

SIGNIFICANCE OF INDIA AND NATO RELATIONS

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The Indian Subcontinent or republic of India faced a lot of war since 1947 with British India and Chinese war of 1962, Indo-Pak war of 1965, 1971, 2000 and so on India was troubled with Maoists and external affairs from terrorist who attack from Pakistan and ISIS is threat to India and challenging killing Indians everytime.

When Nehru brought a movement in India not to support and but to stand for peace but in today's arena it's difficult to assess peace loving countries are not able to survive Russia was a good partner helped whether it was Blue Star or liberation of Bangladesh .

But 21st Situation is different China and Russia coming together is a issue and problem because Russia openly will not defend China in war And China will support Pakistan these both are secretly were helping terrorist and hate peace in south asian region .China on other hand Baluchistan, south china has presence in south china sea and dominating other countries for 9 islands its claiming it belongs to him

For security, cooperation, forces of globalisation and network is better with NATO. But need to have strong alliance to defend neighbours, attacks and survive to be peacefully existing in the world. "Every country who signs the Nato pledge when it joins says that an attack on one is an attack against all. So Nato is conceptually the strongest alliance that's ever been built."

But he acknowledges that strength isn't realised if aggressors don't believe that Nato will act when a member is attacked:

Russia is not interested to be ally of china and Pakistan going against india which Indian experts think as modi rightly pointed out in the summit

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one old friend is better than 2 new friends in Russian language and pointing out proverb at BRICS summit.

Russia supported india by clearing the message to Pakistan by not selling sukhoi 35s and Russia does not enjoy the partnership of New Delhi with Washington as the India and Russia are oldest and India is the largest importer of weapons from Russia But a recent deal between Russia and India to sell the INS Vikramaditya aircraft carrier and Indian Prime Minister's visit next month indicate how important India is for Russia. And when Russia considers something important, it is known to hold onto it tightly.

The India-US relationship may have come a long way from the deep freeze of the Cold War, but it is clear America continues to resent India's rise as a major power. This is because in geostrategic, civilisation and economic terms, both countries are incompatible as allies and unlikely to form a successful strategic partnership

Attack with Pakistan is resulting because the 400 billion dollars of fund was stopped by USA and 46 billion dollars of china's investment in Baluchistan is effected by this alliance.

Afganistan is common point of strategic and geopolitical for both India and Nato forces UN-mandated International Security Assistance Force (ISAF) has stop the

partnership between china and pakistan's partnership and to iran and afganistan are playing major playing partners of india to play partnership in from many years. India cannot stand non cooperation movement when Nehru in 1949 did by not joining any super power that is USA and USSR but today both are aware of terrorist exporting countries. Iran, Afganistan and other countries need india's strengthening partnership to tackle china and Pakistan needs partnership with Nato, where if you want to coexist there is only one means that is by Either join Russia as ally or join Nato because without alliance you cannot safeguard yourself.

NATO made many attempts to join india as one of the significant partners as in the reign of obama never attacked any sovereign country and hence it is pointed out that as previously was done by presidents of America and war and if you want to peace and stablility in asia then this partnership of NATO and India is very much required.

NATO has 28 member alliance 30 non members in whole world.

Still, many Indian analysts and researcher are assessing the friendship of Nato and india closer relations are good results or bad results for Indian future.

And while most members of the Indian strategic community agrees that NATO's and Indian friendly ties with india in defence cooperation is required for stability in Asia and that platform is Afaganistan.

Finally, since India enjoys close bilateral relations with all major NATO allies, and in particular its ever closer ties with the United States, some see little added value in building closer ties to the Alliance.

And neither has the international stature of countries like Japan, Egypt or Australia suffered from their cooperation with NATO.India has some basic

fundamental, ardent sceptics neither non alignment or neutrality from cooperating with NATO but to fight against terrorism and india should

Second, if the political and military ties will Strengthen in india and NATO relations which is trying to bring peace in Afganistan long-term strategic investment is better rather than a short-term tactical tool.

Thirdly, The ties between NATO and India challenges of cyber attack, energy security and priacy matters have to be looked upon.

For the Alliance, sharing this unique experience more widely is both natural and inevitable .Indian navy cooperated had counter piracy with NATO's cooperation in coast of Somalia which brought closure cooperation in other as well. NATO and India .NATO is also partner which brought weapons on mass destruction profileration helps india and seminar brought other 50 nations together.

India needs consult, cooperation on the formula of ad hoc basis that will effectively improve the relation by "win-win" situation for both the alliance. Largest terror import organisations should be targeted.