension Plan Contributions – Last 10 Years	47
Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability - Last 10 Years	48
Schedule of Changes in the District's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios - Last 10 Years	49 – 50
OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - UNAUDITED	
Organizational Information	51
Schedule of Officers, Directors, and Management	52
Schedule of Insurance Coverage	53



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Arrowbear Park County Water District Arrowbear, California

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, and each major fund of the Arrowbear Park County Water District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the State Controller's minimum audit requirements for California Special Districts. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Arrowbear Park County Water District, and to meet our ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.



Board of Directors Arrowbear Park County Water District Independent Auditor's Report Page 2 of 3

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or other override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess risk of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Board of Directors Arrowbear Park County Water District Independent Auditor's Report Page 3 of 3

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, pension, and other postemployment benefit (OPEB) information on pages 4 through 12 and 47 through 50 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

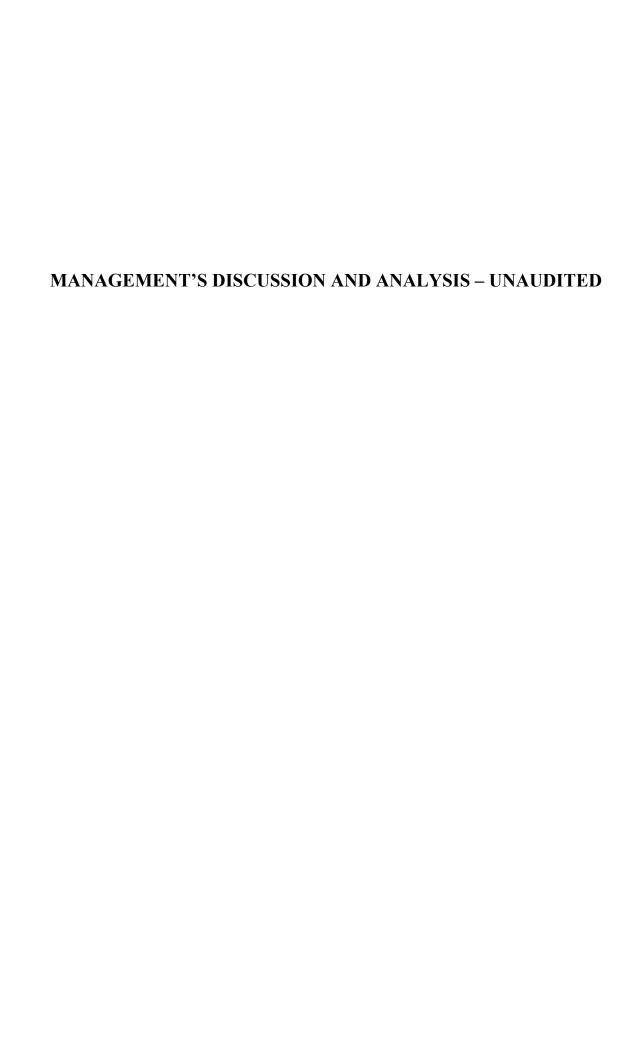
Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the organizational information on page 51, schedule of officers, directors, and management on page 52, and schedule of insurance coverage on page 53, but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

March 17, 2023

Halliday & Co, CPA's



Our discussion and analysis of Arrowbear Park County Water District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements which begin on page 13.

Financial Highlights

- The District's total net position increased \$102,190 or 2.57% as a result of the year's operations. Net position of our business-type activities increased \$69,388 or 2.11% while net position of our governmental activities increased \$32,802 or 4.71%. These changes are a result of decreases in business-type expenses (primarily salaries, wages, and benefits) and slight increases in tax revenues for governmental activities.
- Total assets and deferred outflows of resources increased \$380,288 or 7.20% during the reporting period primarily as a result of increases in net pension assets.
- Revenues from business-type activities decreased \$10,921 or 0.98% due primarily to a slight decrease in water sales to outside agencies. Expenses of business-type activities decreased \$212,879 or 17.06% due to decreases in salaries, wages, and benefits due to demographic changes in the District's workforce.
- Revenues from governmental activities increased \$10,741 or 2.97% due to increased property values increasing tax revenues. Expenses of governmental activities increased \$41,709 or 14.00% due to hiring a part-time Battalion Chief and increases in payments to firefighters for additional coverage, insurances, and utilities.
- Combined District revenues decreased \$180 or 0.01%, while combined expenses decreased \$171,170 or 11.08%. There were no capital contributions.
- See accompanying charts for revenue and expense details, as well as changes in net position.

Using This Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The statements of net position and statements of activities (on pages 13 - 15) provide information about the activities of the District as a whole and present a longer-term view of the District's finances. Fund financial statements start on page 16. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the District's most significant funds.

Reporting the District as a Whole

Our analysis of the District as a whole begins on page 6. One of the most important questions asked about the District's finances is, "Is the District, as a whole, better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?"

The statements of net position and the statements of activities report information about the District's business-like activities, governmental activities, and the District as a whole in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting for business-like activities (Water and Sewer), which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies, and modified-accrual for governmental activities (Fire Department), similar to the accounting used by most public-sector entities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Reporting the District as a Whole (Continued)

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in them. You can think of the District's net position - the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources - as one way to measure the District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position is one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other nonfinancial factors, however, such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of the District's water and sewer facilities, to assess the overall health of the District.

In the Statements of Net Position and the Statements of Activities, we divide the District into three kinds of activities:

- Governmental activities the District's fire protection service activities are reported here. Property taxes, user fees, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities The District charges a fee to customers to help it cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides. The District's water and sewer system are reported here.
- Component unit The District has one component unit which is a separate legal entity the Arrowbear Park County Water District Financing Corporation. Although legally separate, this component unit is important because the District is financially accountable for it. However, this entity had no activity during the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021.

Reporting the District's Funds

The District has two funds: a general fund used to account for the fire protection function and an enterprise fund used to account for the water and sewer functions. The fund financial statements begin on page 16 and provide detailed information about the funds - not the District as a whole. The District's two kinds of funds - governmental and proprietary - use different accounting approaches.

- Governmental fund The District's fire protection services are reported in a governmental fund, which focuses on how money flows into and out of the fund and the balances left at year-end that are nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned. These classifications of fund balance show the nature and extent of constraints, if any, placed on the District's fund balances by law, creditors, and the board of directors. Unassigned fund balance is available for spending for any purpose. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in a reconciliation at the bottom of the fund financial statements.
- Proprietary fund When the District charges customers for the services it provides, these services are
 generally reported in the proprietary fund. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities
 are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. In fact, the District's enterprise
 fund (a component of proprietary funds) are the same as the business-type activities we report in the
 government-wide statements but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows, for
 the proprietary fund.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Our analysis below focuses on the net position (Table 1) and changes in net position (Table 2) of the District's governmental and business-type activities. As can be seen, the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$4,083,456 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

Table 1
Net Position

				Net Pos	itio	n						
	Governmental Business-type											
		Acti	vitie	es		Activ	viti	es	Totals			
		2022		2021		2022		2021		2022		2021
Current assets	\$	381,802	\$	361,662	\$	897,276	\$	1,040,562	\$	1,279,078	\$	1,402,224
Capital assets		657,809		684,946		2,470,607		2,470,248		3,128,416		3,155,194
Restricted investments		3,000		_		17,000		_		20,000		-
Net pension asset		-		-		418,915		55,544		418,915		55,544
Joint use facilities		-		-		515,845		469,532		515,845		469,532
Deferred outflows												
of resources		42,609		34,507		260,704		168,278		303,313	_	202,785
Total assets and deferred												
outflows of resources	\$	1,085,220	\$	1,081,115	\$	4,580,347	\$	4,204,164	\$	5,665,567	\$	5,285,279
Current liabilities	\$	8,624	•	11,995	¢	54,492	•	60,869	¢	63,116	\$	72,864
Noncurrent liabilities	Φ	279,145	Ψ	366,659	Ψ	520,696	Ψ	748,124	Ψ	799,841	Ψ	1,114,783
Noneurent naomities	_	277,173		300,037		320,070	_	740,124		777,071		1,117,703
Total liabilities	_	287,769		378,654		575,188		808,993		862,957	_	1,187,647
Deferred inflows												
of resources		67,500		5,312		651,654		111,054		719,154		116,366
				-						-		
Net position Invested in capital assets,												
net of related debt		478,115		463,713		2,986,452		2,939,780		3,464,567		3,403,493
Restricted for pension		3,000		-		17,000		_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		20,000		-
Unrestricted		248,836		233,436		350,053		344,337		598,889		577,773
Total net position		729,951		697,149		3,353,505		3,284,117		4,083,456	_	3,981,266
Total liabilities, deferred												
inflows of resources, and												
net position	\$	1,085,220	\$	1,081,115	\$	4,580,347	\$	4,204,164	\$	5,665,567	\$	5,285,279

