## Math 1496 Calc 1 - Homework #9

Pg. 313, #15-25 odd, Pg. 314, #27, 29, 31 and 35, Pg. 328 # 9, 13, 15, 19, 23, 27, 39, 42, 44 Pg. 329 # 77, ?, 81 and 83

Pg 313 #15-25 odd Write a definite integral that represents the area of the region (Do not evaluate). Pictures are in the book.

Pg. 314. Sketch the region whose area is given by the following definite integral

#27 
$$\int_0^3 4 \, dx$$
 #29  $\int_0^4 x \, dx$   
#31  $\int_0^2 (3x+4) \, dx$  #35  $\int_{-7}^7 \sqrt{49-x^2} \, dx$ 

Pg. 328 Find the indicated definite integral

$$#9 \int_{-1}^{0} (2x-1) dx \qquad #13 \int_{1}^{2} \left(\frac{3}{x^{2}}-1\right) dx$$
$$#15 \int_{1}^{4} \frac{u-2}{\sqrt{u}} dx \qquad #19 \int_{-1}^{0} (t^{1/3}-t^{2/3}) dt$$
$$#23 \int_{0}^{\pi} (\sin x-7) dx \qquad #27 \int_{-\pi/6}^{\pi/6} \sec^{2} x dx$$

Pg. 328 Find the area of the region bound by the following curves

#39 
$$y = 5x^2 + 1$$
,  $x = 0$   $x = 2$ ,  $y = 0$   
#42  $y = 4x - x^2$ ,  $y = 0$   
#44  $y = e^x$ ,  $x = 0$   $x = 2$ ,  $y = 0$ 

Pg. 329 Use the second Fundamental thm to find the following

$$\begin{array}{l} \#77 \quad \frac{d}{dx} \int_{-1}^{x} \sqrt{t^{4} + 1} \, dt \\ \\ \#? \quad \frac{d}{dx} \int_{x}^{1} 2^{t} \, dt \\ \\ \#81 \quad \frac{d}{dx} \int_{x}^{x+2} (4t+1) \, dt \\ \\ \#83 \quad \frac{d}{dx} \int_{0}^{\sin x} \sqrt{t} \, dt \end{array}$$