# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

B65T604

# Section 1. Identification

Product name	: ACROLON™ 218 HS Polyurethane - Gloss (Part A) Ultradeep/Clear Tint Base
Product code	: B65T604
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses of t	he substance or mixture and uses advised against
Not applicable.	
Manufacturer	: THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS COMPANY 101 W. Prospect Avenue Cleveland, OH 44115
Emergency telephone number of the company	: US / Canada: (216) 566-2917 Mexico: SETIQ 01-800-00-214-00 / (52) 55-5559-1588 24 hours / 365 days a year
Product Information Telephone Number	: US / Canada: (800) 524-5979 Mexico: Not Available
Regulatory Information Telephone Number	: US / Canada: (216) 566-2902 Mexico: Not Available
Transportation Emergency Telephone Number	: US / Canada: (800) 424-9300 Mexico: SETIQ 01-800-00-214-00 / (52) 55-5559-1588 24 hours / 365 days a year

# Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	<ul> <li>This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).</li> </ul>
Classification of the substance or mixture	<ul> <li>FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2</li> <li>SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A</li> <li>SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1</li> <li>CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A</li> <li>SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1</li> </ul>
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown oral toxicity: 32.3% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown dermal toxicity: 32.3% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown inhalation toxicity: 51. 8%
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger

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# Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements	: Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
	Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation.
	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
	May cause cancer.
	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	: Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	<ul> <li>Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.</li> </ul>
Supplemental label elements	DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY. This product must be mixed with other components before use. Before opening the packages, READ AND FOLLOW WARNING LABELS ON ALL COMPONENTS. Adequate ventilation required when sanding or abrading the dried film. If Adequate ventilation cannot be provided wear an approved particulate respirator (NIOSH approved). Follow respirator manufacturer's directions for respirator use. DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Abrading or sanding of the dry film may release Crystalline Silica which has been shown to cause lung damage and cancer under long term exposure. Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Do
	not transfer contents to other containers for storage.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

**CAS number/other identifiers** 

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS number	
Crystalline Silica, respirable powder	31.02	14808-60-7	
n-Butyl Acetate	9.65	123-86-4	
1-Methoxy-2-Propanol Acetate	6.27	108-65-6	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	3.51	78-93-3	
Xylene	2.41	1330-20-7	
Medium Aromatic Hydrocarbons	1.33	64742-94-5	
Ethylbenzene	0.42	100-41-4	
Bis(pentamethyl-4-piperidyl)sebacate	0.23	41556-26-7	
Naphthalene	0.2	91-20-3	
UV Light Absorber	0.13	104810-48-2	
Benzotriazole Hydroxyphenyl Polymer	0.11	104810-47-1	

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures** Eye contact : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Skin contact : Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Ingestion : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

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### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact :	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation :	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact :	Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion :	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/sympton	ns

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# Section 4. First aid measures

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Indication of immediate me Notes to physician	<ul> <li>dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary</li> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	No action shall be taken involving any Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep ur entering. Do not touch or walk throug No flares, smoking or flames in hazard adequate ventilation. Wear appropriat on appropriate personal protective equi-	nnecessary and unp h spilled material. S d area. Avoid breat te respirator when v	protected personnel from Shut off all ignition sourc hing vapor or mist. Prov	es. ⁄ide
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### Section 6. Accidental release measures

For emergency responders	1	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in
		Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-
		emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up Small spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Large spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible. absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section bry of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instruction dle until all safety precautions have been read and understo in skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ing quate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilat enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately nal container or an approved alternative made from a comp ly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, so other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventile erial handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Ta usures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers re can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.	any process in which s before use. Do not od. Do not get in eyes est. Use only with ion is inadequate. Do ventilated. Keep in the atible material, kept parks, open flame or tting, lighting and ke precautionary
Advice on general occupational hygiene	ng, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas whe dled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands a king and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and prot ring eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional informa sures.	nd face before eating, ective equipment before
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	e in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregate e in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry a away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and fo ed up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizi- ainer tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Container hed must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent le beled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid en amination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials befor	, cool and well-ventilated od and drink. Store ng materials. Keep ers that have been eakage. Do not store in vironmental

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### **Control parameters**

Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Crystalline Silica, respirable powder	OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 6/2016). TWA: 250 mppcf / (%SiO2+5) 8 hours. Form: Respirable TWA: 10 mg/m³ / (%SiO2+2) 8 hours. Form: Respirable OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016). TWA: 50 μg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016). TWA: 0.025 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 0.05 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: respirable dust
n-Butyl Acetate	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 150 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 710 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 950 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016). TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 710 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016). STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
1-Methoxy-2-Propanol Acetate Methyl Ethyl Ketone	AlHA WEEL (United States, 10/2011). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 590 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 885 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 200 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 590 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 885 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 885 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 590 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Xylene Medium Aromatic Hydrocarbons	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 651 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. None.
Ethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.
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	STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 545 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. <b>OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).</b> TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Bis(pentamethyl-4-piperidyl)sebacate Naphthalene	None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 52 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 10 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 75 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016). TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
UV Light Absorber Benzotriazole Hydroxyphenyl Polymer	None. None.

### Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

Ingredient name			Exposure limits
Crystalline Silica, respirable powder			<ul> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2016).</li> <li>TWA: 0.025 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable</li> <li>CA Québec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).</li> <li>TWAEV: 0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015).</li> <li>TWA: 0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction.</li> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).</li> <li>8 hrs OEL: 0.025 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate</li> <li>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</li> <li>TWA: 0.05 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction</li> </ul>
n-Butyl Acetate			<ul> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).</li> <li>15 min OEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>15 min OEL: 950 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>8 hrs OEL: 150 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>8 hrs OEL: 713 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2016).</li> <li>TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015).</li> <li>TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA Québec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).</li> <li>TWAEV: 150 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>STEV: 200 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>STEV: 200 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>STEV: 200 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>STEV: 950 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</li> </ul>
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			STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
Methyl Ethyl Ketone			<ul> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).</li> <li>15 min OEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>8 hrs OEL: 200 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>8 hrs OEL: 590 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>15 min OEL: 885 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2016).</li> <li>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015).</li> <li>TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA Québec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).</li> <li>TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA Québec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).</li> <li>TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>STEV: 100 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>STEV: 100 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>STEV: 100 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>STEV: 300 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</li> <li>STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes.</li> </ul>
			STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
Xylene			<ul> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009). 8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 651 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2016). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA Québec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 651 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>TEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.</li> </ul>
Ethylbenzene			<ul> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).</li> <li>8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>15 min OEL: 543 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>15 min OEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2016).</li> <li>TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015).</li> <li>TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Québec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).</li> <li>TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>TWAEV: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>STEV: 125 ppm 15 minutes.</li> </ul>
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	STEV: 543 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
	7/2013).
	STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
Naphthalene	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).
	Absorbed through skin.
	15 min OEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes.
	8 hrs OEL: 10 ppm 8 hours.
	8 hrs OEL: 52 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	15 min OEL: 79 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,
	7/2016). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes.
	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes.
	CA Québec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).
	TWAEV: 10 ppm 8 hours.
	TWAEV: 52 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	STEV: 15 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEV: 79 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
	7/2013). Absorbed through skin.
	STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.

### **Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Crystalline Silica, respirable powder	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
	TWA: 0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form:
	Respirable fraction
n-Butyl Acetate	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
	TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes.
Xylene	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
Naphthalene	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
·	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes.

Appropriate engineering controls	other eng recomme vapor or	with adequate ventilation. jineering controls to keep ended or statutory limits. T dust concentrations below n equipment.	worker exposure to The engineering con	airborne contam trols also need t	iinants b o keep g	pelow any gas,
Environmental exposure controls	:					
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Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures	
Hygiene measures :	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection :	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection :	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection :	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection :	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection :	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Not available.
Odor	: Not available.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not available.
Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: 78°C (172.4°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 13°C (55.4°F) [Tagliabue Closed Cup]
Evaporation rate	: 5.6 (butyl acetate = 1)
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Lower: 0.8% Upper: 13.1%
Vapor pressure	: 12.1 kPa (90.6 mm Hg) [at 20°C]
Vapor density	: 2.48 [Air = 1]
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## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Relative density	:	1.28
Solubility	:	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	1	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >0.205 cm²/s (>20.5 cSt)
Molecular weight	1	Not applicable.
Aerosol product		
Heat of combustion	1	8.036 kJ/g

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
n-Butyl Acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
1-Methoxy-2-Propanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
Acetate				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8532 mg/kg	-
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	6480 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2737 mg/kg	-
Xylene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
Naphthalene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>20 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	490 mg/kg	-

### Irritation/Corrosion

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## Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
n-Butyl Acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				milligrams	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 14	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				milligrams	
Xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60	-
				microliters	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 Percent	-
Medium Aromatic	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
Hydrocarbons				microliters	
Ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15	-
				milligrams	
Naphthalene	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	495	-
		D-bbit		milligrams	
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 0.05	-
				Mililiters	

### **Sensitization**

Not available.

### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Crystalline Silica, respirable powder	-	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.
Xylene	-	3	-
Ethylbenzene	-	2B	-
Naphthalene	-	2B	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
n-Butyl Acetate	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Xylene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
Medium Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
Ethylbenzene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Naphthalene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
Crystalline Silica, respirable powder Methyl Ethyl Ketone Xylene Ethylbenzene Naphthalene	0,	Not determined Not determined	Not determined Not determined Not determined Not determined Not determined

### Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Medium Aromatic Hydrocarbons Ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Not available.		
Potential acute health effe	t <u>s</u>		
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.		
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.		
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Symptoms related to the p	ysical, chemical and toxicological characteristics		
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness		
Inhalation	: No specific data.		
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness		
Ingestion	: No specific data.		
Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure			

### <u>Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure</u> <u>Short term exposure</u>

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Potential immediate effects	ot available.	
Potential delayed effects	ot available.	
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	ot available.	
Potential delayed effects	ot available.	
Potential chronic health ef		
Not available.		
General	auses damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once server allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low lev	
Carcinogenicity	ay cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.	
Mutagenicity	hown significant effects or critical hazards.	
Teratogenicity	hown significant effects or critical hazards.	
Developmental effects	hown significant effects or critical hazards.	
Fertility effects	hown significant effects or critical hazards.	

### Numerical measures of toxicity

<u>Acute</u>	<u>toxicit</u>	y esti	imate	<u>es</u>
		-		

Route	ATE value
Oral	36738.9 mg/kg
Dermal	30940 mg/kg
Inhalation (gases)	100249.4 ppm

# Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
n-Butyl Acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Acute EC50 >500000 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
, ,	Acute EC50 5091000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Larvae	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3220000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Xylene	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 4600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 3600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute EC50 6530 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2930 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
Naphthalene	Acute EC50 1600 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 2350 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 213 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Melanotaenia fluviatilis - Larvae	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.5 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Uca pugnax - Adult	3 weeks
	Chronic NOEC 1.5 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oreochromis mossambicus	60 days

## Section 12. Ecological information

### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
n-Butyl Acetate	-	-	Readily
Methyl Ethyl Ketone Xylene	-	-	Readily Readily
Ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Xylene Medium Aromatic Hydrocarbons		8.1 to 25.9 99 to 5780	low high
Naphthalene	-	36.5 to 168	low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

**Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	IATA	IMDG
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3	3
Packing group	II	11	II	II	

Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2. 18-2.19 (Class 3).	5	-	<u>Emergency</u> <u>schedules</u> F-E, S E
	ERG No.	ERG No.	ERG No.		
	128	128	128		
Special precautio		Multi-modal shipping dese			
Transport in bulk	according .	consider container sizes. mode of transport (sea, a suitably for that mode of t prior to shipment, and cor responsibility of the perso unloading dangerous goo substances and on all act	ir, etc.), does not i ransport. All pack npliance with the n offering the proo ds must be trained	ndicate that the aging must be r applicable regul duct for transpo d on all of the ris	iption for a particular product is packaged eviewed for suitability ations is the sole rt. People loading and sks deriving from the
to Annex II of MAF	RPOL and	mode of transport (sea, a suitably for that mode of t prior to shipment, and cor responsibility of the perso unloading dangerous goo substances and on all act Not available.	ir, etc.), does not i ransport. All packa npliance with the n offering the proo ds must be trained ions in case of em	ndicate that the aging must be re applicable regul duct for transpo d on all of the ris hergency situation	iption for a particular product is packaged eviewed for suitability ations is the sole rt. People loading and sks deriving from the
Transport in bulk to Annex II of MAF the IBC Code	RPOL and	mode of transport (sea, a suitably for that mode of t prior to shipment, and cor responsibility of the perso unloading dangerous goo substances and on all act	ir, etc.), does not i ransport. All pack npliance with the n offering the proo ds must be trained	ndicate that the aging must be re applicable regul duct for transpo d on all of the ris nergency situation	iption for a particular product is packaged eviewed for suitability ations is the sole rt. People loading and sks deriving from the

### Section 15. Regulatory information

### SARA 313

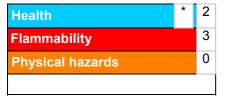
SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.45) supplier notification can be found on the Environmental Data Sheet.

### California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

### Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

Procedure used to derive the classification

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### Section 16. Other information

Classificatior
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**Justification** 

FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2	On basis of test data
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2	Calculation method
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	Calculation method
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1	Calculation method
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1	Calculation method

<u>History</u>	
Date of printing	: 9/5/2017
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 9/5/2017
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Version	: 7
Key to abbreviations	<ul> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations</li> </ul>

#### Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by Sherwin-Williams, including but not limited to the incorporation of non Sherwin-Williams products or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by Sherwin-Williams. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.