By far, the largest portion of the District's net position (84.84% or \$3,464,567) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, vehicles, equipment and water and sewer facilities); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District has made a conscious effort to continue its investment in long-term infrastructure improvements such as water pipelines, meter replacements, and technology upgrades. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The remaining unrestricted net position is \$598,889.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis (Continued)

Table 2 Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Business-type											
	Acti	vitie	es		Activities				Totals			
	 2022		2021		2022		2021		2022		2021	
Revenues												
Program revenues:												
Charges for services	\$ 51,958	\$	64,882	\$	1,086,830	\$	1,086,537	\$	1,138,788	\$	1,151,419	
Operating grants	-		-		-		1,000		-		1,000	
General revenues:												
Property taxes	312,352		294,753		_		-		312,352		294,753	
Interest income	504		855		15,388		16,731		15,892		17,586	
Miscellaneous	 7,484		1,067		2,075		10,946		9,559		12,013	
Total Revenues	 372,298		361,557		1,104,293		1,115,214		1,476,591		1,476,771	
Expenses												
Salaries and wages	133,140		114,562		308,041		378,194		441,181		492,756	
Benefits	44,540		22,991		73,320		249,361		117,860		272,352	
Professional services	18,252		17,598		64,162		65,302		82,414		82,900	
Insurance	23,845		20,891		52,614		43,487		76,459		64,378	
Utilities	19,364		15,699		49,167		48,482		68,531		64,181	
System maintenance	23,623		23,754		265,972		250,486		289,595		274,240	
Depreciation	52,877		63,706		190,496		176,595		243,373		240,301	
Interest	6,991		8,263		_		-		6,991		8,263	
Other	 16,864		10,323		31,133	_	35,877		47,997	_	46,200	
Total Operating Expenses	339,496		297,787		1,034,905		1,247,784		1,374,401		1,545,571	
Change in net position, before capital contributions	32,802		63,770		69,388		(132,570)		102,190		(68,800)	
Capital contributions Net position, beginning of year	697,149		633,379		3,284,117		3,416,687		3,981,266		4,050,066	
Net position, end of year	\$ 729,951	\$	697,149	\$	3,353,505	\$	3,284,117	\$	4,083,456	\$	3,981,266	

Capital Asset and Debt

At the end of fiscal 2022, the District had \$3,644,261 (net of accumulated depreciation) invested in a broad range of capital assets including land, water facilities, sewer facilities/joint use facilities, a fire station, vehicles, and equipment (see Table 3 below). This amount represents a net increase (including additions and deductions) of \$19,535 or 0.54% over last year.

Table 3
Capital Assets at Year End, Including Joint Use Facilities

	Governmental					Busine	type					
		Acti	vitie	es		Acti	es	Totals				
		2022		2021		2022		2021		2022		2021
Land	\$	31,045	\$	31,045	\$	87,406	\$	87,406	\$	118,451	\$	118,451
Infrastructure		-		-		6,750,432		6,632,862		6,750,432		6,632,862
Vehicles		781,198		776,198		302,100		302,100		1,083,298		1,078,298
Equipment		360,712		344,120		181,901		181,901		542,613		526,021
Facilities		305,070		297,920		111,056		111,056		416,126		408,976
Joint use facilities		-		-		1,162,943		1,050,950		1,162,943		1,050,950
Construction in progress Accumulated		-		3,001		61,916		53,810		61,916		56,811
depreciation		(820,216)		(767,338)	_	(5,671,302)		(5,480,305)		(6,491,518)		(6,247,643)
	\$	657,809	\$_	684,946	\$	2,986,452	\$	2,939,780	\$	3,644,261	\$	3,624,726

This year's major additions included:

- Fire station weatherization.
- Completed pipeline replacements (Deer Lick & Willow).
- Pipeline replacements construction in progress (Hwy 18 & Encina).

Additional information regarding capital assets and joint use facilities is provided in Note 4 and Note 5, respectively, of the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Debt

The District entered into a lease purchase agreement for the acquisition of a fire engine in FY 2016-17. The lease requires ten payments of \$48,528 and has minimum lease payments of \$194,112 remaining at year-end of which \$14,418 represents interest.

Economic Factors

General economic conditions for the unincorporated areas of San Bernardino County, of which Arrowbear Lake is a part of, have been generally improving over the past several years.

While the District has not typically seen significant growth in the form of new home construction in the past few years, it has recently seen an increase in home prices and sales and a rise in occupied residences due to customers working from home (or from their vacation home). As the housing market is seeing a significant decrease in inventory, the District has also had its first new home construction in many years and a small number of additional customers being added to the water and wastewater collection systems. Additionally, as property values rise, property tax revenues will increase benefitting the Fire Department's overall revenues.

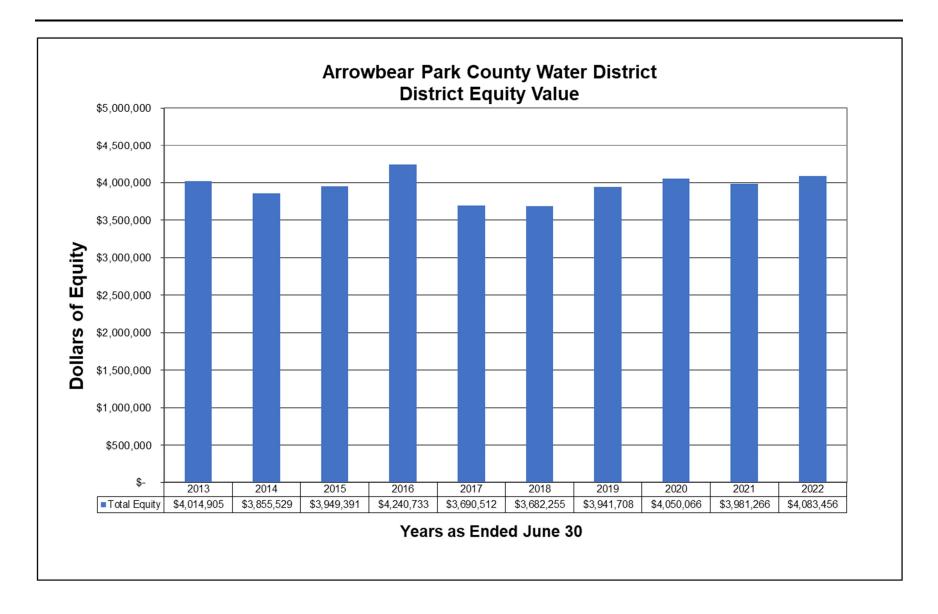
Due to increasing costs (insurances, salaries/wages, benefits, utilities, fuel, and materials) as a result of continued rising inflation, the District had a professional rate study performed in 2021 and it determined that an increase in rates was needed to maintain balanced budgets while providing for future infrastructure replacement costs. In 2022 the Board passed a new rate structure that eliminated the 600 cubic feet that had been included in the base rate, implemented a reduced usage charge for all water used, and implements an incremental rate increase each year over the next five years.

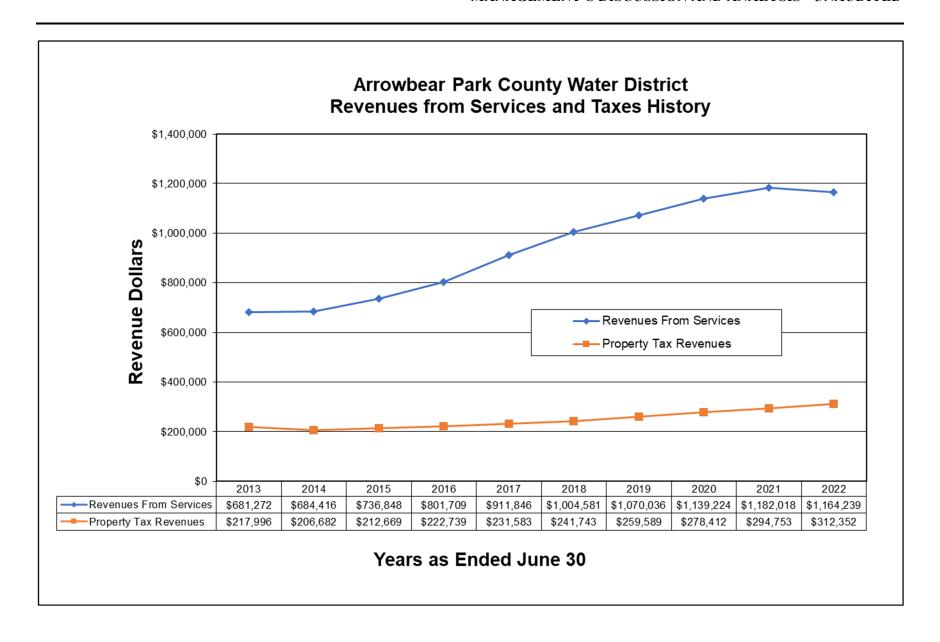
In the short-term, to continue our high-priority capital improvement and planned maintenance projects, the Board of Directors approved a budget for FY 2022-2023 that uses budget surpluses along with current reserves for its Master Plan projects rather than using an installment purchase agreement or other financing. Favorable operating results to the budget will allow these and additional projects to be completed without a major impact to reserves.

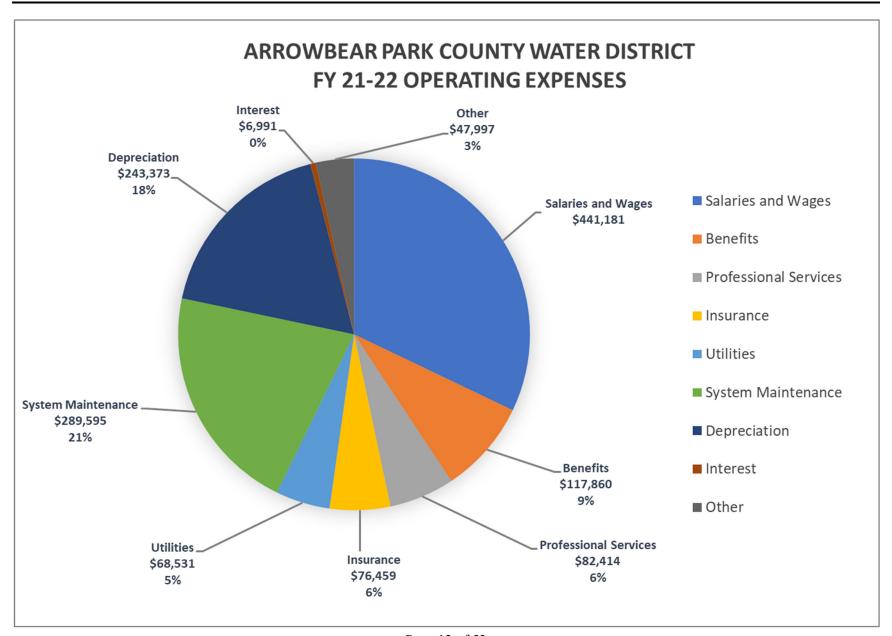
The annual precipitation in the 2021-2022 season was slightly below average and future weather patterns and typical periods of drought within California will continue to be a major factor in the District's water supply and its ability to generate additional revenues through surplus water sales.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our customers and any other interested parties with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the District at: Arrowbear Park County Water District, P.O. Box 4045, Arrowbear Lake, California 92382-4045.







BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2022

	Governmental Business-Type Activities Activities		~ ~	 Total	
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable:	\$	375,410	\$	610,093	\$ 985,503
Customers		_		166,169	166,169
Taxes		6,084		_	6,084
Other		233		1,316	1,549
Inventories		-		51,888	51,888
Other assets		75		67,810	67,885
Restricted investments		3,000		17,000	20,000
Net pension asset		-		418,915	418,915
Joint use facilities, net		-		515,845	515,845
Capital assets nondepreciable		31,045		149,322	180,367
Capital assets depreciable, net		626,764		2,321,285	 2,948,049
Total assets		1,042,611		4,319,643	 5,362,254
Deferred outflows of resources					
OPEB related		-		70,719	70,719
Pension related		42,609		189,985	 232,594
Total deferred outflows of resources		42,609		260,704	 303,313
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	1,085,220	\$	4,580,347	\$ 5,665,567

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2022

	vernmental Activities	В	susiness-Type Activities	Total
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION				
Liabilities				
Accounts payable and other current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities:	\$ 8,624	\$	54,492	\$ 63,116
Due within one year	46,078		37,061	83,139
Due in more than one year	 233,067		483,635	 716,702
Total liabilities	 287,769		575,188	 862,957
Deferred inflows of resources				
OPEB related	-		174,931	174,931
Pension related	 67,500		476,723	 544,223
Total deferred inflows of resources	 67,500		651,654	 719,154
Net position				
Net investment in capital assets, including				
joint use facilities	478,115		2,986,452	3,464,567
Restricted for pension obligations	3,000		17,000	20,000
Unrestricted	 248,836		350,053	 598,889
Total net position	 729,951		3,353,505	 4,083,456
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,				
and net position	\$ 1,085,220	<u>\$</u>	4,580,347	\$ 5,665,567

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended June 30, 2022

			Prog	gram Revenues			(Expenses) Reven hanges in Net Pos			
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities	Total		
Governmental Activities										
Fire protection	\$	339,496	\$ 51,958	\$ -	\$	(287,538)	\$ -	\$ (287,538)		
Business-type activities										
Water and sewer		1,034,905	1,086,830				51,925	51,925		
Total	<u>\$</u>	1,374,401	\$ 1,138,788	<u>\$</u>		(287,538)	51,925	(235,613)		
	Gener	al revenues:								
	Pro	perty taxes				312,352	-	312,352		
	Inte	erest income				504	15,388	15,892		
	Mis	scellaneous				7,484	2,075	9,559		
	Total	general reven	ues			320,340	17,463	337,803		
	Chang	ge in net positi	on			32,802	69,388	102,190		
	Net po	osition, beginn	ing of year			697,149	3,284,117	3,981,266		
	Net po	osition, end of	year		<u>\$</u>	729,951	\$ 3,353,505	\$ 4,083,456		

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUND

June 30, 2022

	_	General Fund
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	375,410
Restricted investments		3,000
Accounts receivable:		
Taxes		6,084
Other		233
Other assets		75
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	384,802
Liabilities		
Accrued liabilities	\$	8,624
Fund balances		
Restricted for pension obligations		3,000
Unassigned	_	373,178
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$</u>	384,802

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUND TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2022

Total fund balances - governmenta	l fund
--	--------

\$ 376,178

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the fund.

657,809

Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the fund.

(236,296)

Deferred inflows and outflows related to the pension are not reported in the fund.

(24,891)

Financed purchase obligation, current

(42,849)

Net position of governmental activities

\$ 729,951

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUND Year Ended June 30, 2022

	General Fund
Revenues	
Property taxes	\$ 312,352
Sales to other agencies	51,958
Interest income	504
Miscellaneous	7,484
Total revenues	372,298
Expenditures	
Salaries and wages	133,140
Benefits	36,431
Professional services	18,252
Insurance	23,845
Utilities	19,364
Capital outlay	76,763
Interest	6,991
Vehicle maintenance and fuel	9,470
Other	9,164
Total expenditures	333,420
Revenues over expenditures	38,878
Fund balances, beginning of year	337,300
Fund balances, end of year	<u>\$ 376,178</u>

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUND TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2022

Net change in fund balance - governmental fund	\$ 38,878
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Changes in deferred outflows and inflows related to the pension and net pension liability.	(8,109)
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in the governmental fund statements; however, in the statement of activities, capital outlay is not an expense, rather it is an increase in capital assets.	54,910
Depreciation expense allocates the costs of capital assets over their useful lives. It is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental fund statements.	(52,877)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 32,802

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND

June 30, 2022

	Water & Sewer Enterprise Fund	
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 610,093	
Accounts receivable	166,169	
Interest and other receivables	1,316	
Inventories	51,888	
Other current assets	67,810	
Total current assets	897,276	
Noncurrent assets		
Restricted investments	17,000	
Net pension asset	418,915	
Capital assets, net	2,470,607	
Joint use facilities, net	515,845	
Total noncurrent assets	3,422,367	
Total assets	4,319,643	
Deferred outflows of resources		
OPEB related	70,719	
Pension related	189,985	
Total deferred outflows of resources	260,704	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	<u>\$ 4,580,347</u>	

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND

June 30, 2022

		er & Sewer
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$	48,674
Other current liabilities	-	5,818
Total current liabilities		54,492
Noncurrent liabilities		
Employee benefits payable		62,039
Net OPEB liability		458,657
Total noncurrent liabilities		520,696
Total liabilities		575,188
Deferred inflows of resources		
OPEB related		174,931
Pension related		476,723
Total deferred inflows of resources		651,654
Net position		
Net investment in capital assets, including joint use facilities		2,986,452
Restricted for pension obligations		17,000
Unrestricted		350,053
Total net position		3,353,505
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	\$	4,580,347

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Water & Sewer Enterprise Fund	
Operating revenues		
User fees	\$	914,727
Standby charges		114,424
Sales to other agencies		57,679
Total operating revenues		1,086,830
Operating expenses		
Salaries and wages		308,041
Benefits		73,320
Professional services		64,162
Insurance		52,614
Utilities		49,167
Systems maintenance and operations		265,972
Depreciation and amortization		190,496
Other		31,133
Total operating expenses		1,034,905
Operating income		51,925
Nonoperating revenues		
Interest income	\$	15,388
Other		2,075
Total nonoperating revenues		17,463
Change in net position		69,388
Net position, beginning of year		3,284,117
Net position, end of year	<u>\$</u>	3,353,505

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND

Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Water & Sewer Enterprise Fund	
Cash flows from operating activities		
Cash received from customers	\$ 1,077,043	
Cash paid to suppliers and other	(550,381)	
Cash paid to employees for services	(523,986)	
Net cash provided by operating activities	2,676	
Cash flows from investing activities		
Interest on investments	15,388	
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities		
Purchase of capital assets	(125,677)	
Acquisition of joint use facilities	(111,993)	
Other	2,075	
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(235,595)	
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(217,531)	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	827,624	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 610,093	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND

Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Water & Sewer Enterprise Fund	
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by		
operating activities		
Operating income	\$	51,925
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash		
provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization		190,496
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable		(9,147)
Interest and other receivables		(640)
Inventories		2,928
Other current assets		(66,884)
Restricted investments		(17,000)
Net pension asset		(363,371)
Deferred outflows - OPEB related		(19,497)
Deferred outflows - Pension related		(72,929)
Accounts payable		(7,462)
Other current liabilities		1,085
Employee benefits payable		(46,424)
Net OPEB liability		(181,004)
Deferred inflows - OPEB related		174,931
Deferred inflows - Pension related		365,669
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>\$</u>	2,676

NOTE 1 – REPORTING ENTITY

The Arrowbear Park County Water District (the District) was formed in 1953 as a special district created for the purpose of providing water, sewer, and fire protection services to residents within its service area. It is self-governed by a five-member locally elected Board of Directors.

The District, for financial reporting purposes, includes all of the funds relevant to the operations of the District and is not included as a component unit in any other primary government's financial statements. In determining the entities which comprise the governmental entity for financial reporting purposes, the criteria of oversight responsibility over such entities, special financial relationships, and scope of public service provided by the entities are used. Oversight responsibility is determined by the extent of financial interdependence, control over the selection of the governing authority and management, ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters.

The District has one component unit: the Arrowbear Park County Water District Financing Corporation (the Corporation). The Corporation is a nonprofit, public benefit corporation incorporated under the laws of the State of California and recorded by the Secretary of State on January 6, 2000. The Corporation was formed for the sole purpose of providing financing assistance to the District. The financial activities of the Corporation would be included in the financial statements of the District; however, the Corporation had no activity during the year ended June 30, 2022.

NOTE 2 – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The District's financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). GASB is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the District are discussed below.

Basic Financial Statements - Government-Wide Statements

The District's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the District as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting on the District's funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. The fire protection services are classified as governmental activities. The District's water and sewer services are classified as business-type activities.

In the government-wide statement of net position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns (a) are presented on a consolidated basis by column, (b) are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets, deferred outflows of resources and receivables as well as long-term debt, deferred inflows of resources and obligations.

The government-wide statement of activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the District's functions and business-type activities (fire protection and water and sewer). The functions are also supported by general government revenues (property taxes). The statement of activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function (fire protection) or a business-type activity. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants.

NOTE 2 – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Basic Financial Statements - Government-Wide Statements (Continued)

The net costs (by function or business-type activity) are normally covered by general revenue (property taxes).

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

The government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the District as an entity and the change in the District's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

Basic Financial Statements – Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the District are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses.

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in either the governmental or business-type activities categories. GASB No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The District has only two funds which are both considered major funds.

Governmental Funds:

The focus of the governmental fund's measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The District reports one major governmental fund:

The general fund is the District's operating fund used to account for and report all financial resources for the fire protection activity. The activity reported in this fund is reported as governmental activity in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary Funds:

The focus of proprietary fund measurement is upon determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows. The generally accepted accounting principles applicable are those similar to businesses in the private sector. The District reports the following proprietary funds types:

Enterprise funds are required to be used to account for operations for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. The activities reported in these funds are reported as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The water and sewer enterprise fund operates the District's water distribution system and its sewer system, which serves District residents. The proprietary funds distinguish between operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses. Operating revenues and expenses of the District's water and sewer activities consist of charges for services and the costs of providing those services, including depreciation and excluding interest cost. All other revenues and expenses are reported as nonoperating.

NOTE 2 – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues or expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Accrual

Both governmental and business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Property taxes are reported in the period for which levied. Other nonexchange revenues are reported when all eligibility requirements have been met. Fees and charges and other exchange revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. The District distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from those revenues and expenses that are nonoperating. Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated by water and sewer services while operating expenses pertain directly to the furnishing of those services. Nonoperating revenues and expenses are those revenues and expenses generated that are not directly associated with the normal business of supplying water as well as water and sewer services.

Modified Accrual

The governmental fund financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e. both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year end. Property tax revenues are recognized in the period for which levied provided they are also available. Grants are recognized when all eligibility requirements are met and the revenues are available. Expenditures are generally recognized when the related liability is incurred. Exceptions to this general rule include financed purchase and pension expenditures, which are recognized when due and payable.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purpose of the statements of cash flows, the District considers all short-term debt securities purchased with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. The District invests funds with the State of California's Local Agency Investment Fund. Due to the high liquidity of this investment, the funds are classified as cash equivalents. For credit risk purposes, the fund is not rated.

Restricted Investments

Certain investments of the District are classified as restricted because they have been place in the California Employer's Pension Prefunding Trust Fund (CEPPT). The CEPPT is an Internal Revenue Code Section 115 trust dedicated to prefunding employer contributions to defined benefit pension systems for eligible California public agencies. Assets held in CEPPT are restricted for use as pension contributions. As of June 30, 2022, the District reported investments held by the CEPPT in the amount of \$20,000.

NOTE 2 – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are reported at their net realizable value, less an allowance for uncollectible accounts, if deemed necessary. The District uses the allowance method for the write-off of bad debts. The District considers such factors as historical trends for collections and knowledge of financial stability of debtors to establish the allowance for doubtful accounts. As of June 30, 2022, no allowance for uncollectible accounts receivable was considered necessary as all accounts receivable are deemed fully collectable. The District believes all accounts receivable are fully collectible as liens are placed on properties for nonpayment.

Inventories

Inventories consist primarily of water meters, pipe, and pipe fittings for construction and repair to the District's water transmission and distribution system. Inventories are valued at cost using the first in, first out method. Inventory items are charged to expense at the time that individual items are withdrawn from inventory or consumed. As of June 30, 2022, no reserve for inventory was deemed necessary based on management's evaluation of the District's inventory.

Capital Assets

Capital assets acquired and/or constructed are capitalized at historical cost. District policy has set the capitalization threshold for reporting capital assets at \$1,000. Donated assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation. Internal labor and overhead associated with internally constructed capital assets are estimated and capitalized as part of the cost of the capital asset. Upon retirement or other disposition of capital assets, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective balances and any gains or losses are recognized. Depreciation is recorded on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

	Life in
Type of Asset	Years
Infrastructure	5 – 50
Facilities	8 - 40
Equipment	5 - 30
Vehicles	5 - 20

The depreciation expense on assets acquired under financed purchases is included with depreciation expense on owned assets.

Capital assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amounts of the assets in question may not be recoverable. Impairment would be recorded in circumstances where undiscounted cash flows expected to be generated by an asset are less than the carrying value of the asset. As of June 30, 2022 no impairment was recognized as management expects to fully utilize the District's long-lived assets.

NOTE 2 – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Deferred Outflows of Resources

The District reports decreases in net assets that relate to future periods as deferred outflows of resources in a separate section of its government-wide and proprietary fund statements of net position. Deferred outflows of resources reported in this year's financial statements include amounts related to OPEB (see Note 8) and pension (see Note 7). No deferred outflows of resources affect the governmental fund financial statements in the current year.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

The District reports increases in net assets that relate to future periods as deferred inflows of resources in a separate section of its government-wide and proprietary fund statements of net position. Deferred inflows of resources reported in this year's financial statements include amounts related to OPEB (see Note 8) and pension (see Note 7). No deferred inflows of resources affect the governmental funds financial statements in the current year.

Net Pension Asset/Liability. Deferred Outflows of Resources. Deferred Inflows of

Resources. and Pension Expense

For purposes of measuring the net pension asset/liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the plan, and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) Financial Office. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 (GASB 68), provides requirements for how pension costs and obligations are measured and reported in the basic financial statements. When an organization's pension liability exceeds the pension plan's net position available for paying benefits, there is a net pension liability which must be reported in the basic financial statements. In addition, GASB 68 requires that projected benefit payments be discounted to their actuarial present value using a single rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments to the extent that the pension plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits and pension plan assets are expected to achieve that rate and (2) a tax-exempt, high-quality municipal bond rate to the extent that the conditions under (1) are not met.

Employee Benefits Payable

Employees of the District earn vacation, sick, and compensatory leave in varying amounts depending primarily on length of service. Upon termination from District service, employees are entitled to payment, at their final pay rates, for accrued vacation (full accrued balance up to the maximum of two hundred and forty hours), compensatory leave (full accrued balance up to the maximum of forty hours), and accrued sick leave (50% to 100% of their accrued balance, depending on years of service, up to the maximum of five hundred hours). The District records its obligations for vacation, sick, and compensatory leave earned by eligible employees based on current pay rates.

NOTE 2 – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the District's OPEB plan (the OPEB Plan, see Note 8) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as reported by the OPEB Plan's administrator, Cal PERS. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Property Taxes

The County of San Bernardino Assessor's Office assesses all real and personal property within the County each year. The County of San Bernardino Tax Collector's Office bills and collects the District's share of property taxes and assessments. The County of San Bernardino Treasurer's Office remits current and delinquent property tax collections to the District throughout the year. Property tax in California is levied in accordance with Article 13A of the State Constitution at 1.0 percent of countywide assessed valuations.

Property taxes receivable at year-end are related to property taxes collected by the County of San Bernardino, which have not been credited to the District's cash balance as of June 30. The property tax calendar is as follows:

Lien date: January 1

Levy date:
On July 1 for July 1 to June 30

Due date:
November 1 – 1st installment

February 1 – 2nd installment

Collection date: December 10 – 1st installment

April 10 – 2nd installment

Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Net Position

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, net position may be categorized as net investment in capital assets, restricted, or unrestricted. As of June 30, 2022, the District's net position presentation is categorized as shown below.

Net Investment in Capital Assets, including joint use facilities, net of related debt - This component of net position consists of capital assets, including joint use facilities, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization and reduced by any debt outstanding against the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted Net Position— This component of net position represents net position that is subject to constraints either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted Net Position - This component of net position consists of the portion of net position that does not meet the definition of net investment in capital assets or restricted net position.

Government Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, the fund balance may be categorized as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. As of June 30, 2022, the District's governmental fund balance was comprised entirely of unassigned amounts.

NOTE 2 – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and disclosures made in the accompanying notes to the financial statements. While management believes these estimates are adequate, actual results could differ from those estimates.

New Accounting Pronouncements

The District is currently evaluating its accounting practices to determine the potential impact on the financial statements for the following Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) statements:

In June 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections – an amendment of GASB Statement No.62. The objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide a more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. This Statement prescribes the accounting and financial reporting for (1) each type of accounting change and (2) error corrections, the required disclosures in the notes to the financial statements, and how information that is affected by a change in accounting principle or error correction should be presented in the required supplementary information and supplementary information. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023. The District does not anticipate that this statement will have a material impact on the financial statements.

In June 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending previously required disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023. The District does not anticipate that this statement will have a material impact on the financial statements

Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

On July 1, 2021, the District adopted GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, which requires that leases that were previously classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract will be recognized as a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset for lessees and a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources for a lessor. The adoption of this statement did not have a material impact on the financial statements.

On July 1, 2021, the District adopted GASB Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation plans, which requires that a Section 457 plan be classified as either a pension plan or an other employee benefit plan depending on whether the plan meets the definition of a pension plan and clarifies that Statement 84, as amended, should be applied to all arrangements organized under IRC section 457 to determine whether those arrangements should be reported as fiduciary activities. The adoption of this statement did not have a material impact on the financial statements.

NOTE 2 – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements (Continued)

The District has determined that there have been no other recently adopted or issued accounting pronouncements that had, or potentially will have, a material impact on its financial statements.

NOTE 3 – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For purposes of the following discussion, cash and cash equivalents have been classified as follows as of June 30, 2022:

Deposits	\$ 158,261
Investment	827,242
	_
	\$ 985,503

Deposits

At June 30, 2022, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$158,261 and the bank balance was \$171,116.

Investments Authorized by the District's Investment Policy

Under provisions of the District's investment policy, adopted by Board resolution annually, which is in accordance with California Government Code Sections 53600 through 53686 et seq., the types of investments authorized for deposit are: certificates of deposit, state local agency investment fund, passbook savings account, and treasury bills and notes.

As of June 30, 2022, all investments were held in the state local agency investment fund ("LAIF"). The funds deposited into the LAIF are invested in accordance with Government Code Sections 16430 and 16480. The LAIF funds are subject to the oversight of the State of California Department of Finance, Auditor's General Office and the State Controller's Office. The fair value of the District's position in the pool approximates the value of the pool shares. LAIF is not subject to fair value leveling.

Custodial Credit Risk

The District maintains deposits with financial institutions which is insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation's ("FDIC") insurance limit of \$250,000. At various times throughout the year, the District may have cash balances in financial institutions which exceed the FDIC insurance limit. The District does not have a policy that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments. The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit) in the District's name and places it ahead of general creditors of the institution. The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110 percent of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure District deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of the secured public deposits.

NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

Governmental activities	Beginning Balance		Δ	Additions	Г	Deletions		Ending Balance
Capital assets nondepreciable:	Datanec			Idditions		Cictions		Dalance
Land	\$ 31,0	145	\$	_	\$	_	\$	31,045
Construction in progress		001	Ψ	4,149	Ψ	(7,150)	Ψ	51,045
Total capital assets nondepreciable	34,0			4,149		(7,150)		31,045
Total capital assets hondepreciative	34,0	10		7,177		(7,130)		31,043
Capital assets depreciable:								
Vehicles	776,1	198		5,000		_		781,198
Equipment	344,1			16,592		_		360,712
Facilities	297,9			7,150		_		305,070
	1,418,2			28,742		-		1,446,980
Less accumulated depreciation:								
Vehicles	(384,1	77)		(27,002)		_		(411,179)
Equipment	(210,8			(17,347)		_		(228,242)
Facilities	(172,2			(8,529)		_		(180,795)
Capital assets depreciable, net	650,9			(24,137)		_		626,763
- ··F - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				(= 1,== 1)				
Capital assets, net	\$ 684,9	946	\$	(19,987)	\$	(7,150)	\$	657,809
	Beginning	g						Ending
Business-type activities	Balance		Α	Additions	I	Deletions		Balance
Capital assets nondepreciable:								
Land	\$ 87,4	106	\$	-	\$	-	\$	87,406
Construction in progress	53,8	310		95,846		(87,740)		61,916
Total capital assets nondepreciable	141,2	216		95,846		(87,740)		149,322
~								
Capital assets depreciable:				115.550				6 5 5 0 400
Infrastructure	6,632,8			117,570		-		6,750,432
Vehicles	302,1			-		-		302,100
Equipment	181,9			-		-		181,901
Facilities	111,0			117.570			-	111,056
	7,227,9	119		117,570		-		7,345,489
Less accumulated depreciation:								
Infrastructure	(4,523,8	15)		(94,925)		-		(4,618,740)
Vehicles	(166,1	48)		(17,216)		-		(183,364)
Equipment	(126,1	45)		(10,122)		-		(136,267)
Facilities	(82,7	79)		(3,054)		_		(85,833)
Capital assets depreciable, net	2,329,0)32		(7,747)				2,321,285
Capital assets, net	\$ 2,470,2	248	\$	88,099	\$	(87,740)	\$	2,470,607

NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

In 2016, the District entered into a financed-purchase agreement for the acquisition of a fire engine with a cost of \$410,594. At the end of the term, ownership of the fire engine will pass to the District for no additional consideration. The equipment and the related liability under the financed purchase agreement was recorded at the present value of the future payments due under the agreement. The agreement requires ten annual payments of \$48,528, including interest at a rate of 3.16%. The fire engine is being depreciated over its estimated useful life and as of June 30, 2022 accumulated depreciation on the fire engine was \$123,819. The fire engine is included in the vehicles category of the above governmental activities capital asset schedule.

The following is a schedule of the future minimum payments under the financed purchase agreement together with the present value of the net minimum payments as of June 30, 2022:

Year ending June 30,		
2023	\$	48,528
2024		48,528
2025		48,528
2026		48,528
Total minimum payments	·	194,112
Less the amount representing interest		(14,418)
Present value of net minimum payments	'	179,694
Less financed purchase obligation, current		(42,849)
Financed purchase obligation, noncurrent	\$	136,845

NOTE 5 – JOINT USE FACILITIES

The District's sewage is processed by the Running Springs Water District (RSWD) sewage treatment plant in accordance with the "Wastewater Transportation, Treatment and Disposal Agreement" dated March 21, 2018 between the District and RSWD. Per the agreement, the District will share in the cost of the operation of the sewage treatment plant based on the District's proportionate share of wastewater flow to the facilities. Additionally, the District will share in the cost of capital improvements to the sewage treatment plant based on the capacity allocable to the District. The District does not have any ownership interest and does not participate in the management of the sewage treatment plant.

The District capitalizes its share of the cost of capital improvements made to joint use facilities. The amounts capitalized by the District for their share of the improvements during the year ended June 30, 2022 was \$111,993. The improvements are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives beginning when they are completed and placed in service. The estimated useful lives of the improvements range from 15 to 20 years. Amortization of these assets amounted to \$65,680 for the year ended June 30, 2022 and accumulated amortization of improvements was \$647,098 as of June 30, 2022.

NOTE 6 – NONCURRENT LIABILITIES

Noncurrent liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance			Reductions	Ending Balance		Due Within One Year	
Governmental Activities	 							
Financed purchase	\$ 221,231	\$	-	\$	(41,537)	\$	179,694	42,849
Compensated absences	5,921		-		(138)		5,783	3,229
Net pension liability	139,507		-		(45,839)		93,668	-
	 366,659				(87,514)		279,145	46,078
Business-type Activities								
Compensated absences	108,463		38,076		(90,283)		62,039	37,061
Net OPEB liability	639,661		-		(181,004)		458,657	-
	 748,124		38,076		(271,287)		520,696	37,061
Total	\$ 1,114,783	\$	38,076	\$	(358,801)	\$	799,841	83,139

NOTE 7 – PENSION PLAN

General Information About the Pension Plan

Plan Description

All qualified District employees are required to participate in the Arrowbear Park County Water District Miscellaneous Plan (the Plan), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS, unless they specifically opt-out. The District also has a Safety Plan with CalPERS. There are no employees contributing to the Safety Plan. CalPERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public entities within the State of California. A menu of benefit provisions as well as other requirements are established by State statutes within the Public Employee's Retirement Law. The District selects optional benefit provisions from the benefit menu by contract with CalPERS and adopts those benefits through Board approval. CalPERS issues a publicly available report that includes a full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions, membership, and financial information that can be found on the CalPERS website at www.calpers.ca.gov.

Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on year of credited service, with one year of credited service being equal to one year of full-time employment. All members are eligible for standard non-industrial disability benefits after five years of service. The District has chosen the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit.

NOTE 7 – PENSION PLAN (Continued)

General Information About the Pension Plan (Continued)

Contribution Description

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law (PERL) requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by an actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The total plan contributions are determined through CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance any unfunded accrued costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. The District's total employer contributions were \$53,400 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Active plan members who were hired before January 1, 2013 are referred to as "Classic" employees. Beginning January 1, 2013, the District established two classes of employees, as dictated by the newly enacted Public Employees Pension Reform Act (PEPRA).

The plan's provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2022 are summarized as follows:

	Miscellaneous				
	Hire date prior to January 2013	Hire date in or after January 2013			
Benefit formula	2.0% at 55	2.0% at 62			
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years	5 years			
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life			
Final average compensation period	12 months	36 months			
Sick leave credit	Yes	Yes			
Retirement age	50 - 63 & up	52 - 67 & up			
Monthly benefits as a percent of eligible	•	•			
compensation	1.426% - 2.418%	1.0% - 2.5%			
Cost of living adjustment	2.0%	2.0%			
Required employee contribution rates	7.00%	6.75%			
Required employer contribution rates	10.88%	7.59% + \$231/month			

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Total Pension Liability

Methods and Assumptions

The actuarial methods and assumptions used are those adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration. For the measurement period ending June 30, 2021 (the measurement date), the total pension liability/(asset) was determined by rolling forward the total pension liability/(asset) determined in the June 30, 2020 actuarial accounting valuation. The June 30, 2021 total pension liability/(asset) was based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 68

NOTE 7 – PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Total Pension Liability (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions:

Discount rate 7.15% Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases Varies by entry age and service

Mortality rate table* Derived using CalPERS' membership data for all funds Post-retirement benefit Contract COLA up to 2.50% percent until purchasing

increase power protection allowance floor on purchasing power applies.

Long-term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all of the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the rounded single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

^{*} The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale 90% of scale MP 2016. For more details on this table, please refer to the December 2017 CalPERS experience study report (based on CalPERS demographic data from 1997 to 2015) that can be found on the CalPERS website.

NOTE 7 – PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Total Pension Liability (Continued)

Long-term Expected Rate of Return (Continued)

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class.

	Asset	Real 1	Return
Asset Class*	Allocation	Years 1-10**	Years 11+***
Public equity	50%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed income	28%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation assets	-	.77%	1.81%
Private equity	8%	6.30%	7.23%
Real assets	13%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1%	-	(0.92)%
Total	100%		

^{*} In CalPERS's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), fixed income is included in global debt securities; liquidity is included in short-term investments; inflation assets are included in both global equity securities and global debt securities.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for Public Employees' Retirement Fund (PERF) C was 7.15%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the plan as of the June 30, 2021 measurement date, calculated using the discount rate in effect at year-end. The table shows what the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1.0 percentage-point lower or 1.0 percentage-point higher than the current rate:

Net pension liability (asset)	6.15%		7.15%	8.15%		
Miscellaneous Plan	\$	(87,577)	\$ (418,915)	\$	(692,828)	
Safety Plan		144,473	93,668		51,938	

^{**} An expected inflation of 2.00% used for this period.

^{***} An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period. Figures are based on previous ALM of 2017.

NOTE 7 – PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Continued)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial report.

Amortization of Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources

Under GASB 68, actuarial gains and losses related to changes in total pension liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in pension expense systematically over time.

The first amortized amounts are recognized in pension expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and are to be recognized in future pension expense.

The amortization period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss:

Difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments

5-year straight-line amortization

All other amounts

3.8-year straight-line amortization

Pension Related Liabilities, Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Deferred Inflows of Resources

The District's net pension liabilities/(assets) for the Plans are measured as the proportionate shares of the net pension liabilities. The net pension liabilities/(assets) of the Plans are measured as of June 30, 2021 and the total pension liability for the Plans used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by actuarial valuations as of June 30, 2020 rolled forward to June 30, 2021 using standard update procedures. The District's proportion of the new pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liabilities/(assets) as of the June 30, 2021 measurement date were (0.02206)% for the Miscellaneous Plan and 0.00267% for the Safety Plan. This represents a 0.02075% decrease for the Miscellaneous Plan and a 0.00058% increase for the Safety Plan since the previous measurement date.

NOTE 7 – PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Pension Related Liabilities, Expense, and

<u>Deferred Outflows/Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized a pension credit of \$8,984. At June 30, 2022, the District deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to pensions as follows:

	Miscellaneous			
		and Safet	ty Plans	
	Γ	Deferred		ferred
	Ou	ıtflows of	Infl	ows of
Governmental activities – Safety Plan:	R	esources	Res	ources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	22,810	\$	-
Difference between expected and actual experience		16,003		-
Changes in assumptions		-		-
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investment		-		55,751
Proportionate share of contributions		3,796		-
Change in Employer's proportion				11,749
Total	\$	42,609	\$	67,500
Business-type activities – Miscellaneous Plan:				
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date		30,590		-
Difference between expected and actual experience		46,977		-
Changes in assumptions		-		_
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investment		-		365,691
Proportionate share of contributions		-		111,032
Change in Employer's proportion		112,418		
Total	\$	189,985	\$	476,723

The amounts above are net of outflows and inflows recognized in the pension expense for the year ended June 30, 2022. The \$53,400 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

NOTE 7 – PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Pension Related Liabilities, Expense, and

<u>Deferred Outflows/Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> (Continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in future pension expense as follows:

	Business-type Governmental Activities Activities				
Year ending June					
30	Mis	cellaneous		Safety	Total
2023	\$	58,328	\$	(9,167)	\$ 49,161
2024		73,185		(10,300)	62,885
2025		87,529		(12,893)	74,636
2026		101,058		(15,342)	85,716

NOTE 8 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

General Information About the OPEB Plan

Plan Description

The District has established a Retiree Healthcare Plan and participates in the California Employer's Retiree Benefit Trust (CERBT), an agent multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan administered by CalPERS. The CERBT is an Internal Revenue Code Section 115 trust and an investment vehicle that can be used by all California public employers to prefund future retiree healthcare and other postemployment benefits costs.

Benefits Provided

The OPEB Plan provides postemployment healthcare benefits through a third-party insurer to employees who retire from the District on or after age 50 and have at least 5 years of service. The District pays full retiree and eligible spousal health premiums for eligible retirees up to a fixed maximum monthly cap. The cap for the year ended June 30, 2022 was \$820 per month for employee-only coverage and \$1,455 for employee-plus-spouse coverage. Surviving spouses of active employees of the District with five years of credited service at their time of death will continue having premiums paid by the District for their lifetime. The District's board of directors has the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms.

Employees Covered

As of the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation, the following current and former employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	6
Active employees	6
Total	12

NOTE 8 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (Continued)

General Information About the OPEB Plan (Continued)

Contributions

The District's board of directors establishes and amends the contribution requirements for the OPEB Plan. Employees and retirees are only required to contribute any amounts in excess of the amount above the maximum monthly cap. The District pays a portion of retiree benefit expenses on a pay-as-you-go basis to third parties, outside of CERBT, and makes additional contributions to CERBT to prefund benefits as determined by the District's board of directors annually. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the District contributed \$63,960 to the OPEB Plan, of which \$48,960 was used for current retiree healthcare premiums and \$15,000 was used to prefund benefits.

Net OPEB Liability

The District's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as June 30, 2021.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2021 (measurement date) actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases 2.75% per year

Investment rate of return 6.75% net of expenses

Healthcare cost trend rates 4.00% per year

Mortality rates Based on the 2017 CalPERS mortality rates for Miscellaneous and

Schools Employees experience studies.

Retirement rates Based on the 2017 CalPERS retirement rates for miscellaneous

employees experience studies.

Turnover rates Based on the 2017 CalPERS turnover rates for miscellaneous

employees experience studies.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

NOTE 8 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (Continued)

Net OPEB Liability (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

	Target	Long-term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	59%	7.545%
Fixed income	25%	4.250%
Real Estate Investment Trusts	8%	7.250%
Treasury Inflation-Protected Securities	5%	3.000%
Commodities	3%	7.545%
Total	100%	

Rolling periods of time for all asset classes in combination were used to appropriately reflect correlation between asset classes. This means that the average returns for any asset class do not necessarily reflect the averages over time individually but reflect the return for the asset class for the portfolio average. Additionally, the historic 30-year real rates of return for each asset class along with the assumed long-term inflation assumption was used to set the discount rate. The investment return was offset by assumed investment expenses of 25 basis points.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 6.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the District contributions will be made at rates sufficient to fully fund the obligation over a period not to exceed 30 years. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected OPEB payments for current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

NOTE 8 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (Continued)

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

	Increase (Decrease)						
	Total OPEB	Net OPEB					
	Liability	Net Position	Liability/(Asset)				
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 797,067	\$ 157,406	\$ 639,661				
Changes during the year:							
Service costs	21,713	-	21,713				
Interest	54,786	43,722	11,064				
Employer contributions	-	44,923	(44,923)				
Administrative expense	-	(60)	60				
Experience (gains)/losses	(171,050)	-	(171,050)				
Changes in assumptions	2,132	-	2,132				
Benefit payments	(29,923)	(29,923)					
Net Change	(122,342)	58,662	(181,004)				
Balance, end of year	\$ 674,725	\$ 216,068	\$ 458,657				

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it was calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower or 1 percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage-point lower or 1 percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	3.00%			4.00%	5.00%		
Net OPEB liability/(asset)	\$	384,512	\$	458,657	\$	548,273	

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in CalPERS' CERBT Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position by Employer which can be found online at https://www.calpers.ca.gov/page/forms-publications.

NOTE 8 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (Continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB Plan expense of \$38,389. At June 30, 2022, the District had deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB as follows:

	Deferred			Deferred		
	Outflows of			Inflows of		
Business-type activities:		Resources	R	lesources		
OPEB contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	63,960	\$	-		
Difference between expected and actual experience		2,099		149,120		
Changes in assumptions		1,858		-		
Net difference between projected and actual						
investment earnings		2,802		25,811		
m . 1						
Total	\$	70,719	\$	174,931		

The amounts above are net of outflows recognized in OPEB expense for the year ended June 30, 2022. The \$63,960 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in future pension expense as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30,	
2023	\$ (26,627)
2024	(26,564)
2025	(26,774)
2026	(27,568)
2027	(21,656)
Thereafter	 (38,983)
Total	\$ (168,172)

NOTE 9 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by commercial insurance. The insurance purchased is for liability, property, and workers' compensation insurance and there are various deductibles per occurrence. See the schedule of insurance coverage presented as supplementary information for additional information.

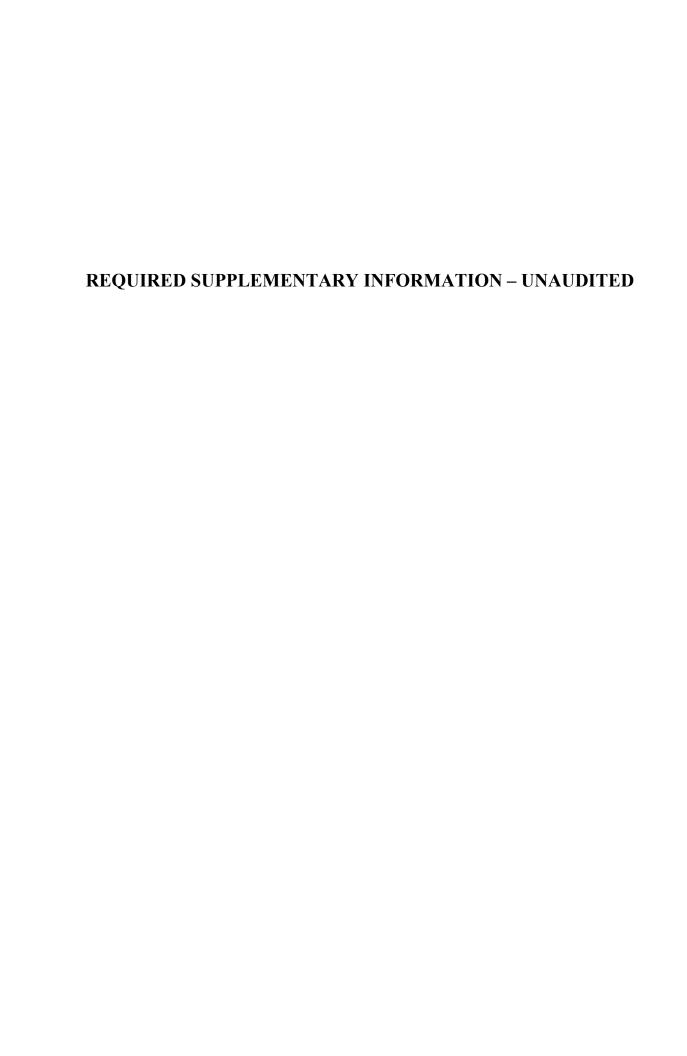
NOTE 10 – DEFERRED COMPENSATION

For the benefit of its employees, the District has adopted a deferred compensation plan in accordance with Section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code. Generally, eligible employees may defer receipt of a portion of their salary until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. Until the funds are paid or otherwise made available to the employee, the employee is not obligated to report the deferred salary for income tax purposes.

The District does not make any employer contributions to the plan. Amounts deferred by employees are transferred by the District each pay period to a third-party administrator who coordinates the investment of such proceeds in a variety of investment vehicles in accordance with the instructions of each participant. Accordingly, neither the assets nor the related liability of the plan are included in the accompanying basic financial statements. The District is not liable to its employees for any losses that may be incurred in connection with their participation in the plans.

NOTE 11 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In preparation of these financial statements, the District considered subsequent events through March 17, 2023, which is the date these financial statements were issued.



Schedule of Pension Plan Contributions Last 10 Years*

Fiscal Year	Contractually Required Contributions	Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contributions		Contribution Deficiency/ (Excess)	 Covered Payroll	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll	
Miscellaneous Plan							
2022	\$ 30,590	\$	(30,590)	\$ -	\$ 334,500	9.1%	
2021	35,616		(35,616)	-	356,597	10.0%	
2020	30,440		(30,440)	-	341,333	8.3%	
2019	26,901		(26,901)	-	331,302	7.9%	
2018	24,109		(24,109)	-	319,269	7.6%	
2017	22,074		(22,074)	-	300,347	7.4%	
2016	20,217		(20,217)	-	285,176	7.1%	
2015	19,659		(19,659)	-	290,640	6.8%	
Safety Plan							
2022	22,810		(22,810)	-	-	N/A	
2021	18,763		(18,763)	-	-	N/A	
2020	14,884		(14,884)	-	-	N/A	
2019	11,705		(11,705)	-	-	N/A	
2018	9,958		(9,958)	-	-	N/A	
2017	5,553		(5,553)	-	-	N/A	
2016	4,415		(4,415)	-	-	N/A	
2015	4,306		(4,306)	-	-	N/A	

^{*} Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB 68 is applicable. Fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 was the first year of implementation. Future years' information, up to 10 years, will be displayed as information becomes available.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Last 10 Years*

				Proportionate	
	Proportion	Proportionate		Share of the	Plan Fiduciary
	of the	Share of		Net Pension	Net Position
	Net Pension	Net Pension		Liability	as a % of the
	Liability	Liability	Covered	(Asset) as a	Total Pension
Fiscal Year	(Asset)	(Asset)	Payroll	% of Payroll	Liability
Miscellaneous Plan					
2022	(0.02206%)	, , ,		125,24%	98.52%
2021	(0.00132%)	(55,544)	356,597	15,58%	101.14%
2020	(0.00253%)	(101,336)	341,333	29.69%	104.42%
2019	(0.00353%)	(133,202)	331,302	40.21%	106.08%
2018	(0.00243%)	(95,968)	319,269	30.05%	104.49%
2017	(0.00354%)	(123,033)	300,347	40.96%	106.24%
2016	(0.00899%)	(246,515)	285,176	86.44%	113.00%
Safety Plan					
2022	0.00267%	93,668	_	N/A	63.47%
2021	0.00209%	139,507	_	N/A	63.65%
2020	0.00216%	134,586	-	N/A	65.41%
2019	0.00224%	135,514	_	N/A	66.87%
2018	0.00216%	129,296	_	N/A	67.99%
2017	0.00224%	116,164	_	N/A	69.82%
2016	0.00229%	94,433	-	N/A	75.57%

^{*} Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB 68 is applicable. Fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 was the first year of implementation. Future years' information, up to 10 years, will be displayed as information becomes available.

Notes to the Pension Schedules

Benefit Changes

None

Changes in Assumptions

Amounts reported in fiscal year 2018 reflect a change in the discount rate from 7.65% to 7.15%. Deferred outflows of resources for changes of assumptions includes the unamortized portion of this assumption change. Amounts reported in fiscal year 2019 reflect a change in the inflation rate from 2.75% to 2.50%.

Schedule of Changes in the District's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Last 10 Years*										
		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018
Total OPEB liability										
Service costs	\$	21,713	\$	21,151	\$	14,005	\$	13,630	\$	13,265
Interest		54,786		53,029		50,973		49,338		48,238
Actual investment income		-		-		5,153		-		-
Experience (gains)/losses		(171,050)		-		-		-		-
Changes in assumptions		2.132		-		-		-		-
Benefit payments		(29,923)		(48,170)		(54,897)		(39,150)		(38,754)
Net Change in total OPEB liability		(122,342)		26,010		15,234		23,818		22,749
Total OPEB liability – beginning		797,067		771,057		755,823		732,005		709,256
·										
Total OPEB liability – ending (a)	\$	674,725	\$	797,067	\$	771,057	\$	755,823	\$	732,005
Plan fiduciary net position										
Employer contributions to trust	\$	15,000	\$	15,000	\$	15,000	\$	54,150	\$	53,754
Employer contributions as benefit	Ψ	15,000	Ψ	13,000	Ψ	15,000	Ψ	5 1,150	Ψ	33,731
payments		29,923		48,170		38,995		_		_
Actual investment income		43,722		6,096		7,312		7,404		7,338
Benefit payments		(29,923)		(48,170)		(38,995)		(39,150)		(38,754)
Administrative expense		(60)		(49)		(25)		(172)		(38)
Net change in plan fiduciary									-	
net position		58,662		21,047		22,287		22,232		22,300
Plan fiduciary net position –										
beginning		157,406		136,359		114,072		91,840		69,540
Dlan fiduciony not nosition										
Plan fiduciary net position – ending (b)	\$	216,068	2	157,406	2	136,359	2	114,072	•	91,840
chang (b)	Ψ	210,000	Ψ	137,400	Ψ	100,000	Ψ	114,072	Ψ	71,040
District's net OPEB liability –										
ending (a) – (b)	\$	458,657	\$	639,661	\$	634,698	\$	641,751	\$	640,165
Plan fiduciary net position as a										
percentage of the total OPEB										
liability		32.02%		19.75%		17.68%		15.09%		12.55%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	334,500	\$	356,597	\$	341,333	\$	331,302	\$	319,269
District's net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee										
payroll		137.12%		179.38%		185.95%		193.71%		200.51%

Schedule of Changes in the District's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Last 10 Years* (Continued)

* Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB75 is applicable. The year ended June 30, 2018 was the first year of implementation. Future years' information, up to 10 years, will be displayed as information becomes available.

Notes to the OPEB Schedule

Benefit Changes

None

Changes in Assumptions

Amounts reported in fiscal year 2022 reflect a change in the discount rate from 7.00% to 6.75% and a change in the inflation rate from 2.75% to 2.50%. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources for changes of assumptions includes the unamortized portion of these assumption change.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – UNAUDITED

Organizational Information

Arrowbear Park County Water District (the "District") is a county water district formed under Division 12 of the California Water Code. The District provides water, sewer, and fire-protection services to all residents within its boundaries. The District is located approximately 17 miles northeast of the City of San Bernardino in the San Bernardino Mountains. Due to the location and proximity to mountain resort areas and activities, the land within the District's boundaries is comprised of a mix of full-time residents and vacation homes.

The District's water supply comes from a subterranean aquifer resulting from precipitation and mountain snow buildup. The District maintains five wells, with one having a capacity of 91 gallons per minute, one having a capacity of 84 gallons per minute, one having a capacity of 33 gallons per minute, one having a capacity of 21 gallons per minute, and one having a capacity of 13 gallons per minute. Water is pumped from the wells into a treatment facility which removes natural impurities from the water. There are four storage tanks and 12 miles of pipeline. The District services 955 residential and commercial water connections as well as one wholesale water connection to Running Springs Water District.

Sewer services are provided through approximately 12 miles of sewer collection and transmission lines accessed through 376 manholes. The District's sewage effluent is transmitted to the Regional Wastewater Treatment Plant in Running Springs. The District services 953 sewer connections.

Fire Protection services are provided by the Arrowbear Lake Fire Department with a Part-time Fire Chief assisted by a Part-time Battalion Chief and up to 20 Volunteer Firefighters using 2 fire engines and related apparatus.

The District is governed by a five-member board of directors elected by the residents of Arrowbear. Directors serve four-year, overlapping terms. The District operations are carried out under the direction of General Manager Norman Huff.

Schedule of Officers, Directors, and Management

The officers, directors, and senior management of Arrowbear Park County Water District are listed below:

	Term Expires
Mark Bunyea, President 33303 Lakeview Drive Arrowbear Lake, California 92382	November 2024
Terisa Bonito, Vice President 2363 Oak Drive Arrowbear Lake, California 92382	November 2024
Pat Oberlies, Director 2379 Fir Drive Arrowbear Lake, California 92382	November 2022
Rick L. Weber, Director 33079 Ridge Drive Arrowbear Lake, California 92382	November 2022
Sheila Wymer, Director 2359 Fir Drive Arrowbear Lake, California 92382	November 2024
Norman Huff, General Manager	N/A
Caroline Rimmer, Secretary to Board	N/A

Schedule of Insurance Coverage

At June 30, 2022, Arrowbear Park County Water District carried insurance as outlined below:

	Water/Sewer (District General)		 Fire
Property coverage – blanket policy	\$	1,000,000	\$ 750,000
General liability and wrongful acts	\$ \$	1,000,000/occurrence 10,000,000/aggregate	1,000,000/occurrence 3,000,000/aggregate
Employee theft	\$	250,000	250,000
Forgery or alteration	\$	250,000	250,000
Theft of money & securities	\$	250,000	250,000
Outside theft	\$	250,000	250,000
Computer fraud	\$	250,000	100,000
Workers' Compensation insurance		Statutory	Statutory

Deductibles on the insurance policies are generally \$1,000 to \$10,000.